## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AGRICULTURE LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:996
ANSWERED ON:27.02.2006
AGRO CLIMATIC ZONES
Chaure Shri Bapu Hari;Dhotre Shri Sanjay Shamrao

## Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the agro-climatic zones in Maharashtra;
- (b) whether the seeds, fertilizers and agricultural techniques used in one zone cannot be used in another zone;
- (c) if so, whether in view of the conditions prevalent in the State it is proposed to set up any agricultural research institution in Maharashtra:
- (d) if so, the details thereof; and
- (e) if not, the reasons therefor?

## Answer

## THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI KANTI LAL BHURIA)

- (a) There are three agro-climatic regions/zones and 6 agro-climatic sub regions/zones in the state of Maharashtra. The details are Annexed.
- (b) The seeds, fertilizers and agricultural techniques may vary from region to region depending on the varietal adaptability, soil type, soil fertility status and climatic conditions etc..
- (c), (d) & (e): There are five State Agricultural Universities namely Punjabrao Deshmukh Krishi Vishwavidyalaya, Akola, Konkan Krishi Vidyapeeth, Dapoli, Marathwada Agricultural University, Parbhani, Mahatma Phule Krishi Vidyapeeth, Rahuri and Maharashtra Animal Sciences and Fisheries University, Nagpur in Maharashtra. Besides, several ICAR Institutes namely, National Bureau for Soil Survey & Land Use Planning, Nagpur; Central Institute for Cotton Research, Nagpur; Central Institute for Research on Cotton Technology, Mumbai; NRC on Rabi Sorghum (Regional Station) Solapur; NRC on Citrus, Nagpur; NRC Grapes, Pune; NRC Onion and Garlic, Pune; Central Institute of Fisheries Education, Mumbai exist in Maharashtra. A number of All India Coordinated Research Projects also have their Cooperating Centres at different State Agricultural Universities in Maharashtra. Therefore, at present there is no such proposal to set up any additional agricultural research institution in Maharash tra.

```
Sl. Agrocl- Agrocl- Districts Rainfall Climate Soil type No. imatic imatic Regions Sub-regions
```

```
1. Eastern Eastern Bhandara, 1271 Dry Medium to deep Plateau Vidarbha Chandrapur, sandy loam to and Hills 7 (1) Gadchiroli clayey soils with (7) natural to slightly acidic soil reaction.
```

2. Western Western hills Kolhapur, 988 Semi-arid Shallow to medium Plateau and and plains Nasik, Pune, and deep black Hills (9) 9(1) Satara soils with sandy loam to loamy texture and neutral reaction.

 Scarcity Ahmednagar, 602 Semi-arid Shallow to medium region 9(2) Dhule, Sangli, and deep black Solapur soils with sandy loam to clay loam texture, neutral to slightly alkaline reaction.

4. Central Akola, Amravati, 874 Semi-arid Medium to deep plateau 9(3) Jalgaon, Auran- black lay loam gabad, Bid, to clayey soils
Buldana, Jalna, with neutral to
Latur, Osmanabad, slightly alkaline
Parbhani reaction.

5. Central Nagpur, Nanded, 1040 Semi-arid Medium to deep Vidarbha 9(4) Wardha, Yavatmal to dry black clayey sub-humid soils neutral to slightly alkaline reaction

6. West Coast Konkan Greater Bombay, 3640 Humid to Red, laterite Plains and 12(1) Raigad, Ratnagiri, per-humid and coastal Ghats(12) Sindhudurg, alluvial soil

Thane with loam to clay loam soil texture and acidic reaction.