## चित्तीड़गढ़ जिला (राजस्थान) में क्षेत्रीय ग्रामीण बैंक की स्थापना

4740. प्रो. निर्मला कुमारी शक्तावत: म्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेगे कि:

- (क) क्या राजस्थान में चितौड़गढ़ जिले में क्षेत्रीय ग्रामी एा बैंक स्थापित करने का सरकार का विचार है;
- (ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबधी ब्यौरा क्या है; ग्रीर
- (ग) वर्ष 1984 85 के दौरान इस जिले में इस बैंक की कितनी शास्त्राए खोलने का विचार है?

वित्त मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री (श्री जनार्दन पुजारी): (क) ग्रीर (ख) बून्दी चितीड़-गढ़ क्षेत्रीय ग्रामीए। बैंक के नाम से एक क्षेत्रीय ग्रामीए। बैंक की स्थापना 23 मार्च 1984 को कर दी गई थी। इसके ग्रन्तर्गत राजस्थान के बून्दी ग्रीर चितीड़गढ़ जिले ग्राते हैं।

(ग) बताया गया है कि क्षेत्रीय ग्रामी ए बैंक की 1984 में पांच शाखाए ग्रीर 1985 में 25 शाखाएं खोलने का प्रस्ताव है।

## Disposal of Direct Tax Cases Lying in High Courts and Supreme Court

- 4741. SHRI K.T. KOSALRAM: Will the Ministet of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Charirman of Ceneral Board of Direct Taxes in his address to the Calcutta Chamber of

Commerce in Calcutta on 11 July, 1984 said that 20,000 tax cases lying with different High Courts and 2,000 with the Supreme Court cannot be disposed of before 2000 A.D.

- (b) if so, how Government propose to collect the tax arrears of Rs. 1000 crores as has been acknowledged by West Bengal Commissioner of Incometax; and
- (c) the steps being taken to bring into account 40 per cent of the country's gross national income which presently is outside the palo of statistics according to Chairman, Central Board of Direct Taxes?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI S.M KRISHNA: (a) It is a fact that there are over 20,000 tax cases which are pending in different High Courts and over 2,000 pending in the Supreme Court. It is also a fact that their disposal shall take considerable time.

- (b) The tax arrears of over Rs. 1000 crores referred to by West Bengal Commissioner of Income-tax do not relate only to the cases covered by part (a) above. Excepting arrears specifically stayed by the Courts, continuous efforts are being made to reduce the demend. The Income-tax Act provides for several steps for enforcing collection and recovery of tax in arrears such as levy of penalty, attachment of monies due to the defaulters, distraint of movable property, sale of immovable property, committing the defaulter to civil imprisonment etc., Depending upon the facts and circumstances of each case, suitable steps are taken time to time by the Income-tax authorities for recovery of tax arrears.
- (c) About 40 per cent of the gross domestic product is outside the purview of income-tax as it relates to the agricultural sector. Clause (3) of Article 246 of the Constitution of India states that subject to clauses (1) and (2), the Legislature of any State has exclusive

power to make laws for such State or any part thereof with respect to any of the matters enumerated in List-II of the Seventh Schedule. The said List includes Entry No. 46 relating to 'Taxes on agricultural income.' It would accordingly be for the State to legislate in respect of matters covered by the aforesaid Entry.

## Generation of Black Money By Private Banks.

4742. SHRI K. T. KOSALRAM; Will the Minister of FINANCE be Pleased to state;

- (a) Whether a study conducted by a professor in the Department of Economics, Calicut University, Kerala, has revealed that 12,000 private banks known as "blade companies" are generating black money to the tune of several hundreds of crores; and
- (b) if so, whether any step is being initiated to ban these private banks?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRIS M. KRISHNA): (a) and (b) The question appears to be based on an article, Written by Dr. C.A. prakahs of the Department of Economics of Calicut University, which appeared in a Malayalam newspaper, Mathrubhuai' of 8th July, 1984. The Income-tax Department is investigating the matter,

## Representation by Indian Aircraft Technicians Association, Eastern Region.

4743 SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for progressively shifting the workload of maintenance/overhaul of Indian Airlines Aircraft to Bombay and Delhi at the cost of Calcutta, despite the latter's traditionally superior engineering maintenance base; and

(b) whether he has received a representation in this respect from the Indian Aircraft Technicians' Association Eastern Region?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION(SHRI KHURSHEED ALAM KHAN: (a) The maintenance/oveshaul workload of Indian Airlines aircraft has not been progressively shifted from Calcutta to Bombay and Delhi.

(b) Yes Sir.

Target for Indo-Soviet Trade Turn-Over by End of Seventh Plan.

4744. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA: SHRI CHIRANJI LAL SHARMA:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

- (a) the target for Indo-Soviet trade turnover by the end of the Seventh Plan;
- (b) whether the rise in total Indian exports in 1983-84 has been mainly due to Soviet off-take;
- (c) the new items of import and export which both countries are proposing to develop; and
- (d) the share of trade which is l'kely to be directly handled by Indian private sector firms?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY (SHRI NIHAR RANJAN LASKAR): (a) In the Long-term Programme of Economic, Trade Scientific & Technical Cooperation Concluded on 14th March, 1979, it was agreed that the volume of mutual trade during the period 1986-1990 should be increased by 1.5 to 2, times as compared to the total trade turnover during the preceding 5-year period 1981-1985.