GOVERNMENT OF INDIA POWER LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO:631
ANSWERED ON:09.05.2002
RURAL ELECTRIFICATION
ADHIR RANJAN CHOWDHURY;SHYAMA SINGH

Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Union Government have prepared a new scheme to provide subsidy on interest to those States which would undertake developmental works in rural electrification;
- (b) if so, the details thereof and the funds earmarked for the new scheme during 2002-03, State-wise;
- (c) whether to upgrade the rural electrification, new guidelines have been issued by the Union Government;
- (d) if so, the details thereof and the target set for rural electrification during the current year; and
- (e) the achievements of rural electrification during the past few years?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRIMATI JAYAWANTI MEHTA)

(a) to (e): A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) TO (e) **QS**HARRED QUESTION NO.631 TO BE ANSWERED IN TILLOK SABHA ON 09.05.2002 REGARDING RURAL ELECTRIFICATION.

- (a) & (b): The Government of India has introduced a new interest subsidyscheme called the `Accelerated Rural Electrification Programme` (AREP) under which a provision of Rs.164 crore has been kept in the budget for 2002-03.
- (c) & (d): It has been resolved in the Chief Ministers` Conference held on 3rdMarch, 2001 to complete rural electrification by the end of 10th Plan i.e. by the year 2007 and the coverage of all households by the year 2012. In order to attain this objective, rural electrification has been treated as a Basic Minimum Serviceand has been included under Pradhan Mantri Gramodaya Yojana (PMGY) from the year 2001-02. Under this programme, Ministry of Finance have released anamount of Rs.412.236 crores to the States during 2001-02. Ministry of Finance have also released an amount of Rs.175 crores during 2001-2002 under Minimum Needs Programme (MNP) for rural electrification.

The Planning Commission have made an allocation of Rs.2747.00crore for all the six components of PMGY including rural electrification, as Additional Central Assistance for the year 2002-03. Under the revised guidelines of PMGY formulated by the Planning Commission, the States would haveflexibility to decide the interse allocation of ACA among the six PMGY sectors asper their own plan priorities and discretion. The Planning Commission have made a budget provision of Rs.600 crore as ACA for rural electrification under Minimum Needs Programme for 2002-03. In addition to this, Rural Electrification Corporation have formulated new schemes for electrification of dalit bastis and hamlets at lower rate of interest.

(e): The State-wise achievement of Village Electrification and PumpsetEnergisation from the year 1997-2002 (February) and the Status of unelectrified villages are given at Annexure-I, II and III respectively.

ANNEXURE-I

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN PART (e) OF THE STATEMENT LAID IN REPLY TO STARRED QUESNIDOBS 1 TO BE ANSWERED IN THE LOK SABHA ON 09.05.2002 REGARDING RURAL ELECTRIFICATION.

YEARWISE AND STATEWISE PROGRESS OF VILLAGE ELECTRIFICATION DURING THE LAST FIVE YEAR

S.No States Villages Electrified during the year

- 1. Andhra Pradesh @ @ @ @ @
- 2. Arunachal Pradesh 38 48 24 35 Nil (e)
- 3. Assam 20 Nil Nil Nil Nil (d)
- 4. Bihar 5 8 43 37 25 (g)
- 5. Jharkhand (#)
- 6. Goa \$ \$ \$ \$
- 7 Gujarat 9 4 @ @ @
- 8. Haryana @ @ @ @ @
- 9. Himachal Pradesh 139 45 25 37 5
- 10. J & K 14 NA NA NA NA
- 11. Karnataka NIL 13 15 60(+) 8(f) 12. Kerala @ @ @ @ @
- 13. Madhya Pradesh 463 300 87 15 NIL (g)
- 1 NIL(b)
- 14. Chhattisgarh (#) 1
 15. Maharashtra \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
 16. Manipur 52 50 11 NIL NIL

- 16. Manipur 52 50 11 NIL NIL 17. Meghalaya 43 NIL NIL 8 33 (f) 18. Mizoram 12 3 4 NIL NIL 19. Nagaland NIL 10 33 16 NIL (c) 20. Orissa 800 817 748 42 NIL (b) 21. Punjab 6 6 6 6 6 6 22. Rajasthan 698 685 510 465 231 23. Sikkim \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

- 24. Tamil Nadu @ @ @ @ @
- 25. Tripura 15 3 4 3 NIL 26 Uttar Pradesh 851 711 476 260 105 (f)
- 158 NA (a)
- 27 Uttranchal (#) 158 NA (a 28 West Bengal 48 83 113 81 37 (g)

TOTAL (STATES) 3207 2780 2093 1218 444

TOTAL (Uts) @ @ @ @ @

TOTAL (ALL INDIA) 3207 2780 2093 1218 444

Note: Target not finalised

- (+) Inclusive of 48 Nos. of villages which have already electrified earlier. @ Cent Percent villages electrified \$ Cent Percent villages electrified as per 1981 census NA Not available
- (#) Newly constituted states in 2000-01
- progress reported to the end of 31.3.2001 (a)
- progress reported to the end of 30.4.2001 (b)
- (c) progress reported to the end of 30.9.2001

- (d) progress reported to the end of 31.10.2001
- (e) progress reported to the end of 30.11.2001
- (f) progress reported to the end of 31.12.2001
- (g) progress reported to the end of 31.1.2002

ANNEXURE-II

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN PART (e) OF THE STATEMENT LAID IN REPLY TO STARRED QUESNIDOS 1 TO BE ANSWERED IN THE LOK SABHA ON 09.05.2002 REGARDING RURAL ELECTRIFICATION.

YEARWISE AND STATEWISE PROGRESS OF PUMPSET DURING THE LAST FIVE YEAR

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S.No States
               Pumpset Energisation during the year
    1997-98 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 (Upto Feb.2002)
1. Andhra Pradesh 3398 59997 34026 5831 2052 (e)
2. Arunachal Pradesh
3. Assam NIL NIL NIL NIL (d)
4. Bihar 932 813 1539 2282 874 (g)
5. Jharkhand (#)
6. Goa 391 136 68 209 NA (a)
7 Gujarat 25931 26262 26665 23741 34574
8. Haryana 943 835 783 9450 6607
9. Himachal Pradesh 318 294 370 405 444
10. J & K 533 NA NA NA NA
11. Karnataka 32685 59674 40139 81896 24831 (f)
12. Kerala 14723 24050 20457 18433 11863
13. Madhya Pradesh 52699 45857 23235 11369 5848 (g)
14. Chhattisgarh (#) 1244 81 (b) 15. Maharashtra 59473 58810 65530 52185 17689 (c)
                        NIL -
16. Manipur
17. Meghalaya
18. Mizoram
19. Nagaland
20. Orissa 1903 1312 1167 99 NIL(b)
21. Punjab 8941 9810 10169 22713 24360
22. Rajasthan 25306 25051 22942 26070 15051 23. Sikkim - -
24. Tamil Nadu 41920 34673 36397 43466 36660 25. Tripura 121(+) 209 NA -
26 Uttar Pradesh 11645 16113 11403 7980 7260 (f)
27 Uttranchal (#) 106 NA (a)
28 West Bengal 1610 2855 2053 1502 650 (g)
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TOTAL (STATES) 283351 366663 297152 308981 188844

TOTAL (Uts) 713 581 442 255 130

TOTAL (ALL INDIA) 284064 367244 297594 309236 188974

Note: Target not finalised

- (+) Inclusive of last year achievement.
- (#) Newly constituted states in 2000-01
- (a) progress reported to the end of 31.3.2001
- (b) progress reported to the end of 30.4.2001
- (c) progress reported to the end of 30.9.2001
- (d) progress reported to the end of 31.10.2001
- (e) progress reported to the end of 30.11.2001
- (f) progress reported to the end of 31.12.2001
- (g) progress reported to the end of 31.1.2002

ANNEXURE-III

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN PART (e) OF THE STATEMENT LAID IN REPLY TO STARRED QUESNIDOS 1 TO BE ANSWERED IN THE LOK SABHA ON 09.05.2002 REGARDING RURAL ELECTRIFICATION.

Progress of Village Electrification as on 28.2.2002

- S1.No States/UTs Total Cumulative Balance Remarks inhabitant villages villages villages villages electrified to be as on 28.2.02 electrified as on 28.2.02
- 1. Andhra Pradesh 26586 26565 NIL Balance 21 villages declared non-feasible for electrification
- 2. Arunachal Pr. 3649 2206 1443 Progress reported to the end of 30.11.2001
- 3. Assam 24685 19019 5666 Progress reported to the end of 31.10.2001
- 4. Bihar 67513 47950 19563 Progress reported to the end of 31.1.2002
- 5. Jharkhand(#) ++
- 6. Goa 360 360 NIL

- 7 Gujarat 18028 17940 NIL Balance 88 villages declared non-feasible for electrification.
- 8. Haryana 6759 6759 NIL
- 9. Himachal Pr. 16997 16886 111 10. J & K 6477 6315 162 Progress reported to the end of 31.3.98
- 11. Karnataka 27066 26759 26 Balance 281 villages non-feasible for electrification
- 12. Kerala 1384 1384 NIL Progress reported to the end of 31.12.2001
- 13. Madhya Pradesh 51806 50286 1520 Progress reported to the end of 31.1.2002
- 14. Chhattisgarh(#) 19720 18076 1644 Progress reported to the end of 31.4.2001
- 15. Maharashtra 40412 40349 NIL Balance 63 villages declared non-feasible to electrification
- 16. Manipur 2182 2001 181 17. Meghalaya 5484 2551 2933 Progress reported to the end of 31.12.2001
- 18. Mizoram 698 691 7
- 19. Nagaland 1216 1212 4 Progress reported to the end of 30.9.2001
- 20. Orissa 4699 35232 11757 Progress reported to the end of 30.4.2001

- 21. Punjab 12428 12428 NIL
 22. Rajasthan 37889 36143 1746
 23. Sikkim 447 405 42 42 nos. forest villages
 24. Tamil Nadu 15822 15822 NIL
 25. Tripura 855 813 42
 26 Uttar Pradesh 97122 77152 19970 Progress reported to the end of 31.12.2001
- 27 Uttaranchal(#) 15681 12488 3193 Progress reported to the end of 31.3.2001
- 28 West Bengal 37910 29633 8277 Progress reported to the end of 31.1.2002
- TOTAL (STATES) 586165 507425 78287 Balance 453 villages declared non-feasible for electrification
- TOTAL (UTs) 1093 1090 NIL Balance 3 villages declared non-feasible for electrification
- TOTAL (ALL INDIA) 587258 508515 78287 Balance 456 villages declared non-feasible for electrification
- # Newly formed states
- ++ separate data is not available