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Foreign Investments in E.O.Us.

- 1271. DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state :
- (a) whether the Government have set up an agency to clear all proposals of foreign investment in Export Processing units through single window clearance:
 - (b) if so, the details thereof; and

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(c) if not the other steps taken by the Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI BOLLA BULLI RAMAIAH): (a) to (c). The single window mechanism for according approval to proposals under EOU/EPZ Scheme is as follows:

Proposals of foreign investment in Export Oriented Units fulfilling the conditions of automatic approval are cleared by the Development Commissioner of respective zone for setting up the units within the zone and by the Secretariat for Industrial Approval (SIA) in the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion for setting up of units outside the zone; normally in a period of 15 days.

Other proposals are cleared by the respective Export Processing Zone Board for units inside the Zone and by the Foreign Investment Promotion Board for units outside the zone; normally in a period of 45 days.

Infrastructural Constraints

- 1272. SHRI HARIN PATHAK: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Government propose to remove existing infrastructural constraints on priority basis in order to sustain current industrial boom;
 - (b) if so, the details thereof; and
 - (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) to (c). Yes, Sir. The Government has already considered deregulation of production and distribution in some of the basic infrastructure services. The Union Budget 1996-97 has also proposed establishment of an Infrastructure Development Finance Company with an authorised capital of Rs. 5000 crores to act as a direct lender, as a refinancing institution and as a provider of financial guarantees. Tax concessions have also been extended to infrastructure sectors.

Non-Official Directors in Banks

- 1273. SHRI SURESH PRABHU: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
- (a) the number of non-official directors working in banks at present;

- (b) the details of powers and responsibilities of these directors:
- (c) whether the Government review the performance of such directors from time to time; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof and the mechanism developed so far for such review?
- THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) At present there are 131 part time non official directors on the boards of 19 nationalised banks.
- (b) The Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970/1980 and the Schemes framed thereunder do not specify the powers and responsibilities of such directors. However, the general superintendence, direction and management of the affairs of a nationalised bank vest in a board of directors of the bank, including non official directors.
- (c) and (d). Since the Board of Directors of each bank discharges its duties in a collective manner no formal review of the performance of individual nonofficial directors has been attempted so far.

Promotion of Agro-Based Activities

- 1274. SHRI ANNASAHIB M.K. PATIL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
- (a) the main role of the National Bank for Agricultural and Rural Development (NABARD) in terms of major schemes for promotion and development of agriculture and agro-based activities.
- (b) the details of targets set and achievements made during each of the last three years and reasons for shortfall, if any, in general and for Maharashtra in particular, State-wise and scheme-wise; and
- (c) the details of tentative financial allocation for the current year for Maharashtra to carry out agricultural/ agro-based development activities and the targets set therefor?
- THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHR! P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) is an apex level refinancing agency providing refinance support to commercial banks, State Cooperative Banks, State Land Development Banks and Regional Rural Banks for interalia financing and promoting various economic activities in the rural farm and non-farm sector. For the purpose it has framed several schemes for agriculture and rural development. The schemes for which refinance is available from NABARD include minor irrigation including lift irrigation, land development, plantation and horticulture which include hi-tech floriculture, animal husbandry, storage and market yards, forestry, agroprocessing industries, seed processing including tissueculture, pisciculture, farm mechanisation, bio-gas, non-

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farm activities, Scheduled Caste/ Tribe Action Plan and Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP).

- (b) The details of targets set and achievements made during the last three years. State-wise and scheme-wise, are being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House
- (c) The details of the refinance allocation (tentative) made for the State of Maharashtra, by NABARD, for the year 1996-97 are as under :

(Rs. crores)

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Sector	Allocation
Minor Irrigation	72.00
Land Development	0.48
Farm Mechanisation	99.58
Dryland Farming	0.45
Plantation and Horticulture	26.54
Dairy Development	17.40
Fisheries	2.70
Storage and Market Yards	6.72
Forestry	0.35
Bio-gas	0.90
Poultry	12.90
Sheep/Goat/Piggery	3.00
SC/ST Action Plan	12.90
IRDP	29.50
Non-Farm Sector	37.09
National Seed Project	17.00
Agro Processing	6.16
Others	0.96
Total	346.63

Complaints Against Public/Private Companies

1275. SHRI SANDIPAN THORAT: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Indian Missions abroad have received complaints against Indian Public and Private Sectors Companies for violation of trade agreements during the last three years;
- (b) if so, the details thereof, company-wise and year-wise; and
- (c) the action taken by the Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI BOLLA BULLI RAMAIAH): (a) to (c). The Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Disposal of Soiled Currency Notes

- 1276. SHRI NAMDEO DIWATHE: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the RBI is facing a serious problem for disposal of soiled small currency notes;
- (b) if so, the quantum of stocks accumulated at different RBI offices for disposal in excess of the normal capacity and the steps proposed to be taken*to tackle the problem on short term and on long term basis; and
- (c) the present status of the projects approved for security printing and the progress made on each of them so far?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) No. Sir.

- (b) Does not arise.
- (c) The RBI is setting up two new note printing presses one each at Mysore (Karnataka) and Salboni (West Bengal). The Mysore Press has started printing of Rs. 100 deno, with one line of production from 1-6-96. The Press at Salboni is scheduled to start printing of Rs. 10 deno, from 12-12-96. When these two Presses ▶ become fully operational in 1998-99, they will produce about 10.000 million pieces of currency notes per annum.

Investment of Bank Loans in Share Market

- 1277. SHRI CHITTA BASU: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Government are aware that Bank loans are being diversified in the share market illegally:
- (b) if so, whether the Government have since conducted any enquiry in that regard;
 - (c) if so, the outcome thereof; and
 - (d) the steps taken to stop this economic offence?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) to (d). Reserve Bank of India (RBI) have reported that under the existing Credit Monitoring Arrangement (CMA), banks are required to report credit facilities sanctioned by them to large borrowers (i.e. Working Capital limit of Rs. 10 crore and above and Term Loan of Rs. 5 crore and above) for post sanction scrutiny. Under the CMA system, there is no mechanism of detecting diversion of funds for other purposes including share market operations. RBI has further reported that instances of diversion of funds are generally detected through financial inspections of banks/special scrutinies carried out by their Department of Supervision. RBI have already reiterated the existing instructions to banks advising them to monitor the operations/drawals in the borrowal accounts to ensure that funds are drawn for the purpose for which credit

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