Lending to Agriculture Sector

3129. SHRI BHAKTA CHARAN DAS : SHRI NITISH KUMAR : SHRI NAWAL KISHORE RAI :

Written Answers

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :

- (a) whether the attention of the Government has been drawn to the news-items appearing in the 'Business Standard' dated November 14, 1996 under the caption 'Increase lending to Farm Sector, Banks Told':
 - (b) if so, the facts reported therein:
- (c) whether the percentage of lending by the public sector banks to agriculture sector during the previous years was quite low in comparison to the target fixed for it:
- (d) if so, the details of the target fixed and details of lending to agriculture sector during the last three years and in the current year so far; and
- (e) the quantum of funds proposed to be made available to agriculture sector during 1996-97 and the estimated requirement assessed therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d). Public Sector Banks (PSBs) are required to lend 18 percent of their net bank credit to agriculture. However, as per information made available by Reserve Bank of India (RBI)/National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), during previous three years, the achievements against the target were as follows:

Year	Percentage of Agricultural advances to net bank credit (Target 18 %)	
1993-94	15.05	
1994-95	13.91	
1995-96	14.29	

(e) As per the estimates made by the Working Group of the Planning Commission on VIII Five Year Plan, the estimated requirements of credit during 1996-97 is Rs.34,890 crores. The likely disbursals during the current year have been estimated by NABARD to be around Rs.28,800 crores.

Bee Keeping

3130. SHRI T. GOVINDAN: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Union Government are considering the proposal of the Khadi and Village Industry Board in Kerala to implement the scheme for Bee Keeping, Production of Bee colonies, Training, promotion and the related works: and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The details of the funds sanctioned for Beekeeping industry under the purview of KVIC to Kerala State KVI Board for the year 1996-97 are as under:

(i)	Margin Money	Rs. 20.1	2 lakhs
(ii)	Capital Expenditure Ioan	Rs. 34.2	0 lakhs
(iii)	Working Capital Ioan	Rs. 27.0	8 lakhs
(iv)	Equity Amounts from promoters	Rs. 9.0	3 lakhs

Devaluation of Indian Currency

- 3131. SHRI VIJAY PATEL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether investment in India is discouraged as a result of devaluation of Indian rupee; and
- (b) if so, the steps taken by the Government to remedy the situation?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) and (b). In March 1993, India moved to a single, market determined exchange rate system. The day to day fluctuations in the exchange rate are now determined by market forces; such fluctuations reflect both economic fundamentals and short-term speculation.

In 1991-92, however, the rupee did undergo devaluation. After the devaluation in 1991-92, there has been a phenomenal increase in the flow of foreign investment into India. Furthermore, the Government to India has relaxed norms of equity participation, dividend repatriation, Euro equities and FII investment.

Net foreign Investment (NFI) has gone up from US \$60 million during 1990-91 (P) to US \$ 4077 million during 1995-96 (Q.E.). In the year of the devaluation, i.e. 1991-92, the NFI was of the order of US \$ 154 million.

(P) = Preliminary actual

(Q.E.) = Quick Estimates

Bye laws of W&WEPC

- 3132. PROF. AJIT KUMAR MEHTA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Bye-laws of the Wool and Woollen Export Promotion Council are at variance with those of similar Export Promotion Council under his Ministry;
 - (b) if so, the reasons therefor; and
- (c) the action being taken to bring the Bye-Law of the W&WEPC in tune with those of other council under his Ministry?

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THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI R.L. JALAPPA); (a) to (c). The by-laws of the Export promotion councils vary from each other in many important respects. The bye-laws of the Wool & Woollen Export Promotion Council have been framed independent of the bye-laws of other export Promotion Councils; keeping in view the nature of its activities.

The Council may, with the Approval of the Governments, amend the bye-laws, at any time if so desired by its members.

Fictitious Accounts

- 3133 SHRI BANWARI LAL PUROHIT: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 152 dated July 19, 1996 regarding bank scam in payment for imports and state:
- (a) the details of the persons/firms/banks involved in siphoning of Indian Foreign Exchange through fictitious accounts in foreign banks; and
- (b) the action contemplated by the Government against the persons, firms and Indian banks in this regard so far?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) and (b). Investigations into the case of suspected siphoning of funds against forged import documents channelised through certain Banks in Bombay, are continuing. Appropriate action warranted under the law will be taken again all those involved, including Individuals, firms, Banks etc.

Textile City

- 3134. SHRI B. DHARMA BIKSHAM: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Government propose to set any Textile City in the country particularly in Andhra Pradesh; and
- (b) if so, the details thereof and the funds proposed to be spent thereon?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI R.L. JALAPPA): (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Vacant Posts for OBCs in Banks

- 3135. SHRI O.P. JINDAL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Government have issued guidelines to all the nationalised banks in the country to fill up vacancies reserved for OBCs;
- (b) if so, the number of OBCs got employment in the nationalised banks as on December 1, 1996; and

(c) the time by which the quota fixed for OBCs is likely to be filled up in the nationalised banks?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) to (c). The reservation for other Backward classes in direct recruitment have been introduced in the public sector banks from 8th September, 1993. As per latest available information 1466 persons belonging to Other Backward Classes were recruited in different cadres in the public sector banks including 19 nationalised banks till 31.12.1995. Public sector banks have been instructed to maintain revised rosters for recruitment which includes, inter alia, specified roster points to be filled by Other Backward Classes for all vacancies filled up after 8th September, 1993.

Foreign Equity Limit in Joint Ventures

- 3136. SHRI TARIQ ANWAR: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Government propose to relax higher limit of foreign equity in joint ventures; and
 - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) and (b). The foreign Investment Policy as enumerated is constantly reviewed to make it more dynamic with the objective of increasing foreign direct investment into the country particularly in priority/core sectors, including infrastructure.

Export of Textiles

- 3137. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the liberalisation process has not yet touched the textile sector of the country which still suffers from various controls:
- (b) if so, whether the Government propose to remove all the restrictions affecting the export of textiles; and
- (c) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI R.L. JALAPPA): (a) No, Sir. The textile sector has benefited considerably from the liberalisation process.

(b) and (c). Except for cotton yarn, Government do not put any restrictions on the export of textiles. In the case of cotton yarn, a quantitative ceiling for exports is fixed every year based on the relevant factors such as the production and domestic demand in respect of raw cotton, the production and prices of cotton yarn, the requirement of yarn for the decentralised handloom sector etc.

However, under the Agreement on Textiles and Clothing of the W.T.O., the U.S.A., the E.U., Norway and Canada maintain quantitative restrictions (quotas) on the exports of some textile and clothing items from a large number of countries, including India.