

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE  
LOK SABHA**

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:993  
ANSWERED ON:14.07.2004  
HEALTH CARE IN TENTH PLAN  
Nayak Shri Ananta

**Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:**

- (a) the amount earmarked in the Tenth Plan to create health care facilities in the country;
- (b) the allocation of fund made for the purpose, State-wise; and
- (c) the details of the health care facilities proposed to be created in the Tenth Plan period?

**Answer**

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMADOSS)

(a): A provision of Rs.23096 crore has been made in the Tenth Plan, including Rs.775 crore for Indian Systems of Medicine and Rs.12069 crore for maintenance and development of rural and urban infrastructure, which shall be utilized for creation, maintenance, and upgradation of health care facilities through implementation of various schemes.

(b): Health being a State subject, the responsibility of creation of health care facilities in the country primarily rests with the State Governments. However, the Centre supplements the efforts of the States through implementation of various centrally sponsored schemes which mainly pertain to the national disease control programmes for control of major communicable and non communicable diseases like Malaria, TB, Leprosy, AIDS, Blindness, Cancer and Mental Health; disease surveillance; food and drug testing facilities; and grants for strengthening of rural and urban healthcare infrastructure. However, state-wise allocations under most of the centrally sponsored schemes are normally made on annual basis depending upon the performance of the states including utilization of funds allocated, the incidence of disease and proposals received from the state governments.

(c): In the X Plan, creation and upgradation of healthcare facilities is done through implementation of centrally sponsored and central sector schemes.

Under the centrally sponsored schemes, facilities under the different national disease control programmes include capacity building for diagnostic and treatment facilities and control of disease through supply of medicines, equipment, insecticides and awareness generation. Facilities under schemes relating to disease surveillance and food and drug testing essentially consist of upgradation of disease surveillance as also food and drug testing laboratories. Facilities provided under the infrastructure development schemes, both rural and urban, focus on maintenance and upgradation of the rural infrastructure and urban slum health projects. Other facilities proposed to be created include establishment of trauma centers in hospitals located on highways and strengthening of diagnostic facilities in state medical colleges.

Through central health schemes, the central hospitals, central institutions pertaining to medical education and research, vaccine production, food and drug testing laboratories, etc. are proposed to be expanded and strengthened. Also, a scheme has been introduced in the Tenth Plan under which AIIMS type institutions are proposed to be set up in certain backward states and existing institutions of certain states are proposed to be upgraded to the AIIMS level.