Super Thermal Power Station at Talcher

631. SHRIMATI JAYANTI PAT-NAIK: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have a proposal to set up a Super Thermal Power Station at Talcher in Orissa during the 1984-85 financial year;

(b) if so, the cost of the above project;

(c) the capacity of the proposed super thermal power station; and

(d) the steps taken to expedite the implementation of the above project?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY SHRI ARIF MOHAMMAD KHAN): (a) to (d) There is proposal to set up a Super Thermal Power Station at Talcher in Orissa. National Thermal Power Corporation is preparing a feasibility report for installation of _ units of 500 MW each in the first stage. That report will also include an estimate of the cost of the project. Action has been takeu for establishing necessary coal linkages for the project, and NTPC plans to take up preliminary works in respect of the Talcher STPS during the next year.

Setting up of Low and High Power Transmitters

632. SHRIMATI JAYANTI PATNAIK SHRI SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE ALLURI :

Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether his Ministry have been making efforts to extend television coverage to nearly 70 per cent of the population by the end of the Sixty Plan;

(b) whether a special plan has been

drawn up, funds earmarked and setting up of low and high power transmitters has been started;

(c) if so, the funds earmarked under the above special plan, number of low and high power transmitters proposed to be set up;

(d) whether Orissa has been excluded under the above programme;

(e) if so, the progress made in this regard in Orissa; and

(f) the details of the progress made in other States to achieve the target?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) In addition to the normal 6th plan schemes, Rs. 68 crores have been earmarked for setting up 13 HPTs and 113 LPTs.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) Construction of transmitter building at Cuttack is in progress. Soil investigation work have been completed. The foundation design for the TV tower has been completed. The sites for LPTs at Rourkela, Berhampur and Koraput have been identified The LPT and other equipments for these Centres have already been ordered. These centres are expected to be commissioned during 1984-85.

(f) Similar progress has also been made in respect of HPTs and LPTs in the other States.

Child Labour

633. SHRIMATI JAYANTI PAT-NAIK: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state: (a) whether Union Government have taken steps to curb the child labour;

(b) whether the maximum age for entry into employment for children has been fixed;

(c) the steps taken by Government for protection and welfare of the child; and

(d) the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI DHARMAVIR): (a) to (d) While it is not possible to eliminate child labour completely in the context of the socio-economic conditions prevailing in the country, it has been Government's consistent endeavour to ensure that children compelled to work by circumstances should not be exploited and should be able to work in better conditions of health and hygiene. Government has formulated projects connected with the welfare of working children for execution through agencies in the field.

Besides, in pursuance of the recommendations of the Gurupadaswamy Committee on Child Labour, a Central Advisory Board on Child Labour has been set up to advise the Government on the problem of child labour. The State Governments and the Union Territory Administrations have been requested to also set up State/District Level Boards on Child Labour.

(b) The minimum age for entry into employment for children in different trades/activities already exists in different Central Acts including the Emyloyment of Children Act, 1938 the Factories Act, 1948, the Mines Act, 1952, the Plantations Labour Act, 1951 and the State Acts including the Shops and Establishments Act.

कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड को हुझा घाटा

634. श्री मूल खन्द डागा : क्या ऊर्जा मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि : (क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान 8 जनवरी 1984 के 'इकानामिक टाइम्स" में सी० आई० एल० लासेस टूटच रूपीज 130 करोड़ (कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड का घाटा 130 करोड़ रुपए तक होने की संभावना शीर्षक के अन्तर्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उस पर सरकार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है ;

(ग) कोयले के मूल्यों में लगातार वृद्धि होने के बावजूद घाटा होने के क्या कारण है ग्रौर इसके लिए जिम्मेदार व्यक्ति कौन है ;

(घ) क्या घाटा होने के बावजूद कोयला उत्पादन का लक्ष्य पूरा नहीं किया जा सका है ग्रीर क्या उत्पादन काफी कम हो गया है ; और

(ङ) वर्ष 1982-83 के दौरान कोयले के उत्पादन में कितनी गिरावट क्राई है और क्या वर्ष 1984-85 में कौयले के उत्पादन का लक्ष्य पुरा हो जायेगा ?

ऊर्जा मंत्रालय के कोयला विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री दलबीर सिंह) : (क) जी, हां।

(ख) और (ग) कोयले की कीमतों में हाल ही में किए गए संशोधन में ईक्विटी पूजी का प्रावधान नहीं है और मूल्य ह्रास तथा ब्याज का ग्रार्थिक भार केवल आंशिक रूप से शामिल किया गया है। राष्ट्रीय कोयला मजदूरी समभौता-III 1.1.1983 से लागू किया गया है और इसका आर्थिक भार लगभग द० 200 करोड़ प्रति वर्ष है। इन कारणों से कोल इंडिया लि० को हानि होने की संभावना है।