GOVERNMENT OF INDIA CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO:242 ANSWERED ON:18.08.2011 REVAMPING OLD FERTILIZER MANUFACTURING UNITS Singh Shri Bhola

Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a large number of fertilizer manufacturing units have been closed down, casting an adverse impact on agricultural production;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor;

(c) whether the Government has formulated any scheme for revamping the old units and setting up of new units in both the public and the private sectors; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) IN THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS(SHRI SRIKANT KUMAR JENA)

(a) to (d) : A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) TO (d) OF THE LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 242 TO BE ANSWERED ON 18.08.2011

Ans. (a) & (b) : Yes, Madam. Five Units of the Fertilizer Corporation of India Limited (FCIL) and three Units of Hindustan Fertilizer Corporation Limited(HFCL) in the public sector are lying closed. Following are the Unit-wise details:

(i) FCIL

Name of Date of Date of Date of Govt. decision unit commissioning shutdown to close down

Sindri 1979 March,2002 5.9.2002 Gorakhpur 1969 1990 18.7.2002 Talcher 1980 1.4.1999 18.7.2002 Ramagundam 1980 1.4.1999 18.7.2002 Korba Never Not 30.7.2002 commissioned applicable

(ii) HFCL

Name of Date of Date of Date of Govt. decision unit commissioning shutdown to close down

 Barauni
 1976
 1999
 5.9.2002

 Durgapur
 1974
 1997
 5.9.2002

 Haldia
 Never
 Not
 18.7.2002

 commissioned
 applicable

The closed units of HFCL & FCIL had been consistently incurring losses due to a variety of reasons including obsolete technology, design and equipment deficiencies, power shortages, problems in industrial relations, surplus manpower and resource constraints. The non-availability of natural gas further limited the ability of the units to undergo modernisation and improve energy efficiencies,

which were low at 15 to 21 Gcal/MT of Urea. The above factors combined with sharp increase in price of naphtha and FO/ LSHS made the cost of production of urea from these units economically unviable, resulting in closure of the units. The urea is being imported to bridge the gap between indigenous demand and production of fertilizers in the country.

In addition, one urea unit in the private sector viz. Duncan Industries Ltd, (DIL) Kanpur is currently closed due to financial constraints as reported by the company. Further, the urea unit of Fertilizers & Chemicals Travancore (FACT), Cochin is also not in operation.

(c) to (d): Yes, Madam. The Government has announced a policy/scheme for new investment in urea sector and off take of urea from joint venture abroad in September 2008. The policy is based on Import Parity Price (IPP) benchmark and has been finalized in consultation with the industry. The New Investment Policy aims at revamp, expansion, revival of existing urea units and setting up of Greenfield/Brownfield projects. The fertilizer industry has responded positively to the investment policy only for revamp projects. In absence of commitment for firm allocation of gas at particular price level, the investment for expansion, revival and green field are not forthcoming. A committee has been constituted under the Chairmanship of Dr. Saumitra Chaudhuri, Member, Planning Commission for formulating amendment to the investment policy of 2008.

The Cabinet had in October 2008 constituted an Empowered Committee of Secretaries (ECOS) under the Chairmanship of Secretary (Fertilizers) to evaluate all options for revival of closed units of HFCL & FCIL and make suitable recommendations. Based on the recommendations of the ECOS, a Draft Rehabilitation Scheme (DRS) of HFCL & FCIL have been approved by CCEA for submission to BIFR, on 4th August 2011.