

Government of India, the World Bank, and the Indian Council of Agricultural Research.

(d) The Mid Term Review Tem in its report submitted in April, 1989, suggested steps necessary for full utilization of the credit.

(e) The credit is soft loan carrying no interest.

[*Translation*]

**EEC Assistance to Agricultural Project in Gujarat**

\*526. SHRI KASHIRAM RANA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the agricultural projects in Gujarat funded by EEC during the last three years;

(b) the targets fixed and achievement made under these projects during the above period; and

(c) the financial assistance provided by EEC for these projects during the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRIBALRAM JAKHAR): (a) The Integrated Watershed Management project of Gujarat has been extended assistance by the European Economic Community (EEC) during the last three years in the agriculture sector.

(b) Against a target of 30,872 ha. of land for treatment through various conservation activities 18,039 ha. of land has been treated under the project during the last three years (1988-89 to 1990-91).

(c) Rs. 302.65 lakhs EEC assistance has been extended to the project during the last three years.

[*English*]

**Milk Production**

\*527 DR. LAXINARAYAN PANDEYA:  
SHRIMATI KRISHNENDRA KAUR (DEEPA):

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the production of milk during 1990-91 and 1991-92 State-wise;

(b) whether there has been decrease in the production of milk during the last two years;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the steps taken/proposed to be taken to increase the milk production?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRIBALRAM JAKHAR): (a) to (d). A Statement is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

**STATEMENT**

(a) Statement showing the statewise milk production during 1990-91 and 1991-92.

State/U. T.	Production of milk (000 tonnes)	
	1990-91 (Provisional)	1991-92 (anticipated achievement)
1. Andhra Pradesh	3010	3650
2. Arunachal Pradesh	41	41
3. Assam	653	704

<i>State/U.T.</i>	<i>Production of milk (000 tonnes)</i>	
	<i>1990-91 (Provisional)</i>	<i>1991-92 (anticipated achievement)</i>
4. Bihar	3123	3240
5. Goa	25	25
6. Gujarat	3525	3386
7. Haryana	3200	3350
8. Himachal Pradesh	573	580
9. Jammu & Kashmir	557	581
10. Karnataka	2389	2856
11. Kerala	1690	1880
12. Madhya Pradesh	4700	4870
13. Maharashtra	3735	3790
14. Manipur	82	95
15. Meghalya	48	51
16. Mizoram	8	10
17. Nagaland	43	34
18. Orissa	470	505
19. Punjab	5142	5395
20. Rajasthan	4339	4400
21. Sikkim	28	29
22. Tamil Nadu	3375	3511
23. Tripura	29	32
24. Uttar Pradesh	9692	10000
25. West Bengal	2912	3025
26. U.Ts.	327	346
All India	53716	56386

(53.71 million tonnes)(56.38 million tonnes)

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) Steps taken to increase milk production.

The following are the main strategies being pursued to increase milk production:

- (i) Genetic improvement of nationally important cattle breeds by selective breeding in their hometracts and upgrading in other selected areas;
- (ii) Cross-breeding of non-descript cattle with exotic dairy breeds;
- (iii) Genetic improvement of important buffalo breeds by selective breeding and upgrading of non-descript buffaloes;
- (iv) Development of feed and fodder resources;
- (v) organisation of effective animal health services to support the production programme; and
- (vi) implementation of Operation Flood programme.

### Arrangements for Flood-Lighting on Indo-Pak Border

\*528. SHRI SHAKERSINH VAGHELA:  
SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the length of Indo-Pak border, sector-wise;

(b) the area covered by flood-lighting arrangements, sector-wise;

(c) whether any damage has been caused to the barbed wire fences already erected on the said border;

(d) if so, the details thereof, sector-wise; and

(e) the expenditure likely to be incurred to repair the damage?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S.B. CHAVAN): (a) The length of the Indo-pak border, sector-wise, is as follows;

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(i) Gujarat	: 512 Kms. (including 104 kms. coastal border)
(ii) Rajasthan	: 1035 Kms.
(iii) Punjab	: 554 Kms.
(iv) J & K	: 210 Kms. (international border)
	790 Kms. (line of Control)

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(b) 382 Kms. of flood-lighting in Punjab and 237 Kms. in Rajasthan has been completed.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) and (e). In Punjab Sector damage to 30.338 Kms, of fencing occurred due to

heavy floods in August, 1986 and again in September/October, 1988. The cost of damage was assessed to be about Rs. 1.51 crores. Further after completion of work in the first phase, minor deficiencies were noticed in some works at a few places. For these, appropriate deductions have been made from the Contractor's Bills. The matter