

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
TEXTILES  
LOK SABHA**

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:2973

ANSWERED ON:10.08.2000

EXPORT OF TEXTILES .

ALE NARENDRA;ANANTA NAYAK;JAIBHAN SINGH PAWAIYA;MANIKRAO HODLYA GAVIT;SATYAVRAT  
CHATURVEDI;SHEELA GAUTAM;SU THIRUNAVUKKARASAR;SUNDER LAL TIWARI;VILAS BABURAO MUTTEMWAR

**Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:**

- (a) the quantity and value of textiles especially readymade garments exported along with the name of the countries during each of the last three years and current year, item-wise and country-wise;
- (b) the foreign exchange earned during the said period, item-wise;
- (c) the name of companies and States from where these items are exported, item-wise;
- (d) the percentage of increase/decrease in export during 1999-2000 in comparison to 1998-99;
- (e) the target fixed for the export of textiles/readymade garments during each of the last three years and current year;
- (f) the steps taken to increase the export along with the market explored in the world by Apparel Export Promotion Council during the above period; and
- (g) the steps being taken by the Government to provide adequate infrastructure and other facilities to the Industry to face overseas competition ?

**Answer**

MINISTER OF STATE FOR TEXTILES (SHRI GINGEE N. RAMACHANDRAN)

(a) to (g) A Statement is attached.

Statement referred to in reply to part (a) to (g) of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 2973 for 10-08-2000

(a) & (b) The quantity and value of garments exported during the last three years and the current year are given below :-

Year    Quantity (in Million Pcs)    Value (in Million US\$)

1997-1998	1314.2	4910.3
1998-1999	1390.8	5269.4
1999-2000	1440.6	5524.5
2000-2001		
(April-June)	370.1	1444.7

Source: Apparel Export Promotion Council

The USA, EU Member States, U.A.E., C.I.S. countries, Japan, Saudi Arabia, Switzerland, Mexico, Australia, South Africa etc. are the major importing countries of our readymade garments.

(c) State-wise, company-wise export figures are not maintained.

(d) Exports of readymade garments during 1999-2000 have increased by 6.1% in US\$ term compared to 1998-99.

(e) The target fixed for the export of textiles (including ready-made garments) during the last three years and current year are given below :-

(In US Million Dollars)

S.No	Items	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001
1.	Readymade Garments	5200.0	5900.0	6000.0	6500.0
2.	Sub-Total (a+b+c) (Cotton Textiles)	4320.0	4175.0	4500.0	4750.0
a)	Cotton Fabrics & Made ups (MM/PL)	2100	1975	2400.0	2400.0
b)	Cotton Fabrics & Made-ups (HL)	520	600	600.0	650.0
c)	Cotton Yarn	1250	1600	1500.0	1700.0
3.	Man-made Textiles	1150.0	1200.0	1100.0	1150.0
4.	Silk	315.0	300.0	265.0	330.0
5.	Wool and Woollens	300.0	365.0	300.0	315.0
	Total (Textiles)	6085.0	11940.0	12165.0	13045.0
6.	Handicrafts	1835.0	2035.0	1990.0	2240.0
7	Jute	180.0	230.0	153.0	170.0
8.	Coir	60.0	70.0	77.0	77.0
	GRAND TOTAL	13360.0	14275.0	14385.0	15532.0

(f) The Apparel Export Promotion Council had participated in Buyer-Seller-Meets in Latin American Countries, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa and had participated in International Menswear Cologne Fair, Germany, and Hong Kong Fashion Week, Hong Kong. In addition above, the Council has taken delegation to Latin American Countries for exploring the new avenues. The Council has been organising India International Garment Fair and India Knit Fair for direct marketing and exposure to overseas buyers in respect of garments for Autumn, Winter and Spring Summer sessions separately each year. The Council has established Apparel Training & Design Centres in various locations throughout Country for providing skilled manpower for the Garment Industry.

(g) The Government has been taking a number of measures such as encouraging exporters to participate in buyer-seller meets, fairs and exhibitions, enabling import of capital goods at concessional duty for export production, special arrangements for duty free import of raw materials for export production; product development and quality Upgradation through appropriate training programmes, providing comprehensive testing facilities through network of laboratories etc. to upgrade readymade garment industry and to accelerate exports. Government has also been taking a number of measures to improve infrastructure facilities for exports including assistance under the Export Promotion Industrial Park (EPIP) and Critical Infrastructure Balancing (CIB) Schemes,