(b) The estimated per capita consumption of tea during 1998 was 665 gms.

(c) The surplus quantity of tea available for exports during the year 1998 was 225.41 Mn.Kgs.

(d) Indian tea is exported to more than 80 countries of the world. Major importers of India tea are Russia and C I S countries, UK, Germany, Poland, U.A.E., Iran, Arab Republic of Egypt, Japan, Saudi Arabia etc. The foreign exchange earned through exports during the last three years are as follows :-

Year	Qty. (Mn.Kgs)	Value (US \$ Mn.)
1995-96	167.47	372.08
1996-97	169.04	366.62
1997-98	211.76	525.74

(e) and (f) Government has permitted free import of tea, as one of the 2307 items, from SAARC Countries in order to give a fillip to intra-regional trade.

Decline in Cotton Yarn

3759. SHRI K. YERRANNAIDU : Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state :

(a) whether production of Cotton yarn in 1998-99 has shown a decline;

(b) if so, the details therefor; and

(c) the steps proposed to be taken for modernisation of textile mills to stand in competition ?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI KASHIRAM RANA) : (a) As per the data available upto December 1998, the production of cotton yarn had declined. The figures of production of cotton yarn are given below :-

Year	Quantity (Mn. Kg.)
1998-99(April-Dec)	1494
1997-98(April-Dec.)	1693

(b) The major reasons for decline in the production of Cotton yarn are World wide recession in the economy; South East Asian crisis; decline in production of Cotton crop during 1997-98 due to disease and unseasonal rains; increase in price of raw cotton etc.

(c) Government have approved the launching of Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (TUFS) for technological upgradation of the textile and jute industries. Under the Scheme, eligible units from indentified sector of textile and jute sectors would be able to apply for loans at applicable rate of interest from designated nodal agencies, which after satisfying themselves, as regards viability etc. would advance loan to applicant unit stipulating the condition for repayment of loan etc. Under the scheme difference in the amount of interest to the extent of 5% points would be reimbursed to the lending nodal agencies by the Ministry of Textiles to be passed on to the eligible borrowing units.

The Government is also proposing to launch a Cotton Technology Mission to improve the production productivity and quality of cotton.

[Translation]

Subsidy to Retired Persons

3760. Dr. PRABHA THAKUR :

COL. SONA RAM CHOUDHARY :

SHRI RAM NARAIN MEENA :

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan have flayed the Government for not setting up the committee in time to release the production incentives/subsidy to the workers of certain NTC mills of Rajasthan who took voluntary retirement and started their own business;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether the Government have directed the concerned authorities to release immediately production incentives/ subsidy alongwith interest to such retired workers of NTC;

(d) if so, the action taken thereon by the concerned authorities and the number of workers benefited therefrom, mill-wise, alongwith the amount of subsidies given;

(e) if not, the reasons for delay ; and

(f) the steps taken by the Government to ensure that production incentives/subsidy is provided to such NTC workers immediately?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI KASHIRAM RANA) : (a) and (b) Some of the former workers of mills under NTC (DPR) who had availed VSR and who had been given looms under rehabilitation scheme had filed a writ petition before the Jaipur Bench of Rajasthan High Court requesting for production incentives/subsidy. The Rajasthan High court dismissed the writ petition as the Union of India had not been made a party. The Court, however, directed the mill authorities to forward a copy of the judgement to the Government for re-consideration of the whole rehabilitation scheme.

(c) to (f) The rehabilitation scheme for the workers who availed the VRS was formulated as part of the 1992 Turn Around Strategy for NTC mills. However, on account of the fact that 8 out of 9 subsidiaries of NTC were referred to the BIFR and the financial institutions were reluctant to release