as also to other State Governments for various State sector schemes, including housing, was given in the form of 'block loans' and 'block grants' without being tied to any specific scheme head of development. The State Government was free to determine the amounts they liked to allocate out of the block Central assistance for implementation of any of State sector scheaccording to their requirements Consequently priorities. Physical targets for all the housing schemes included in the Stre sector during the Fourth Plan were to determined by the Government Orissa themselves. Based information supplied by the Government of Orissa, the target for construction of houses under the various social housing schemes during the Plan was 6642 against which the likely achievement would be 5741 houses. In addition, the State Government have utilised special L.I.C. non-Plan loan for construction of about 2600 houses.

2. As regards the two Central sector schemes mentioned above, the Subsidiged Housing Scheme for Plantation Workers is not implemented in Orissa. Under the Scheme for Prevision House-sites to Landless Workers in Rural Areas, which was in'roduced in October, 1971, projects for provision of 3349 house-sites, involving Central assistance of Rs. 8.40 lakhs, approved during the 4th Plan. The State Government could not implement the projects as they were not able to complete the family-wise determine the number of landless workers in rural areas, covered by the Scheme.

TARGET OF EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES
EXTENDED TO ORISSA DURING
FOURTH PLAN

5997. SHRI BANAMALI BABU: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased ot state:

(a) whether the target of educational facilities extended to Orissa State during the Fourth Five Year Plan has been fully achieved; and (b) if not, what are the reasons for the same?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SOCIAL WELFARE AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CULTURE (SHRI D. P. YADAV): (a) and (b). The information is being collected from the State Government and shall be laid on the Table of the House.

VISIT OF SOVIET AGRICULTURAL DELEGA-TION FOR AGREEMENT ON AGRICULTURE

5998. SHRI BANAMALI BABU:

SHRI Y, ESWARA REDDY:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Soviet Agricultural teamvisited India in March, 1974 to discuss, and sign protocol on further cooperation Extween the two countries on Agriculture; and
- (b) if so, the nature of discussions held with the delegation and what is the outcome?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE): (a) Yes, Sir. A team of six Soviet Experts arrived in India on 11th March, 1974, to discuss with the Government of India possibilities of Soviet assistance on setting up projects on sheep breeding, goat breeding and sugarbeet cultivation.

(b) The Gist of discussions is contained in the statement attached.

## STATEMENT

The Soviet experts got acquainted with the areas of sheep and goat breeding during their visit to the Sheep Breeding Farm being built near Sikar, the Artificial Insemination Centre near Jaipur, the Central Sheep and Wool Research Institute at Malpura, Rajasthan, the area proposed for Sheep Breeding Farm at Bhaisora in Uttar Pradesh, Dachigam and Duksam Sheep Breeding Farms, Sheep Breeding Centres at Desu, Ahlangodol in Jammu & Kashmir and also visited experimental fields for sugarbeet cultivation of the Research Centres and