release additional quantity of Ammonium Sulphate so that the requirements of the drugs units can be met.

(4) It was decided to air-lift 10 tons of Chloroquin Phosphate for meeting the immediate requirements of the country.

सिक्किम के सम्बन्ध में भारत के विरुद्ध चीन का प्रचार

1548 श्री हरी सिंह : श्री सी० के० चन्द्रप्पन :

क्या विदेश मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेगे कि

- (क) क्या सरकार की सिक्किम के सम्बन्ध में भारत के विकद्ध चीन द्वारा हाल में किये गये प्रचार का पता है, स्रोर
- (स्त्र) र्रांड हां, तो इस पर सरकार की क्या प्रतिकिया है तथा चीन द्वारा बिदेशों में भारत को बदनाम किये जाने के विरुद्ध क्या कार्यवाही का गई है ?

विदेश मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री विपिनपाल वास) (क) जी हा।

(ख) भारत सरकार का यह निष्यत्त मत रहा है कि भारत-शिक्तिम सबयों में किसी दण का कोई सरकार नहीं है। ग्राने मिणनों नो ग्रार सबद्ध देणों को भारत-सिक्तिम सबयों में विकास के बारे में पूरी तरह सूचित मरने के लिए उचित कदम उठाये गये है। भारत री स्थित ग्रामतीर से अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सार पर स्वीकार की गई है।

Review of Simla Agreement

1549. SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS VUNSI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state.

(a) whether the Simla Agreement has been reviewed by India and Pak-

istan for proper implementation recently;

- (b) whether any fresh or new point has arisen out of the agreement for inclusion or exclusion in the main agreement; and
- (c) In how many ways the Simla Agreement has been implemented?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS): (a) Since the signing of the Simla Agreement, there have been several meetings between India and Pakistan for the implementation of its various provisions At these meetings, the progress of implementation has been reviewed as found necessary.

- (b) No. Sir.
- (c) Out of the various provisions of the Simla Agreement, the implementation of paragraph 4, namely the delineation of the Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir resulting from the ceasefire of December 17, 1971 and the withdrawal of Indian and Pakistani troops to their side of the international border was completed in December 1972 As a result of the Delhi Agreement and the Tripartite Agreement signed between Bangladesh, India and Pakistan, the repatriation of Prisoners of War and civilian internees who had surrendered to the Joint Command in Bangladesh, was completed on 30th June, 1974 implementation of various normalisation measures envisaged in paragraph 3 of the Simla Agreement is now in progress and agreement on exchange of postal articles and telecommunication as well as the visa agreement were signed on September 14, 1974, at Islamabad Talks for the resumption of airlinks including overflights have started on 18th November and those for exploring the possibilities of trade with Pakistan are scheduled to be held later this month.