

Name of University Institute	Course (s) available
3. Harcourt Butler Tec- nological Institute, Kanpur.	Degree Course
4. Central Food Techno- logical Research In- stitute, Mysore	Post-graduate Associateship Course in Fruit Technology for two years

In addition to the above, an International Centre for Training in Food Technology has recently been started at the Central Food Technological Research Institute, Mysore, in collaboration with the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations Organisation. Trainees at this Centre will be drawn from the various countries in the South East Asia and the Far East, including India. Training will be provided at various levels, including two-year post-graduate course.

सहकारी विपणन तथा परिष्करण

562. डा० महादेव प्रसाद : क्या सामुदायिक विकास तथा सरकार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) सरकार ने सहकारी विपणन तथा परिष्करण विधि का विकास करने के उपाय सुझाने के लिये जिस उच्च अधिकार प्राप्त समिति की स्थापना की थी, क्या उस ने अपना प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत कर दिया है ; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसकी मुख्य सिफारिशें क्या हैं ?

सामुदायिक विकास तथा सहकारिता मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री ब० सू० मूर्ति) :
(क) जी नहीं ।

(ख) प्रश्न ही नहीं उठता है ।

Minor Irrigation Schemes

563. { Shri H. C. Linga Reddy:
Shri M. S. Murti:

Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether the scheme of irrigation wells is one of the several schemes contemplated to be taken up under the Minor Irrigation programme for increased agricultural production;

(b) if so, the number of irrigation wells sunk in the different States during the Third Five Year Plan so far;

(c) the loan and the subsidy given to the various States during the above period;

(d) whether the Central Government is contemplating to intensify the well irrigation scheme to increase the agricultural production in the Fourth Five Year Plan; and

(e) if so, the capital outlay involved in this behalf?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Shri Shah Nawaz Khan): (a) Yes. Besides the scheme of construction of new irrigation wells, schemes for repair of old wells and boring and deepening of wells with a view to increasing their discharge are also being taken up under the minor irrigation programme.

(b) About 5,18,000 new irrigation wells are anticipated to be constructed during Third Five Year Plan. The State break up is expected to be as under:—

	(Figures in lakhs)
Andhra Pradesh	0.45
Bihar	0.40
Gujarat	0.40
Madhya Pradesh	0.20
Madras	0.24
Maharashtra	0.75
Mysore	0.25
Punjab	0.24
Rajasthan	0.15
Uttar Pradesh	2.10
TOTAL	5.18

(c) After the introduction of the revised procedure for the release of

Central financial assistance to States from 1958-59 sanctions for the release of Central assistance are issued under broad heads of development such as "Agri. Production, Minor Irrigation and Land Development, etc." The issue of scheme-wise sanctions has been dispensed with since 1958-59. It is not, therefore, possible to indicate separately for irrigation wells amounts of loans and subsidies given. These schemes come under the Head of Development "Agricultural Production including Minor Irrigation and Land Development". The total Central assistance released to States during the period 1961-62 to 1964-65 under this Head of Development for State Plan schemes is about Rs. 185.13 crores as loans and about Rs. 66.43 crores as grants (Actuals for 1961-64 and anticipated for 1964-65). The figures for 1965-66 will be available in due course.

(d) Yes.

(e) The Fourth Five Year Plan outlays are still under consideration.

Package Programme in Paddy

564. **Shri H. C. Linga Reddy:** Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the number of districts in the various States where package programme in paddy has been introduced;

(b) the amount spent on the programme and the results achieved so far;

(c) the percentage of increase in food production in these districts; and

(d) whether Government propose to cover the remaining districts also?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Shri Shah Nawaz Khan): (a) The number of districts selected in each State where the Intensive Agricultural Areas Programme with emphasis on

increasing production of paddy is being implemented is given below:—

State	Number of districts selected
1. Andhra Pradesh	10
2. Assam.	6
3. Bihar.	5
4. Gujarat	4
5. Kerala.	3
6. Madras	4
7. Madhya Pradesh	3
8. Maharashtra	12
9. Mysore.	2
10. Orissa.	4
11. Punjab	5
12. Uttar Pradesh	4
13. West Bengal	9
TOTAL	71

Besides, the programme also covers two blocks in Pondicherry.

(b) Information regarding actual expenditure incurred on the implementation of the programme during 1964-65 is not yet available.

(c) Information regarding the actual increases in crop yields in the selected districts is not yet available.

(d) In determining the areas to be covered under the programme, the State Governments have kept the following considerations in view:

- (i) Availability of assured water supply over as large an area as possible.
- (ii) Minimum of natural hazards in the selected areas such as, susceptibility to floods, acute soil conservation problems, soil salinity and alkalinity etc.
- (iii) Comparatively well developed village institutions like Co-operatives and Panchayats.
- (iv) Availability of trained man power and other resources.