

Strike In Government Hospitals In Delhi

1074. SHRI K.C. KONDAIAH :
SHRI TATHAGATA SATPATHY :

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government are aware that strikes by Doctors, Nurses and Karamcharies of Government Hospitals took place in Delhi frequently;

(b) if so, the details of such strikes especially in Delhi during the last two years with the reasons therefor; and

(c) the steps taken by the Government to provide essential medical facilities to the indoor patients as well as O.P.D. patients during the strike and to check such strikes in futures ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI DALIT EZHILMALAI):
(a) to (c) The details in respect of Strikes in Central Government Hospitals in Delhi is given in the Statement.

Statement

Name of the Hospital	Details of the Strikes and reasons	Steps taken to provide essential Medical facilities to the patients	Steps taken to check such strikes in future
1	2	3	4
Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospitals	<p>1. 24 hours, strike by Resident Doctors Association on 13.2.1997 for alleged harassment of their three colleagues.</p> <p>2. Strike on 28.8.97 to 31.8.1997 by Resident Doctors Association against non-handling of their colleague by the attendments of a patient.</p> <p>3. One day strike by Willingdon Hospital Workers' Union on 20.8.1997 against the anomalies in the recommendations of the Pay Commission.</p> <p>4. The strike by Willingdon Hospital Workers Union from 3.9.97 to 5.9.97 on the call of Joint Action Committes of Health Karamchari Union against the anomalies in the Pay Commission's recommendations.</p> <p>5. Performed single shift duty by the Nursing Personnel from 2.9.97 to 9.9.1997 on the call of Delhi Nurses Union for restructuring of their pay scales and the improvement in their service conditions.</p>	<p>1. Senior Doctors were deployed for duty, round the clock in the Emergency Control Room and in Casualty.</p> <p>2. All Heads of Departments/units were advised to ensure supply of adequate medicines, bandages and drugs, etc.</p> <p>3. Nursing Home Doctors and Emergency Control Room officers were advised to utilise the imprast money available with them for the purchase of the medicines, etc. non available in the Hospital.</p>	<p>The Medical Supdt. of each of Central Government Hospitals is expected to take steps as are required for the redressal of the grievanceies of the employees.</p>
Safdarjung Hospital	<p>Group 'C' and 'D' employees were on strike on three occasions in support of their demands</p>	<p>Necessary steps were taken to provide essential medical facilities to indoor</p>	

1	2	3	4
Safdarjung Hospital	regarding implementation of 5th Pay Commission's recommendations. Nurses went on Strike for their demands like higher pay scale, better promotional avenues, residential accommodation and increase in the nursing allowance.	as well as outdoor patients, including Casualty and Emergency Services.	
Lady Hardinge Medical College & Smt. S.K. Hospitals	<p>Resident Doctors remained on Strike for one day on 17.4.96 in support of Resident Doctors Association of Maulana Azad Medical College.</p> <p>2. Nurses were on Strike</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Performed only morning shift from 13.6.96 to 17.6.1996 regarding accommodation. - Performed only morning shift w.e.f. 3.9.1997 to 9.9.1997 <p>3. Group 'C' & 'D'</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - One day on 20.8.1997 - Two days on 3rd & 4th September, 1997. 	Senior Faculty Doctors, Sr. Nursing Personnel and Labour Officer & Supervisor, Medical Record Officer, etc. manned the essential medical facilities to the OPD and indoor patients.	

Institute of Chemical Technology

1075. SHRI S.S. OWAIISI : Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the attention of the Government has been drawn to the news-item captioned "Petrol substitute developed in Andhra Pradesh" appeared in 'Indian Express' dated April 14, 1998;

(b) if so, the facts of the matter reported therein;

(c) whether this technology is also useful for the fertilizer companies which produce carbon dioxide as a by-product;

(d) the number of experiments carried out so far; and

(e) the extent to which this is likely to help as a substitute to petrol and reduce pollution ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICAL AND FERTILIZERS (DR. A.K. PATEL) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (e) A scientist from the Indian Institute of Chemical Technology (IICT), Hyderabad of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) had worked in

a South Korean Institute as a visiting fellow. The laboratory experiments carried out by him there had used carbondioxide and hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst to make dimethyl ether. Studies carried out in USA indicated that dimethyl ether was found to have the potential to replace diesel as fuel. The process has been worked out at a laboratory level and its suitability for different raw material sources has yet to be established. At this stage, it is not possible to pronounce on the feasibility of utilising surplus carbondioxide from fertilizer units for the production of a diesel substitute.

VIP Security

1076. SHRI RANJIB BISWAL :
 SHRI MUKUL WASNIK :
 SHRI TATHAGATA SATPATHY :
 SHRI KHARABELA SWAIN :
 SHRI JUNG BAHADUR SINGH PATEL :
 SHRI SURESH KURUP :
 SHRI C.D. GAMIT :

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) the total number of VIP's provided with security by the Government category-wise;