## LOK SABHA DEBATES

## Third Series

Volume XIII, 1963/1884 (Saka)

[February 18 to March 2, 1963|Mazha 29 to Phalguna 11, 1884 (Saka)]



## FOURTH SESSION 1963/1884-85 (Saka)

(Vol. XIII contains Nos. 1 to 10)

LOK SABHA SECRETARIAT NEW DELHI

### CONTENTS

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## [THIRD SERIES, Vol. XIII]

## [February 18 to March 2, 1963/Magha 29 to Phalguna 11, 1884 (Saka)]

No. 1.—Monday, February 18, 1963/Magha 29, 1884 (Saka)

		COLUMN
Obituary reference		1-2
Re: Interruptions and Walk-out during President's Address		2-10
President's Address laid on the Table		10-31
President's assent to Bills		31
Papers laid on the Table		31-33
Major Port Trusts Bill and Constitution Amendment Bills-		
Extension of time for presentation of Select Committee and Joint		
Committee Reports respectively		<b>34—3</b> 8
Daily Digest \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		39 <b>—48</b>
No. 2.—Tuesday, February 19, 1963/Magha 30, 1884 (Saka)		
Oral Answers to Questions—		
*Starred Questions Nos. 1 to 6 and 9 to 12		43—82
Written Answers to Questions—		
Starred Questions Nos. 7, 8, 13 to 27 and 30		83—93
Unstarred Questions Nos. 1 to 50	9	3-123
Re: Incident during President's Address		124
Calling Attention to Matter of Urgent Public Importance—		
Accident in Jamuna colliery	12	4-127
Re: Motion for Adjournment		127
Papers laid on the Table	1	27—32
Demands for Supplementary Grants (Railways) 1962-63 .		.132
Demands for Excess Grants (Railways) 1960-61		133
Business Advisory Committee—		
Twelfth Report		133
Estimates Committee—		
Twenty-second and Twenty-third Reports		133
Central Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill—Introduced		134
Railway Budget, 1963-64—presented	I	3472
Committee to investigate the conduct of certain Members during President's Address	. 173-7	74 200
Delhi Rent Control (Amendment) Bill	_	7 <b>5—</b> 87
Motion to consider, as passed by Rajya Sabha		75—83
Clauses 2 and 1		83—87
Motion to pass, as amended		187
Agricultural Refinance Corporation Bill—		,
Motion to consider	-200,200	-228
Motion re: Maintaining prices of essential commodities at reasonable levels		8—56
Daily Digest		7—64

ì

No. 3Wednesday, February 20, 1963 Phalguna 1, 1884 (Saka)	Columns
Oral Answers to Questions—	
Starred Questions Nos. 31 to 42	265—303
Written Answers to Questions—	20, 5-5
Starred Questions Nos. 43 to 55 Unstarred Questions Nos. 51 to 86, 88, 89, 91 and 92	30 <b>3—</b> 12 31 <b>2—3</b> 5
Calling Attention to Matter of Urgent Public Importance—	
Reported unemployment among artisans and goldsmiths  Papers laid on the Table  Estimates Committee—	336—37 337
Fourteenth and Fifteenth Reports	337-38
Panel of Chairmen  Motion re: Twelfth Report of Business Advisory Committee  Motion on Address by the President  Laily Digest	338 338—4 340—471 473—76
No. 4.—Thursday, February 21, 1963/Phalguna 2, 1884 (Saka)	
Oral Answers to Questions—	
Starred Questions Nos. 56 to 70	477—517
Written Answers to Questions—	4//- 5-/
Starred Questions Nos. 71 to 82	517—26
Unstarred Questions Nos. 94 to 100 and 102 and 124.	526 <del></del> 43
Calling Attention to Matter of Urgent Public Importance—	
Visit of Joint United States—Commonwealth Air Mission to India Demands for Supplementary Grants (General), 1962-63	5 <b>44—47</b> 547
Public Accounts Committee— Sixth Report	548 548 548 549—668 669—72
No. 5Friday, February 22, 1963 Phalguna 3, 1884 (Saka)	
Oral Answers to Questions—	
Starred Questions Nos. 83 to 94, 96 to 99 and 101 to 104	673—719
Written Answers to Questions—	0/3/19
Starred Questions Nos. 95 and 100	719-20
Unstarred Questions Nos. 125 to 129, 131, 133 to 148 and 150 .	720-35
Calling Attention to Matter of Urgent Public Importance—	
Proposed Malaysia Federation	735 <b>—3</b> 7 737 <b>—42</b>
Hindu Succession (Amendment) Bill laid on the Table—	
Opinion laid on the Table	742

	COLUMNS
Estimates Committee—	
Twelfth and Seventeenth Reports	742
Business of the House	742-43
Motion on Address by the President .	743—807
Bills Introduced—	
<ol> <li>The Hindu Marriage (Amendment) Bill (Amendment of section 13) by Shri D.C. Sharma</li> </ol>	807
2. The Young Persons (Harmful Publications) Amendment Bill (Amendment of section 2) by Shri C. K. Bhattacharyya	807-08
<ol> <li>The Working Journalists (Conditions of Service) and Miscellaneous Pro- visions (Amendment) Bill (Insertion of new section 7A) by Shri C. K. Bhattacharyya</li> </ol>	808
Central Silk Board (Amendment) Bill (Amendment of section 4 and 6) by Shri Sham Lal Saraf—	
Motion to refer to Select Committee	808-43
Length of Cinematograph Films (Ceiling) Bill by Shri Rameshwar Tantia-	
Motion to consider	84368
Child Marriage Restraint (Amendment) Bill (Amendment of section 2 and 3) by Shri D. C. Sharma	
Motion to circulate .	869-70
Business Advisory Committee— Thirteenth Report	870
Daily Digest .	871—76
will Digital .	0/1/0

V	
	COLUMNS
No. 6-Monday, February 25, 1962 Phalguna 6, 1884 (Saka)	
Oral Answers to Questions—	
Starred Questions Nos. 105 to 114	877—915
Written Answers to Questions—	
Starred Questions Nos. 115 to 132	91630
Unstarred Questions No. 151 to 176 and 178 to 195.	931—57
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance—  1. Collapse of wall of masonry tank in Military Lines, Saugar; and  2. Nationalisation of Banks in Burma and its effect on Indian banking	958 <b>-59</b> 959
Papers laid on the Table	960
Business Advisory Committee—	
Thirteenth Report	. 961
Motion on Address by the President	. 961—1130
Daily Digest	. 1131-34
No. 7.—Wednesday, February 27, 1963 Phalguna 8, 1884 (Sak	a)
Oral Answers to Questions—	
Starred Questions Nos. 133, 134, 148 and 135 to 143	113573
Written Answers to Questions—	
Starred Questions Nos. 144 to 147 and 149 to 152 Unstarred Questions Nos. 196 to 233	1174—78 1178—99
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance—	
1. Intrusion of armed East Pakistan Policemen into Indian waters in the	iie
Ganges on 18th February	. 1199—1201
Statement on nationalisation of Commercial Banks in Burma     Papers laid on the Table	. 1201—05 . 1205—07
Committee on Private Members' Bills and Resolutions—	. 1203—07
Thirteenth Report	. 1207
Statement re: Freight concessions to export traffic	. 1208-09
Motion on Address by the President .	. 1209—1352
Daily Digest	. 1353—58
No. 8.—Thursday, February, 28, 1963 Phalguna 9, 1884 (Saka)	
Oral Answers to Questions—	
Starred Questions Nos. 153 to 166 Short Notice Question No. 1	. 1359—1400 . 1400—03
Written Answers to Questions—	. 1400 03
Starred Questions Nos. 167 to 170 and 172	T400 06
Unstarred Questions Nos. 234 to 239 and 241 to 260 .	1403—06 1406—22
Papers laid on the Table	. 1422—25
Marine Insurance Bill—	
Report of Joint Committee	1425
Estimates Committee—	,
Thirteenth & Twentieth Reports	. 1425
emands for Supplementary Grants (Railways), 1962-63 .	· 1426—79

							Columns
Agricultural Refinance Corporation Bill  Motion to consider  Clauses 2 to 47 and 1  Motion to pass, as amended							. 1476—1528 . 1476—1502 . 1502—19 . 1519 28
General Budget, 1963-64—presented							1529—64
Bills Introduced—  1. Finance Bill, 1963 .							1565
2. Super Profits Tax Bill, 1963	•		•	•	•		1565-66
3. Compulsory Deposit Scheme Bill, 196	2		•	•	•		1566
Daily Digest							1567—72
No. 9.—Friday, March 1, 1963	Phal	gunna	10, 1	884(5	Saka)		
Obituary reference—					7		
Demise of Dr. Rajendra Prasad .							1573—84
Daily Digest							1585-86
No. 10.— Saturday March,	2, 19	63  <i>Ph</i>	algur	ıa II,	1884(	Saka)	
Oral Answers to Questions							
Starred Questions Nos. 194 to 206 and 2	.09						. 1587—1625
Written Answers to Questions-							
Starred Questions Nos. 173 to 193, 207, Unstarred Questions Nos. 261, 262, 26 to 390					70 a:	nd 372	. 1525—46 2 . 1646—1730
Calling Attention to Matter of Urgent Publi	ic Im	portano	:e—				
Reported entry of Naga hostiles into India	a thro	ugh M	anip	ur			. 1730—34
Papers laid on the Table							. 1735-38
Message from the President							. 1738
Committee to investigate the conduct President's address	of	certa	in	Men	bers	durin	g
Extension of time for presentation of rep	ort						. 1738
Message from Rajya Sabha							. 1739
Business of the House		•					. 1739-42
Appropriation (Railways) Bill, 1963—introdu	æd				•		. 1742-43
Railway Budget—General discussion		•					. 1743—1848
Daily Digest							. 1849-58

N.B.—The sign+ marked above the name of a Member on Questions which were orally answered indicates that the Question was actually asked on the floor of the House by that Member.

#### LOK SARHA

#### Alphabetical List of Members

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ram).

#### R...contd

Abdur Rashid Bakhshi (Jammu and Kashmir) Abdul Wahid, Shri T. (Vellore). Achal Singh, Seth (Agra). Achuthan, Shri R. (Mayelikera), Akkamma Devi. Shrimati (Nilgiris). Alagesan, Shri O. V. (Chingleput). Alva, Shri A. Shankar (Mangalore). Alva Shri Joachim (Kanara). Aney, Dr. M. S. (Nagpur).

Anjanappa, Shri B. (Nellore). Ankineedu, Shri Maganti (Gudiyada). Anthony, Shri Frank (Nominated-

Anglo-Indians). Arunachalam Shri N. (Ramanathapu-

Azad, Shri Bhagwat Jha (Bhagalpur).

#### R

Babunath Singh, Shri (Surguja). Bade Shri Ramchandra Vithal (Khargone). Badrudduja, Shri (Murshidabad), Bagri, Shri Mani Ram (Hissar). Bajai, Shri Kamalnayan (Wardha). Bakliwal, Shri Mohanlal (Drug), Dal Krishan Singh Shri (Chandauli). Balakrishnan, Shri S. C. (Koilpatti). Balmiki, Shri K. L. (Khurja). Baneriee, Shri S. M. (Kanpur). Banerji, Dr. R. (Bankura). Barkataki, Shrimati Renuka Devi

(Barpeta).

Barrow, Shri A. E. T. (Nominated-Anglo-Indians).

Barua,, Shri Hem (Gauhati). Barua, Shri Rajendranath (Jorhat). 2653 (Ai) LSD-1.

Barupal Shri Panna Lal (Ganganagar).

Basant Kuwari (Kai-Shrimati sargani).

Basappa, Shri C. R. (Tiptur).

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Basumatari, Shri D. (Goalpara)

Shri Sonubhau Dagadu Baswant. (Thana)

Bateshwar Singh, Shri (Giridih)

Berwa Kotah, Shri (Kotah).

Besra Shri Satvacharan (Dumka).

Bhagabati. Shri Bijov Chandra (Darrang)

Bhagat, Shri Baliram (Shahabad).

Bhakat Darshan, Shri (Garhwal),

Rhania Deo. Shri Laxminarayan (Keonihar).

Bhanu Prakash Singh. Shri (Raigarh).

Bhargava, Shri M. B. L. (Ajmer).

Bhatkar Shri Laxmanrao Shrawanji (Khamgaon).

Bhattacharyya, Shri C. K (Raiganj). Shri Dinen (Seram-Bhattacharva pore).

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Brajeshwar Prasad, Shri (Gaya).

Brai Basi Lal. Shri (Faizabad).

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Brij Raj Singh, Maharajkumar (Jhalawar).

Brij Raj Singh, Shri (Bareilly).

Buta Singh, Shri (Moga).

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Chakravartty, Shrimati Renu (Barrackpore).

Chakravarti, Shri P. R. (Dhanbad).

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Chaudhuri, Shri Sachindra Nath (Ghatal).

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Chaudhuri, Shrimati Kamala (Hapur).
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#### D

Dafle, Shri Vijayasinhrao Pamrao (Miraj).

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Dasappa, Shri H. C. (Bangalore).

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#### Е

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Firodia, Shri Motilal Kundanmali (Ahmednagar).

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Gaekwad, Shri Fatehsinhrao Pratapsinhrao (Baroda).

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Gupta, Shri Priya (Katihar).

Gupta, Shri Ram Ratan (Gonda). Gupta, Shri Shiv Charan (Delhi Sadar).

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#### 3

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pur). Joti Saroop, Shri (Hathras).

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Joshi, Shrimati

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#### K-contd.

Kamble, Shri T. D. (Latur).

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Mate, Shri Kure (Tikamgarh).

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#### M-contd

Mathur, Shri Harish Chandra (Jalore).

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Mehta, Shri Jaswantraj (Pali).

Mehta, Shri Jashvantrai N. (Bhavnagar).

Melkote, Dr. G. S. (Hyderabad).

Mengi, Shri Gopal Datt (Jammu and Kashmir).

Menon, Shri Panampilli Govinda (Mukundapuram)

Menon, Shri V. K. Krishna (Bombay City North).

Minimata, Shrimati Agamadas Guru (Baloda Bazar).

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Mishra Shri Bibhuti (Motihari).

Mishra, Shri Mathura Prasad (Begu-sarai)

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Misra. Shri Mahesh Dutta (Khandwa).

Misra, Shri Shyam Dhar. (Mirzapur).

Mohan Swaroop, Shri (Pilibhit).

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Mohiuddin, Shri Ahmed (Secunderabad).

Mohsin, Shri F. H. (Dharwar South). Morarka, Shri Radheyshyam Ram-

kumar (Jhunjhunu). More, Dr. Krishnaji Lamxan (Hat-

kanangle).

More, Shri Shankarao Shantaram

(Poona).

Mukane, Shri Yeshwantrao Mertand-

rao (Bhiwandi).

Mukerjee, Shri H. N. (Calcutta Central).

Mukerjee, Shrimati Sharda (Ratnagiri).

Munzui, Shri David (Lohardaga).

Mutli Manchar, Shri (Balia)

#### M-contd

Murmu Shri Sarkar (Balurghat).

Murthy, Shri B. S. (Amalapuram).

Murti, Shri M. S. (Anakapalle).

Musafir, Shri Gurmukh Singh (Amrit-sar)

Muthiah, Shri P. (Tirunelveli).

Muzaffar Husain, Shri N. (Morada-bad)

#### N

Naidu, Shri V. Govindasamy (Tiruvallur)

Naik, Shri D. J. (Panchmahals).

Naik, Shri Maheswar (Mayurbhanj).

Naik, Shri N. Sreekantan (Quilon).

Nair, Shri P. K. Vasudevan (Ambalapuzha).

Nallakoya, Shri Koyilat (Nominated— Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands)

Nambiar, Shri Ananda (Tiruchira-

Nanda, Shri Gulzarilai (Sabarkan-tha).

Narayanaswamy, Shri Madala (Ongole).

Naskar, Shri P. S. (Mathurapur).

Natarajan, Shri P. S. (Trivandrum).

Nath Pai, Shri (Rajapur).

Nayak, Shri Mohan (Bhanjanagar).

Nayar, Dr. Sushila (Jhansi).

Nehru, Shri Jawaharlal (Phulpur).

Nesamony, Shri A. (Nagercoil).

Nigam, Shrimati Savitri (Banda).

Niranjan Lal, Shri (Nominated—Andaman and Nicobar Islands)

#### 0

Omkar Singh, Shri (Budaun).

Oza, Shri Ghanshyamlal (Surendranegar).

#### B

Paliwal, Shri Tika Ram (Hindaun). Pande, Shri Kashi Nath (Hata).

#### P-contd.

Pandey, Shri R. S. (Guna).

Pandey, Shri Sarjoo (Rasra).

Pandey, Shri Vishwa Nath (Salempur).

Panna Lal, Shri (Akbarpur).

Pant Shri K. C. (Naini Tal).

Paradhi, Shri Bholaram (Balaghat).

Parashar, Shri V. C. (Shivpuri).

Paramasivan, Shri S. K. (Erode).

Patel, Shri Chudaman Ananda (Dhulia).

Patel, Shri Chootubhai M. (Broach).

Patel, Shri Man Singh P. (Mehsana).

Patel, Shri Nanubhai N (Bulsar).

Patel, Shri Purushottamdas I (Patan).

Patel, Shri Rajeshwar (Hajipur).

Patil, Shri Deorao Shioram (Yeot-mal).

Patil, Shri J. S. (Jalgaon).

Patil, Shri Madhaorao Bhagwantrao (Ramtek).

Patil, Shri S. B. (Bijapur South).

Patil, Shri S. K. (Bombay City South).

Patil, Shri T. A. (Osmanabad).

Patil, Shri Vasantrao Lakhagounda (Chikodi).

Patil, Shri V. T. (Kolhapur).

Patnaik, Shri Baishnab Charan (Dhenkanal).

Patnaik, Shri Kisan (Sambalpur).

Pattabhi Raman, Shri C. R. (Kumba-konam).

Pottekatt, Shri S. K. (Tellicherry).

Prabhakar, Shri Naval (Delhi—Karol Bagh).

Prithvi Raj, Shri (Dausa).

Puri Shri D. D. (Kaithal).

#### R

Raghavan, Shri A. V. (Badagara). Raghunath Singh, Shri (Varanasi). Raghuramaiah, Shri K. (Guntur). Rai, Shrimati Sahodra Bai (Damoh). Rai Bahadur Shri (Bharatpur)

Raja, Shri Chittaranian (Junagadh)

Rajaram, Shri K. (Krishnagiri)

Raju, Shri D. Balarama (Narasanur)

Raju, Dr. D. S. (Rajahmundry).

Rajyalaxmi, Shrimati Lalita (Aurangabad).

Ram, Shri T. (Sonbarsa).

Ram Sewak, Shri (Jalaun).

Ram Singh Shri (Bahraich).

Ram Subhag Singh, Dr. (Bikramganj).

Ram Swarup, Shri (Robertsganj).

Ramabadran, Shri T. D. (Cuddalore).

Ramakrishan, Shri P. R. (Coimbatore).

Ramaswamy, Shri S. V. (Salem).

Ramaswamy, Shri V.K. (Namakkal).

Ramdhani Das, Shri (Nawada).

Rameshwaranand, Shri (Karnal).

Rampure, Shri Mahadevappa (Gulbarga).

Ramshekhar Prasad Singh, Shri (Chopra).

Rananjai Singh, Shri (Musafirkhana).

Rane, Shri Shivram Rango (Buldana).

Ranga, Shri N. G. (Chittoor).

Ranga Rao, Shri R. V. G. K. (Chee-purupalli).

Ranjit Singh, Shri (Sangrur).

Rao Shri P. Hanmanth (Medak).

Rao, Shri J. Ramapathi (Karimnagar).

Rao, Shri Jaganatha (Nowrangpur).

Rao, Shri S. V. Krishnamoorthy (Shimoga).

Rao, Shri K. L. (Vijayawada).

Rao, Shri E. Madhusudan (Mahbubabad).

Rao, Shri J. B. Muthyal Mahbubanagar).

Rao, Shri B. Rajagopala (Srikakulam).

#### R---contd.

Rac, Shri J. Rameshwar (Gadwal). Rao, Shri M. Thirumala Rao (Kakinada).

Rattan Lal. Shri (Banswara).

Raut. Shri Bhola (Bettiah).

Rawandale, Shri Chudaman Ananda (Dhulia).

Ray, Shrimati Renuka (Malda).

Reddi Dr B. Gopala (Kavali).

Reddi, Shri Ravi Narayan (Nalgonda).

Reddiar, Shri R. V. (Tindivanam).

Reddy, Shri C. L. Narasimha (Rajampet).

Reddy, Shri G. Narayan (Adilabad).

Reddy, Shri G. Yallamanda (Markapur).

Reddy, Shri K. C. (Chikballapur).

Reddy, Shri K. V. Ramakrishna (Hindupur).

Reddy, Shri Y. Eswara (Cuddapah).

Reddy, Shrimati Yashoda (Kurnool). Roy, Dr. Saradish (Katwa).

Roy Shri Biswanath (Deoria).

#### S

Sadhu Ram, Shri (Phillaur).

Saha, Dr. Sisir Kumar (Birbhum).

Sahu, Shri Rameshwar (Rosera).

Saigal, Shri Amar Singh (Janjgir).

Samanta, Shri S. C. (Tamluk).

Samnani, Shri Nazir Hussain (Jammu and Kashmir).

Sanji Rupji, Shri (Nominated—Dadra and Nagar Haveli).

Saraf, Shri Sham Lal (Jammu and Kashmir).

Sarma, Shri A. T. (Chatrapur).

Sarojini Bindurao, Shrimati Mahishi (Dharwar North).

Satya Prakash, Shri (Bilaspur).

Satyabhama Devi, Shrimati (Jahana-bad).

Satyanarayana, Shri Biddika (Parvathipuram).

#### S-contd.

Scindia, Shrimati Vijaya Raje (Gwalior).

Sen, Dr. Ranendra Nath (Calcutta East).

Sen, Shri Asoke K. (Calcutta North West)

Sen. Shri Phani Gopal (Purnea).

Seth, Shri Bishanchander (Etah),

Sezhivan, Shri Era (Perambalur).

Shah, Shri Manabendra (Tehri Garhwal).

Shah, Shri Manubhai (Jamnagar).

Shah, Shrimati Jayaben (Amreli).

Shakuntala Devi. Shrimati (Banka)

Sham Nath, Shri (Delhi—Chandni Chowk).

Shankaraiva Shri M. (Mysore).

Sharma, Shri Anand Prasad (Buxar).

Sharma, Shri Diwan Chand (Gurdaspur).

Sharma, Shri K. C. (Sardhana).

Shashank Manjari, Shrimati (Palamau)

Shastri, Shri Lal Bahadur (Allahabad).

Shastri, Shri Prakash Vir (Bijnor).

Shashi Ranjan, Shri (Pupri).

Shastri, Shri Rama Nand (Ramasanehighat).

Sheo Narain, Shri (Bansi).

Shinde, Shri Annasaheb (Kopargaon).

Shivananjappa, Shri M. K. (Mandya).

Shree Narayan Das, Shri (Darbhanga).

Shrimali, Dr. K. L. (Bhilwara).

Shukla, Shri Vidya Charan (Mahasa-mund).

Shyamshah, Shri Lal (Chanda).

Siddananjappa, Shri H. (Hassan) .

Siddiah, Shri S. M. (Chamaraja-nagar).

Sidheswar Prasad, Shri (Nalanda).

Singh, Dr. Basant Narain (Hazaribagh)

Singh, Shri Ajit Pratap (Pratapgarh).

#### S--contd

Singh, Shri Digvijaya Narain (Muzaffarpur).

Singh, Shri Jai Bahadur (Ghosi).

Singh, Shri Krishna Kanta (Maha-raigani).

Singh, Shri S. T. (Inner Manipur).

Singh, Shri Yuvraj Dutta (Shaha-bad).

Singha, Shri Gobinda Kumar (Mid. napore).

Singha, Shri Yagnya Narayan (Sundergarh).

Singhvi, Dr. L. M. (Jodhpur).

Sinha, Shri Banarsi Prasad (Monghyr).

Sinha, Shri Satya Narayan (Samastipur).

Sinha, Shrimati Tarkeshwari (Barh). Sinhasan Singh, Shri (Gorakhpur).

Sivasankaran, Shri P. (Sriperumbudur).

Solanki, Shri Parvinsinh Natavarsinh (Kaira).

Sonavane, Shri T. H. (Pandharpur). Soundaram Ramachandran, Shrimati T. S. (Dindigul).

Soy, Shri Hari Charan (Singhbhum). Sriniyasan, Dr. P. (Madras North).

Subharaman, Shri N. M. R. (Madurai).

Subramaniam, Shri C. (Pollachi).

Subramanyam, Shri Tekur (Bellary).

Sumat Prasad, Shri (Muzaffarnagar). Sunder Lal Shri (Saharanpur).

Surindra Pal Singh. Shri (Buland-

Surindra Pal Singh, Shri (Buland shahr).

Surva Prasad, Shri (Bhind).

Swamv, Shri M. P. (Tenkasi).

Swamy, Shri Shivamurthy Siddappa (Koppal).

Swaran Singh, Shri (Jullundur). Swell, Shri G. G. (Assam—Autonomeus Districts). Ŧ

Tahir, Shri Mohammad (Kishanganj).
Tan Singh Shri (Barmer).

Tantia, Shri Rameshwar (Sikar).

Thengondar, Shri Gopalsamy (Naga-pattinam).

Thevar, Shri U. Muthuramalinga (Aruppukottai).

Thevar, Shri V. Vairava (Thanjavur).
Thimmaiah. Shri Dodda (Kolar).

Thomas Shri A M (Ernakulam)

Tiwary, Shri Dwarka Nath (Gopal-ganj).

Tiwari, Shri Kamal Nath (Bagaha).
Tiwary, Shri Ram Sahai (Khajuraho).
Tripathi, Shri Krishna Deo (Unnao).
Trivedi, Shri Uma Shankar (Mandsaur).

Tula Ram, Shri (Chatampur).
Tyagi, Shri Mahavir (Dehra Dun).

#### TT

Uikey. Shri M. G. (Mandla). Ulaka, Shri Ramachandra (Koraput). Umanath, Shri R. (Pudukkottai). Upadhyaya, Shri Shiva Dutt (Rewa). Utiya, Shri Buddhu Singh (Shahdol).

#### V

Vaishya, Shri Muldas Bhudardas (Sabarmati).

Valvi, Shri Laxman Vedu (Nandurbar).

Varma, Shri Manikyalal (Chittorgarh).

Varma, Shri Ravindra (Thiruvalla).

Veerabasappa, Shri S. (Chitra durga).

Veerappa, Shri Ramachander (Bidar). Venkajah, Shri Kolla (Tenah).

Venkatasubbaiah, Shri Fendekanti (Adoni).

Venkataswanay, Shri Mandala (Masulipatnam).

Verma, Shil Bolgevind (Kheri).

#### V-comed

Verma, Shri Krishna Kunwar (Sultanpur).

Verma, Shri Suraj Lal (Sitapur).

Vidyalankar, Shri Amar Nath (Hoshiarpur).

Vijaya Ananda, Maharajkumar (Visa-khapatnam).

Vijaya Raje, Shrimati (Chatra).

Vimla Devi, Shrimati V. (Eluru).

Vishram Prasad, Shri (Lalganj).

Vyas, Shri Radhelal (Ujjain).

#### w

Wadiva, Shri N. M. (Seoni).
Wahid, Shri T. Abdul (Vellore).

#### W-contd.

Warior, Shri K. K. (Trichur). Wasnik, Shri Balkrishna (Gondia).

#### v

Yadab, Shri Nagendra Prasad (Sitamarhi).

Yadav, Shri Ram Harkh (Azamgarh). Yadav, Shri Ram Sewak (Bara

Banki). 'Yadava Shri Bhishma Prasad (**Kesa-**

ria). Yajnik, Shri Indulal Kanaiyalal (Ahmedabad).

Yashpal Singh, Shri (Kairana).

Yusuf, Shri Mohammad (Siwan).

## LOK SABHA

The Speaker

Sardar Hukam Singh

The Deputy-Speaker

Shri S. V. Krishnamoorthy Rao

Panel of Chairmen

Shrimati Renu Chakravartty Shri Surendranath Dwivedy

Secretary

Shri M. N. Kaul, Barrister-at-Law

#### **Business Advisory Committee**

- 1. Sardar Hukam Singh--Chairman
- 2. Shri S. V. Krishnamoorthy Rao
- 3. Shri Frank Anthony
- 4. Shri Ramchandra Vithal Bade
- 5. Shri Shree Narayan Das
- 6. Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath
- 7. Sardar Kapur Singh
- 8. Shri P. G. Karuthiruman
- 9. Shri Ananda Nambiar
- 10. Shri Purushottamdas R. Patel
- 11. Shri Shivram Rango Rane
- 12. Shri Jaganath Rao
- 13. Shrimati Yashoda Reddy
- 14. Shri Satya Narayan Sinha
- 15. Shri Sinhasan Singh.

#### Committee of Privileges

- 1. Shri S. V. Krishnamoorthy Rao-Chairman
- 2. Shri Hem Barua
- 3. Shri Brii Rai Singh
- 4. Shri Sachindra Chaudhuri
- 5. Shri G. N. Dixit
- 6. Pandit Jwala Prasad Jyotishi
- 7. Sardar Kapur Singh
- 8. Shrimati Sangam Laxmi Bai
- 9. Shri Harish Chandra Mathur
- 10. Shri H. N. Mukerjee
- 11. Shri Maheswar Naik
- 12. Shri Shivram Rango Rane
- 13. Shri Asoke K. Sen
- 14. Shri Satya Narayan Sinha
- 15. Shri Indulal Kanaiyalal Yainik.

#### Committee on Absence of Members from the Sittings of the House

- 1. ---- Chairman
- 2. Shri Bateswar Singh
- 3. Shri Onkarlal Berwa
- 4. Shri Tulsidas Jadhav
- 5. Shri Yogendra Jha
- 6. Shrimati Subhadra Joshi
- 7. Shri M. K. Kumaran

- 8. Shri Nihar Ranjan Laskar
- 9. Shri Yamuna Prasad Mandal
- 10. Shri Jaswantraj Mehta
- 11. Shri Man Sinh P. Patel
- 12. Shri T. D. Ramabadran
- 13. Shri J. B. Muthyal Rao
- 14. Shri M. K. Shiyananjappa
- 15. Shri T. Abdul Wahid.

#### Committee on Estimates (1962-63)

- 1. Shri H. C. Dassappa-- Chairman
- 2. Shri Joachim Alva
- 3 Shri D. Basumatari
- 4. Shri Brij Raj Singh
- 5. Shri Shree Narayan Das
- 6 H. H. Maharaja Pratap Keshari Deo
- 7. Shri Govind Hari Deshpande
- 8 Shri Arun Chandra Guha
- 9. Shri S. Hansda
- 10 Shri Ansar Harvani
- 11. Shri Kanhu Charan Jena
- 12. Shri Anand Chandra Joshi
- 13. Lt. Col. H. H. Maharaja Manbendra Shah of Tehri Garhwal
- 14. Shri Jashvant Mehta
- 15. Shri N. Sreekantan Nair
- 16. Shri Ananda Nambiar
- 17. Shri A. Nesamony
- 18. Shri Tika Ram Paliwal
- 19. Shri Panna Lal
- 20. Shri Naval Prabhakar
- 21. Shri K. Rajaram
- 22. Dr. K. L. Rao
- 23. Shri Rameshwar Sahu
- 24. Shrimati Jayaben Shah
- 25. Shri Diwan Chand Sharma
- 26. Shri Vidya Charan Shukla
- 27. Shri Tekur Subramanyam
- 28. Shri G. G. Swell
- 29. Shri K. K. Warior
- 30. Shri Balkrishna Wasnik

#### Committee on Government Assurances

- · 1. Shri P. R. Morarka-Chairman
  - 2. Shri S. C. Balakrishnan
  - 3. Shri C. K. Bhattacharvya
- 4. Sardar Buta Singh
- 5. Shri Laxmi Narayan Bhanja Deo
- 6. Shri Shiv Charan Gupta

- 7. Shri Lahri Singh
- 8. Shri Chhotubhai M. Patel
- 9. Shri P. S. Nataraja Pillai
- 10. Shri G. Yallamanda Reddy
- 11. Shri Sadhu Ram
- 12. Shri H. Siddananjappa
- 13. Dr. L. M. Singhvi
- 14. Shrimati Ramdulari Sinha
- 15. Shri Sumat Prasad

#### Committee on Petitions

- 1. Shri M. Thirumala Rao-Chairman
- 2. Shri N. Arunachalam
- 3. Shrimati Zohraben Akharbhai Chavda
- 4. Shri Gairai Singh Rao
- 5. Maharani Gavatri Devi
- 6. Shri J. N. Hazarika
- 7. Shri Narayan Sadoba Kairolkar
- 8. Shri Yamuna Prasad Mandal
- 9. Shri Masuriya Din
- 10. Shri P. K. Vasudevan Nair
- 11. Shri S. B. Patil
- 12. Shri Satva Prakash
- 13. Swami Rameshwaranand
- 14. Shri Prakash Vir Shastri
- 15. Shri Ram Sahai Tiwari.

#### Committee on Private Members' Bills and Resolutions

- 1. Shri S. V. Krishnamoorthy Rao-Chairman
- 2. Shri S. M. Banerjee
- 3. Shri Priya Gupta
- 4. Shri Ansar Harvani
- 5. Shri Hem Raj
- 6. Shri Madhayrao Laxmanrao Jadhay
- 7. Shrimati Jamuna Devi
- 8. Shri Paresh Nath Kaval
- 9. Shri P. Muthiah
- 10. Shri Kashi Nath Pandev
- 11. Shri S. M. Siddiah
- 12. Shri K. K. Singh
- 13. Shri Pravinsinh Natavarsinh Solanki
- 14 Shri R Umanath
- 15. Shri Ram Sewak Yadav.

#### Committee on Public Accounts (1962-63)

#### Lok Sabha

- 1. Shri Mahavir Tyagi--Choirman
- 2. Shri S. C. Balakrishnan

- 3. Shri Bhakt Darshan
- 4. Shri Gajraj Singh Rao
- 5. Shri Hem Rai
- 6. Shri Jaipal Singh
- 7. Sardar Kapur Singh
- 8. Shri R. K. Khadilkar
- 9. Shrimati Maimoona Sultan
- 10. Dr. P. Mandal
- 11. Dr. G. S. Melkote
- 12. Shri Mathura Prasad Mishra
- 13. Shri Mohan Swarup
- 14. Shri Ravi Naravan Reddi
- 15. Shri Prakash Vir Shastri

#### Rajya Sabha

- 16. Shrimati K. Bharathi
- 17. Shri Nawab Singh Chauhan
- 18. Shri Dahyabhai V. Patel
- 19. Shri Sonusing Dhansing Patil
- 20. Shri Lalji Pendse
- 21. Shri Rajeshwar Prasad Narain Sinha
- 22. Shri Jai Narain Vyas

#### Committee on Subordinate Legislation

- 1. Shri S. V. Krishnamoorthy Rao-Chairman
- 2. Shri Bhagwat Jha Azad
- 3. Shri Rajendranath Barua
- 4. Shri Sachindra Chaudhuri
- 5. Shri Homi F. Daji
- 6. Shri Gauri Slanker
- 7. Shri M. M. Paq
- 8. Shri Harish andra Heda
- 9. Shri R. R. Morarka
- 10. Shri C. L. N. simha Reddy
- 11. Shri H. Siddananjappa
- 12. Shri M. P. Swamy
- 13. Shri U. M. Trivedi
- 14. Shri Mahavin Tyagi
- 15. Shri N. M. Wad wa.

#### House Committee

- 1. Shri S. V. Krishnamoorthy Rao-Chairman
- 2. Shri Bhakt Darshan
- 3. Shri Yudhvir Singh Chaudhary
- 4. Shri S. Hansda
- 5. Shri Bakar Ali Mirza
- 6. Shri Mohan Swarup
- 7. Shri P. K. Vasudevan Nair

- 8 Shri Rajeshwar Patel
- 9. Shri V. K. Ramaswamv
- 10. Shrimati Renuka Ray
- 11. Shri Pravinsinh Natavarsinh Solanki
- 12. Shri Rameshwar Tantia.

#### Joint Committee on Offices of Profit

#### Lok Sabha

- 1. Shri G. N. Dixit-Chairman
- 2. Shri Rajendranath Barua
- 3. Shri M. L. Dwivedi
- 4. Shri N. R. Ghosh
- 5. Shri P. K. Ghosh
- 6. Shri M. M. Haq
- 7. Shri Harish Chandra Heda
- 8. Shri Paresh Nath Kayal
- 9. Shri Jaswantrai Mehta
- 10. Shri Yuverai Dutta Singh

#### Rajya Sabha

- 11. Shri G. Rajagopalan
- 12. Shri Braja Kishore Prasad Sinha
- 13. Shri Hira Vallabha Tripathi
- 14. Shri K. V. Raghunatha Reddy
- 15. Shri Lokanath Misra.

#### Joint Committee on Salaries and Allowances of Members of Parliament

### Lok Sabha

- 1. Shri Satya Narayan Sinha-Chairman
- 2. Shri C. K. Bhattacharyya
- 3. Shri S. N. Dwivedy
- 4. Shri Narendra Singh Mahida
- 5. Shri Ananda Nambiar
- 6. Shri D. D. Puri
- 7. Shri J. B. Muthyal Rao
- 8. Shri Digvijaya Narain Singh
- 9. Shri Sinhasan Singh
- 10. Shri M. G. Uikey

#### Rajya Sabha

- 11. Shri S. M. Ghose
- 12. Shri Akbar Ali Khan
- 13. Shri A. D. Mani
- 14. Shrimati Uma Nehru
- 15. Shri M. Govinda Reddy

#### Rules Committee

- 1. Sardar Hukam Singh-Chairman
- 2. Shri S. V. Krishnamoorthy Rao
- 3. Shri Ramchandra Vithal Bade
- 4. Shrimati Renu Chakravartty
- 5. Shri Govind Hari Deshpande
- 6. Shri K. Hanumanthaiya
- 7. H.H. Maharaja Shri Karni Singhii of Bikaner
- 8. Shri Harekrushna Mahatab
- 9. Shri Nath Pai
- 10. Dr. Rajendra Kohar
- 11. Shrimati Sarojini Mahishi
- 12. Shri Satva Narayan Sinha
- 13. Shri Amar Nath Vidvalankar
- 14. Shri Radhelal Vvas.

#### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

#### Members of the Cabinet

Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs and Minister of Atomic Energy—Shri Jawaharlal Nehru.

Minister of Finance-Shri Morarji R Desai.

Minister of Transport and Communications.-Shri Jagjivan Ram.

Minister of Planning and Labour & Employment.-Shri Gu'zarilal Nanda.

Minister of Economic and Defence Coordination-Shri T. T. Krishnamachari.

Minister of Home Affairs.—Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri.

Minister of Railways - Sardar Swaran Singh.

Minister of Commerce & Industry.-Shri K. C. Reddy.

Minister of Defence-Shri Y. B. Chavan.

Minister of Food & Agriculture.-Shri S. K. Patil.

Minister of Irrigation & Power.-Hafiz Mohammad Ibrahim.

Minister of Law.-Shri Asoke K. Sen.

Minister of Mines & Fuel.—Shri Keshava Deva Malaviva.

Minister of Information & Broadcasting-Dr. G. Gopala Reddi.

Minister of Steel & Heavy Industries.—Shri C. Subramaniam.

Minister of Education.-Dr. K. L. Shrimali.

Minister of Scientific Research & Cultural Affairs.—Shri Humayun Kabir.

Minister of Parliamentary Affairs.—Shri Satya Narayan Sinha.

#### MINISTERS OF STATE

Minister of Works, Housing & Rehabilitation—Shri Mehr Chand Khanna.

Minister of International Trade in the Ministry of Commerce & Industry.—
Shri Manubhai Shah.

Minister of Industry in the Ministry of Commerce & Industry.—Shri Nityanand Kanungo.

Minister of Shipping in the Ministry of Transport & Communications.—Shri Raj Bahadur.

Minister of Community Development, Panchayati Raj and Cooperation.—Shri S. K. Dey.  $^{\bullet}$ 

Minister of Health.-Dr. Sushila Nayar.

Minister of Supply in the Ministry of Economic and Defence Coordination.—Shri Jai Sukh Lal Hathi.

Minister of State in the Ministry of External Affairs.—Shrimati Lakshmi N. Menon.

Minister of Defence Production in the Ministry of Defence.—Shri Raghuramaiah.

Minister of State in the Ministry of Irrigation & Power.—Shri O. V. Alagesan. Minister of State in the Ministry of Food & Agriculture.—Dr. Ram Subhag Singh.

#### Deputy Ministers

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Finance.—Shri Bali Ram Bhagat.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Scientific Research & Cultural Affairs.—

Dr. M. M. Das.

(xvii)

2653 (Ai) LSD-2.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Railways.—Shri Shahnawaz Khan.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Food & Agriculture.-Shri A. M. Thomas.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Mines and Fuel.—Shri R. M. Hajarnavis.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Railways.—Shri S. V. Ramaswamy.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Transport and Communications.—Shri Ahmed Mohiuddin.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Finance.—Shrimati Tarkeshwari Sinha.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Rehabilitation.—Shri P. S. Naskar.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Community Development, Panchayati Rajand Cooperation.—Shri B. S. Murthy.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Education.—Shrimati Soundaram Rama-changran.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Defence.—Shri D. R. Chavan.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Labour and Employment and for Planning—Shri C. R. Pattabhi Raman.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Home Affairs.—Shrimati M. Chandrasekhar.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Economic and Defence Coordination.—Shri Jaganatha Rao.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.—Shri Sham Nath.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Health.—Dr. D. S. Raju.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of External Affairs.—Shri Dinesh Singh.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Law.—Shri Bibudhendra Mishra.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Transport & Communications.—Shri  ${\bf B}$ , Bhagavati.

Deputy Minister in tht Ministry of Community Development, Panchayati Raj and Co-operation.—Shri Shyam Dhar Misra.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Steel and Heavy Industries.—Shri Prakash Chander Sethi.

Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Labour and Employment.—Shri R. K. Malviya.

#### Parliamentary Secretaries

Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Food and Agriculture.—Shri Annasahib Shinde.

Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of External Affairs.—Shri D. Ering.
Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of External Affairs.—Shri S. C. Jamir.

Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Irrigation and Power.—Shri S. Ahmad Mehdi.

Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Mines and Fuel.—Shri Dodda Thimmaiah.

Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Education.—Shri M. R. Krishna.

#### LOK SABHA DEBATES

#### Vol. XIII First day of the Fourth Session of Third Lok Sabha No. 1

I

#### LOK SABHA

Monday, February 18, 1963/Magha 29, 1884 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at fifteen minutes past Twelve of the Clock.

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

12.15 hrs.

#### OBITUARY REFERENCE

Mr. Speaker: I have to inform the House of the sad demise of two of our friends, namely, Shri Mulchand Dube and Shri B. N. Datar.

Shri Mulchand Dube was a sitting Member of Lok Sabha from Farrukhabad constituency of Uttar Pradesh. He had been a Member of the First and the Second Lok Sabha also. He was a Member of the Panel of Chairmen since 1960. He was also a Member of several Parliamentary Committees as well as the Chairman of the Committee on Absence of Members, from the Sittings of the House. He passed away at Lucknow on the 26th January, 1963 at the age of 78.

Shri B. N. Datar who was Minister of State in the Ministry of Home Affairs, was a sitting Member of Lok Sabha from Belgaum constituency of Mysore. He passed away at New Delhi on the 13th February, 1963 at the age of 68. He had been a Member of the First and the Second Lok Sabha also. During the First Lok Sabha, he was appointed a Deputy Minister in 1952, and in 1955 he was made a Minister of State in the Ministry of Home Affairs, which office he held ever since. He was a very conscientious and hard worker de-

voted to his duties. He was a skilful debater and made useful contributions to the debate.

We deeply mourn the loss of these friends and I am sure the House will join me in conveying our condolences to the bereaved families.

The House may stand in silence for a short while to express its

The Members then stood in silence for a short while.

#### 12.17 hrs.

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RE: INTERRUPTIONS AND WALK-OUT DURING PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

Shri Jaipal Singh (Ranchi West): Sir. may I, with your permission, make a reference to the disconcerting and unpleasant experience we had this morning when the President was pleased to address the Members of Parliament? It is for you to decide as to how you are to look into this problem, whether by the appointment of a small committee or anything like that; I leave it to you. But, without meaning any disrespect to the persons who staged a walk-out, I feel it has reflected on the dignity and decorum of the Lok Sabha at any rate. I think I am justified in speaking on behalf of the Lok Sabha at least. When we become Members of Parliament, we take an oath or make an affirmation. That is naturally followed by certain conventions, whether of the House of Commons or the conventions that we ourselves are gradually building up. I feel that the behaviour of certain of our colleagues is a very serious reflection on the dignity of the Lok Sabha. Sir, I leave it to you to deal with the matter as you think fit.

Shri Frank Anthony (Nominated-Anglo-Indians): Sir. perhaps you may defer the decision on whether

you would cosider this a breach of privilege. Perhaps the House will agree to leave it to you. I have respectful submission to make. It may be more appopriate for you to appoint a committee to go into what I think, and the Members of the House will agree, was a conduct unbecoming of Members of the House.

**ढा० गोविन्द दास** (जबलपर) : श्रध्यक्ष जी, श्राज जो घटना हुई है. में समझता हं कि उस से बरी घटना नहीं हो सकती। में हिन्दी का एक छोटा सा सेवक हं, लेकिन मेरा यह मत है कि इस प्रकार की बातों से हिन्दी को जितना नकसान पहुंचेगा, उतना अन्य किसी बात से नहीं पहुंच सकता । इसी प्रकार की एक घटना उत्तर प्रदेश में हई ग्रौर इसी प्रकार की एक घटना बिहार में हुई। मैं श्राप से कहना चाहता हं कि यदि हम को हिन्दी की सेवा करना है, तो हिन्दी की सेवा का यह तरीका नहीं है। हम यह ग्राशा नहों कर सकते कि हमारे सब राष्ट्रपति भ्रौर सब राज्यपाल हिन्दी जानते हों और अगर हम में इतनी सहिष्णता नहीं है, तो हमारा काम चलने वाला नहीं है। बल्कि में तो ग्राज ग्रपने उपराष्ट्रपति. डा० जाकिर हसेन साहब, को हार्दिक बघाई देना चाहता हं कि उन्होंने हमारे राष्ट्रपति के भाषण का इतना सुन्दर अनवाद पढा और संस्कृत तक उन्होंने बोली। में चाहता हं कि इस विषय पर गम्भीरतापुर्वक विचार किया जाये । यह केवल हमारे राष्ट्रपति का ही श्रपमान नहीं है, यह हमारे सारे राष्ट्र और हमारे दोनों सदनों का अपमान है। हम को सहिष्णता सीखनी च हिए, यदि हम हिन्दी की सेवा करना चाहते हैं।

Shri Tyagi (Dehra Dun): Sir. as far as I understand, there are no rules governing the conduct of the Joint sitting of the Houses of Parliament. Because, our Rules do not apply

there They only apply when you preside.

Mr. Speaker: I will take care of the rules. What does he want to say about the incident?

Shri Tyagi: My suggestion is that we might devise some method whereby the conduct of business of Joint sitting might also be regulated by some regulations. I would suggest to you that either the Rules of the Lok Sabha might apply or, in consultation with the Rajya Sabha, something might be devised so that such proceedings might be controlled and supervised by means of some Rules.

Shri Hanumanthaiya (Bangalore City): Sir, I am thankful to Shri Jaipal Singh and others who have referred to the incident that just now took place. The Opposition parties nowadays plead that, under the cloak of emergency, we are curbing the operation of democracy in all force. To the wisdom of the people I appeal to think over whether these incidents they are not undermining democracy to such an extent that no other thing can possibly be done. People in general.....

Mr. Speaker: He should be very brief about the incident now.

Hanumanthaiya: People in general look to the Parliament for dignity and decorum. This sets standard. Continuously, some Members of this House have made it profession as it were to interfere when you get up to speak or when the Prime Minister gets up.....

Mr. Speaker: Other things we will take separately. This is not a general discussion.

Shri Hanumanthaiya: This incident, I was referring to is one of a series. It is not what is called just a thing that happened at the spur of the moment today. It is happening all the time.

Shri Hem Barua (Gauhati): Is it an occasion to talk of the whole Opposition like that? We are talking of a particular incident.

Mr. Speaker: I would only ask hon. Members to confine themselves only to the incident that happened.

Shri Hanumanthaiya: I was merely pointing out that this incident is not an isolated thing. Some people have been following it up as a matter of political strategy. I appeal to you to maintain the dignity of this House and safeguard the working of democracy and whatever changes in the Rules are necessary to be effected the House is fully with you.

Shri U. N. Dhebar (Rajkot): I was thinking, we should look at the the angle that what problem from was done today was an affront, a calculated affront on the part of some of the Members to the Head of the State whose responsibility it is to deliver a message under the Constitution. It is not merely a small thing that they have done. Here was a being disconstitutional obligation charged by the President of India under the Constitution and there was a calculated move and this calculated move was advertised previously by the Members. I think a Committee of the House should be appointed to go into the question as to how to deal with such matters, especially this incident, more so because there are no rules to govern Joint sessions.

भी यक्षपाल सिंह (कैराना): श्रीमन्, एक ही पार्टी के ज्यादा सदस्यों को बुलाया जा रहा है। दूसरी पार्टियों से भी सलाह लेनी चाहिए।

Mr. Speaker: Order, order.

Shri U. M. Trivedi (Mandsaur): So far as the demand of Shri Jaipal Singh is concerned, it appears to be appropriate that this matter must be investigated properly through your agency. There is no doubt about it. But, certainly, I very much resent the attitude of some Members who have taken this opportunity of castigating the Opposition without finding out who was at fault.

Shri Jaipal Singh: One Member

Shri U. M. Trivedi: Whosoever has done it, Shri Hanumanthaiya ought not to have said that. He ought to have......

Mr. Speaker: I had just stopped him. Therefore, there is no need to refer to it now.

Shri Hanumanthaiya: On a point of personal explanation. I never meant.....

Mr. Speaker: Order, order.

Shri Hanumanthaiya: On a point of personal explanation.....

Mr. Speaker: I shall allow him after Shri U. M. Trivedi has finished.

Shri U. M. Trivedi: So far as this demand is concerned, whether it does cause a breach of privilege or it does not cause a breach of privilege is a matter which must be investigated. with a view to lay down a proper convention in this matter. And there ought not to be any criticism or evidence should not be immediately led. as Shri U. N. Dhebar has tried to lead. With all respect for him, I find that he has done a wrong by saying that this was done in the most calculated manner. We do not know about it; this matter ought also to · have been placed before that committee where this matter would be investigated.

#### Shri Yashpal Singh rose-

Mr. Speaker: I think that if only the leaders of the groups spoke, that would be better, instead of every Member trying to speak.

Shri Ranga (Chittoor): This is the first time it has happened in this House or in the Joint Session. There-

#### [Shri Ranga]

fore, I would request you to invite the leaders of all the parties including the leader of the Socialist Party, to discuss this matter. Thereafter, we would be in a position to see what line of action we can pursue hereafter as to how this House is to proceed in regard to such matters.

Shri A. K. Gopalan (Kasergod): This is the first time that such a thing has happened, and what has happened this morning is very unfortunate, and epecially on such occasion as today that such a thing happened is very unfortunate. I am sure everybody will agree on that. So, I think that something has to be done on the lines suggested by the others to see that such things do not happen.

Dr. M. S. Aney (Nagpur): I regard the incident that took place today in the Joint Sesison as a very serious one. As there are no rule, on the matter, the only proper procedure is to have a committee to look into this matter and to find out what the best way is in this House and in the other House to express its displeasure of a conduct of this nature on the part of any Member of the House.

Therefore, I support the suggestion for the appointment of a committee to look into this matter, because the President, in my opinion, is a symbol not only of the sovereignty but of the dignity of the nation also.

श्री प्रकाशवीर शास्त्री (विजनीर): अध्यक्ष महोदय, स्राज प्रातःवाल जो घटना घटित हुई है, उसके सम्बन्ध में जहां उन सब 'लोगें को हार्दिक कष्ट हुआ है जो भारत के राष्ट्रपति को भारत की प्रतिष्ठा और गौरव का प्रतीक समझते हैं, वहां उन सब व्यक्तियों को भी कष्ट दुआ है जो शीन्न ही हिन्दी को राज भाषा के पद पर आतीन देखना चाहते हैं। इत घटना से जैसा कि माननीय सेट गोविन्द दास जी ने कहा हिन्दी को हानि ही पहुंचेगी, कोई लाभ पहुंचने वाला नहीं है । परन्तु में चाहता हूं कि हमारी इस भावना को आप

माननीय राष्ट्रपति जी तक ग्रवश्य पहुंचा दें कि इसके पीछ कुछ व्यक्ति ग्रथवा एक ग्राथ राजनीतिक दल ही हैं, इसको हिन्दी भाषा-भाषी राज्यों ग्रथवा हिन्दी भक्तों की भावना न माना जाए।

श्री पाराक्षर (शिवपूरी) : ब्रध्यक्ष महोदय इल्ज के बारे में में एक बात कहना चाहता हुं।

**ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय** : इसकी कोई जरूरत नहीं है ।

श्री पाराञ्चर : रूल मौजूद हैं, इसके बारे में में कुछ कहना चाहता हूं।

प्रध्यक्ष महोदय : रूटन की कोई जरूरत नहीं है ।

Shri Parashar: I want to raise a point of order

Mr. Speaker: There is no point of order now. Whatever has happened today is really very unfortunate, and reprehensible too. A duty is cast upon the President under the Constitution, and he was there in deference to that obligation and he addressed both Houses.

The occasion is very solemn and some decorum has to be observed. We are there just to listen to that Address, which is, of course, as I have said, a solemn occasion, and at that moment, to make such demonstrations or to obstruct the President from delivering his Address is unbecoming of a Member of Parliament,

Reference has been made by Shri Tyagi to the fact that there are no rules for the guidance of Members in that respect or for keeping control over there. That may be so, so far as the different rules of the Houses are concerned. But there is another thing, namely the code of conduct for any hon. Member also, and that

and Walk-out during President's Address

governs him whether he be inside the House or outside it. He has to conduct himself in a dignified manner in so far as he is a Member of Parliament. In my opinion—of course, it is a prima facie view—I have not

liament. In my opinion—of course, it is a prima facie view—I have not gone into the case—it is an insult to the Constitution itself and a violation of the oath that the Members have taken.

So far as the calculated move was concerned, there can be no doubt about it because previous intimation had been given. It has appeared in the papers as well and it was known to everybody that they were going to do this. Therefore, it was done with an intention, premeditated and pre-conceived.

Then the President had told them that it did not behove them and, therefore, they should stop; but a sustained effort was made to stop the President from delivering that Address. Therefore, he had to ask me to take some action or do something. But when I stood up, certainly the Members decided to walk away.

Therefore, if the House agrees—of course, I will consult Members—we can appoint a Committee to go into this.

Several Hon. Members: Yes, yes.

Mr. Speaker: The Committee might go into this matter and then give us a report. If the House agrees, we can appoint such a Committee. Is it agreed that we appoint a Committee for this purpose?

Several Hon, Members: Yes, yes.

Mr. Speaker: I will nominate those Members after some consideration.

The Prime Minister, Minister of External Affairs and Minister of Atomic Energy (Shri Jawaharlal Nehru): Shri Prakash Vir Shastri suggested, and I heartily commend the suggestion, that you might be

pleased to convey to the President the deep regret of the House at this indecorous behaviour.....

Mr. Speaker: Yes.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: ....and further that you have taken some steps about the appointment of a Committee.

श्री पाराजर (शिवपुरी) : ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय, मेरा कहना यह है कि रूज की कोई जरूरत नहीं है । रूज आक प्रोतीजर के पेज १७५ पर यह प्रोवाइड किया गया है कि हमारे रूज जो हैं, वे ज्वागंट सैशन के लिए भी एप्लाई करते हैं । में जानना चाहता इं . कि क्या ये डिलीट कर दिये गये हैं, रह कर दिये गये हैं? कई माननीय सास्यों ने कहा है कि रूज नहीं हैं । जबकि प्रोसीजर में ये मौजूद हैं, तो फिर . . . .

**ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय**ः कनेटी यह सब कुछ। देखेगी।

#### PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

Secretary: Sir, I lay on the Table a copy of the President's Address to both Houses of Parliament assembled together on the 18th February, 1963.

President's Address

The President: Members of Parliament, I welcome you most heartily to your labours in a new session of the Third Parliament of our Republic.

2. Ever since the constitution of our Republic, our Parliament has had to face difficult problems and to should r heavy \*responsibilities. Under the guidance of Parliament, we have laboured for the fulfilment of the objectives laid down in our Constitution, namely, to secure for all our citizens social, economic and political justice; liberty of thought, expression, belief, faith, and worship; equality of status and of opportunity; and to promote

### [The President]

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among them all, fraternity, assuring the dignity of the individual and the unity of the nation. We have directed all our energies towards the establishment of a structure of society wherein these objectives might be effectively realised. We have also, in accordance with our past traditions, laboured for world peace and endeavoured to cultivate friendly and co-operative relations with all countries, avoiding military alliances. We venture to think that we have been of some service in this respect to the international community.

- 3. Soon after the constitution of our Republic, we began our long pilgrimage to reach our objective of a democratic and socialistic order and adopted planned objectives to this end. Two Five Year Plans succeeded one another, and now we are in the middle of the Third Five Year Plan. During this period, we have made substantial progress in many sectors of our economy, even though we have not always been satisfied with the progress we have made.
- 4. Agriculture which is the most important sector of our economy, has undergone material developments and agricultural production has increased considerably. Industry, both largescale and small-scale, as well as village industries, have shown marked progress, and gradually an industrial base of our economy is being established. The nation's health has improved greatly, and the expectation of which used to be 32 in the life. forties, has reached 47 and is rising still. Striking results have attained in the programme for the eradiction of malaria. Education, even though a great deal more has to be done to improve its quality and content, has spread rapidly. By the end of March 1962, there were over fifty million boys and girls in our schools and colleges. Stress has been specially haid on scientific and technical education and a large number of new techmological institutions are functioning BOW.

- 5. Engrossed though we were in our internal development we continued to take purposeful interest in international affairs, always laying stress on the vital importance of world peace. On some occasions, our participation made á difference and helped cause of peace. We had hoped only that world peace would be progressively assured, but that we also would continue to live at peace with our neighbours, and that any problems that arose would be settled by peaceful methods. We settled some of our important problems with Pakistan. but unfortunately other important ones still remain. We are anxious to settle these also peacefully so that India and Pakistan should, in accordance with our common history, culture and traditions, live as friendly and cooperative neighbours.
- 6. Some years ago, China menced its surreptitious aggression in Ladakh which later resulted in some incidents between the two countries. This matter has often been discussed in Parliament. We hoped that would succeed in solving this question also through peaceful methods. On the 8th September last, however, a new aggression started across the border in the North East Frontier Agency and, after some probing attacks. China, on the 20th October, mounted a masive attack on both the NEFA and the Ladakh sectors of the India-China boundary. In the middle November, a second massive attack: followed and our forces received a setback. Subsequently the Chinese Government ordered unilaterally a ceasefire and a withdrawal.
- 7. These massive attacks and further aggression on our territory had a powerful effect on our people and resulted in a widespread and spontaneous display of unity all over the country. All the petty internal differences were hushed and stopped in the face of this peril to the nation's integrity and freedom. Parliament gave a lead to the nation in this matter in November last and our people, throughout

- the length and breadth of India, wholeheartedly followed this lead.
- 8. Any attack on the integrity of India would have been painful, but an attack coming from a country with whom we had tried to be friendly, and whose cause we had espoused in international councils, was a gross betrayal and came as a great shock to our people. Inevitably, the first duty of the nation in these circumstances was to meet this aggression effectively and to prepare the country to that end.
- 9. At present no actual fighting is taking place. But the experience of the last few months has warned and steeled us and made us resolve to protect ourselves from this menace and to strengthern our defences and economic structure to the utmost. Our government is devoting itself to this urgent and vital task.
- 10. Soon after the Chinese aggression, our government appealed to the countries of the world asking for their sympathy and support. We are grateful to the large number of them who responded and extended their sympathy. A number of those have also given practical support and we are grateful to them. In particular, I should like to express our gratitude to the United States of America and the United Kingdom for the speed with which they gave their support to us in a moment of crisis.
- 11. The last session of Parliament discussed fully certain proposals which were put forward by the Governments of Ceylon and five other non-aligned countries. These proposals did not deal with the merits of the basic dispute between India and China, but suggested some method of creating an atmosphere which would enable these basic questions to be discussed. After full consideration and reference to Parliament, our Government conveyed their acceptance of these proposals, as clarified by the Colombo Powers.

- without any reservation. The Chinese Government has thus far not accepted them and we cannot say at present what development may take place in the future. Our country, committed as it is to peaceful methods, will always endeavour to solve disputes peacefully, provided this is in accordance with our honour and freedom. But whatever may happen, we cannot and will not submit to dictation backed by military force.
- 12. The issue of the Chinese aggression has been, and is today, the overriding issue before us and everything else has to be conidered in that context. The freedom and honour of a country must be given the first place and, if a country cannot defend them, then all other matters lose their significance. The nation's activities have thus been concentrated on this basic issue. A National Defence Council has been formed and a National Defence Fund started. This Fund has met with a generous response from our people. Many Citizens' Councils have been formed in the different States and a Central Citizens' Council. to co-ordinate the activities of the other Councils. has also instituted.
- 13. Many steps have been taken in order to expand our armed forces and increase production in our ordnance factories and other defence establishments. The assistance of civil factories is also being taken to this end. I hould like to express our Government's gratitude to the workers of all those factories. They have responded wonderfully to the cause of nation. This is true of others working in fields and factories and in Government undertakings all over the country, and it has been a heartening experience for all of us to see this mighty response of a great people in the face of peril to the motherland.
- 14. Soon after the declaration of Emergency, the central organisations of labour and management unanimously adopted an industrial truce resolution aiming at the total elimination of industrial disputes, and increase

#### [The President]

of production and reduction of cost to the maximum extent possible. In pursuance of this, Emergency Production Committees have been set up at the Centre, in the States and in many industrial establishments.

15. In view of the great burdens cast on us by the Chinese aggression and the steps taken to meet it the question arose as to how far our Third Five Year Plan could be carried through without considerable change. On full consideration of the matter, our Government came to the conclusion that a very great part of the Plan was essential for strengthening the nation and it implementation was, therefore, necessary even from the point of view of defence. Economic development and industrial growth are the very basis of our defence preparedness. To stop or slow down this process of economic development would result in weakening the country. It has therefore been decided to continue implementing the Third Five Year Plan with such minor modifications as may be necessitated by the circumstances and by reorienting our industrial pattern so as to give priority to defence needs. Thus, in the field of agriculture, industry, transport, communications, power, technical education and research, we have to continue to do our utmost. A strong agricultural base is a pre-requisite of national security. Industry is essential for defence, so also the growth of power and transport and technical education.

16. Intensive agricultural grammes have led to increases in per acre yields of rice from 15 to 21 per. cent., of wheat from 8 to 15 per cent., and of barley from 11 to 25 per cent., as compared to the previous year. The upward trend in industrial output has continued and the increase in industrial production, in the first nine months of 1962, is estimated to be around seven and a half per cent. The production of iron and steel is steadily increasing and steps have been taken for the expansion of the steel plants in the public sector, and the setting up of an alloy steel plants at Durgapur.

Further progress has been made in the development of our mineral and oil resources. Coal production has been steadily increasing and it is hoped that the target for production of 61 million tonnes will be achieved this year.

17. In December 1962, the Indian elimination of waste, conservation of one million gross registered tons. The target for acquiring additional tonnage of five hundred and fifty thousand gross registered tons, to be attained by 1966, is well within sight three years ahead of the close of the Plan. Two hundred thousand tons have already been acquired and firm orders have been placed for acquisition of more than two hundred thousand tons.

18. Economy in expenditure, the elimination of waste conservation of our limited material resources, and restraint on consumption, always important, are of particular importance today. The basic necessities of the people should be fully secured and the price line maintained. It is a tribute to the sense of discipline and solidarity of our people that, immeafter the diately declaration Emergency, there was a spontaneous and general recognition of the need for preserving the stability of the economy. The general level of wholesale prices at present is no higher than it was at the beginning of the Third Five Year Plan. In order to put an end to the strain on our foreign exchange resources through smuggling of gold into India, certain rules have been framed to bring gold under con-

19. Our Atomic Energy programme shown rapid progress. Α uranium mine is being opened in Bihar and a uranium mill is under construction. The first nuclear Tarapore station at be followed by a second such station near Rana Pratap Sagar in Rajasthan; a third one will be located at Kalpakkam on the east coast in Madras State. It appears, on further enquiry, that the cost of electric power from the Tarapore Station will be less than from a coal power station of the same size in the same locality. These power stations will also lighten the pressure on our railway and transport systems.

The Community Development programme now almost covers the entire country, and Panchayati Raj is now functioning in nine States. In view of the Emergency, a special programme has been started for the full mobilisation of rural India to meet the challenge of national defence. Village Volunteer Forces will be organised in every Panchavat with a three-fold programme-production mass education and village defence. An integral part of the scheme is the creation of a Defence Labour Bank based on the donation of free labour at the minimum rate of one day's labour per month by every adult. The co-operative movement in the rural areas has made considerable progress and membership of primary agricultural credit societies. which is 20 million now, is expected to rise to 24 million in 1963 and to 28 million next year. More than a thousand co-operative farming societies have been organised so far.

21. I am glad to inform you that the Government of France has ratified the Treaty of Cession in respect of the former French establishments. This completes the de jure transfer of these establishments to India.

22. Our relations with Nepal continue to be friendly. Indian aid to Nepal, both in the field of economic help and technical assistance, has achieved satisfactory results. India has promised Nepal economic aid to the extent of eighteen crores of rupees during the Third Five Year Plan period, apart from the Kosi and Gandak projects, the benefits from which will accrue to both India and Nepal.

23. India has also given substantial aid to Bhutan and Sikkim for their economic development. India sponsored the membership of Bhutan to the Colombo Plan, and Bhutan participated in the Colombo Plan Consultative Committee at Melbourne in November 1962.

24. The Government of India has welcomed the independence of Algeria, Burundi, Jamaica, Rwanda, Trinidad, Tobago and Uganda, which have been admitted as members of the United Nations. We wish these newly independent countries every success. Nyasaland is also to have self-government soon.

25. In the Congo, our troops functioning under the United Nations, have helped greatly in solving some of the difficult problems that had arisen there. Our troops will remain there until the United Nations is able to release them without putting their peace-keeping operations into jeopardy.

26. In the course of the past year, we have had goodwill visits, which we have welcomed, from many Heads of States and Prime Ministers and others from many countries. Among them were. Their Majesties the King and Queen of Nepal, President Lopez Mateos of Mexico, Mr. Gheorghiu-Dei. President of the People's Republic of Rumania, President Makarios Cyprus, Dr. Heinrich Lubke, President of the Federal Republic of Germany, His Royal Highness Prince Norodom Sihanouk of Cambodia, Their Majesties the King and Queen of Greece, Prime Minister Mr. Lee Kuan Yew of Singapore, Prime Minister Tunku Abdul Rahman of Malaya. Mr. Edward Kardeli, Vice-President of Yugoslavia, and Dr. Rachid Karame. Prime Minister of Lebanon.

27. While our efforts are directed to meeting our grave problems mobilisation of our human and material resources, both for defence and economic development, we welcome the slight improvement in the international situation. Cuba afforded us an example of the world hovering over the very brink of a nuclear war, which, however, was avoided by the restraint and goodwill of the Great Powers involved. There has been some indication of relaxation of tension and the possibility of agreements being reached in regard to the banning of nuclear weapons.

[The President]

28. A statement of the estimated receipts and expenditure of the Government of India for the financial year 1963-64 will be laid before you.

29. Among the Bills that will be placed before you for your consideration, will be:

- A Bill to provide for the representation for the Union territory of Pondicherry, Karaikal, Mahe and Yanam in Parliament.
- 2. The Union Territories Bill.
- 3. The Slum Areas (Improvement and Clearance) Amendment Bill.
- The Indian Emigration (Amendment) Bill.
- The Industrial Disputes (Amendment) Bill.
- 6. The Factories (Amendment)
  Bill.
- The Electricity (Supply) Amendment Bill.
- The Delhi Development (Amendment) Bill.

30. Members of Parliament, we are meeting today at a grave moment in our history. Committed as we are to build a democratic socialist society in which progress is sought and attained by peaceful methods and by consent, we have to face the menace of foreign aggression. I earnestly trust that this Parliament which is ultimately responsible for our policies and for guiding the nation, will face these great tasks with courage and wisdom, and a spirit of tolerance and co-operative endeavour. May your labours bear fruit for the good of our country and people and the world. Awake, arise, understand the opportunities you have and stop not till the goal is reached-

uttisthata jagrata prapya-varan :nibodhata.

राष्ट्रपति : संसद् के सदस्यगण,

हमारे गणराज्य की तीसरी संसद् के नये इजलास का कार्यभार उठाने के लिये में भाग सब का स्वागत करता हं।

२. हमारे गणराज्य की स्थापना के समय से ही हमारी संसद् को कठिन समस्याग्रों का सामना करना पड़ा और भारी जिम्मेदारियां उठानी पड़ी हैं। संसद् की रहनुमाई में हमने अपने संविधान में बताये उन मकसदों को पूरा करने का यत्न किया है, जो इस प्रकार हैं:—

भ्रपने सभी नागरिकों के लिए सामाजिक. भ्राधिक भ्रोर राजनीतिक न्याय प्राप्त करनाः विचार, इजहार, विश्वास, निष्ठा ग्रौर पजा की ग्राजादी, दर्जे की बराबरी, ग्रीर ग्रवसर की समानता और सब में भाईचारे की भावना बढ़ाना ग्रीर व्यक्ति की प्रतिष्ठा ग्रीर राष्ट्र की एकता को सुनिश्चित करना। हमने अपनी सारी शक्ति ऐसे समाज की स्थापना में लगाई है जिसमें ये सारे मकसद कारगर ढंग से हासिल किये जा सकते हैं। अपनी परम्परा के मताबिक हमने विश्व शांति के लिए परिश्रम किया है और सैनिक गठबन्धनों से ग्रलग रहते हए भी सभी देशों के साथ मित्रता ग्रीर सहयोग के सम्बन्ध कायम करने का यत्न किया है। हम यह सोचने का साहस करते हैं कि इस बारे में हम संसार की थोड़ी बहत सेवा कर सके हैं।

३. ग्रपने गणराज्य के निर्नाण के बाद शीघ्र ही हमने प्रपनी लम्बी यात्रा शुरू की, जिससे कि हम लोकतंत्रीय भौर समाजवादी व्यवस्था स्थापित करने का प्रपना मकसद हासिल कर सकें भौर इसके लिये हमने योजना बनाकर काम किया। दो पंच वर्षी योजनाए पूरी की जा चुकी हैं शौर प्रव हम सीसरी पंच-वर्षीय योजना के बीच में हैं। इस शर्से में हमने धपनी प्रयं-व्यवस्था के बहुत से खें शों में काफी तरक्की की है, गो हमें इस तरक्की से हमेशा संतोष नहीं हुआ ।

21

४. खेती-बाडी हमारी भ्रयं-व्यवस्था का सब से ग्रहम पहल है। इसका बहुत विकास हमा है और खेती-बाड़ी की पैदावार में काफी विद्धि हुई है । बड़े भीर छोटे, दोनों तरह के उद्योगों में और ग्राम उद्योगों में भी काफी तरक की हुई है और धीरे-धीरे हमारी अर्थ व्य-वस्था का ग्रौद्योगिक ग्राघार स्थापित होता जा रहा है। देश के लोगों की सेहत में सुघार हम्रा है। श्रौर १६४०-५० के दौरात भ्राम लोगों की जो श्रौसत श्राय ३२ वर्ष हुश्रा करती थी वह ४७ वर्ष तक पहुंच गयी है श्रीर उस में वृद्धि हो रही है। मलेरिया खतम करने के कार्यक्रम के बहुत अच्छे नतीजें निकले हैं। ग्रगरचे शिक्षा का स्तर ऊंचा करने भौर उसके स्वरूप को सघारने की दिशा में बहुत कुछ करना बाकी है, तो भी इसका तेजी से विस्तार हुन्ना है । मार्च, १६६२ के भंत तक हमारे स्कलों श्रौर कालिजों में पांच करोड से ऊपर लडके ग्रीर लडिकयां शिक्षा थीं। वैज्ञानिक और तकनीकी शिक्षा पर खास तौर से जोर दिया गया है श्रौर ग्रब बडी संख्या में तकनीकी शिक्षा देने वाली संस्थाएं काम कर रही 青山

५. हालांकि हम अपने देश की श्रंदरूनी तरको करने में लेंगे रहे फिर भी हम ने श्रन्त-राण्ट्रीय मामलों में उद्देश पूर्ण दिलचस्पी ली भौर हम संसार की शांति की श्रहमियत पर हमेशा जोर देते र । कुछ मौकों पर तो हमारे हिस्सा लेने से बड़ा फ़र्क़ पड़ा और उसके कारण शान्ति के काम को बढ़ावा मिला । हमें आशा थी कि न केवल संसार में शांति सुनिश्चित होती जायगी बल्कि हम भी अपने पड़ोसियों के साथ श्रमन से रह सकेंगे, शौर अगर कोई मसले उठ खड़े होंगे तो वे शांतिपूर्ण तरीकों से हल कर लिये जायेंगे ।

हमने पाकिस्तान के साथ ध्रपने कुछ ग्रहम मसले तो सुलझा लिये हें लेकिन दुर्भाग्य से दूसरे कुछ ऐसे मसले हैं जिन्हें सुलझाना बाकी है। हम उन्हें भी शांति से हल करना चाहते हैं ताकि भारत, श्रौर पाक्किस्तान अपने समान इतिहास, संस्कृति श्रौर परम्परा के मुताबिक श्रापस में दोस्ती श्रौर सहयोग की भावना वाले पड़ोसियों की तरह रह सकें।

६. कछ वर्ष हए चीन ने लहाख में चो**री**-खिपे हमला शरू कर दिया जिस के कारण बाद में दोनों देशों के बीच कुछ घटनाएं हुई। इस मामले पर संसद में अक्सर बहस हुई है। हमें ग्राशा थी कि हम इस प्रश्न को भी शांति पूर्ण तरीकों से सलझाने में सफल हो जायेंगे। लेकिन पिछले ग्राठ सितम्बर को नेफ़ा में सीमा के पार एक नया हमला शरू हम्रा और टोह लगाने वाले कछ हमलों के बाद चीन ने बीस अक्तबर को, भारत-चीन सीमा पर नेफ़ा श्रीर लहाख दोनों इलाकों में जबरदस्त हमला कर दिया। नवम्बर के मध्य में एक और जबरदस्त हमला हुआ और हमारे सैनिकों को पीछे हटना पड़ा । इसके बाद चीन की सरकार ने लडाईबन्दी करने और भ्रपनी सेनाएं हटा लेने का इकतरफा आदेश दे दिया ।

७. हमारे इलाके पर इन बड़े हमलों का श्रीर लगातार जोर जबरदस्ती का हमारी जनता पर बड़ा असर पड़ा और इसका नतीजा यह हुआ कि देश भर में तुरु एकता की लहर दौड़ गई । राष्ट्र की अखड़ता और स्वतंत्रता के ख़तरे की इस घड़ी में छोटे मोटे सभी अन्दरूनी भद भाव दब गये और रुक गये। नवम्बर के महीने में हमारी संसद् ने राष्ट्र का इस मामले में नेतृत्व किया और समूचे भारत में हमारी जनता ने इस नेतृत्व का दिल से अनुसरण किया।

द. भारत की ग्रंखष्डता पर किसी के भी हमले से हमें दुख होता, लेकिन एक ऐसे

## [राष्ट्रपति]

देश का भ्राकमण, जिस के साथ हम ने दोस्ती
रखने की कोशिश की भ्रीर जिस के पक्ष का
समर्थन हम ने अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय कौसिलों में किया,
हमारे साथ बड़ा भारी घोखा था और इस से
हमारे लोगों को बहुत धक्का पहुंचा ।
जाहिर है, ऐसी परिस्थितियों में हमारे देश
का पहला कर्तव्य यह था कि वह इस
हमले का मजबूती से मुकाबला करे और उसके
लिये अपने भ्राप को तैयार करे।

६. श्राजकल कोई लड़ाई नहीं हो रही है। लेकिन पिछले कुछ महीनों के अनुभव से हम ख़बरदार श्रौर मजबूत हो गये हैं श्रौर हमने यह पक्का इरादा किया है कि हम इस संकट से अनुना बचाव करेंगे श्रौर ग्रुपनी राजा व्यवस्था तथा श्राधिक ढांचे को पूरी कोशिश से मजबूत बनायेंगे। हमारी सरकार इस जरूरी श्रौर श्रहम काम में लगी हुई है।

१०. चीनी हमले के बाद जल्दी ही हमारी सरकार ने संसार के देशों से हमदर्दी श्रौर हिमायत की श्रमील की। हम उन बहुत से देशों के श्राभारी हैं जिन्होंने हमारी हिमायत की श्रौर हमारे साथ हमदर्दी जाहिर की। इन में से कई देशों ने तो वास्तिक तौर पर मदद की है श्रौर हम उन के प्रति श्राभारी हैं। ख़ास तौर पर में संयुक्त राज्य श्रमरीका श्रौर यूनाइटिड किंगडम का शित्रया श्रदा करना चाहूंगा जिन्होंने इस संकट में बहुत तेजी से सहायता दी।

११. श्री लंका तथा गुटबंदी से ग्रलग पांच ग्रन्य राष्ट्रों की सरकारों ने जो प्रस्ताव रखे थे, उन पर संसद् के पिछले इजलास में पूरी तरह बहस हुई । भारत ग्रौर चीन के बीच जो बुनियादी झगड़ा है, उस के गुण-दोषों का तो इन प्रस्तावों में कोई जिक नहीं किया गया है, लेकिन उन में ऐसा वाता-चरण तैयार करने के तरीके का सुझाव जरूर है, जिससे इन बुनियादी सवालों पर बात- चीत हो सके। इन प्रस्तावों पर अच्छी तरह विचार करने ग्रीर संसद की राय जान लेने के बाद दमारी सरकार ने. कोलम्बो राष्ट्रीं के स्पष्टीकरण को ध्यान में रखकर, इन के बारे में ग्रपनी रजामंदी बिना किसी शर्त के भेज ही । चीन सरकार ने इन प्रस्तावों को अभी तक स्वीकार नहीं किया है और हम अभी यह नहीं कह सकते कि आगे चल कर क्या होने वाला है। क्योंकि हमारा देश शांतिपर्ण तरीकों का कायल है, वह झगडों को हमेशा ही शांति पर्ण ढंग से सलझाने का कोशिश कन्ता रहेगा. बशतें कि ऐसा करने से हमारी इज्जत धीर ग्राजादी को भ्रांच न ग्राये। लेकिन चाहे कछ भी हो, सैनिक शक्ति के बल पर न कोई हम से अपनी बात मनवा सकता है श्रीर न हम मानेंगे ही ।

१२. हमारे सामने ग्राज चीन के हमले की समस्या सब **से** बड़ी है **भ्रौ**र इस को सा**ंने** रख कर ही हमें बाकी सब बातों पर दिचार करना है। किसी भी देश की ग्राजादी ग्रीर इज्जत सब से बडी चीज है और ग्रगर कोई देश इन्हें नहीं बचा सकता तो दसरे मामलों की ग्रहमीयत नहीं रह जाती। इस तरह राष्ट्र के सनी काम इसी बनियादी मसले पर केन्द्रित हैं। एक राष्ट्रीय रक्षा परिषद बना ली गई है स्रौर एक राष्ट्रीय रक्षा कोव खोल िया गया है। हमारे लोगों ने इस में खले दिल से धन दिया है। विभिन्न राज्यों में बहुत सी नागरिक परिषदें बना दी गई हैं स्रीर उन के काम में तालमेल रखने के लिये एक केन्द्रीय नागरिक परिषद् भी बना दी गई है।

१३. हमारी हिथयारबंद सेनाम्रों का विस्तार करने भौर श्रार्डोंस फैंबटरियों तथा रक्षा के दूसरे कारखानों में उत्पादन बाने के लिगे बहुत से कदम उठाये गये हैं। इस दिशा में श्रर्सनिक कारखानों से भी सहायता ली जा रही है। इन फैंबटरियों में काम करने वाले सभी लोगों का प्रपनी सरकार की तरफ से धन्यवाद करना चाहता हूं। उन्होंने राष्ट्र के काम में तन-मन से योग दिया है। यही बात उन लोगों पर भी लागू होती है जो समूचे देश में खेतों, कारखानों और सरकारी प्रतिष्ठानों में काम करते हैं। मानू-भूमि पर संकट की घड़ी में इस महान् देश के लोगों ने बड़ी लगन से जो योग दिया है उसे देख कर हमारे हीसले बहुत बढ़ें हैं।

१४. एमरजेंसी का एलान हो जाने के बाद जल्दी ही मजदूरों श्रीर प्रवन्धकों की केन्द्रीय संस्थाश्रों ने उद्योगों में शांति बनाए रखने के लिये एक राय हो कर प्रस्ताव पास कर दिया जिस का मक़सद यह था कि कारखानों में झगड़े बिल्कुल खतम कर दिए जायें, उत्पादन को बढ़ाया जाये श्रीर जहां तक हो सके लागत में कमी की जाए। इसका नतीजा यह हुआ है कि केन्द्र में, राज्यों में श्रीर बहुत से कारखानों में एमरजेंसी उत्पादन कमेटियां बना दी गई हैं।

१५. चीनी हमले से हमारे ऊपर जो भारी बोझ पडे श्रीर उस का मकाबला करने के लिये जो कदम उठाये गए, उन सब को ध्यान में रखने हु। यह सवाल उठा कि कोई बडी तब्दीली किए बग़ैर हमारी तीत्री पंच वर्षीय योजना किस तरह पूरी की जा सकर्ता है। इस मामले पर परी तरह से गौर करने के बाद हमारी सरकार इन नतीं जे पर पहुंची कि राष्ट्र को मजबत बनाने के लिये इस योजना के एक बहुत बडे हिस्से को पूरा करना ही होगा ग्रौर इसलिये रक्षा की दृष्टि से भी इत पर ग्रमल करना जरूरी है। ग्रायिक विकास ग्रंट उद्योगों की तरक्की ही हमारी रक्षा की तैयारी का स्रावार है। स्राधिक विकास के रोकने या इस की प्रगति धीमी करने का नतीजा यह होगा कि देश कमज़ोर हो जायेगा। इस

लिये यह फैसला किया गया है कि हालात के मृताबिक इन-उधर कुछ फेर-बदल करके तीसरी पंच वर्षीय योजना पर श्रमल जारी रखा जाये, श्रीर हमारे उद्यं गों का इस तरह पुनगंठन किया जाये कि रक्षा की जरूतों को पहला स्थान दिया जा सके। इस तरह खेती-बाड़ी उद्योग, परिवहन, संचार, बिजर्ल, तब-नीकी शिक्षा और श्रनुतं यन के क्षेत्रों में हमें भरसक कोशिश करते रहना है। राष्ट्र की सुरक्षा के लिये यह बहुत जहरी है कि खेती-बाड़ी का श्रायर मज्जूत हो। रक्षा के लिये उद्योग जरूरी है की तरह बिजली, परिवहन और तक्षर्तकी शिक्षा को बढ़ाना भी।

१६. खेती में ग्रुधिक पैदावार के कार्यक्रम से पिछले वर्ष की अपेक्षा इस वर्ष चावल की प्रति एकड गैदावार में पन्द्रह से इक्कीस प्रतिशत, गेइंकी आठ से पन्द्रह प्रतिशत ग्रोर जो की ग्यारह से पच्चीस प्रतिशत तक की वृद्धि हुई है। ग्रीद्योगिक उत्पादन में बराबर विद्व हई है ग्रौर १६६२ के पहले नौ महीनों में कोई साढ़ सात प्रतिशत ग्रिधिक उत्पादन होने का ग्रनमान है। लोहे और इस्पात का उत्पादन बराबर बढ रहा है। पब्लिक सँकटर में इस्पात के कारखनों का विस्तार करने की दिशा में और दुर्गापर में अताँय स्टील कारखाना लगाने की दिशा में कहम उठाने गरे हैं। खदिज और तेल साधनों के विवास कार्यमें भ्रीर तरवर्का हुई है। कोयले का उत्पादन • बरावर वड रहा है और यह आशा की जाती है कि हमने इस वर्ष में छ: करोड़ दस लाख (मेट्रिक) टन कोयला निकालने का जो लक्ष्य रखा है वह पूरा हो जानेगा।

१७. दिसम्बर, १९६२ में भारतीय व्यापारी जहाजी बेड़े का टनभार दस लाख ग्रास रजिस्टर्ड टन तर्क पट्टंच गया। १९६६ तक सद्धे पांच लाख ग्रास रजिस्टर्ड टन का [राष्ट्रपति]

प्रतिरिक्त भार प्राप्त करने का जो लक्ष्य रखा गया है, वह योजना काल समाप्त होने से र्तन वर्ष पहले ही पूरा हो जायेगा, ऐसी ग्राहा है। दो लाख टन तो पहले प्राप्त कर लिया गया है ग्रीर दो लाख टन से ज्यादा ग्रीर लेने के पक्के ग्राइंर दे दिये गये हैं।

१८. खर्च में कमी करना, चीजों को जाया न होने देना. ग्रपने सीमित साधनो को बचाए रखना श्रीर सम्हाल कर उनका इस्तेमाल करना हमेशा ही जरूरी होता है, लेकिन भ्राज इसकी खास ग्रहमीयत है। लोगों की बनियादी जरूलत परी होनी चाहिए और कीमतों को बढने से रोकना चाहिये। हमारे देश वासियों में एकता और डिसिप्लिन की इतनी ग्रन्छी भावना जागी कि एमरजेंसी का एलान होते ही ग्रा व्यवस्था को स्थिर रखने की जरूरत सभी ने फौरन मान ली। योक भावों का भी मौजदा स्तर उससे ऊंचा नहीं है, जो तीसरी योजना के शरू में था। भारत में चोरी-छिपे सोना लाने से हमारी विदेशी मद्रा के साधनों पर जो भार पड़ता है, उसे रोकने के लिए सोने पर नियंत्रण रखने के मकसद से कुछ नियम बनाये गये हैं।

१६. ऐटमी शक्ति विकसित करने के हमारे कार्यक्रम में तेजी से तरक्की हुई है। बिहार में यूरेनियम की एक खान खोदी जा रही है तथा एक यूरेनियम मिल बनाई जा रही। पहला ऐटमी बिजलीघर तारापुर में; दूसरा राजस्थान में, राणा प्रताप सागर में और मद्रास राज्य में पूर्वो तट पर कलपक्कम में बनाया जायेगा। और जांच करने पर यह मालम हुआ है कि तारापुर में बिजलीघर में बिजली पैदा करने पर जो लागत आयेगी, वह अपने कम होगी जो इसी जगह इतने ही बड़े किन्तु कोयले से बिजली पैदा करने वाले बिजली घर में आयेगी। ऐटमी शक्ति से चलाये जाने बाले इन बिजलीघरों से हमारी रेल और परि-

२०. ग्रब लगभग सारे देश में कम्यनिटी डिवेलपमेंट प्रोग्राम चल रहे हैं ग्रीर पंचायती राज्य भी नौ राज्यों में लाग हो गया है। एमर-जेंसी को ध्यान में रखते हुए रा टीय रक्षा को दी गई चनौती का सामना करने के लिये ग्रामीण भारत को एक साथ काम में जटाने का एक कार्यत्रम शरू किया गया है। प्रत्येक पंचायत में ग्राम स्वयंसेवक दल बनाये जायेंगे भीर इनके तीन काम होंगे---उत्पादन, सामहिक शिक्षा और ग्राम रक्षा। इस योजना का एक जरूरी ग्रंग है एक रक्षा श्रम बैंक, जिसके लिये हर महीने में हर बालिंग कम से कम एक दिन मफत काम करेगा। देहाती इलाकों में सहकारी ग्रांदोलन ने काफी तरक्की की है। बुनियादी कषि करजा देने वाली सोसाइटियों की सदस्य संख्या इस समय दो करोड है ग्रौर ग्राशा है कि १६६३ में वह दो करोड चालीस लाख श्रीर अगले वर्ष तक दो करोड श्रस्सी लाख हो जायेगी। अब तक एक हंजार से ज्यादा खेती समितियां बनाई जा सहकारी चकी हैं।

२१. भ्राप को यह सूचना देते हुए मुझे खुशी होती है कि फांस सरकार ने पूर्व फांसीसी बस्तियों के बारे में विसर्जन संधि को पक्का कर दिया है। इस कार्रवाई से इन बस्तियों को काननी रूप से भारत को सौप देने का काम पूरा हो गया है।

२२. नेपाल के साथ हमारे संबंध बदस्तूर मित्रतापूर्ण हैं। भार्तु ने आर्थिक श्रीर
तकनीकी—इन दोंनों ही क्षेत्रों में नेपाल को
जो सहायता दी है उसके संतोष जनक नतीजे
निकले हैं। भारत ने तीसरी पंच वर्षीय योजना
के दौरान में नेपाल को अठारह करोड़ रुपए की
आर्थिक सहायता देने का वायदा किया है।
यह सहायता कोसी श्रीर गंडक के प्रोजैक्टों के
अलावा है जिन से भारत श्रीर नेपाल दोनों
की ही लाभ होगा।

२३. भारत ने भटान ग्रौर सिनिकम को भी, उनके ग्राधिक विकास के लिए काफी मदद दी हैं। भारत ने मूटान को कोलम्बो योजना का मेम्बर बनाने का प्रस्ताव किया भौर भूटान ने नवम्बर १६६२ में मैलबोन में कोलम्बो योजना सलाहकार समिति में भाग लिया।

२४. भारत सरकार ने भ्रत्जोरिया, बुरुष्डी, जमेका, रुआण्डा, द्रिनिडाड, टोबागो और उगाण्डा की भाजादी का स्वागत किया है और व संयुक्त राष्ट्र के मेम्बर बना लिये गये हैं। हम इन नए भाजाद देशों की सफलता की कामना करते हैं। जल्दी ही न्यासालंड वें भी उसकी भपनी सरकार बन जायेगी।

२५. कांगो में संयुक्त राष्ट्र के प्रधीन काम करते हुए हमारे सैनिकों ने वहां के कठिन मसलों को सुलझाने में बड़ी मदद की है। हमारे सैनिक तब तक वहां रहेंगे जब तक संयुक्त राष्ट्र ऐसी हालत में नहीं हो जाता कि प्रपने शांतिपूर्ण प्रयत्नों में बिना किसी प्रकार की ाधा के उन्हें वहां से लौटने की श्रनुमति दे सके।

२६. पिछले वर्ष बहत से देशों के राज्या-ध्यक्ष तथा प्रधान मंत्री और दूसरे नेता हमारे यहां सदभाव-यात्रा पर म्राये हम ने उनका स्वागत किया । इन अतिथियों में थे : नेपाल के महाराजाधिराज धौर महारानी मक्सिको के राष्ट्रपति, लोपेज मातिश्रोस, हमानिया लोक गणराज्य के राष्ट्रपति, श्री देख साइप्रस के राष्ट्रपति, मकारिभ्रोस. जर्मन संघीय गणराज्य के राष्ट्रपति, डा॰ हेनरिख लुबके ; कम्बोदिया के राजकुलमान्य राजकुमार नरोदम सिहानुकः; युनान के महामहिम महाराज भौर महारानी ; सिंगापूर के प्रधान मंत्री, श्री ली क्वाइन यू;मलय के प्रधान मंत्री, तुंकु धबदुल रहमान ; युगोस्लाविया के उप-राष्ट्रपति, श्री एडवर्ड कार्देल्ज भौर लबनान के प्रधान मंत्री, डाक्टर रशीद करामे ।

२७. इस समय जब कि हमरी सारी को घियों भ्रहम नसलों का सामना करने पर श्रौर रक्षा तथा श्रायिक विकास के लिये अपनी जन-यक्ति भौर साथनों को जुटाने पर लगी हुई हैं, 2653 (ai) LSD—3. हम प्रंतर्राष्ट्रीय हालात में जो थोड़ा-सा सुधार हुआ है, उसका स्वागत करते हैं। क्यूबा एक ऐ ने मिसाल रही जिसके कारण समचा संसार ऐटमी जंग के किनारे पर जा खड़ा हुआ था, लेकिन दो बड़े राष्ट्रों के सद्भाव और संयम के कारण यह जंग टल गई। तनाव खत्म होने के कुछ आार दिखाई दिए हैं और एटमी हथियारों पर रोक लगाने के बारे में समझौता हो जाने की भी उम्मीद हो गई है।

२८. भारत सरकार के १९६३-६४ के माली साल की भ्रामदनी भीर खर्च के अंदाजे का ब्यौरा भ्रापके सामने रखा जाएगा।

२६. श्रापके सामने विचार के लिये जो बिल रखे जायेंगे उन में से ये भी हैं :—

- १. संघीय प्रदेश पांडिचेरी, कराइकल, माहे भीर यनाम के लिये संसद् में प्रतिनिधित्व की व्यवस्था करने का एक बिल ।
- २. संघीय प्रदेश बिल ।
- ३. गंदी बस्ती (सुघार स्रोर सफाई) संशोघन बिल ।
- ४. भारतीय उत्प्रवास (संशोधन) बिल
- उद्योग-विवाद (संशोधन) बिल ।
- ६. फैक्ट्री (संशोधन) बिल ।
- बजली (सप्लाई) संशोधन बिल।
- च. दिल्ली विक । <sup>संदर्भाग्रत</sup>े **दिल** ।

३० संसद सदस्य गण! देश के इतिहास की एक बहुत नाजुक घड़ी में हम यहां इकट्ठे हुए है। एसी हालत में, जब कि हमने लोकतंत्रीय समाजवादी समाज का निर्माण करने का बचन लिया है, जिसमें शांतिपूर्ण तरीको और रजामंदी से तरक्की की जाती है, हमें विदेशी हमले के खतरे का भी साजना करना है। मुझे पूरा-पूरा विश्वास है कि यह संसद जो हमारी नीति और राष्ट्र की रहनुमाई के लिए पूरी तरह से

32

### राष्ट्रपति

जिम्मेदार है, इन बड़े कामों को हौसले और समझदारी से तथा बर्दास्त करना और सहयोग की भावना से पूरा करेगी । मैं चाहता हूं कि भापकी कोशिश सफल हो, जिस से हमारी जनता और दुनिया का भला हो । उठो, जागो बो भवसर भापको प्राप्त हैं उनको समझा और जब नक लक्ष्य प्राप्त न हो जाए तब तक कत ठको ।

"उत्तिष्ठत जाग्रत प्राप्य वरान्तिबोधत" ।

#### PRESIDENT'S ASSENT TO BILLS

Secretary: Sir, I lay on the Table the Indian Tariff (Amendment) Bill, 1963, passed by the Houses of Parliament during the last Session and assented to by the President since a report was last made to the House on the 21st January, 1963.

Sir, I lay on the Table Copies, duly authenticated by the Secretary of Rajya Sabha, of the following two Bills passed by the Houses of Parliament during the last Session and assented to by the President since a report was last made to the House on the 21st January, 1963:—

- (1) The Hindi Sahitya Sammelan (Amendment) Bill, 1963.
- (2) The Representation of the People (Amendment) Bill, 1963.

#### PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

AUDIT REPORT, APPROPRIATION ACCOUNTS AND BLOCK ACCOUNT RAILWAYS

The Minister of Finance (Shri Morarji Desai): I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following papers:—

> (i) Audit Report, Railways, 1963.
>  under article 151(1) of the Constitution. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-777/63].

- (ii) Appropriation Accounts, Railways, for 1961-62, Part I— Review. [Placed in Library. See. No. LT-778/63].
- (iii) Appropriation Accounts, Railways, for 1961-62, Part II—Detailed Appropriation Accounts. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-779/63].
- (iv) Block Accounts, including Capital Statements, comprising the Loan Accounts), Balance Sheets and Profit and Loss Accounts, Railways, 1961-62. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-780/63].

NOTIFICATION UNDER TARIFF COMMISSION ACT AND ANNUAL REPORT OF HINDUSTAN INSECTICIDES LIMITED WITH AUDITED ACCOUNTS AND COMMENTS AND REVIEW BY GOVERNMENT ON THE COMPANY'S WORKING

The Minister of Industry in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry (Shri Kanungo): I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following papers:—

- (i) Notification No. CH(I)-6(9) 61, dated the 14th January 1963 regarding refixation of prices for soda ash, under sub-section (2) of section 16 of the Tariff Commission Act. 1951. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-781/63].
- (ii) (a) Annual Report of the Hindustan Insecticides Limited, New Delhi, for the year 1961-62, along with the Audited Accounts and the Comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon, under sub-section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956.
  - (b) Review by the Government on the working of the above Company. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-782/63].

teenth) Amendment Bill 12.34 hrs

ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED ACCOUNTS OF CENTRAL WARE-HOUSING CORPORATION

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Shri A. M. Thomas): I beg to lav on the Table a copy of the Annual Report of the Central Warehousing Corporation for the year 1961-62 along with the Audited Accounts, under sub-section (9) of section 42 of the Agricultural Produce (Development and Warehousing) Corporation Act, 1956. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-783/631.

NOTIFICATIONS UNDER EMPLOYEES' PROVIDENT FUNDS ACT

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Labour and Employment and Planning (Shri C. R. Pattabhi Raman): I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following Notifications under sub-section (2) of section 7 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act. 1952: --

- (i) The Employees' Provident Funds (First Amendment) Scheme, 1963, published in Notification No. GSR 86 dated 12th January. 1963. the
- (ii) The Employees' Provident Funds (Second Amendment) Scheme, 1963, published in Notification GSR No. 87 dated the 12th January, 1963. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-784/631.

TWENTY-THIRD REPORT OF LAW COMMISSION

The Minister of Law (Shri A. K. Sen): I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Twenty-third Report of the Law Commission on the Law of Foreign Marriages [Placed in Library. Sec No. LT-785/631.

MAJOR PORT TRUSTS BILL

34

EXTENSION OF TIME PRESENTATION OF SELECT COMMITTE REPORT

Shri Krishnamoorthy Rao (Shimoga): I beg to move the followine....

"That the time appointed for the presentation of the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to make provision for the constitution of port authorities for certain major ports in India and to vest the administration, control and management of such ports in such authorities and for matters connected therewith be extended upto the first day of the next session"

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

'That the time appointed for the presentation of the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to make provision for the constitution of port authorities for certain major ports in India and to vest the administration control and management of such ports in such authorities and for matters connected therewith, be extended upto the first day of the next session"

The motion was adopted. 12.35 hrs.

#### CONSTITUTION (FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT) BILL

EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PRESENTATION OF REPORTS OF JOINT COMMITTEE

Shri Krishnamoorthy Rao (Shimoga): I beg to move:

"That the time appointed for the presentation of the Report of the Joint Committee on the Bill further to amend the Constitution of India, be extended upto the 29th March, 1963."

Shri Tvagi (Dehra Dun): This is a constitutional Bill, which is to some extent, controversial as well. It has to be referred to the various Legislative Assemblies. They are sitting these days. If it is postponed, I am afraid there will be no time for referring it to the Legislative Assemblies. They might get adjourned, and we might not get their response. Therefore. I suggest that we might ask the Joint Committee to expedite present the report in time, so that it, can be considered here and referred to the various State Legislatures time

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath (Hoshangabad): I am Sorry, and partly glad also, that Shri Tyagi raised this point. May I submit that precisely because it is a Constitution (Amendment) Bill, we should not hustle it? It should not be taken lightly. I submit that the more time we take in the Committee, the less time we will takein the House

As regards the other point he has raised, that being a Bill of this kind, it has to be ratified by the Legislatures of the various States, the timeschedule that we have already received with regard to the business of the House of this session is tight that no piece of legislation can be taken up till the 20th April. As far as I am aware, till the 19th April we will be busy with Railway and General Budgets and the Ministries' Demands. Therefore, there is no point at all in submitting the report of the Committee before the 29th March. Even if it is done on that date, it will not be taken up before the 20th April. Therefore, I submit we are proceeding as we should in the Committee, and the extension of time that the Chairman of the Committee has asked for is very reasonable. The Committee, I am afraid, will not be able to finish the work with regard to these Bills sefore that date.

Mr. Speaker: Then, I will put the question to the House

The question is:

"That the time appointed for the

presentation of the Report of the Joint Committee on the Bill further to amend the Constitution of India, be extended upto the 29th March, 1963."

The motion was adopted.

## CONSTITUTION (SIXTEENH AMENDMENT) BILL

Shri Krishnamoorthy Rao (Shimoga): I beg to move:

"That the time appointed for the presentation of the Report of the Joint Committee on the Bill further to amend the Constitution of India, be extend up to the 29th March. 1963."

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath (Hoshangabad): I only wish to say that if the amendment which I had suggested in the last session had been accepted by the Minister, this situation would not have arisen today.

Shri Harish Chandra Mathur (Jalore): I have no objection to the time being extended, but when an extension is asked for, I think some explanation should be given as to why the scheduled time has not been adequate to go through the whole matter.

Mr. Speaker: If the Members had wanted that the reasons be given, I would have asked the Mover, but then other Members stood up to give the reasons.

Shri Harish Chandra Mathur: am raising this point that when an. extension of time is asked for. the House is entitled to know why extension has become necessary now when earlier they thought they could finish it in time. There may be certain reasons. For instance, certain unions might have represented on the ealrier Bill, and the Committee might have wanted to record certain evidence. Therefore, if, along with the request for extension, an explanation is given, if the House is taken into confidence, there will be lesser occasions for raising objections.

Mr. Speaker: We have been following a very wholesome practice that the

Mover makes the motion and if any Member wants the reasons to be given, we ask the Mover to give the reasons. I do not think it is required that invariably, when the House also agrees, the reasons must come forward. Whenever it is wanted, we ask the Mover to give them. If the reasons are wanted, certainly I will ask the Mover to give them.

Shri Krishnamoorthy Rao: The Committee has met thrice. We have completed the recording of the evidence. We have to take up clause by clause consideration of the Bill. We lost one day on account of the passing away of Shri Datar. On Saturday we met to consider the clauses, but the Members wanted the evidence that was recorded to be supplied to them. It could not be done within 24 hours. We are meeting again at 2.30 P.M. today. We have even decided to sit on working days after the session concludes and we will try to expedite

the report as early as possible. But we feel that the consideration of the two Bills cannot be taken up before the 20th April, as Shri Kamath put it, the House will be busy with the Budget debates. I think this extension of time is necessary and the House may be pleased to grant it.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

"That the time appointed for the presentation of the Report of the Joint Committee on the Bill further to amend the Constitution of India, be extended up to the 29th March. 1963."

The motion was adopted.

#### 12.42 hrs.

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till Eleven of the Clock on Tuesday, February 19, 1963/Magha 30, 1884 (Saka), 40

[Monday, February 18, 1963/Magha 29, 1884 (Saka)]

#### COLUMNS OBITHARY REFERENCES 1+2

The Speaker made references to the passing away of Shri Mul-chand Dube who was sitting member of Lok Sabha and Shri B.N. Datar who was a sitting member of Lok Sabha and Minister of State in the Ministry of Home Affairs.

Thereafter members stood in silence for a short while as a mark of respect.

# RE: INTERRUPTIONS AND WALK OUT DURING PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS:

Lok Sabha asked the Speaker to convey to the President its deep regret over the disorderly conduct of certain members at the time of his Address to both Houses of Parliament assembled together earlier this day.

The House agreed that a Committee of the House be appointed to investigate into the affair and to make a report to the House.

#### PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS LAID ON THE TABLE

Secretary laid on the Table a copy of the President's Address to both Houses of Parliament assembled together on the 18th February, 1963.

#### PRESIDENT'S ASSENT TO BILLS

- (i) Secretary laid on the Table the Indian Tariff (Amendment) Bill, 1963 passed by the Houses of Parliament during the last Session and assented to by the President.
- (ii) Secretary also laid on the Talbe copies, duly authenticated by the Secretary of Rajya Sabha, of the following two bills passed by the Houses of Parliament during the last Session and assented to by the President since a report was last made to the House on the 21st January, 1963 :-
  - (1) The Hindi Sahitya Sammelan (Amendment) Bill, 1963.
  - (2) The Representation of the People Amendment Bill, 1963.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

The following papers were laid on the Table :-

COLUMNS

31-23

- (1) A copy each of the fellowing papers :-
  - (i) Audit Report, Railways under article 1963. 151(1) of the constirution
    - (ii) Appropriation Accounts, Railways. for 1061-62. Part I-Review.
    - (iii) Appropriation Accounts, Railways, for 1961-62, Part II-Detailed Appropriation Accounts.
    - (iv) Block Accounts (including Capital Statements comprising the Loan Accounts), Balance Sheets and Profit and Loss Accounts, Railways, 1061-62.
  - (2) A copy each of the following papers : -
    - (i) Notification No. CH (I)-6(9)/61 dated the (I)-6(9)/61 dated the 14th January, 1963 regarding refixation of prices for soda ash, under sub-section (2) of section 16 of the Tariff Commission Act, 1951.
    - (ii) (a) Annual Report of the Hindustan Insecti-Limited, New cides Delhi, for the year 1961-1962 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon, undersub-section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956.
    - (b) Review by the Go-vernment on the Working of the above Company.
  - (3) A copy of Annual Report of the Central Ware-housing Corporation for the year 1961-62 along with the Audited Accounts under sub-section (9) of section 32 of the Agricul-tural Produce (Develop-ment and Warehousing Corporations Act, 1956.

10-31

31

PAPERS LAID ON THE TARLE\_contd

COLUMNS

(4) A copy each of the following Notifications under sub-section (2) of section of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 :-

- (i) The Employees' Provident Funds (First Amendment) Scheme, 1963 published in Notification No. G.S.R. 86 dated he 12th Januarv. 1963.
- (ii) The Employees' Provident Funds (Second Amendment) Scheme, 1963 published in Notification No. G.S.R. 87 dated the 12th January.

A copy of the Twenty-rd Report of the Law (, pmission on the Law oreign Marriages.

TIME FO PRESENTATION OF REPORT OF SELECT COMMITTEE EXTENDED

The time appointed for the presentation of the Report of the Select Committee on the Major Port Trusts Bill was extended upto the first tay of the next session.

TIME FOR PRESENTATION OF REPORTS OF JOINT COMMITTERS EXTEN-DED .

COLUMNS 34-38

- (i) The time appointed for the presentation of the Report of the Joint Committee on The Constitution (Fifteenth Amendment) Bill, 1962, was extended upto the 29th March, 1963.
- (ii) The time appointed for the presentation of the Report of the Joint Committee on The Constitution (Sixteenth Amendment) Bill. 1963 was extended upto the 20th March, 1063.

GENDA FOR THESDAY. FEBRUARY 19, 1963/MA-GHA 30, 1884 (SAKA)-

Presentation of the Budget (Railways) 1963-64.

Consideration and passing of the Delhi Rent Control (Amendment) Bill and the Agricultural Refinance Corporation Bill.