

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION

LOK SABHA
STARRED QUESTION NO. *46
ANSWERED ON 25/07/2024

FHTCs UNDER JJM IN ANDHRA PRADESH

*46. SHRI DAGGUMALLA PRASADA RAO:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to State:

- a) the details of the number of Functional Household Tap Connections (FHTCs) provided under the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) during the last five years in each district of Andhra Pradesh, year-wise;
- b) the percentage of rural households in Andhra Pradesh that have received FHTCs under JJM compared to the total number of rural households in the State;
- c) whether any audit has been conducted to measure the impact of the JJM on reducing the distance to water sources for rural households in Andhra Pradesh; and
- d) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI C R PATIL)

(a) to (d): A Statement is laid on the table of the House.

Statement referred in reply to parts (a) to (d) in respect of Lok Sabha Starred Question No. *46 for reply on 25.07.2024 regarding FHTCs under JJM in Andhra Pradesh asked by Shri Daggumalla Prasada Rao

(a) & (b) Government of India is committed to make provision for safe & potable tap water supply in adequate quantity, of prescribed quality and on a regular & long-term basis to all rural households in the country. Towards this end, the Government of India launched the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM), to be implemented in partnership with States/ UTs, in August 2019. Drinking Water is a State subject, and hence, the responsibility of planning, approval, implementation, operation, and maintenance of drinking water supply schemes, including those under the Jal Jeevan Mission, lies with State/ UT Governments. The Government of India supports the States by providing technical and financial assistance.

Significant progress has been made in the country since the launch of Jal Jeevan Mission, towards enhancing access to tap water to rural households. At the start of Jal Jeevan Mission in August 2019, only 3.23 Crore rural households were reported to have tap water connections. So far, as reported by States/ UTs as on 23.07.2024, around 11.76 Crore additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections under JJM. Thus, as on 23.07.2024, out of 19.32 Crore rural households in the country, around 15 Crore (77.65%) rural households are reported to have tap water supply in their homes.

As reported by the State Government of Andhra Pradesh, at the time of launch of Jal Jeevan Mission in the State on 15th August, 2019, approximately 30.74 lakh rural households had tap water connections. Since then, 39.38 lakhs additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections. Thus, as on 23.07.2024, the provision of tap water supply is available to more than 70.12 lakhs (73.46%) rural households in Andhra Pradesh. The number of tap water connections provided under JJM during the last five years in each district of Andhra Pradesh, year wise is **annexed**.

(c) & (d) No specific audit has been conducted to measure the impact of the JJM on reducing the distance to water sources for rural households in Andhra Pradesh. However, The World Health Organization (WHO) has estimated that achieving saturation of tap water coverage in rural households in the country, will result in savings of more than 5.5 Crore hours of time every day, which is otherwise spent in collection of water for household needs, primarily for women.

Further, with assured tap water supply, JJM is playing a significant role in bringing 'ease of living' for rural community, especially women. Availability of safe drinking water in the household premises improves the health and thereby socio-economic condition of rural population and also bring down the drudgery of rural women, especially girls, who travel long distances to bring water home. However, no specific audit is undertaken at the Government of India level to measure the impact of implementation of Jal Jeevan Mission on reducing the distance of water sources for rural households.

Annex referred in reply to part (a) of Lok Sabha Starred Question No. *46 to be answered on 25.07.2024

District wise status of tap water connections in rural households in Andhra Pradesh

Sr. No.	Districts	Total no. of rural households	As on 15th August 2019		No. of rural HHs provided with tap water connections					As on 23 rd July, 2024	
			No. of rural HHs	%	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	No. of rural HHs	%
1	Alluri Sitharama Raju	2,90,745	23,470	8.07	-	-	-	20,521	17,613	1,76,646	60.76
2	Anakapalli	4,17,489	67,359	16.13	-	-	-	84,579	10,950	2,63,540	63.13
3	Ananthapuramu	4,26,438	1,90,477	44.67	-	83,834	1,08,424	45,296	25,806	3,60,909	84.63
4	Annamayya	3,63,710	1,81,397	49.87	-	-	-	50,591	20,646	3,63,698	100.00
5	Bapatla	3,64,788	72,292	19.82	-	-	-	14,798	5,574	1,48,240	40.64
6	Chittoor	3,70,234	2,25,169	60.82	25,089	1,19,481	95,385	22,851	15,236	3,70,131	99.97
7	Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Konaseema	4,02,434	58,474	14.53	-	-	-	88,151	2,786	3,03,095	75.32
8	East Godavari	3,56,543	1,64,538	46.15	55,737	1,37,418	1,76,369	51,693	36,000	3,25,336	91.25
9	Eluru	4,79,752	2,56,892	53.55	-	-	-	55,333	11,364	4,14,257	86.35
10	Guntur	2,33,717	1,24,676	53.34	5,874	52,028	39,307	19,060	11,302	1,57,724	67.49
11	Kakinada	3,89,205	1,01,973	26.20	-	-	-	91,684	5,154	3,15,498	81.06
12	Krishna	3,75,691	1,12,952	30.07	399	1,18,913	42,105	37,826	5,571	2,22,890	59.33
13	Kurnool	3,45,790	90,710	26.23	-	74,768	56,405	45,025	33,349	2,22,765	64.42
14	Nandyal	3,45,674	1,22,973	35.57	-	-	-	42,511	11,458	2,54,938	73.75
15	Ntr	2,67,874	77,226	28.83	-	-	-	17,314	5,228	1,60,390	59.88
16	Palnadu	4,34,399	58,166	13.39	-	-	-	25,072	17,693	1,45,097	33.40
17	Parvathipuram Manyam	2,22,444	2,847	1.28	-	-	-	42,362	30,185	1,65,068	74.21
18	Prakasam	4,76,454	1,19,510	25.08	20,173	95,456	61,387	71,519	8,732	3,22,305	67.65

19	Sri Potti Sriramulu Nellore	4,60,415	2,37,344	51.55	444	82,119	50,959	59,392	13,998	3,98,172	86.48
20	Sri Sathya Sai	3,65,072	1,44,890	39.69	3,346	-	-	59,057	4,061	3,04,203	83.33
21	Srikakulam	5,35,763	13,995	2.61	187	76,695	48,526	63,843	56,930	2,22,232	41.48
22	Tirupati	4,17,349	2,40,311	57.58	-	-	-	34,225	17,915	4,16,592	99.82
23	Visakhapatnam	59,338	10,395	17.52	3,063	91,673	81,575	15,421	603	38,911	65.58
24	Vizianagaram	4,44,255	13,692	3.08	4,334	1,24,892	1,17,187	86,866	5,100	2,99,544	67.43
25	West Godavari	3,69,137	1,70,938	46.31	11	1,34,107	32,322	49,105	6,119	3,09,839	83.94
26	Y.S.R.	3,29,889	1,91,599	58.08	642	1,06,343	59,080	18,087	7,117	3,29,865	99.99
Total		95,44,599	30,74,265	32.21	1,19,299	12,97,727	9,69,031	12,12,182	3,86,490	70,11,885	73.46