

Shri P. C. Borooah: May I know whether the State Governments would also participate in this corporation?

Shri Anil K. Chanda: Yes. We would welcome the States participating in this.

Shri P. C. Borooah: And also subscribe to the capital?

Shri Anil K. Chanda: Yes, Sir.

Mr. Speaker: Question No. 157.

China-Pakistan Border Agreement

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Shri Raghunath Singh:
Dr. Ram Subhag Singh:
Shri M. B. Thakore:
Shrimati Ila Palchoudhuri:
Shri Hem Raj:
Shri D. C. Sharma:
Shri Bibhuti Mishra:
Shri Khushwaqt Rai:
Shri Tridib Kumar Chaudhuri:
Shri Prakash Vir Shastri:
Shri P. C. Borooah:
Shri A. M. Tariq:
***157. Shri Assar:**
Shri Pahadia:
Shri Ajit Singh Sarhadi:
Shrimati Mafida Ahmed:
Shri N. R. Muniswamy:
Shri Ram Garib:
Shri Nath Pal:
Shri P. K. Deo:
Shri Aurobindo Ghosal:
Shri Inder J. Malhotra:
Shri Radha Raman:
Shri Shree Narayan Das:
Shri Kalika Singh:
Shri Supakar:
Shri Koratkar:
Shri Birendra Bahadur Singji:

Will the **Prime Minister** be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Pakistan's proposal for border settlement of occupied area of Jammu and Kashmir State has been accepted in principle by China as expressed by Pakistan Minister of External Affairs at Peshawar;

(b) if so, whether it is in accordance with the MacMahon line; and

(c) if not, the action taken by the Government of India in this regard?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of External Affairs (Shri

Sadath Ali Khan): (a) to (c). Government have seen press reports attributed to President and Foreign Minister of Pakistan and have sought clarification in the matter from the Government of Pakistan. As the reported statements pertain to areas of Jammu and Kashmir State only, which is illegally occupied by Pakistan, it has no relevancy to the so called "MacMahon line" which governs the eastern sector of our border line. 12 hrs.

Shri Raghunath Singh: As the matter of occupied Kashmir is pending in UNO, may I know whether Pakistan has the right to negotiate about the occupied territory with China?

The Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs (Shri Jawaharlal Nehru): According to us, they have no right.

श्री अ० सु० तारिक : जँसा कि अभी पार्लियामेंटरी सेक्रेटरी साहब ने फरमाया कि हम ने डुकूमत पाकिस्तान मे इस ब्रह्म की वजाहत तलब की है कि वह चीन के साथ क्या बातचीत कर रहा है, मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि पाकिस्तान के वजीर खारिजा का वह स्टेटमेंट हमारे और चीन के दौरान गुफतगू आया था तो हमारा यह फर्ज था कि हम चीन से इस बारे में वजाहत तलब करते तो मैं जानना चाहता हूँ कि वह वजाहत तलब की गई या नहीं ?

[जैसा کہ ابھی پارلیامنتری سکریٹری صاحب نے فرمایا کہ ہم نے حکومت پاکستان سے اس امر کی وضاحت طلب کی ہے کہ وہ چین کے ساتھ کیا بات چیت کر رہا ہے - میں یہ جاننا چاہتا ہوں کہ پاکستان کے وزیر خارجہ کا وہ اسٹیٹمنٹ ہمارے اور چین کے دوران گفتگو آیا تھا تو ہمارا یہ فرض تھا کہ ہم چین سے اس بارے میں وضاحت طلب کرتے تو میں جاننا چاہتا ہوں کہ وہ وضاحت طلب کی گئی یا نہیں -]

श्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू : जो हां, चीन से की है।

श्री अ० सु० तारिक : मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि क्या वर्जार् आज़म के पेटिस में नामनेहाद आज़ाद काश्मीर के नामनेहाद सदर का यह बयान आया है कि हम डुकूमत चान और उन के दूसरे साथियों से हथियार लेकर डुकूमत हिन्दुस्तान से आज़ाद काश्मीर को आज़ाद करायेंगे और अगर यह दुस्त है तो इस मिलविले में क्या कार्यवाई की गई है ?

[मैंने ये जानना चाहता हूँ]

क्या रज़र अज़म के नोटिस में नामनेहाद आज़ाद काश्मीर के नामनेहाद सदर का यह बयान आया है कि हम डुकूमत चान और उन के दूसरे साथियों से हथियार लेकर डुकूमत हिन्दुस्तान से आज़ाद काश्मीर को आज़ाद करायेंगे और अगर यह दुस्त है तो इस मिलविले में क्या कार्यवाई की गई है ?

श्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू : मेरी निगाह से तो यह गुजरा नहीं है लेकिन मुमकिन है ऐसी बातें किसी साहब ने वहाँ को हों क्योंकि वहाँ अक्सर गैरजम्मेदारी की बातें कही जाती हैं।

Shri Tyagi: As reported in the press, have the Chinese occupied a further chunk of Indian territory in this sector since the time the matter was entrusted to negotiation between the two official teams?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: No, Sir. Not at all, not any part, any bit. The main Chinese advances took place in 1959, not since then.

Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: Throughout the course of the discussion with the Indian officials, the Chinese official team declined to discuss anything pertaining to the boundary of Jammu and Kashmir beyond the Karakoram range. May I know whether this indicates that the statement given by

Mr. Qadir is full of meaning and that China has entered into some sort of agreement with Pakistan?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I think the answer that has been given is quite adequate. It answers all these questions. I cannot know what secret parleys or other things may have taken place, but I do not think there is anything beyond these vague statements made on behalf of Pakistan by the Foreign Minister of Pakistan, and, to some extent, by the President. I do not think anything has happened beyond those statements, but I cannot obviously answer on behalf of Pakistan or on behalf of China.

Shri Nath Pai: There is a complaint of the Government of India lying with the United Nations against Pakistan's aggression in Kashmir. Now, Pakistan is trying to present a fait accompli by reaching an agreement with another aggressor against India. In the light of this, will this effort to sidetrack the authority of the United Nations by Pakistan be brought to the notice of the Security Council?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I am not quite sure that that is worth while or desirable in the circumstances. We have informed Pakistan about it; in fact, we have asked them for an explanation. For us to run to the Security Council every time Pakistan says something that we object to may not be desirable. We sometimes do go up there. I am not clear in my mind, but we shall consider this matter.

Shri Ranga: How is it that we have not sent any protest to China on coming to know about these developments? We were told that we sent a note to Pakistan. Why is it we have not done the same thing so far as China is concerned, especially when the Chinese officials refused to discuss that side of the question?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: Considering that we are protesting to China all along the line, merely telling them or asking them about this is not clear to me. We are protesting about their whole attitude in regard to this. These

were speeches made by high authorities in Pakistan. So, we asked them.

Shri Ranga: Till now the dispute had been only between China and India and Pakistan was not brought into the picture at all. When for the first time the Chinese officials refuse to discuss this question with our representatives, is it not time for the Government to lodge a protest against this?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: We may lodge a protest, but what I am venturing to suggest is this. This question of the territory west of Karakorum did not arise in our discussions with the Chinese officials, not directly; indirectly, the whole border has been considered. Therefore, it did not arise precisely then. The hon. Member will see that we have clarified the whole boundary. Although we have clarified that in the report of the officials, we may consider what further steps we should take in this matter.

श्री विभूति मिश्र : मैं जानना चाहता हूँ कि क्या हमारे प्रधान मंत्री महोदय को अपने डिप्लोमेटिक सोलैज से कुछ पता चला है कि चीन और पाकिस्तान का समझौता हो गया है या अभी समझौता होने की बातचीत चल रही है ?

श्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू : अरे साहब समझौता होना तो बहुत दूर की बात है. बातचीत भी नहीं हुई है. ऐसा मेरा ग्यान्स है।

Shri Joachim Alva: We addressed a communication to the Pakistan Government in this regard. Have we got a reply? Or, do we know from our diplomatic channels whether a reply is on the way?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: We have received no reply, but in the public press, as far as I remember, President Ayub Khan has stated somewhere in a speech, I think in Dacca, that they have every right to deal with any country they like and discuss their border.

श्री प्राकाशवीर शास्त्री : क्या मैं जान सकता हूँ कि भारत सरकार ने पाकिस्तान स्थित अपने हाई कमिश्नर से इस बात का आह किया है कि वह वहाँ पाकिस्तान सरकार से मिल कर सम्बन्ध में जानकारी ले कि सीधे चीन से इस सम्बन्ध में वह क्यों बातचीत कर रहे हैं ?

श्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू : जी हाँ यही तो किया है। यहाँ उस के बारे में पाकिस्तान के हाई कमिश्नर साहब से कहा है और वहाँ अपने हाई कमिश्नर से कहा है कि इस को जानना चाहिये।

Shri Hem Barua: In relation to the McMahon Line, regarding which a treaty has been signed with China by Burma, the Prime Minister of Burma has said that that frontier would be settled when India settled her problem with China. May I know whether Pakistan has said anything of that sort or not? The President of Pakistan has said that he wants to enter into an agreement with China, and China has also agreed to that indirectly by refusing to discuss the problem with us as evidenced in the official report.

Mr. Speaker: What is the question?

Shri Hem Barua: I want to know whether this has been brought to the notice of the President of Pakistan that unless we enter into an agreement with China and settle our dispute, Pakistan has no right to make any statement or enter into any agreement with China?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: The hon. Member is completely confused. This has nothing to do with the McMahon line. This is a thousand miles away from the McMahon line.

Shri Hem Barua: I brought about an analogy only. About the McMahon Line the Prime Minister of Burma has said that this frontier would be settled when India settles her frontier with China. I know where the McMahon line lies.

Mr. Speaker: He ought not to make a speech.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I have given a day or two ago a full reply to this particular point, of this tri-corner where Burma's, India's and China's frontiers come together. I cannot go into every question in a supplementary reply. My reply is quite clear. The hon. Member may refer to it.

Shri Hem Barua: I am completely misunderstood, and I want your protection, Sir.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: May I say one thing? Just now I said in reply to a question that we had protested to Pakistan through their High Commissioner here. The correct position is that our High Commissioner to Pakistan has met the Foreign Secretary there and protested.

Shri Hem Barua: My contention is this. U-Nu had the courtesy and the grace to say that the frontier about which Burma had entered into an agreement with China would be settled when India settled her frontier with China. My question is whether that arises or not here.

Mr. Speaker: The Question Hour is over.

Shri Hem Barua: The Prime Minister is willing to answer.

Mr. Speaker: No. He said he had already answered many times.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

तिब्बत को सिकियांग से मिलाने के लिये रेलवे लाइन

*१४१. श्री म० सा० द्विवेदी : क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करें कि :

(क) क्या सरकार को यह मालूम है कि चीनी कम्युनिस्ट तिब्बत को सिकियांग से मिलाने के लिए एक रेलवे लाइन बनाने की योजना तैयार कर रहे हैं ;

(ब) क्या यह भी सच है कि भारतीय सीमा पर ज़नात सेना को और भी बढ़ाया जा रहा है ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो सरकार इस संबंध में क्या कार्रवाई कर रही है ?

वैदेशिक कार्य उपमंत्री (श्रीमती लक्ष्मी मेनन): (क) सरकार के पास कोई सूचना नहीं है।

(ख) और (ग). यह सार्वजनिक हित में नहीं होगा कि इस सूचना को सदन में प्रकट किया जाए।

Indian Embassies Abroad

*155. { Shri Rajeshwar Patel:
Shri Morarka:
Shri Assar:

Will the Prime Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether steps have been taken for effecting substantial economies in our Embassies abroad; and

(b) if so, with what results?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of External Affairs (Shri Sadath Ali Khan): (a) Yes.

(b) The figures of economy effected are as follows:—

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| (i) High Commission for India, London. | Rs. 8,13,000/-
per annum. |
| (ii) Other Indian Missions and Posts abroad (For 2½ years from April 1958 to Sept. 1960). | Rs. 51,42,045/- |

Nagas

*156. { Shrimati Mafida Ahmed:
Shri P. C. Borooah:

Will the Prime Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a batch of fifty Nagas crossed the border check