### 8657 - Written Anewers

JUNE 30, 1967

(b) Annual demand as it existed in the last five years cannot be compiled as it would be made up of a large number of individual estimates and enguirles involving both private and public sectors. However, the foreign exchange earned by export of machinery during the last five years is as indicated below:---

(Rs. in lakbs).

	1961-62	19 <b>62-63</b>	1963-64	1964-65 1	<b>965-66</b> I9	· 6-67*
Machinery other than electric achinery (electric)	258	24I	277	1 401 j	476	526
achinery (electric)	102	L 129	I57	246	320	<b>43</b> 8
(*upto Feb., 1967- oaiy.)						

#### Licence for Mining in Gea

**6128.** Shri Shinkre: Will the Minister of Steel, Mines and Metals be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that there is too much dissatisfaction among Goans regarding the licencing policy of Government refusing new licences for the exploration of mines in Gos;

(b) whether this policy has deprived new enterprising Goans of exp oration of mines and favoured the old privileged class of mine-owners who are instrumental in stabilising former Portuguese regime in Goa; and

(c) whether Government propose to consider sympathetically applications for the exploration of new mines from genuine political sufferers who lost their professional careers during the foreign struggle?

The Minister of Stoel, Mines and Wetals (Dr. Chema Roddy): (a) and (b). Mineral Concessions including prospecting licences are granted in Gos in accordance with the provisions of the Mines and Minerals (Rogu'a-"ion and Development) Act, 1957. Each application is considered on merits and we distinction is made between existog and prospective mine-owners.

(c) So far, no application from any political sufferer has been recrived by the Government of Gos. However, if any such application is received, it will be considered on merits in accordance with the provisions of the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1957 and the rules framed thereunder.

### Pelletiustion Fiant in Gen

4129. Shri Shinkre: Will the Minister of Steel, Mines and Metals be pleased to state:

(a) names of the mine-owners who have been granted licences for crecting pelletisation plant in Goa;

(b) the total amount of foreign exchange sanctioned for the import of machinery for each plant;

(c) the production capacity of each pelletisation plant;

(d) whether any such plant has started production of pellets and affected consequent exports; and

(e) the difficulties faced by the licences who have not so far been able to erect their plants?

The Minister of Sinte in the Ministry of Steel, Mines and Motals (Barl P. C. Sethi): (a) No licence is required for the setting up of pelletisation plants under the Industries (Regulation and Development) Act, 1967. Government have, however, approved the schemes of two private parties. M/S Chowgule & Co. Private Limited and M/S V. M. Salagnorar & Brother Private Limited, for setting up pelletisation plants in Ges.

# 8699 Written Anewers ASADEA 9, 1888 (SAKA) Written Anewers 8060

(b) An amount of Re. 223-21 jakhs has been sanctioned for the import of machinery for the plant of M/s Chowgule & Co. Private Limited. The proposal for the import of plant and machinery for the plant proposed to be set up by M|s V. M. Salagaocar & Brother Private Limited is under consideration.

(c) Mis. Chowgule & 0.55 million tons of Co. Private Limited. pellets per annum.

M/s. Salagaocar & Brother Private	I.5 millon tone of
Brocher Private	pellets per annum
alumited.	(proposed).

(d) Yes, Sir. The pelletisation plant set up by M/s Chowgule & Co. commenced production from March, 1967. 64,632 tons of pellets have been exported from this plant since April, 1967.

(e) The main difficulty at present is understood to be the arrangements for financing the project including foreign exchange requirements for import of machinery and plant.

## Small Mine-Owners of Goa

4136. Shri Shinkre: Will the Minister of Commerce be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that small mine-owners of Goa have bren lef down by M/s Minerals and Mines Trading Corporation of India Ltd., which, instead of buying iron ore and mangahese ore from them and thus giving them a helping hand are engaged in transaction with big mineowners;

(b) whether this has placed these big mine-owners in a very privilaged position of buying ore from the small mine-owners at 'ower rates, which do not compensate their efforts nor expenses;

(c) whether these big mine-owners have started some small Companies to pose as small mine-owners before the Minerals and Mines Trading Corporations and sell the ore at higher prices; and

(d) if so, the steps Government propose to take to minimise the difficulties of these small mine-owners? The Minister of Commerce (Bhri Disests Singh): (a) No, Sir. M.M.T.C. buys ore in Goa to meet its sale commitments and while doing so gives first preference to the small mineowners. Only when the supplies of requisite grade and in requisite quantitites are not forthcoming from gnali mine owners does it enter into contracts with other mine-owners, whe because of their size of operation, could be cal'ed big mine-owners.

- (b) Does not arise.
- (c) Government is not aware of this.
- (d) Does not arise.

## Introduction of Mechanisation on the Railway

4131. Shri Ganesh Ghesh; Will the Minister of Railways be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that with effect from July 1964 in the Calcutta area, a part of the Traffic Accounting work and a part of the Fuel Accounting ing work have been mechanised which have resulted in wiping out 126 out of 360 sanctioned posts for those works; and

(b) if so, the action taken to absorb all Clerks made superfluous by the introduction of mechanisation?

The Minister of Rallways (Shri C. M. Peenscha): (a) A part of the Traffic Accounting work has been mechanised in stages with effect from July, 1964. The Fuel Accounting work was mechanised with effect from August, 1966 As a result of the above mechanisation of Traffic Ascounts, 224 staff out of 963 sanctioned posts in the sections affected have as far been rendered surplus on the Eastern and South Eastern Rallways in the Calcutta area.

(b) All the clerks rendered surplus on introduction of Machine Accounting have been absorbed against existing vacancies on the respective Rallways.