<u>Friday, January 31, 2020</u> Magha 11, 1941(Saka)

LOK SABHA DEBATES (English Version)

Third Session

(Seventeenth Lok Sabha)



(Vol. VII contains No 1 to 10)

LOK SABHA SECRETARIAT

NEW DELHI

EDITORIAL BOARD

UTPAL KUMAR SINGH Secretary-General Lok Sabha

VINAY KUMAR MOHAN Joint Secretary

> MAHAVIR SINGH Director

ARUNA SRIVASTAVA Additional Director

PARAMJEET KAUR

Joint Director

ABHA SINGH Editor

© 2020 Lok Sabha Secretariat

None of the material may be copied, reproduced, distributed, republished, downloaded, displayed, posted or transmitted in any form or by any means, including but not limited to, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of Lok Sabha Secretariat. However, the material can be displayed, copied, distributed and downloaded for personal, non-commercial use only, provided the material is not modified and all copyright and other proprietary notices contained in the material are retained.

Original English proceedings included in English Version will be treated as authoritative and not the English translation of the speeches made in Hindi and other languages included in it. For complete authoritative version please see Original Version of Lok Sabha Debates.

<u>CONTENTS</u>

Seventeenth Series, Vol. VII, Third Session, 2020/1941 (Saka) No. 1, Friday, January 31, 2020/Magha 11, 1941 (Saka)

<u>SUBJECT</u>	PAGES
ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF SEVENTEENTH LOK SABHA	4-25
OFFICERS OF LOK SABHA	4-2 <i>3</i> 26
	20
COUNCIL OF MINISTERS	27-34
NATIONAL ANTHEM	36
MEMBERS SWORN	36
PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS	36-63
PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE	64-65
MESSAGE FROM RAJYA SABHA	65
STANDING COMMITTEE ON DEFENCE	
1 st to 4 th Reports	66-67
STANDING COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE	
117 th Report	68

31.01.2020

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF SEVENTEENTH LOK SABHA

Abdullah, Dr. Farooq (Srinagar) Adhikari(Dev), Shri Deepak (Ghatal) Adhikari, Shri Dibyendu (Tamluk) Adhikari, Shri Sisir Kumar (Kanthi) Agrawal, Shri Rajendra (Meerut) Ahluwalia, Shri S.S. (Bardhaman-Durgapur) Ahmed, Shrimati Sajda (Uluberia) Ajgalley, Shri Guharam (Janjgir-Champa) Ajmal, Shri M. Badruddin (Dhubri) Ali, Kunwar Danish (Amroha) Amarappa, Shri Karadi Sanganna (Koppal) Ambareesh, Shrimati Sumalatha (Mandya) Anand, Shri D.M. Kathir (Vellore) Angadi, Shri Suresh C. (Belgaum) Annadurai, Shri C. N. (Tiruvannamalai) Ansari, Shri Afzal (Ghazipur) Antony, Shri Anto (Pathanamthitta) Anuradha, Shrimati Chinta (Amalapuram) Ariff, Adv. A. M. (Alappuzha) Aujla, Shri Gurjeet Singh (Amritsar) Azad, Shrimati Sangeeta (Lalganj) Baalu, Shri T.R. (Sriperumbudur)

Bachegowda, Shri B.N. (Chikkballapur) Badal, Shri Sukhbir Singh (Firozpur) Badal, Shrimati Harsimrat Kaur (Bathinda) Baghel, Prof. S.P. Singh (Agra) Baghel, Shri Vijay (Durg) Baheria, Shri Subhash Chandra (Bhilwara) Baij, Shri Deepak (Bastar) Balyan, Dr. Sanjeev (Muzaffarnagar) Bandyopadhyay, Shri Sudip (Kolkata Uttar) Banerjee, Shri Abhishek (Diamond Harbour) Banerjee, Shri Kalyan (Sreerampur) Banerjee, Shri Prasun (Howrah) Bapat, Shri Girish Bhalchandra (Pune) Barla, Shri John (Alipurduars) Barne, Shri Shrirang Appa (Maval) Barq, Dr. Shafiqur Rahman (Sambhal) Baruah, Shri Pradan(Lakhimpur) Basavaraj, Shri G. S. (Tumkur) Basheer, Shri E. T. Mohammed (Ponnani) Behanan, Shri Benny (Chalakudy) Beniwal, Shri Hanuman (Nagaur) Bey, Shri Horen Sing (Autonomous District) Bhabhor, Shri Jasvantsinh Sumanbhai (Dahod) Bhagat, Shri Sudarshan (Lohardaga) Bhamre, Dr. Subhash Ramrao (Dhule)

Bharat, Shri Margani (Rajahmundry) Bhargava, Shri Ramakant (Vidisha) Bhatia, Shri Sanjay (Karnal) Bhatt, Adv. Ajay (Nainital-Udhamsingh Nagar) Bhatt, Shrimati Ranjanben (Vadodara) Bholanath 'B.P. Saroj', Shri (Machhlishahr) 'Bhole', Shri Devendra Singh (Akbarpur) Bhoumik, Sushri Pratima (Tripura West) Bidhuri, Shri Ramesh (South Delhi) Bind, Shri Ramesh (Bhadohi) Birla, Shri Om (Kota) Bisen, Dr. Dhal Singh (Balaghat) Bisoyi, Shrimati Pramila (Aska) Bista, Shri Raju (Darjeeling) Bohra, Shri Ramcharan(Jaipur) Bordoloi, Shri Pradyut (Nowgong) Borlakunta, Dr. Venkatesh Netha (Peddapalle) Chahar, Shri Rajkumar (Fatehpur Sikri) Chakraborty, Sushri Mimi (Jadavpur) Chandel, Kunwar Pushpendra Singh (Hamirpur) Chandra Sekhar, Shri Bellana (Vizianagaram) Chandra, Shri Girish (Nagina) Chatterjee, Shrimati Locket (Hooghly) Chaudhary, Shri P. P. (Pali) Chaudhary, Shri Pankaj (Maharajganj)

Chaudhary, Shri Santokh Singh(Jalandhar) Chaudhuri, Sushri Debasree (Raiganj) Chauhan, Shri Devusinh (Kheda) Chauhan, Shri Nandkumar Singh (Khandwa) Chavda, Shri Vinod Lakhamshi (Kachchh) Chazhikadan, Shri Thomas (Kottayam) Chellakumar, Dr. A. (Krishnagiri) Chidambaram, Shri Karti P. (Sivaganga) Chikhlikar, Shri Prataprao Patil (Nanded) Chinraj, Shri A.K.P. (Namakkal) Choubey, Shri Ashwini Kumar (Buxar) Choudhary, Shri Bhagirath (Ajmer) Choudhary, Shri Chandra Prakash (Giridih) Choudhary, Shri Kailash (Barmer) Choudhary, Shri Pradeep Kumar (Kairana) Chouhan, Shri Nihal Chand (Ganganagar) Chowdhury, Shri Abu Hasem Khan (Maldaha Dakshin) Chowdhury, Shri Adhir Ranjan (Baharampur) Chudasama, Shri Rajesh Naranbhai(Junagadh) Dabhi, Shri Bharatsinhii Shankarii (Patan) Dadarao, Shri Danve Raosaheb (Jalna) Damor, Shri Guman Singh (Ratlam) Darbar, Shri Chattar Singh (Dhar) Das, Shri Pallab Lochan (Tezpur) Dastidar, Dr. Kakoli Ghosh (Barasat)

Deb, Shri Nitesh Ganga (Sambalpur)

Delkar, Shri Mohanbhai Sanjibhai (Dadra & Nagar Haveli)

Deol, Shri Sunny (Gurdaspur)

Devarayalu, Shri Lavu Srikrishna (Narasaraopet)

Devendrappa, Shri Y. (Bellary)

Devi, Shrimati Annpurna (Kodarma)

Devi, Shrimati Rama (Sheohar)

Devi, Shrimati Veena (Vaishali)

Dhaduk, Shri Rameshbhai L. (Porbandar)

Dhanorkar, Shri Balubhau alias Suresh Narayan (Chandrapur)

Dharmapuri, Shri Arvind (Nizamabad)

Dhotre, Shri Sanjay Shamrao (Akola)

Diler, Shri Rajveer (Hathras)

Dubey, Dr. Nishikant (Godda)

Dubey, Shri Vijay Kumar (Kushi Nagar)

Duggal, Sushri Sunita (Sirsa)

Dwivedi, Shri Harish (Basti)

Eden, Shri Hibi (Ernakulam)

Faizal P.P. Shri Mohammed (Lakshadweep)

Firojiya, Shri Anil (Ujjain)

Gaddigoudar, Shri P. C. (Bagalkot)

Gadkari, Shri Nitin Jairam (Nagpur)

Galla, Shri Jayadev (Guntur)

Gambhir, Shri Gautam (East Delhi)

Gandhi, Shri Feroze Varun (Pilibhit)

- Gandhi, Shri Rahul (Wayanad)
- Gandhi, Shrimati Maneka Sanjay (Sultanpur)
- Gandhi, Shrimati Sonia (Rae Bareli)
- Ganeshamurthi, Shri A. (Erode)
- Gangwar, Shri Santosh Kumar (Bareilly)
- Gao, Shri Tapir (Arunachal East)
- Gautam, Shri Satish Kumar (Aligarh)
- Gavit, Dr. Heena Vijaykumar (Nandurbar)
- Gavit, Shri Rajendra Dhedya (Palghar)
- Gawali (Patil), Shrimati Bhavana (Yavatmal-Washim)
- Geetha Viswanath, Shrimati Vanga (Kakinada)
- Ghosh, Shri Dilip (Medinipur)
- Gill, Shri Jasbir Singh (Khadoor Sahib)
- Gnanathiraviam, Shri S. (Tirunelveli)
- Godse, Shri Hemant Tukaram(Nashik)
- Gogoi, Shri Gaurav (Kaliabor)
- Gogoi, Shri Topon Kumar (Jorhat)
- Goswami, Shri Dulal Chandra (Katihar)
- Gowda, Shri D.V. Sadananda (Bangalore North)
- Gupta, Shri Sangam Lal (Pratapgarh)
- Gupta, Shri Sudheer (Mandsour)
- Hans, Shri Hans Raj (North West Delhi)
- Hansdak, Shri Vijay Kumar (Rajmahal)
- Haridas, Kumari Ramya (Alathur)
- Hasan, Dr. S.T. (Moradabad)

Hegde, Shri Anantkumar (Uttara Kannada) Hemamalini, Shrimati (Mathura) Hembram, Shri Kunar (Jhargram) Irani, Shrimati Smriti Zubin (Amethi) Jadav, Dr. Umesh G. (Gulbarga) Jadhav, Shri Prataprao (Buldhana) Jadhav, Shri Sanjay (Parbhani) Jadon, Dr. Chandra Sen (Firozabad) Jagathrakshakan, Shri S. (Arakkonam) Jahan, Shrimati Nusrat (Basirhat) Jaiswal, Dr. Sanjay (Paschim Champaran) Jaleel, Shri Syed Imtiaz (Aurangabad) Jardosh, Shrimati Darshana Vikram (Surat) Jatua, Shri Choudhury Mohan (Mathurapur) Jaunapuria, Shri Sukhbir Singh (Tonk–Sawai Madhopur) Jawed, Dr. Mohammad (Kishanganj) Jayakumar, Dr. K. (Tiruvallur) Jigajinagi, Shri Ramesh Chandappa (Bijapur) Jolle, Shri Annasaheb Shankar (Chikkodi) Joshi, Prof. Rita Bahuguna (Allahabad) Joshi, Shri C. P. (Chittorgarh) Joshi, Shri Pralhad (Dharwad) Jothimani, Sushri S. (Karur) Jyoti, Sadhvi Niranjan (Fatehpur) Kachhadiya, Shri Naranbhai (Amreli)

Kaiser, Choudhary Mehboob Ali (Khagaria)

Kamait, Shri Dileshwar (Supaul)

Kapoor, Shri Kishan (Kangra)

Karandlaje, Kumari Shobha (Udupi Chikmagalur)

Karunanidhi, Shrimati Kanimozhi (Thoothukkudi)

Kashyap, Shri Dharmendra (Aonla)

Kashyap, Shri Suresh (Shimla)

Kaswan, Shri Rahul (Churu)

Katara, Shri Kanakmal (Banswara)

Kataria, Shri Rattan Lal (Ambala)

Kateel, Shri Nalin Kumar (Dakshina Kannada)

Katheria, Dr. Ram Shankar (Etawah)

Kaur, Shrimati Preneet (Patiala)

Kaushik, Shri Ramesh Chander (Sonipat)

Khadse, Shrimati Raksha Nikhil(Raver)

Khaleque, Shri Abdul (Barpeta)

Khan, Shri Abu Taher (Murshidabad)

Khan, Shri Mohammad Azam (Rampur)

Khan, Shri Saumitra (Bishnupur)

Kher, Shrimati Kirron (Chandigarh)

Khuba, Shri Bhagwanth (Bidar)

Kinjarapu, Shri Ram Mohan Naidu (Srikakulam)

Kirtikar, Shri Gajanan (Mumbai North-West)

Kishan, Shri Ravi (Gorakhpur)

Kishore, Shri Kaushal (Mohanlalganj)

Kol, Shri Pakauri Lal(Robertsganj) Kolhe, Dr. Amol Ramsing (Shirur) Koli, Shrimati Ranjeeta (Bharatpur) Kora, Shrimati Geeta (Singhbhum) Kotagiri, Shri Sridhar(Eluru) Kotak, Shri Manoj (Mumbai North-East) Kulaste, Shri Faggan Singh (Mandla) Kumar, Dr. Virendra (Tikamgarh) Kumar, Shri Bandi Sanjay (Karimnagar) Kumar, Shri Dhanush M. (Tenkasi) Kumar, Shri Kaushlendra (Nalanda) Kumar, Shri Narendra (Jhunjhunu) Kumar, Shri P. Raveendranath (Theni) Kumar, Shri Santosh(Purnia) Kumar, Shri Vijay (Gaya) Kumari, Sushri Diya (Rajsamand) Kundariya, Shri Mohanbhai (Rajkot) Kunhalikutty, Shri P.K. (Malappuram) Kuriakose, Adv. Dean (Idukki) Kushwaha, Shri Ravindra (Salempur) Lal, Shri Akshaibar (Bahraich) Lalrosanga, Shri C. (Mizoram) Lalwani, Shri Shankar (Indore) Lekhi, Shrimati Meenakashi (New Delhi) Lokhande, Shri Sadashiv Kisan (Shirdi)

- Lone, Shri Akbar (Baramulla)
- Maadam, Shrimati Poonamben (Jamnagar)
- Madhav, Shri Kuruva Gorantla (Hindupur)
- Madhavi, Kumari Goddeti (Araku)
- Mahajan, Shrimati Poonam (Mumbai North-Central)
- Mahant, Shrimati Jyotsna Charandas (Korba)
- Maharaj, Dr. Swami Sakshiji (Unnao)
- Mahato, Shri Bidyut Baran (Jamshedpur)
- Mahato, Shri Jyotirmay Singh (Purulia)
- Mahtab, Shri Bhartruhari (Cuttack)
- Mahto, Shri Baidyanath Prasad (Valmiki Nagar)
- Majhi, Shri Ramesh Chandra (Nabarangpur)
- Majumdar, Dr. Sukanta (Balurghat)
- Mal, Shri Asit Kumar (Bolpur)
- Mallah, Shri Kripanath (Karimganj)
- Mallick, Dr. Rajashree (Jagatsinghpur)
- Malothu, Shrimati Kavitha (Mahabubabad)
- Mandal, Shri Ajay Kumar (Bhagalpur)
- Mandal, Shri Ramprit (Jhanjharpur)
- Mandal, Shrimati Manjulata (Bhadrak)
- Mandavi, Shri Mohan (Kanker)
- Mandlik, Shri Sanjay Sadashivrao (Kolhapur)
- Mane, Shri Dhairyasheel Sambhajirao (Hatkanangle)
- Manickam Tagore, Shri B. (Virudhunagar)
- Mann, Shri Bhagwant (Sangrur)

Maran, Shri Dayanidhi (Chennai Central)

Masoodi, Shri Hasnain (Anantnag)

Maurya, Dr. Sanghamitra (Badaun)

Meena, Shri Arjunlal (Udaipur)

Meena, Shrimati Jaskaur (Dausa)

Meghwal, Shri Arjun Ram (Bikaner)

Mendhe, Shri Sunil Baburao (Bhandara-Gondiya)

Mishra, Shri Janardan (Rewa)

Misra, Shri Pinaki (Puri)

Modi, Shri Narendra (Varanasi)

Mohan, Shri P. C. (Bangalore Central)

Mohanty, Shri Anubhav (Kendrapara)

Moitra, Sushri Mahua (Krishnanagar)

Mondal, Shri Sunil Kumar (Bardhaman Purba)

Mondal, Shrimati Pratima (Jaynagar)

Munda, Shri Arjun (Khunti)

Munde, Dr. Pritam Gopinathrao (Beed)

Muniswamy, Shri S. (Kolar)

Munjapara, Dr.(Prof.) Mahendra (Surendranagar)

Muraleedharan, Shri K. (Vadakara)

Murmu, Kumari Chandrani (Keonjhar)

Murmu, Shri Khagen (Maldaha Uttar)

Nagar, Shri Malook (Bijnor)

Nagar, Shri Rodmal (Rajgarh)

Naik, Shri Raja Amareshwara (Raichur)

- Naik, Shri Shripad Yesso (North Goa)
- Namgyal, Shri Jamyang Tsering (Ladakh)
- Natarajan, Shri P.R. (Coimbatore)
- Nath, Shri Balak (Alwar)
- Nath, Shri Nakul K. (Chhindwara)
- Navaskani, Shri K. (Ramanathapuram)
- Nete, Shri Ashok Mahadeorao (Gadchiroli-Chimur)
- Nimbalkar, Shri Ranjeetsinha Hindurao Naik- (Madha)
- Nishad, Shri Ajay (Muzaffarpur)
- Nishad, Shri Praveen Kumar (Sant Kabir Nagar)
- Nishank, Dr.Ramesh Pokhriyal (Hardwar)
- Oja, Shrimati Queen (Gauhati)
- Oram, Shri Jual (Sundargarh)
- Owaisi, Shri Asaduddin (Hyderabad)
- Paarivendhar, Dr. T. R. (Perambalur)
- Pachauri, Shri Satyadev (Kanpur)
- Pal, Shri Jagdambika (Domariyaganj)
- Pal, Shri Krishan (Faridabad)
- Pala, Shri Vincent H. (Shillong)
- Palanimanickam, Shri S.S. (Thanjavur)
- Panda, Shri Basanta Kumar (Kalahandi)
- Pandey, Dr. Mahendra Nath (Chandauli)
- Pandey, Shri Ritesh (Ambedkar Nagar)
- Pandey, Shri Santosh (Rajnandgaon)

- Paras, Shri Pashupati Kumar (Hajipur)
- Parkash, Shri Som(Hoshiarpur)
- Parthiban, Shri S.R. (Salem)
- Pasunoori, Shri Dayakar (Warangal)
- Paswan, Shri Chhedi (Sasaram)
- Paswan, Shri Chirag Kumar (Jamui)
- Paswan, Shri Kamlesh (Bansgaon)
- Patel(Bakabhai), Shri Mitesh (Anand)
- Patel, Dr. K.C. (Valsad)
- Patel, Shri Devaji (Jalore)
- Patel, Shri Gajendra Umrao Singh (Khargone)
- Patel, Shri Hasmukhbhai Somabhai(Ahmedabad East)
- Patel, Shri Lalubhai B. (Daman & Diu)
- Patel, Shri Parbatbhai Savabhai (Banaskantha)
- Patel, Shri Prahalad Singh (Damoh)
- Patel, Shri R.K. Singh (Banda)
- Patel, Shrimati Anupriya (Mirzapur)
- Patel, Shrimati Keshari Devi (Phulpur)
- Patel, Shrimati Sharda Anil (Mahesana)
- Pathak, Shri Subrat (Kannauj)
- Pathak, Shrimati Riti (Sidhi)
- Patil, Shri B.B. (Zahirabad)
- Patil, Shri C. R. (Navsari)
- Patil, Shri Hemant (Hingoli)

Patil, Shri Kapil Moreshwar (Bhiwandi) Patil, Shri Sanjay Kaka (Sangli) Patil, Shri Shriniwas Dadasaheb (Satara) Patil, Shri Unmesh Bhaiyyasaheb (Jalgaon) Pawar, Dr. Bharati Pravin (Dindori) Pfoze, Dr. Lorho (Outer Manipur) Pintu, Shri Sunil Kumar (Sitamarhi) Poddar, Shrimati Aparupa (Arambagh) Pon, Shri Gautham Sigamani (Kallakurichi) Pothuganti, Shri Ramulu (Nagarkurnool) Prakash, Adv. Adoor (Attingal) Prakash, Shri Jai (Hardoi) Pramanik, Shri Nisith (Coochbehar) Prasad, Shri Chandeshwar (Jahanabad) Prasad, Shri Ravi Shankar (Patna Sahib) Prasad, Shri V. Srinivas (Chamarajanagar) Prathapan, Shri T. N. (Thrissur) Premachandran, Shri N.K. (Kollam) Pujari, Shri Suresh (Bargarh) Raghavan, Shri M.K. (Kozhikode) Raghavendra, Shri.B.Y. (Shimoga) Rahaman, Shri Khalilur (Jangipur) Rai, Shri Nityanand (Ujiarpur) Raj, Shri Prince (Samastipur) Raja, Shri A. (Nilgiris)

Rajenimbalkar, Shri Om Pavan(Osmanabad) Rajoria, Dr. Manoj (Karauli–Dholpur) Rajput, Shri Mukesh (Farrukhabad) Raju, Shri Raghu Rama Krishna (Narsapuram) Ram, Shri Vishnu Dayal (Palamu) Ramalingam, Shri S. (Mayiladuthurai) Ramesh, Shri T. R. V. S. (Cuddalore) Rana, Shrimati Navneet Ravi (Amravati) Rangaiah, Shri Talari(Anantapur) Ranjan, Dr. R. K. (Inner Manipur) Rao, Shri Nama Nageswara (Khammam) Rao, Shri Balli Durga Prasad (Tirupati) Rao, Shri Soyam Bapu (Adilabad) Rathod, Shri Dipsinh Shankarsinh (Sabarkantha) Rathod, Shri Ratansinh Magansinh (Panchmahal) Rathore, Col. (Retd) Rajyavardhan (Jaipur Rural) Rathva, Shrimati Gitaben V.(Chhota Udaipur) Raut, Shri Vinayak Bhaurao (Ratnagiri–Sindhudurg) Ravikumar, Dr. D. (Viluppuram) Rawat, Shri Ashok Kumar (Misrikh) Rawat, Shri Tirath Singh (Garhwal) Rawat, Shri Upendra Singh (Barabanki) Ray, Prof. Sougata (Dum Dum) Ray, Shrimati Sandhya (Bhind)

Reddeppa, Shri N. (Chittoor)

- Reddy, Shri Manne Srinivas (Mahbubnagar)
- Reddy, Dr. G. Ranjith (Chevella)
- Reddy, Shri Adala Prabhakara (Nellore)
- Reddy, Shri Anumula Revanth (Malkajgiri)
- Reddy, Shri G. Kishan (Secunderabad)
- Reddy, Shri Komati Reddy Venkat (Bhongir)
- Reddy, Shri Kotha Prabhakar (Medak)
- Reddy, Shri Magunta Sreenivasulu (Ongole)
- Reddy, Shri P.V. Midhun (Rajampet)
- Reddy, Shri Pocha Brahmananda (Nandyal)
- Reddy, Shri Uttam Kumar (Nalgonda)
- Reddy, Shri Y. S. Avinash (Kadapa)
- Rehman, Shri Haji Fazlur (Saharanpur)
- Revanna, Shri Prajwal (Hassan)
- Rijiju, Shri Kiren(Arunachal West)
- Roy(Banerjee), Shrimati Satabdi (Birbhum)
- Roy, Dr. Jayanta Kumar (Jalpaiguri)
- Roy, Dr. Rajdeep (Silchar)
- Roy, Shrimati Mala (Kolkata Dakshin)
- Rudy, Shri Rajiv Pratap (Saran)
- Sadique, Shri Mohammad (Faridkot)
- Sagar, Shri Arun Kumar (Shahjahanpur)
- Sahoo, Shri Mahesh (Dhenkanal)
- Sahu, Shri Chunni Lal (Mahasamund)
- Sahu, Shri Chandra Sekhar (Berhampur)

Sai, Shrimati Gomati (Raigarh) Saikia, Shri Dilip (Mangaldoi) Saini, Shri Nayab Singh (Kurukshetra) Samanta, Prof. Achyutananda (Kandhamal) Sangma, Kumari Agatha K. (Tura) Sao, Shri Arun (Bilaspur) Sarangi, Shri Pratap Chandra (Balasore) Sarangi, Shrimati Aparajita(Bhubaneswar) Sarania, Shri Naba Kumar (Kokrajhar) Saraswati, Shri Sumedhanand (Sikar) Sardinha, Shri Francisco (South Goa) Sarkar, Dr. Subhas (Bankura) Sarkar, Shri Jagannath (Ranaghat) Saruta, Shrimati Renuka Singh (Surguja) Satyanarayana, Shri M. V. V. (Visakhapatnam) Satyavathi, Dr.Beesetti Venkata (Anakapalle) Sawant, Shri Arvind (Mumbai South) Selvam, Shri G. (Kancheepuram) Selvaraj, Shri M. (Nagapattinam) Senthilkumar S., Shri DNV (Dharmapuri) Seth, Shri Sanjay (Ranchi) Sethi, Shrimati Sarmistha (Jajpur) Shah, Shri Amit (Gandhinagar) Shah, Shrimati Mala Rajya Laxmi (Tehri Garhwal)

- Sharma, Dr. Arvind Kumar (Rohtak)
- Sharma, Dr. Mahesh (Gautam Buddha Nagar)
- Sharma, Shri Anurag (Jhansi)
- Sharma, Shri Jugal Kishore (Jammu)
- Sharma, Shri Kuldeep Rai (Andaman & Nicobar Islands)
- Sharma, Shri Ram Swaroop (Mandi)
- Sharma, Shri Vishnu Datt (Khajuraho)
- Shejwalkar, Shri Vivek Narayan (Gwalior)
- Shekhawat, Shri Gajendra Singh (Jodhpur)
- Shetty, Shri Gopal (Mumbai North)
- Shewale, Shri Rahul Ramesh (Mumbai South-Central)
- Shinde, Dr. Shrikant Eknath (Kalyan)
- Shrangare, Shri Sudhakar Tukaram (Latur)
- Shyal, Dr. Bharatiben D. (Bhavnagar)
- Siddeshwar, Shri G.M. (Davanagere)
- Sigriwal, Shri Janardan Singh (Maharajganj)
- Simha, Shri Prathap (Mysore)
- Singari, Dr. Sanjeev Kumar (Kurnool)
- Singh ' Lalan', Shri Rajiv Ranjan (Munghyr)
- Singh (Raju Bhaiya), Shri Rajveer (Etah)
- Singh Deo, Shrimati Sangeeta Kumari (Bolangir)
- Singh, Gen. (Retd.) Dr V. K. (Ghaziabad)
- Singh, Dr. Amar (Fatehgarh Sahib)
- Singh, Dr. Jitendra (Udhampur)

- Singh, Dr. Satya Pal (Baghpat)
- Singh, Rao Inderjit(Gurgaon)
- Singh, Shri Arjun (Barrackpur)
- Singh, Shri Atul Kumar alias Atul Rai (Ghosi)
- Singh, Shri Bhola (Bulandshahr)
- Singh, Shri Brijbhushan Sharan (Kaiserganj)
- Singh, Shri Brijendra (Hisar)
- Singh, Shri Chandan (Nawada)
- Singh, Shri Dharambir (Bhiwani-Mahendragarh)
- Singh, Shri Dushyant (Jhalawar-Baran)
- Singh, Shri Ganesh (Satna)
- Singh, Shri Giriraj (Begusarai)
- Singh, Shri Kirti Vardhan (Gonda)
- Singh, Shri Lallu (Faizabad)
- Singh, Shri Mahabali (Karakat)
- Singh, Shri Pashupati Nath(Dhanbad)
- Singh, Shri Pradeep Kumar (Araria)
- Singh, Shri R. K. (Arrah)
- Singh, Shri Radha Mohan (Purvi Champaran)
- Singh, Shri Raj Nath (Lucknow)
- Singh, Shri Rajbahadur (Sagar)
- Singh, Shri Rakesh (Jabalpur)
- Singh, Shri Ravneet (Ludhiana)
- Singh, Shri Sunil Kumar (Chatra)
- Singh, Shri Sushil Kumar(Aurangabad)

- Singh, Shri Uday Pratap (Hoshangabad)
- Singh, Shri Virendra (Ballia)
- Singh, Shrimati Himadri (Shahdol)
- Singh, Shrimati Kavita (Siwan)
- Sinha, Shri Jayant (Hazaribagh)
- Solanki, Dr. (Prof.) Kirit Premjibhai (Ahmedabad West)
- Solanky, Shri Mahendra Singh (Dewas)
- Soni, Shri Sunil Kumar (Raipur)
- Sonkar, Shri Vinod Kumar (Kaushambi)
- Soren, Shri Sunil (Dumka)
- Sreekandan, Shri V. K. (Palakkad)
- Srinivas, Shri Kesineni (Vijayawada)
- Subba, Shri Indra Hang (Sikkim)
- Subbarayan, Shri K. (Tiruppur)
- Sudhakaran, Shri K. (Kannur)
- Sule, Shrimati Supriya Sadanand (Baramati)
- Suman, Dr. Alok Kumar (Gopalganj)
- Supriyo, Shri Babul (Asansol)
- Suresh, Shri D.K. (Bangalore Rural)
- Suresh, Shri Kodikunnil (Mavelikkara)
- Suresh, Shri Nandigam(Bapatla)
- Surya, Shri Tejasvi (Bangalore South)
- Swamiji, Dr. Jai Sidheshwar Shivacharya(Solapur)
- Swamy, Shri A. Narayana (Chitradurga)
- Tadas, Shri Ramdas (Wardha)

Tamta, Shri Ajay (Almora) Tatkare, Shri Sunil Dattatray (Raigad) Teli, Shri Rameshwar (Dibrugarh) Teni, Shri Ajay Misra (Kheri) Tewari, Shri Manish (Anandpur Sahib) Thakur, Shri Gopal Jee (Darbhanga) Thakur, Sadhvi Pragya Singh (Bhopal) Thakur, Shri Anurag Singh (Hamirpur) Thakur, Shri Shantanu (Bangaon) Thangapandian, Dr. T. Sumathy(A)Thamizhachi (Chennai South) Tharoor, Dr. Shashi (Thiruvananthapuram) Thirumaavalavan, Dr. Thol (Chidambaram) Thirunavukkarasar, Shri Su. (Tiruchirappalli) Tiwari, Shri Manoj (North East Delhi) Tomar, Shri Narendra Singh (Morena) Tripathi, Dr. Ramapati Ram (Deoria) Tripura, Shri Rebati (Tripura East) Tudu, Er. Bishweswar (Mayurbhanj) Tumane, Shri Krupal Balaji (Ramtek) Udasi, Shri S. C. (Haveri) Uikey, Shri Durga Das (Betul) Ulaka, Shri Saptagiri Sankar (Koraput) Unnithan, Shri Rajmohan (Kasaragod) Vaithilingam, Shri Ve. (Puducherry) Vallabhaneni, Shri Balashowry(Machilipatnam)

Vardhan, Dr. Harsh (Chandni Chowk) Vasanthakumar, Shri H. (Kanyakumari) Vasava, Shri Mansukhbhai Dhanjibhai (Bharuch) Vasava, Shri Parbhubhai Nagarbhai (Bardoli) Veeraswamy, Dr. Kalanidhi (Chennai North) Velusamy, Shri P. (Dindigul) Venkatesan, Shri S. (Madurai) Verma, Shri Bhanu Pratap Singh (Jalaun) Verma, Shri Parvesh Sahib Singh (West Delhi) Verma, Shri Rajesh (Sitapur) Verma, Shri Ram Shiromani (Shrawasti) Verma, Shrimati Rekha Arun (Dhaurahra) Vichare, Shri Rajan Baburao (Thane) Vikhe Patil, Dr. Sujay (Ahmednagar) Vishnu Prasad, Dr. M. K. (Arani) Yadav, Shri Akhilesh (Azamgarh) Yadav, Shri Ashok Kumar (Madhubani) Yadav, Shri Dinesh Chandra (Madhepura) Yadav, Shri Giridhari (Banka) Yadav, Shri Krishna Pal Singh(Guna) Yadav, Shri Mulayam Singh (Mainpuri) Yadav, Shri Ram Kripal(Patliputra) Yadav, Shri Shyam Singh (Jaunpur) Yepthomi, Shri Tokheho (Nagaland)

OFFICERS OF LOK SABHA

THE SPEAKER

Shri Om Birla

PANEL OF CHAIRPERSONS

Shrimati Rama Devi Dr. (Prof.) Kirit Premjibhai Solanki Shri Rajendra Agrawal Shrimati Meenakashi Lekhi Shri Kodikunnil Suresh Shri A. Raja Shri P.V. Midhun Reddy Shri Bhartruhari Mahtab Shri N.K. Premachandran Dr. Kakoli Ghosh Dastidar

SECRETARY GENERAL Shrimati Snehlata Shrivastava

COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

Shri Narendra Modi The Prime Minister and also in-charge of: Ministry of Personnel, Public (i) Grievances and Pensions: (ii) Department of Atomic Energy; (iii) Department of Space; and All important Policy issues and all other portfolios not allocated to any Minister The Minister of Defence Shri Raj Nath Singh The Minister of Home Affairs Shri Amit Shah Shri Nitin Jairam Gadkari The Minister of Road Transport and Highways and Minister of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Shri D.V. Sadananda Gowda The Minister of Chemicals and Fertilizers Shrimati Nirmala Sitharaman The Minister of Finance and Minister of **Corporate Affairs** Shri Ramvilas Paswan The Minister of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution Shri Narendra Singh Tomar The Minister of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare; Minister of Rural Development and Minister of Panchayati Raj Shri Ravi Shankar Prasad The Minister of Law and Justice: Minister of Communications Minister and of **Electronics and Information Technology**

Shrimati Harsimrat Kaur Badal	The Minister of Food Processing Industries
Shri Thaawar Chand Gehlot	The Minister of Social Justice and Empowerment
Dr. Subrahmanyam Jaishankar	The Minister of External Affairs
Dr. Ramesh Pokhriyal Nishank	The Minister of Human Resource Development
Shri Arjun Munda	The Minister of Tribal Affairs
Shrimati Smriti Zubin Irani	The Minister of Women and Child Development and Minister of Textiles
Dr. Harsh Vardhan	The Minister of Health and Family Welfare; Minister of Science and Technology and Minister of Earth Sciences
Shri Prakash Javadekar	The Minister of Environment, Forest and Climate Change; Minister of Information and Broadcasting and Minister of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises
Shri Piyush Goyal	The Minister of Railways and Minister of Commerce and Industry
Shri Dharmendra Pradhan	The Minister of Petroleum and Natural Gas and Minister of Steel
Shri Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi	The Minister of Minority Affairs
Shri Pralhad Joshi	The Minister of Parliamentary Affairs; Minister of Coal and Minister of Mines
Dr. Mahendra Nath Pandey	The Minister of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship
Shri Giriraj Singh	The Minister of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying

31.01.2020

Shri Gajendra Singh Shekhawat

The Minister of Jal Shakti

MINISTERS OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE)

Shri Santosh Kumar Gangwar	The Minister of State of the Ministry of Labour and Employment
Rao Inderjit Singh	The Minister of State of the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation and Minister of State of the Ministry of Planning
Shri Shripad Yesso Naik	The Minister of State of the Ministry of Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homoeopathy (AYUSH) and Minister of State in the Ministry of Defence
Dr. Jitendra Singh	The Minister of State of the Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region; Minister of State in the Prime Minister's Office; Minister of State in the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions; Minister of State in the Department of Atomic Energy and Minister of State in the Department of Space
Shri Kiren Rijiju	The Minister of State of the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports and Minister of State in the Ministry of Minority Affairs
Shri Prahlad Singh Patel	The Minister of State of the Ministry of Culture and Minister of State of the Ministry of Tourism
Shri R. K. Singh	The Minister of State of the Ministry of Power; Minister of State of the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy and Minister of State in the

Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship

Shri Hardeep Singh Puri The Minister of State of the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs; Minister of State of the Ministry of Civil Aviation and Minister of State in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry

Shri Mansukh L. Mandaviya The Minister of State of the Ministry of Shipping and Minister of State in the Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers

MINISTERS OF STATE

Shri Faggan Singh Kulaste	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Steel
Shri Ashwini Kumar Choubey	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Shri Arjun Ram Meghwal	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs and Minister of State in the Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises
Gen. (Retd.) Dr. V.K. Singh	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways
Shri Krishan Pal	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
Shri Danve Raosaheb Dadarao	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution
Shri G. Kishan Reddy	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Home Affairs
Shri Parshottam Rupala	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare
Shri Ramdas Athawale	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
Sadhvi Niranjan Jyoti	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Rural Development
Shri Babul Supriyo	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change

Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Balyan	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying
Shri Sanjay Shamrao Dhotre	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Human Resource Development; Minister of State in the Ministry of Communications and Minister of State in the Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology
Shri Anurag Singh Thakur	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Finance and Minister of State in the Ministry of Corporate Affairs
Shri Suresh C.Angadi	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Railways
Shri Nityanand Rai	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Home Affairs
Shri Rattan Lal Kataria	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Jal Shakti and Minister of State in the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
Shri V. Muraleedharan	The Minister of State in the Ministry of External Affairs and Minister of State in the Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs
Shrimati Renuka Singh Saruta	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Tribal Affairs
Shri Som Parkash	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry
Shri Rameshwar Teli	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Food Processing Industries
Shri Pratap Chandra Sarangi	The Minister of State in the Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises and

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Women and Child Development

Sushri Debasree Chaudhuri

LOK SABHA DEBATES

Vol. VII First day of the Third Session of the Seventeenth Lok Sabha No. 1

LOK SABHA

Friday, January 31, 2020/Magha 11, 1941 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Forty Five Minutes past Twelve of the Clock.

[HON. SPEAKER in the Chair]

NATIONAL ANTHEM

(National Anthem was played)

12.46 hrs

MEMBER SWORN

[*Translation*] HON. SPEAKER: Now, Secretary-General SECRETARY-GENERAL: Shri Atul Kumar Singh ji. UTTAR PRADESH

Shri Atul kumar singh alis Atul Rai (Ghosi) - Affirnation - Hindi.

<u>12.47 hrs</u>

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS*

[Translation]

HON. SPEAKER: SECRETARY-GENERAL

SECRETARY-GENERAL: I lay on the Table a copy of the President's address (Hindi and English version) to the joint sitting of both the Houses of the Parliment assembled together on 31th of January, 2020.

^{*} Laid on the Table and also placed in Library, see No. LT 1697/17/20.

* Honourable Members, I am pleased to address the joint sitting of Parliament at the start of the third decade of 21st century. I once again extend my best wishes for the New Year and congratulate all Members of Parliament for being a witness to this historic occasion.

This decade is extremely important for India. In this decade, we will complete 75 years of our independence. In this decade, we all have to work together with new energy to give impetus to the making of a new India. With the efforts of my Government, a strong foundation has been laid in the last five years, to make this decade India's decade and this century India's century.

Whether it is Pujya Bapu's dream of Gram Swaraj, Babasaheb Ambedkar's principle of social justice, Nehru ji's dream of creating a modern India, Sardar Patel's resolve for Ek Bharat- Shreshtha Bharat, Deen Dayal Upadhyaya's goal of Antyodaya, Lohia ji's vision of social equality, we the people of India will together make these dreams a reality.

Honourable Members, The Constitution of India is the guiding light for all of us in fulfilling these dreams. Just a few weeks ago, on 26th November, 70 years of the Constitution have been completed. On that day, 12 crore citizens of the country, publicly read out the Preamble of the Constitution and renewed their commitment to the Constitution.

^{*}His Excellency Shri Ram Nath Kovind, President of India, delivered the Address in Central Hall in Hindi, English text of the Address was read by His Excellency Shri Venkaiah Naidu, Vice President of India.

In addition, to protecting the rights of every citizen of our country, our Constitution makes the citizens of the country mindful of their duties. Further, our Constitution also places an expectation that the decisions taken through democratic processes will be accepted by the countrymen. At the same time, our Constitution expects the Parliament and every member present in this House to fulfil the hopes and aspirations of the countrymen and make the necessary laws, keeping the national interest paramount.

Honourable Members, I am happy that in the last 7 months, Parliament has set new standards in conducting its business. The performance during the first session of this Lok Sabha has set a new record in the last seven decades.

Due to my Government's strong commitment, the law against Triple Talaq ensuring justice to Muslim women and safeguarding their rights; the Consumer Protection Act providing new rights to the citizens; the Banning of Unregulated Deposit Schemes Act for protecting the savings of the poor; the Chit Funds Amendment Act protecting the poor from fraudulent chit fund schemes; the law enhancing punishment for sexual offences against children; Motor Vehicles Amendment Act aimed at reducing road accidents; and the law protecting the rights of the transgender persons - several such historic legislations have been enacted.

I congratulate every Member of Parliament for fulfilling this Constitutional responsibility.

Honourable Members, the faith reposed by the people of our country in our democratic institutions strengthens the foundation of our democracy. The maturity displayed by the countrymen after the Supreme Court's verdict on Ram Janmabhoomi is also laudable. My Government is of the firm view that mutual discussions and debates strengthen democracy. At the same time, any kind of violence in the name of protests weakens the society and the nation.

Honourable Members, in a democracy, nothing is more sacred than the mandate given by the people. The people of the country have given this mandate to my Government for the making of a new India.

- A new India which takes pride in the glory of our ancient culture and which enriches the 21st century world with the power of its knowledge.
- A new India, in which besides finding solutions to old problems, new chapters of development are written.
- A new India, in which adequate facilities and new opportunities for growth are available for the poor, dalits, women, youth, tribals and minorities.
- A new India, where every region develops, no region is left behind, where the benefits of modern technology reach the farthest end of society, and
- A new India, which is at the forefront of the fourth industrial revolution and which attains new heights at the global stage.

Honourable Members, for making such a new India and for fulfilling the expectations of the people, my Government is working with commendable pace and decisiveness to bring about changes in every field. It is the outcome of reforms at the grassroot level ushered in by the Government in the last five years that there has been an unprecedented improvement in India's global ranking in several areas.

In the World Bank's Ease of Doing Business rankings, India has leapfrogged to the 63rd position, moving up by 79 places. In the Resolving Insolvency rankings, India has moved from 108th to 52nd position and in the Global Innovation rankings, from 74th to 52nd position. India has improved its international ranking by 10 points in the Logistics Performance Index. India has moved from 52nd to 34th position in the World Economic Forum's Travel and Tourism Competitiveness rankings.

These reforms in diverse areas are also a call to the international community to see how India has strengthened its foundations in the last 5-6 years and how keen the people of India are to build a new India.

Honourable Members, my Government is following the mantra of 'Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas, Sabka Vishwas', and is working with full commitment and sincerity. Free gas connections to 8 crore poor, houses to 2 crore poor, bank accounts to about 38 crore poor, free treatment facility of up to Rs 5 lakh to 50 crore people, insurance cover to 24 crore people and free electricity connections to over 2.5 crore people have been provided; with complete transparency and without any discrimination. My Government has provided equitable access to benefits and facilities of its schemes for the poor people; of all religions and all regions, and has, thus, earned the trust of the people of the country.

Honourable Members, Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee, the great son of Bengal and the Minister of Industry in the Government headed by Jawaharlal Nehru Ji, had said in the Lok Sabha: "In a democratic federal state, the fundamental rights of the citizens of one constituent unit cannot vary vis-à-vis the citizens of another unit. Are not the people of Jammu and Kashmir entitled to the fundamental rights that we have given to the people of India minus Jammu and Kashmir?"

Today, after seven decades, the whole country is happy that the dream of crores of freedom fighters including Dr. Mukherjee has come true and the people of Jammu-Kashmir and Ladakh, the dalits and women from that area have also got the same rights as the people in the rest of the country. The abrogation of Article 370 and Article 35A of the Constitution by two-thirds majority in both the Houses of Parliament is not only historic but has also paved the way for equitable

development of Jammu - Kashmir and Ladakh. Through this House, I heartily congratulate the people of Jammu - Kashmir and Ladakh for joining the mainstream of development.

Honourable Members, rapid development of Jammu-Kashmir and Ladakh, preservation of their culture and traditions, transparent and honest administration and democratic empowerment are among the priorities of my Government. During the President's Rule and since becoming a Union Territory, all the developmental projects in Jammu - Kashmir and Ladakh have gained momentum.

Towards the end of the year 2018, elections in more than 4,400 panchayats of Jammu -Kashmir were conducted in a peaceful manner. For the first time since independence, elections to more than 300 Block Development Councils have also been held there. The people there are now getting full benefits under Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Ujjwala Yojana, Ayushman Yojana, Ujala Yojana, DBT and food subsidy, in a transparent manner. Under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana, while around 3,500 houses were built in Jammu - Kashmir till March 2018, in less than two years thereafter, construction of more than 24,000 houses has been completed.

Apart from this, works relating to connectivity, irrigation, hospitals, schemes related to tourism and establishment of institutes of higher education such as IIT, IIM, AIIMS are also proceeding at a rapid pace in Jammu -Kashmir and Ladakh. NAFED has been entrusted with the responsibility for the direct procurement of apples in Jammu - Kashmir. This has especially benefited the apple growers of Kashmir Valley.

Honourable Members, the success of the public welfare schemes of my Government and the historic decisions taken by the Government have increased the expectations of the countrymen, as well as the responsibilities of the Government. For many years, the people of the country desired that they should be able to pay their respects at Kartarpur Sahib with ease. My Government has built the Kartarpur Sahib Corridor in record time, and dedicated it to the nation on the occasion of 550th birth anniversary of Guru Nanak Dev Ji. It is a privilege for my Government to have got the opportunity to celebrate the 550th birth anniversary of Guru Nanak Dev Ji with full veneration, within the country and abroad. The 400th birth anniversary of Shri Guru Tegh Bahadur Ji will also be celebrated in a befitting manner with full grandeur and devotion by my Government.

Honourable Members, over 40 lakh people living in the capital city of Delhi, had been living for many years in the hope that one day they would get the ownership rights of their homes and that they will be able to lead a dignified life. The Government has fulfilled this long awaited expectation of people living in more than 1,700 colonies of Delhi.

Farmers, agricultural labourers, unorganized sector labourers and small traders of the country had expectations of a pension scheme that would be of help to them in their old age. My Government has not only fulfilled their wish, but also has covered about 60 lakh beneficiaries so far, under these pension schemes.

Pujya Bapu always considered cleanliness next to Godliness. On the occasion of Gandhi ji's 150th birth anniversary, on 2 October last year, rural areas of the country have paid a befitting tribute to the Father of the Nation by declaring themselves free from open defecation. Now it is incumbent on all of us to make our cities and villages even more clean and beautiful in the coming decade.

Honourable Members, even today, there are about 15 crore houses without piped water supply in rural areas of the country. Our sisters and daughters face the maximum hardship due to lack of water supply in the house. Further, contaminated water adversely impacts the health of the entire family. In order to ensure the availability of sufficient quantity of potable drinking water to each rural household in the country, my Government has launched the Jal Jeevan Mission. Central Government, all State Governments, local bodies and voluntary organizations are working together to transform this Mission into a people's movement. In the coming days Rs 3 lakh 60 thousand crore will be spent on this scheme. My Government has launched the Atal Bhujal Yojana with special focus on seven of the most vulnerable States of the country, where ground water level is depleting rapidly.

Honourable Members, my Government's mantra of Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas, Sabka Vishwas is meant for every citizen and for every region and every State of the country. My Government believes that just as advancement of a person on the margins of society should be given high priority; the development of the areas left behind should also receive greater attention.

By according 112 districts the status of Aspirational Districts, the Government is paying special attention to each scheme relating to development of the poor living there. State Governments have also positioned the right mix of experienced and youthful officers in these districts. As a result, there has been impressive improvement in several development indicators in these districts and many districts have now come close to their State average. I congratulate and convey my best wishes to the team of each Aspirational District through this House.

Honourable Members, more than the physical distance of the North East from Delhi, it was the emotional disconnect that disheartened the people of the region. My Government has transformed this situation by working tirelessly during the last five years. Work is being done at an unprecedented pace in the North East to enhance connectivity, strengthen infrastructure and make people's lives easier. As a result of these efforts of the Government, by 2022, the capitals of Sikkim, Mizoram, Manipur and Nagaland will be connected to the rail network. The work on Agartala-Akhaura rail link is also progressing at a fast pace. In the year 2022, the construction of the new airport being built at 'Holongi' in Arunachal Pradesh will also be completed.

Besides this, construction of AIIMS in Guwahati, bio-refinery in Numaligarh and sports university in Manipur are also progressing at a fast pace. Recently, the Government has sanctioned about Rs 9,000 crore for the North East Gas Grid Project. This project will lay the foundation of a Gas Based Economy in all the 8 States of the North East.

The Central and Assam Governments have recently signed a historic agreement with the Bodo Organizations to bring an end to the 5 decade-old Bodo dispute. With this agreement, a complex problem, that has claimed more than 4000 lives, has been resolved. After this agreement, the Government will spend Rs1500 crore for the development of Bodo community. Similarly, another landmark agreement between Tripura, Mizoram, the Central Government and the Bru community has not only resolved a decades-old problem but has also ensured a secure life for thousands of people belonging to the Bru community.

Honourable Members, my Government is committed to bringing the brothers and sisters from the tribal community of the country into the mainstream of development. For the first time, Government has extended the benefit of MSP to forest produce. My Government's special emphasis is on the health, education and skill development of the tribals. Only a few weeks ago, the Government has launched a programme for opening more than 400 Eklavya Model Residential Schools in the country. Recently, reservation for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in Lok Sabha and State Assemblies has also been extended for the next ten years. Honourable Members, my Government is also constantly striving for the social, economic and educational progress of the minority community. Through Hunar Haat, employment opportunities have been provided to 2 lakh 65 thousand skilled artisans belonging to the minority community. Scholarships have been granted in large numbers to Muslim students to enable them to continue their education without interruption.

On the special request of my Government, an unprecedented increase in Haj quota was made by Saudi Arabia as a result of which a record 2 lakh Indian Muslims performed the Haj this time. India is the first country where the entire process of Haj pilgrimage has been made digital and online. The Government is also undertaking 100 percent digitization of Waqf properties across the country so that these properties can be utilised for the welfare of the Muslim community.

Honourable Members, my Government is working with utmost sensitivity towards fulfilling the hopes and aspirations of the divyangjan. Along with increase in reservations and legal empowerment, more than 1000 Government buildings and more than 700 railway stations have been made accessible for divyangjan. In the last 5 years, aids and assistive devices worth Rs 900 crore were distributed to the divyangjan by organising camps. The Government is creating a national database of divyangjan and e-Unique Identification Cards have been issued to more than 25 lakh divyangjan. My Government, in its previous term, had undertaken a special initiative for preparing the Indian Sign Language Dictionary. It gives me pleasure to inform the House that a special dictionary of 6 thousand words has been prepared.

Honourable Members, India has always believed in the principle of equal respect for all faiths. However, at the time of Partition, this very belief of India and of its people came under the most severe attack. In the environment prevailing in the aftermath of partition, the Father of the Nation Mahatma Gandhi had said: "Hindus 31.01.2020

and Sikhs of Pakistan, who do not wish to live there, can come to India. It is the duty of the Government of India to ensure a normal life for them." Many national leaders and political parties have from time to time supported this idea of Pujya Bapu and further propagated it. It is our responsibility to honour this wish of the founding fathers of our nation. I am happy that both the Houses of Parliament have fulfilled this wish, by enacting the Citizenship Amendment Act. At a time when the country is celebrating the 150th birth anniversary of Gandhi ji, all of you have given paramount consideration to this sentiment. I congratulate both the Houses of Parliament and all the MPs for this.

Honourable Members, we have all been witness to the increase in the atrocities on minorities in Pakistan over time. We have all seen what happened in Nankana Sahib recently. It is the responsibility of all of us to bring the atrocities being committed in Pakistan to the notice of the global community.

While condemning the atrocities on the minorities in Pakistan, I urge the world community to take cognizance of it and take necessary steps in this regard.

Honourable Members, my Government would like to clarify once again that the procedures which have existed for people from all faiths of the world who believe in India and who wish to obtain Indian citizenship, remain unchanged. A person of any faith can follow these processes and become a citizen of India. The Government has made several provisions to ensure that granting citizenship to those who have been compelled to take shelter in India does not have any adverse cultural impact on any region, especially the North East.

Honourable Members, the great saint poet of India, Thiruvalluvar had said - 'Urruvar Ulgattaark AaniyaTattraad, Erru-vaare Ellaam Porutt' That is, "Like a linchpin of an axle, a farmer holds together the entire world. He bears the burden of those people who cannot cultivate land."

Our country is indebted to our farmers who are our annadata, because of whose hard work we are self-reliant in foodgrain. Bringing about a change in the lives of farmers who serve the country selflessly and development of rural areas are the priorities of my Government. The Government is going to spend an amount of Rs 25 lakh crore in the coming years to strengthen the rural economy. Government is working on a strategy to develop an income centric system aimed at doubling the income of farmers.

Honourable Members, under the Prime Minister Kisan Samman Nidhi, more than Rs 43 thousand crore has been deposited in the bank accounts of more than 8 crore farmer families. On 2nd January this month, my Government has created a record by transferring Rs 12 thousand crore to the bank accounts of 6 crore farmers simultaneously.

My Government is working with dedication to provide the farmers, prices which are one and a half times the input cost. Steady increase in MSP for Kharif and Rabi crops is a step in this direction. Due to the efforts of the Government, the procurement of pulses and oilseeds has increased by more than 20 times.

Honourable Members, my Government is also promoting alternative farming practices. Along with cluster-based horticulture, organic farming is also being promoted and propagated. The production of honey has increased by about 60 per cent due to the efforts made by the Government in this area. The export of honey has also more than doubled. In order to build further on this accomplishment, the National Bee- Keeping and Honey Mission has been approved. The twin objectives of doubling the fishermen's income and fish production are sought to be achieved through the newly created Department of Fisheries. A massive drive is being organized with the aim of ensuring the health of more than 50 crore livestock of the country. Under the National Animal Disease Control Programme, an amount of Rs 13 thousand crore is being spent on immunization and other measures to protect the cattle from Foot and Mouth Disease.

Honourable Members, my Government along with the State Governments is working with sensitivity to provide relief to farmers from natural calamities. Under the Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana, on an average, every year, more than five and a half crore farmers are availing crop insurance cover at a very low premium. Under this scheme in the last three years, claims of farmers to the tune of Rs 57 thousand crore have been settled.

The impact of e-NAM, the online national market for farmers has also started becoming visible. 1 crore 65 lakh farmers and about 1 lakh 25 thousand traders of the country have been linked to it. About Rs 90 thousand crore worth of business has been transacted through this platform. In order to further enhance the effectiveness of e-NAM in this decade, work is underway to link more than 400 new mandis with it.

Honourable Members, The health of an individual has impact on the development of both the family and the country. My Government is working with a holistic approach in the area of health. Serious efforts are being made at every level in preventive and curative healthcare. Many schemes such as the Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Jal Jeevan Mission, Poshan Abhiyan, Fit India Movement, Ayushman Bharat Yojana, are contributing to improving the health of the people. The wide ranging impact of the Ayushman Bharat Scheme on the health sector of the country is visible. Under the Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana, so far 75 lakh poor have availed free treatment. More than 27 thousand Health and Wellness Centres have also been set up.

Honourable Members, due to the decisions taken by my Government, medical expenses of the poor and the middle class have been reduced considerably. Capping of prices of more than 1000 essential medicines has resulted in a saving of Rs 12,500 crore for the patients. Reduced cost of stents and knee-implants has provided huge relief to lakhs of patients. Every day 5 to 7 lakh patients are now purchasing medicines for serious ailments at affordable prices from more than 6,000 Jan Aushadhi Kendras.

By setting up the National Medical Commission, my Government has reaffirmed its commitment to reform medical education and healthcare. 75 new medical colleges have been sanctioned this year, which will result in an increase in MBBS seats by about 16 thousand and PG seats by more than 4 thousand. In addition, 22 AIIMS have been sanctioned for various parts of the country, construction work for which is in progress.

My Government is also making special efforts to improve the health of women. Under the Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana, about Rs 5 thousand crore has been transferred by the Government directly to the bank accounts of 1 crore 20 lakh women of the country. Under Mission Indradhanush, 3 crore 50 lakh infants and about 90 lakh pregnant women have been vaccinated. Benefits of these schemes are particularly visible in areas inhabited by dalits and tribals. My Government has also started making oxo-biodegradable sanitary napkins 'Suvidha' available for just one rupee. Honourable Members, because of the efforts of my Government to promote entrepreneurship and livelihood for women, more than 6 crore 60 lakh women have already joined the Self Help Group movement. These women are being provided credit at low interest rates. In order to provide equal opportunities, for the first time women have been allowed to work during the night shift also in both under- ground and open cast mines. It is with this same objective of promoting gender equality that admission of girls has been permitted in Sainik Schools for the first time. Appointment of women in the Military Police is also underway. For the first time the Indian Air Force is providing new opportunities for women to work in the fighter stream and as defence attachés.

Honourable Members, my Government is working with sensitivity for ensuring the safety of women. In order to enhance women's safety, more than 600 One Stop Centers have been set up in the country. A national database has been created to identify the perpetrators of crimes against women. More than 1 thousand Fast Track Special Courts will be set up across the country to ensure speedy justice in such cases. It has also been decided to set up a Women Help Desk in every police station of the country. For heinous crimes like sexual offence against children, Government has made a provision even for capital punishment.

Honourable Members, the 21st century is referred to as the Century of Knowledge and the priority of the Government is to prepare the youth to provide leadership in this field. In the areas related to Research, Innovation, Incubation and Start-Ups, it is the youth who will be at the forefront in this decade. The youth are benefitting continuously from the policy decisions taken by my Government in this regard. Today, India is home to the world's third largest start-up ecosystem. Under the Start-Up India campaign, recognition has been accorded to 27 thousand new start-ups in the country. The number of patents granted in the country has increased

four times in the last five years, whereas trademark registrations have increased five-fold.

Through the Skill India Mission and National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme, along with skill development the youth are also being provided with necessary funds for self-employment. More than 5 crore 54 lakh new entrepreneurs in the country have availed loans under the Mudra scheme. So far, credit in excess of Rs 10 lakh crore has been sanctioned under this scheme.

Honourable Members, my Government is laying emphasis on schemes aimed at improving quality of education and promoting innovation. More than Rs 37 thousand crore has been sanctioned for modernization of 75 educational institutions in the country through the Higher Education Funding Agency (HEFA). Government has initiated action for appointment of about 7 thousand teachers in Kendriya Vidyalayas and 12 thousand teachers in Higher Education Institutions. 'Swayam2' has also been introduced by the Government to strengthen the online education system.

I am delighted to inform you that for the first time ever in the history of the country, number of girls admitted in higher education has exceeded that of boys.

Honourable Members, our youth have the potential to transform India into a great sporting power in the world. Under various schemes, including the Khelo India programme and the Olympic Podium Scheme, young talent is being identified and provided with requisite training to compete at the highest level. The third phase of Khelo India programme has been successfully concluded in Guwahati just a few days back. It is worth noting that 80 new national records were set there, of which 56 were set by women.

Honourable Members, this year 1st August marks the hundredth death anniversary of the great freedom fighter, Bal Gangadhar Tilak, who had given the clarion call that Swaraj is our birth right. After attainment of Swaraj, the nation has now started moving towards Suraaj. Moving rapidly towards the goal of Suraaj, my Government is working at three levels:

- First Transforming the work culture in Government and strengthening institutions,
- Second Use of modern technology to promote transparency,
- And Third promoting healthy competition and public participation at the grassroot level.

Honourable Members, following the fundamental principle of "Minimum Government, Maximum Governance", several reforms have been undertaken by the Government. With its recent abolition of 58 more laws, the number of laws abolished by the Government has now reached about 1500. Reforms in recruitment process for every level are underway in order to promote transparency. The youth are benefitting from the decision to discontinue interviews for most of the Group B posts and Group C posts.

Honourable Members, coordination among Departments and dismantling of silos are absolutely essential for successful implementation of schemes. In this direction, organization of a common Foundation Course for officers of more than 20 Civil Services in October last year is an important step. Recently, the management of Indian Railways has also been restructured. To make the functioning of various Tribunals in the country more effective, the Tribunal system too is being reformed. New Ministries have also been created to facilitate better target orientation of schemes. Creation of the Ministry of Skill Development and the Ministry of Jal Shakti by the Government is an example of this thought process.

Honourable Members, fast and accurate delivery of Government services and benefits has been the hallmark of my Government. This has been made possible by application of technology as a basis of good governance on an unprecedented scale. Identification of beneficiaries in a transparent manner, transfer of 100 per cent assistance directly to bank accounts of beneficiaries and use of modern technology in monitoring of schemes have made the lives of the poor and the middle class easier. This technology will also help in improving the quality of life of our countrymen during this decade.

Honourable Members, we are all aware that digital technology is the foundation of the Industrial Revolution Industry 4.0. My Government has focused on Digital Access, Digital Inclusion and Digital Empowerment in an unparalleled manner through the Digital India Programme in order to take full advantage of the Industrial Revolution in the 21st century. It is a matter of pride for the country that digital systems developed in India during the last five years have been a source of inspiration for several countries of the world.

Honourable Members, today, more than 121 crore people in the country have Aadhaar cards and about 60 crore people possess RuPay cards. A record value of Rs 2 lakh crore has been transacted through UPI in December 2019. Recently, the Government has also launched a new version of the BHIM App.

The Government has linked about 450 schemes to Direct Benefit Transfer or DBT by using the JAM Trinity of Jan-Dhan, Aadhaar and Mobile. An amount of over Rs 9 lakh crore has been directly transferred to the bank accounts of the beneficiaries through DBT, during the last 5 years. By plugging the leakages, my Government has saved about Rs 1 lakh 70 thousand crore from going into the wrong hands.

The Government e-Marketplace, GeM has brought about transparency in Government procurement. GeM has not only opened up a huge market, in the form of the Government, for the small and micro entrepreneurs, it has also connected the Government directly with the entrepreneurs. During the last three years, about Rs 40 thousand crore worth of procurement has been done by different Government Departments through GeM.

By leveraging technology, my Government has taken several major steps to end the Inspector Raj. Now we are also developing a system in the Income Tax Department which would be devoid of any human interface. This system will increase transparency and improve work culture in the tax department.

Honourable Members, technology plays a major role in bringing cities and villages closer. So far, more than 1 lakh 25 thousand Gram Panchayats have been connected with high speed broadband under the BharatNet scheme. In 2014, there were 60 thousand Common Service Centres in rural areas of the country, which have now increased to more than 3 lakh 65 thousand. This has provided employment to more than 12 lakh villagers. Through these centres, the Government is delivering more than 45 services in rural areas.

Honourable Members, in order to strengthen the spirit of Ek Bharat, Shreshtha Bharat, my Government is developing integrated and organized systems for the countrymen, through use of technology.

Recently, One Nation, One FasTag has been launched to ensure seamless mobility in the country. One Nation One Mobility Card has enabled use of the same card for different modes of transport across different States. One Nation, One Ration Card is also being launched by the Government. One Nation, One Tax, that is GST, has also promoted transparency in trade and commerce through use of technology. In the pre GST period, more than two dozen different taxes had to be paid. Now, not only the complex tax web has come to an end, the incidence of tax has also been reduced.

Honourable Members, in a federal country like India it is imperative for fast paced development, that States compete with each other in development schemes; and also share experiences with each other. My Government has therefore been consistently emphasizing Competitive Cooperative Federalism. The Government is ranking States on the basis of real time data collected at district and village level. Its impact is visible in various areas ranging from Swachh Bharat Abhiyan to Ease of Doing Business and Smart City Mission to Aspirational District Programme.

Information collected during the Census plays a crucial role in enabling Governments in formulation of appropriate schemes and targeted interventions. This time digital technology is being used, in the conduct of Census, to collect information so as to complete the process expeditiously.

My Government is committed to protecting privacy amidst the increasing use of digital technology. To fulfil this commitment, Government has introduced the Data Protection Bill in the Parliament.

Honourable Members, my Government is committed to attaining the goal of making India a USD 5 trillion economy. Towards this objective, Government is making efforts at all levels of the economy, in consultation with all stakeholders. In spite of global challenges, the fundamentals of Indian economy are strong. Our foreign exchange reserves have reached a historical high of over USD 450 billion. Inflow of Foreign Direct Investment to India is also on the rise. As compared to last year, FDI has increased by USD 3 billion between April and October this year.

On the other hand, merger of small Public Sector Banks has strengthened them and improved their lending capacity. In the first half of this financial year, 12 Public Sector Banks have reported profits. Due to the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, nearly Rs 3.5 lakh crores have also been recovered by the banks and other institutions. Reduction of corporate tax and the codification of Labour Laws will increase ease of doing business in India.

Honourable Members, my Government is providing impetus to Make in India to accelerate the growth rate of the economy and to boost manufacturing and exports. Government is developing two defence corridors in Tamil Nadu and Uttar Pradesh, in addition to 5 Industrial Corridors in the country.

Honourable Members, India is making rapid strides in electronics manufacturing sector in particular. National Policy on Electronics has been formulated to give further impetus to the manufacturing of mobile phones, TVs and other electronic devices. The value of electronic equipment manufactured in the country has increased to Rs 4 lakh 58 thousand crore in 2018-19, as against Rs 1 lakh 90 thousand crore in 2014-15. In 2014, there were only 2 companies manufacturing mobiles in India. Today India is the second largest mobile manufacturing hub in the world. Make in India is also being encouraged by the Government in automobile sector and railways. Full indigenous manufacturing of modern trains like Vande Bharat and Tejas Express is in progress.

Honourable Members, the fundamental mantra of independence was a Selfreliant India. A self-reliant India is possible only when every Indian takes pride in every product made in India. My Government believes in the mantra of 'Buy local for a better tomorrow'. I urge every representative of the people, from Panchayat level to the Parliament, and every Government in the country, to transform the philosophy of 'Buy local for a better tomorrow' into a movement. I also urge every Indian to give priority to local products. By using locally manufactured products, you will be able to help the small entrepreneurs in your area to a great extent.

Honourable Members, the poor and the middle classes hope and aspire for a modern 21st century infrastructure in the country. To fulfil this aspiration of the people more than Rs 100 lakh crore will be invested in the next five years. With a special emphasis on connectivity, the Government is also focusing on creation of new highways, new waterways, new airways, and new I-ways.

Rural roads contribute significantly to the country's infrastructure. Rural roads have now been expanded to every corner of the country through the Pradhan Mantri Gramin Sadak Yojana. Third phase of the programme has been launched to strengthen rural roads and connect them to schools, hospitals and agricultural markets. 1 lakh 25 thousand kilometers of roads will be constructed and upgraded under this programme.

Inland waterways are also being developed by the Government. In December 2019, for the first time, container cargo reached Pandu in Assam via National Water Way-2. Under the Jal Marg Vikas Project, the multi-modal terminal at Haldia on River Ganga and the navigation lock at Farakka will be completed this year. It is also our endeavour to operate large transport cargo vessels on River Ganga by next year.

Rapid progress is being made towards providing better public transport facilities in urban areas. Metro facility has now been extended to 18 cities in the country. So far, 670 km of metro lines have been operationalized, and work on another 930 km is underway. The residents of Delhi and NCR have greatly benefitted from the construction of Delhi-Meerut Expressway, as well as from Eastern and Western Peripheral Expressways.

Honourable Members, Tier-2 and Tier-3 cities of the country are emerging in a new role towards achieving the goal of USD 5 trillion economy. The progress of small cities in areas relating to sanitation, amenities, start-ups or other commercial activities has been encouraging. Since 2014, start-ups in small cities have grown at a rate of 45 to 50 per cent. Similarly, about 35 lakh people have so far travelled by air under the UDAN scheme. Last year, 335 new air routes have been approved. It is estimated that in the coming years, more than half of the country's digital transactions will take place in these tier-2 and tier-3 cities.

My Government is doing its utmost to fulfil the developmental aspirations of small cities and the new middle class. The middle class in small towns has also benefitted the most from tax exemption on income up to Rs. 5 lakhs. The middle class families with annual income of up to Rs 18 lakhs are able to save between Rs 5 to 6 lakh on home loans with tenure up to 20 years. It is the middle class that will benefit the most from the Rs 25 thousand crore fund provided by the Government for completion of stalled housing projects.

Honourable Members, India is playing an effective role globally in the field of clean energy. Due to the efforts of the Government, LPG coverage in the country has increased from 55 per cent to about 97 per cent. City gas distribution is now being extended to 407 districts of the country. Now we are moving towards a gasbased economy.

Keeping environment conservation in mind, my Government has enhanced the target for producing renewable energy to 450 gigawatts. Under the Pradhan Mantri-Kusum Yojana, it has been targeted to provide more than 17 lakh solar pumps to farmers across the country. Similarly, under the second phase of the solar roof top programme, the target is to generate 38 gigawatt of electricity.

Honourable Members, the efforts of the countrymen have made it possible to expand India's tree and forest cover by 13 thousand square kilometers during the last four years. Similarly, the number of tigers has increased to 2,967 in July 2019 from 2,226 in 2014, which is a matter of satisfaction.

To address the issue of air and water pollution, the Government will be implementing the National Clean Air Programme in 102 cities of the country. I am glad that the positive impact of the Namami Gange Mission launched by the Government has now started becoming visible. Under this mission, projects worth Rs 7 thousand crore have been completed and projects worth more than Rs 21 thousand crore are in progress.

The impact of all these efforts is also visible on the country's tourism sector. During the last few years, there has been extraordinary development of infrastructure related to tourism. Recently a nationwide programme has been launched from Kolkata for conservation and beautification of the heritage buildings of the country. The tourism sector is also being strengthened by the modern infrastructure being developed under Swadesh Darshan and PRASAD schemes. New records are being created every day in the number of tourists visiting the 'Statue of Unity', the statue of Sardar Patel; which is the tallest in the world.

Honourable Members, it is the belief of my Government that paying tribute to the great personalities who dedicated their lives to the nation and contributed towards preserving the heritage of the country is an important part of nation building. With this idea, museums celebrating the contributions made by the brave tribals, both men and women, during our freedom struggle are being set up in different States. The 250th birth anniversary of the great social reformer Raja Ram Mohan Roy, whose teachings guided the nation, will also be celebrated in 2022 by the Government in a befitting manner.

Honourable Members, the objective of India's space programme has always been service to humanity. Due to the tireless work of country's space scientists, Chandrayaan-2 has stimulated a new interest in technology among the country's youth. My Government has already approved Chandrayaan-3. ISRO is also working expeditiously on the manned spacecraft programme – Gaganyaan, as well as Aditya-1 Mission.

Honourable Members, in these evolving times, to meet the new and complex challenges related to the defence of the country, my Government is working to make the defence forces stronger, more effective and modern. The appointment of CDS, the Chief of Defence Staff and creation of the Department of Military Affairs are steps in this direction. This will also improve coordination among the three services, while speeding up their modernization and the process of making them self-reliant.

We are fully attentive to the requirements of our security forces, including adequate armaments, safety equipment and bullet proof jackets. Manufacture of state-of-the-art AK 203 rifles, in collaboration with Russia, will commence in the Ordnance Factory at Amethi in Uttar Pradesh. Recently, when the Naval Prototype of Tejas landed and took off from INS Vikramaditya, every Indian was filled with pride. The Government has also taken historic steps in enhancing space security. With the successful testing of A-Sat, India has become the fourth country in the world to attain strike capability in space. Honourable Members, my Government is working with full strength and determination to free the country from the scourge of terrorism. In view of the changing nature of terrorism, alertness on the part of the citizens is extremely helpful. The decrease in terrorist activities in Jammu Kashmir demonstrates that public cooperation can be effective in the fight against terrorism. My Government has given the security forces a free hand in taking the strongest measures against those indulging in terrorism. The security situation in the North East has also improved significantly due to the concerted efforts of the Government. The geographical spread of Naxalism is also steadily shrinking.

Honourable Members, my Government is of the view that foreign policy is a vital ingredient of the country's economic and strategic security. We are stimulating economic growth and prosperity by increasing connectivity with our neighbouring countries. "Neighbourhood First" policy is our priority. Apart from our neighbours, we have also strengthened relations with other countries of the world. This is why a number of countries have bestowed their highest honour on India. Our cooperation with ASEAN and African countries is being taken to a new level.

After International Solar Alliance, India has been at the forefront of a global partnership, Coalition on Disaster Resilient Infrastructure-CDRI. This step aimed at mitigating natural disasters will further strengthen India's stature as a sensitive world power.

Honourable Members, this decade, which has just begun, will determine India's global standing in the times to come. The world will witness an inclusive, prosperous, capable and powerful New India in this decade. Hence it is the bounden duty of every Member of this House and every countryman to strive hard with all their capability to achieve their respective goals. We should all strive to make every citizen conscious of and dedicated to his duties in the national interest, and ensure that this sense of responsibility becomes the guiding principle of our civic life. Come, let us together make this decade of 2020 the decade of fulfilling our duties.

We must always remember that we are first and foremost citizens of this country, and leaders or supporters of a particular ideology thereafter. The prestige of our country should be more important than our party loyalties.

It is my belief that in the times to come, all of us together, drawing inspiration from the glorious past of our country will make every possible effort to ensure a bright future for the country; and that we will also succeed in our endeavour.

Let us all come together to fulfil the dream of a New India; let us together make a New India.

Jai Hind!!!

12.49 hrs

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

[Translation]

HON. SPEAKER: Now papers will be laid on the Table.

[English]

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE AND MINISTER OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI NIRMALA SITHARAMAN): Sir, I beg to lay on the Table:

A copy (Hindi and English versions) of the Economic Survey 2019-20 (Volume I and Volume II).

[Placed in Library, See No. LT. 1698/17/20]

(2) A copy of explanatory Statement (Hindi and English versions) showing reasons for immediate legislation by promulgation of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 (No. 16 of 2019) under Rule 71(2) of Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in Lok Sabha.

[Placed in Library, See No. LT. 1699/17/20]

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEAVY INDUSTRIES AND PUBLIC ENTERPRISES (SHRI ARJUN RAM MEGHWAL): I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following Ordinances (Hindi and English versions) under article 123 (2) (a) of the Constitution: -

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 (No. 16 of 2019) promulgated by the President on 28th December, 2019.

(2) The Mineral Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020 (No. 1 of 2020) promulgated by the President on 10th January, 2020.

[Placed in Library, See No. LT.

1700/17/20]

<u>12.50 hrs</u>

MESSAGE FROM RAJYA SABHA

[Translation]

SECRETARY GENERAL: Sir, I lay on the Table the Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order (Amendment) Bill, 2019 as pased by Rajya Sabha on 12 December 2019.

12.50 ½ hrs

STANDING COMMITTEE ON DEFENCE *1st to 4th Reports

[English]

SHRI BRIJENDRA SINGH (HISAR): I beg to present the following Reports (Hindi and English versions) of the Standing Committee on Defence:

*(1) First Report of the Standing Committee on Defence (17th Lok Sabha) on 'Demands for Grants of the Ministry of Defence for the year 2019-20 on General Defence Budget, Border Roads Organisation, Indian Coast Guard, Military Engineer Services, Directorate General Defence Estates, Defence Public Sector Undertakings, Canteen Stores Department, Welfare of Ex-Servicemen, Ex-Servicemen Contributory Health Scheme, Defence Pensions and Sainik Schools (Demand No. 18 and 21)'.

*(2) Second Report of the Standing Committee on Defence (17th Lok Sabha) on 'Demands for Grants of the Ministry of Defence for the year 2019-20 on Army, Navy, Air Force and Joint Staff (Demand No. 19 and 20)'.

* (3) Third Report of the Standing Committee on Defence (17th Lok Sabha) on 'Capital Outlay on Defence Services, Procurement Policy, Defence Planning and Married Accommodation Project (Demand No. 20)'.

^{*} These reports were presented to Hon'ble Speaker, Lok Sabha on 20.12.2019 and laid in Rajya Sabha on 13.12.2019.

* (4) Fourth Report of the Standing Committee on Defence (17th Lok Sabha) on 'Demands for Grants of the Ministry of Defence for the year 2019-20 on Ordnance Factories, Defence Research and Development Organisation, Directorate General of Quality Assurance and National Cadet Corps (Demand No. 19 and 20)'.

<u>12.51 hrs</u>

^{*} These reports were presented to Hon'ble Speaker, Lok Sabha on 20.12.2019 and laid in Rajya Sabha on 13.12.2019.

STANDING COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE 117th Report

[English]

SHRI DNV. SENTHILKUMAR S. (DHARMAPURI): Sir, I beg to lay on the Table the 117th Report (Hindi and English versions) on the Allied and Healthcare Professions Bill, 2018 of the Standing Committee on Health and Family Welfare. [TRANSLATION]

HON. SPEAKER: The House stands adjourned to meet tomorrow, on Saturday, 1st February, 2020 at 11 am.

12.52 hrs

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till Eleven of the clock on Saturday, February 1, 2020 /12 Magha, 1941 (Saka)

INTERNET

The Original version, English version and Hindi Version of Lok Sabha proceedings are available on Parliament of India Website at the following address: <u>https://sansad.in/ls</u>

LIVE TELECAST OF PROCEEDINGS OF LOK SABHA

Lok Sabha proceedings are telecast live on Sansad TV Channel. Live telecast begins at 11 A.M. every day the Lok Sabha sits till the adjournment of the House.

© 2020 By Lok Sabha Secretariat Published under Rules 379 and 382 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in Lok Sabha (Sixteenth Edition)