

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI YOGINDER K. ALAGH): (a) The budgeted target for power generation through atomic energy during the Eighth Plan was set at 37,070 MUs.

(b) With the expected generation of electricity of about 1800 MUs during February and March, 1997 the total generation of electricity from nuclear power plants during the Eighth Plan i.e. 1992-97 will be nearly 35,000 MUs.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. The Short fall is expected to be around 2,300 MUs during the Eighth Plan period which is mainly due to:

(i) long shut down of the Tarapur Atomic Power Station units during 1995-96 and 1996-97 for refuelling and core-shroud inspection,

(ii) extended shut down of Madras Atomic Power Station units during 1995-96 and 1996-97 for in-service inspection of coolant channels,

(iii) initial problems during the stabilisation period of Narora Atomic Power Station units and their long shut down after the Turbine Generator fire incident in Unit-1.

(e) The generation of electricity from nuclear power plants during the Ninth Five Year Plan period is estimated at about 50,000 MUs with total generating capacity expected to reach 2,720 MWe by 1998-99.

World Bank Assistance

679. SHRI GORDHANBHAI JAVIA: Will the Minister of RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the World Bank has provided any assistance for water supply and sanitation projects particularly for Gujarat; and

(b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA): (a) and (b) The World Bank has provided assistance to the States of Maharashtra, Karnataka and Uttar Pradesh to provide safe drinking water in the rural areas. The details of assistance provided to Gujarat State is as under:

Gujarat Water Supply and Sewerage Project

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|-----------------------|---|
| Project areas | Anand, Godhra, Nadiad, Bhavnagar, Jamnagar, Ahmedabad and Regional rural water supply schemes |
| Cost | Rs. 207.33 Crore |
| World Bank Assistance | US\$ 72 million |
| Year of Completion | 1991 |

Gujarat Urban Development Project

| | |
|--|---|
| Project areas for water supply component | Ahmedabad, Surat, Vadodara, Rajkot, Jamnagar, Bhavnagar, Anand and some rural areas |
| Cost including water supply | Rs. 208.00 crore |
| World Bank Assistance | US \$ 62 million |
| Year of completion | 1995 |

Kerosene Oil Depots

680. SHRI RAMSAGAR:
SHRI MANGAL RAM PREMI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of Kerosene oil depots in Allahabad, Phulpur, Bijnore and Barabanki districts of Uttar Pradesh;

(b) whether these depots are sufficient to meet the needs of the people;

(c) if so, the details thereof;

(d) whether the Kerosene oil is available in full quantity to meet the requirement of the people or there is any need to enhance the quantity of oil and the oil depots; and

(e) the steps taken to ensure the availability of kerosene oil to villagers as due to them in full quantity?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BAALU): (a) to (e) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Production by Food Processing Industries

681. SHRI B.L. SHANKAR: Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) the number of agro based food processing industries established and help extended for establishing such industries in various States in the country including karnataka during the last three years;

(b) the production made by these industries during the above period;

(c) the incentives provided during the current financial year for setting up of such industries in the States; and

(d) the total production likely to be attained by the end of March, 1997?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (SHRI DILIP KUMAR RAY): (a) to (d) Food Processing Industries are both in

the organised and unorganised sector and details regarding number, quantity produced etc. are not maintained centrally. Since liberalisation in 1991, till December, 1996, 3,885 Industrial Entrepreneur Memorandums (IEMs) have been filed in the various sectors of food processing. Out of this, 511 Industrial Entrepreneur Memoranda have been implemented so far. In respect of Karnataka IEMs filed are 90 and implemented are 12. Similarly 908 approvals for Joint Venture, 100% Export Oriented Units and Industrial Licences proposals have been granted till November, 1996. Out of this, 155 proposals have been implemented so far. In respect of Karnataka approvals granted are 47 and implemented are 11. The Ministry extends financial assistance under its plan schemes to State Government Organisations/Cooperatives/Voluntary Organisations including Non-Government Organisations for setting up/expansion/modernisation of food processing units.

[Translation]

Budgetary Support for Power Sector

682. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have reduced the budgetary support to the power sector under the pressure of some foreign institutions; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Adulteration in Kerosene

683. DR. RAM KRISHNA KUSMARIA:
SHRIMATI KETAKI DEVI SINGH:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the case of adulteration in kerosene have sharply increased in the country;

(b) the number of such cases detected during the last six months;

(c) the action taken against the adulterations; and

(d) the details of measures taken by the Government to check the adulteration in kerosene?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BAALU): (a) No, Sir.

(b) No cases of adulteration in kerosene have been detected during the last six months.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) Regular/surprise inspections are conducted by field officers of the oil companies and joint industry teams at SKO dealerships. Action is taken under the Marketing

Discipline Guidelines against the erring dealers.

[English]

Oil Wells

684. SHRIMATI GEETA MUKHERJEE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) Whether most of the wells drilled by the Bay Exploration Project of Oil India Limited along Mahanadi Basin and the North-East coast were abandoned before attaining the required depth; and

(b) if so, the number of wells drilled in the area since the Bay Exploration project was set up and the reasons for abandoning the Wells before attaining the targeted depth?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BAALU) : (a) and (b) Oil India Limited has drilled 7 wells in Mahanadi Offshore, 4 wells in Mahanadi onshore and 4 wells in NEC Offshore areas i.e. a total of 15 wells. Out of these 3 wells reached the required depth, 6 wells encountered basement or crystalline rocks, therefore, further drilling had to be terminated. The remaining 6 wells were not drilled upto target depth due to downhole problems.

[Translation]

New Employment Policy

685. KUMARI UMA BHARATI :
SHRI CHHITUBHAI GAMIT :
SHRI PRABHU DAYAL KATHERIA :

Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state :

(a) Whether the Government have formulated any new policies to generate more employment opportunities;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the States included under new policies; and

(d) the number of persons likely to get employment as a result thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI YOGINDER K. ALAGH) : (a) to (d) Priority to agriculture and rural development will be given to generating adequate productive employment in the Ninth plan. Recognising the high incidence of under employment and increasing casualisation of labour, there is need to enhance employment opportunities for the poor. In this context, the Ninth Plan will implement a National Employment Assurance Scheme. Productive employment is an important dimension of the State policy that will seek to achieve growth with equity. Greater productive employment will be generated in the growth process itself by concentrating on sectors, sub-sectors and technologies which are labour