

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1324
TO BE ANSWERED ON 9TH FEBRUARY, 2024**

ORGAN RECIPIENT

1324. SHRI KURUVA GORANTLA MADHAV:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has taken cognizance of the fact that between 1995 and 2021, four out of five organ recipients have been men in the country;
- (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) whether the Government has taken/proposes to take steps to address this issue and if so, the details thereof?

**ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY
WELFARE
(PROF. SATYA PAL SINGH BAGHEL)**

(a) & (b) As per records available with the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, out of total 36640 transplants done from deceased and living donors, 29695 were done on male and 6945 were done on female during the period from 1995 to 2021, which is approximately 4 transplants done on male against 1 transplant done on female. In recent years, the data regarding total transplants along with male to female ratio are as follows:

Year	Total Transplants	Total Male	Total Female	Ratio (Male:Female)
2019	12666	9162	3504	2.61:1
2020	7443	5389	2054	2.62:1
2021	12259	9120	3139	2.91:1
2022	16041	11273	4768	2.36:1

(c) The Government of India has implemented the National Organ Transplant Program under which steps have been taken to increase awareness on organ donation in the country. In order to narrow down the trend of gender disparity in organ transplants, the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare has been conducting regular awareness/sensitization sessions and activities on various ethical aspects of organ donation and transplantation for different stakeholders, namely State Government representatives, Legal representatives, Police personnel, Non-Governmental Organizations, healthcare professionals of Institutions/Hospitals, etc.
