

Guards, carry non-class, non-caste nomenclature. In the case of other Infantry Regiments, the existing class or regional nomenclature has been allowed to continue for historical and administrative reasons. The policy of the Government is to broad-base recruitment and to throw it open to all Indian citizens regardless of their class, creed, community, or region, provided they conform to the prescribed physical, educational and medical standards and are within the prescribed age limits. This policy is being gradually introduced even in Infantry where 'one class' units exist and representation has been given to communities who were not recruited heretofore.

(b) Kitchens in the Army are organised on 'Unit' or 'Sub-Unit' basis, not on communal basis. No change in the present arrangement is proposed.

(c) The educational standards for recruitment to the Army are uniform for all regions. Except for certain specialist trades, knowledge of English is not obligatory. It is not proposed to relax the educational standard for any particular region.

(d) The question does not arise as the Indian Army is already a real National Army.

#### Industrial Ventures in Kuwait

36. Shri N. K. Sanghi: Will the Minister of External Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is proposed to conduct a survey in respect of industrial ventures in Kuwait through an experts agency; and

(b) if so, when the final decision is likely to be taken in the matter?

The Minister of External Affairs (Shri M. C. Chagla): (a) and (b). The Government of India have agreed to make available experts from the National Industrial Development Corporation to undertake detailed feasi-

bility surveys in respect of industries which hold promise for mutually beneficial joint collaboration. The fields in which such surveys are to be undertaken and further details thereof will be decided by consultations between the two Governments.

#### U.S. Military Supply Mission in India

37. Shri Eswara Reddy: Will the Minister of External Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) the total expenditure so far incurred by Government on the United States Military Supply Mission in India with year-wise break-up of the figures; and

(b) the heads under which this expenditure was incurred?

The Minister of External Affairs (Shri M. C. Chagla): (a) The Government of India have paid a total of Rs. 216.31 lakhs towards the expenditure of the U.S. Military Supply Mission in India to cover all likely rupee expenditure until June 30, 1966.

The year-wise break-up of the payments is:

(i) 1963-63	Rs. 50.00 lakhs
(ii) 1964-65	Rs. 100.00 lakhs
(iii) 1965-66	Rs. 66.31 lakhs

Total: Rs. 216.31 lakhs

(b) This represents expenditure on the services and facilities, such as accommodation, pay of local employees, purchase of stores and travel in India, which we had undertaken to meet when the establishment of the Mission was agreed to. The expenditure was incurred from Main Head 4 (Misc) of the Major Head 78-Army under the Defence Services Estimates.

#### Indians serving in U.N.O.

38. Shri S. E. Dasam:  
Shri A. Sreedharan:  
Shri P. Parthasarathy:

Will the Minister of External Affairs be pleased to state the number of