GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AGRICULTURE LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO:9 ANSWERED ON:23.02.2010 AREA UNDER CROP PRODUCTION Joshi Dr. Murli Manohar;Maadam Shri Vikrambhai Arjanbhai

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the cultivable area under various crops in the country including sugarcane and pulses during each of the last three years and the current year, cropwise and State-wise;

(b) whether a decrease has been recorded in the cultivable area of various crops including sugarcane and pulses;

(c) if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor;

(d) whether the Government has taken any steps to increase area under cultivation during the kharif season; and

(e) if so, the details thereof alongwith the estimated increase in production of various crops including pulses in the ensuing harvest season?

Answer

MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SHARAD PAWAR)

(a) to (e): A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) TO (e) OF LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO.9 DUE FOR REPLY ON 23-02-2010.

(a) to (c): The details of State-wise area under food grains, pulses, sugarcane and oilseeds during 2006-07 to 2009-10 is at Annexure. There are several factors that determine the cultivated area under various crops, including sugarcane and pulses, such as farmers' preference, demand for the commodity, alternate economic opportunities etc.

(d) & (e): The deficit South-West Monsoon in 2009 affected agriculture operations particularly during Kharif 2009. In order to address this, the Government adopted a multi/pronged strategy with the involvement of all concerned Central Ministries/Departments and State Governments. Some of the measures adopted were increased subsidy on seeds; advisories to drought affected states w.r.t. alternate crops; encouraging early sowing of Rabi; ensuring availability of fertilizers; enhanced credit availability; allocation of additional power; assistance for diesel subsidy; fast tract release of funds under various schemes, namely, National Food Security Mission (NFSM), Integrated Cereals Development Programme in Rice/Wheat/ Coarse Cereals (excluding maize), Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY). As a result, the drought, although no less severe than the drought in 2002-03, has led to, by comparison, smaller fall in food grains production and in agricultural GDP.

Also, the estimate of foodgrain production in Rabi 2009-10 at 117 million tonnes is higher than the 109.92 million tonnes in Rabi 2008-09, based on 2nd Advanced Estimates, with an estimated increase of about 1.10 million tonnes in pulses.