## Armed Forces Headquarters Employees

1989. Shri S. M. Bnerjee: Will the Minister of Defence be pleased to state:

(a) what is the present ratio of Assistants, Upper Division Clerks and Lower Division Clerks in Armed Forces Headquarters, New Delhi;

(b) whether there is a proposal to increase the ratio of Assistants and Upper Division Clerks;

(c) if so, what is the proposed revised ratio; and

(d) whether the revised ratio is likely to be implemented?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Defence (Shri Raghuramaiah): (a) The existing proportion of Assistants, Upper Division Clerks and Lower Division Clerks in Armed Forces Headquarters is as under:-

Assistants .	15%
Upper Division Clerks	35%
Lower Division Clerks.	50%

(b) to (d). The question whether the existing proportion of Assistants and Upper Division Clerks should be increased and, if so, to what extent is under the consideration of Government.

## Gas and Oil in Punjab

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Will the Minister of Mines and Fuel be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is no likelihood of finding gas or oil in commercial quantities in the two drilling rigs in Punjab;

(b) if so, why these rigs have not been abandoned so far; and

(c) how much money Government have spent so far on these rigs?

The Minister of Mines and Fuel (Shri K. D. Malaviya): (a) and (b). As oil occurs in wells drilled with the help of drilling rigs, not in drilling rigs, the question presumably refers to the two wells recently drilled in Punjab—one at Adampur and the other at Janauri.

There is no likelihood of finding oil or gas in the well at Adampur. The well has been abandoned, and the rig is being removed.

The well at Januari is still under test. However, the chances of finding oil or gas in that well are not much.

(c) The expenditure incurred on drilling these two wells has not been separately worked out yet.

# Praga Tools Corporation, Andhra Pradesh

1991. Shri Laxmi Dass: Will the Minister of Steel and Heavy Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Praga Tools Corporation, Andhra Pradesh has registered slow progress;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) when the first phase will be completed;

(d) how much production capacity will be increased till the end of the first phase; and

(e) the steps being taken by Government for the expansion of second phase of the above Corporation and details thereof?

The Minister of Steel and Heavy Industries (Shri C. Subramaniam): (a) to (e). I presume the Hon'ble Member refers to the expansion programme of the Praga Tools Corporation. The expansion of the Company was planned in 1959 in two phases. Soon after, however, it was decided to merge the first and the second phases and undertake a composite programme of expansion. The revised programme of expansion.

he end of 1960. For the successful nplementation of the expansion proramme the Corporation has, with he approval of the Government of ndia, concluded technical collaboraon agreements with three IIK rms for the manufacture of lathe hucks, drill chucks and tool and cuter grinders. The construction of uildings is progressing. A part of he capital equipment required for he manufacture of drill chucks has ready arrived and the balance is xpected before the end of 1962. The nanufacture of drill chucks is expeced to commence by the middle of 363. Orders for machinery requir-1 for the manufacture of lathe nucks and tool and cutter grinders re being placed. Assembly operaons for tool and cutter grinders ave already started. The project ill be completed in June 1964. Full roduction capacity is expected to be tilised by June 1965. The annual urnover after full implementation of he expansion programme is expected 5 be of the order of Rs. 100 lakhs.

## Velfare of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in Mysore

**1993. Shri S. B. Patil:** Will the inister of **Home Affairs** be pleased to state:

(b) if so, the details thereof and the amount to be spent?

The Deputy Minister in the Minis-("y of Home Affairs (Shrimati Chandrasekhar): (a) Yes Sir.

(b) A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [See Appendix II, annexure No. 67].

## **Prices of Cement**

1994. Shri S. B. Patil: Will the Minter of Steel and Heavy Industries be pleased to state the production cost and selling price of cement per ton produced in Bagalkot, Shahabad and Bhadravati (in Mysore State) factories and the reasons for the difference in costs?

The Minister of Steel and Heavy Industries (Shri C. Subramaniam): According to estimates made by the Tariff Commission the cost of production of cement in the factories at Bagalkot, Shahabad and Bhadravati (in Mysore State) is as follows:—

		Rs. per tonne
(1) Bagalkot		59.52
(2) Shahabad		56 <b>·5</b> 8 <b>*</b>
(3) Bhadravati	•	. 61·8 <b>6]</b>

\*The figure mentioned against Shahabad factory is the estimated cost of production of Messrs. Associated Cement Companies Ltd. comprising of 14 factories including that of Shahabad.

The cost of production of cement is dependent on various factors like cost of raw materials, cost of power and fuel, labour and establishment charges, depreciation, overhead expenses etc. which vary from factory to factory.

The ex-works retention price payable in respect of cement produced at these factories has been fixed by the Government at a uniform rate of Rs. 69.50 per tonne of naked cement (after providing for return on capital employed, allowance for rehabilitation, research etc.).

### Geophysicists for Third Plan

1995. Shri R. Barua: Will the Minister of Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have madeany assessment of the requirements of geophysicists in the Third Five Year Plan;

(b) what are the institutions or Universities having facilities for studies in geophysics up to M.Sc. standard;

(c) what is the expected outturn of B.Sc. (Hons.) and M.Sc., in Geophysics from each institution;