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Shri Kodiyan: Pending agreement of the concerned parties to reactivise the International Commission for Supervision in Laos, may I know whether there is any interim proposal to send neutral observers to that country?

Shri Jawaharlai Nehru: There are many proposals.

Shri Joachim Alva: There has been a reappraisal of the situation in Washington since President Kennedy has been installed in office. He has also had the benefit of consulting his own Ambassador last week. May I know whether there has been any change from the time the critical situation in Laos started in the U.S. attitude in regard to the setting up of the International Commission?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I believe it is true that the new administration in the United States has been considering these various important problems and have been evolving what might be called new policies, but it is not clear to me yet what the new policy in regard to Laos is.

श्री ग्र**० मु० तारिकः** क्या यह दुरुस्त है कि लाग्नोस को एक ऐभा इ ताका करार दिया गया है कि ग्रगर लाग्नोम में किसी किस्म का फिसाद बरपा हो तो सीटो पावर्ष उसमें मुदाखलत करेंगो ग्रीर ग्रगर यह दुरुस्त है तो मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि टु कुमत बरतानिया जो सीटो पावर्स का चेयरमैंन है ग्रीर बरता-निया दिलचस्पी रखता है लाग्नोम के मामले मे, उसे कैंसे गवारा किया गया है एज ऐ चेयरमैंन ?

[کها یه درست هے که اللوس کو ایک ایسا علاقه قرار دیا گها هے که اگر اللوس • یس کسی قسم کا فساد برپا هو تو سهلاو پاورز اس میں مداخلت عریلگی اور اگر یه درست هے تو مهن جاندا چاهاتا هوں که حکومت برطانیه جو سیلٹو یاورز کا چھرمین ہے۔ اور برطانیہ دلچسپی رکھتا ہے الٹوس کے معاملے میں اسے کیسے گوارا کیا گیا ہے ایزاے چھرمین-]

भी जवाहरलाल नेहरूः स्वात में समझ नहीं पाया हूं। ग्रयर जरा भोर मुवतसिर कहें तो ज्यादा समझ में भाये शायद ।

Mr. Speaker: Next Question. Now, Question No. 3.

Shri S. M. Banerjee: May I request that Question No. 12 may also be taken up along with this?

Shrimati Mafida Ahmed: May I submit that Question No. 22 may also be taken up along with this question?

Shri Harish Chandra Mathur: The three questions are very different from each other. If they are clubbed together, it would become difficult to ask supplementary questions.

Mr. Speaker: Let the hon. Minister reply to Question No. 3. Then, let us see.

## Naga People's Convention

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•3.	Shri Harish Chandra Mathur: Shrimati Ila Palchoudhuri: Shri S. A. Mehdi: Shri Ram Krishan Gupta: Shri Vidya Charan Shukla: Shri Vidya Charan Shukla: Shri Shree Narayan Das: Shri Bacha Raman: Shri Banba Raman: Shri Prakash Vir Shastri: Shri P rakash Vir Shastri: Shri P. C. Sharma: Shri D. C. Sharma: Shri Hem Barua: Shri Hem Barua: Shri Bibhuti Mishra: Shri Pahadia: Sardar Iqbal Singh:
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Will the **Prime Minister** be pleased to state:

(a) what progress has been made in implementing the agreement with Naga People's Convention; (b) what renewed steps are being taken to deal with Naga Hostiles more effectively; and

(c) whether those who raided Convention President's House have been brought to book?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of External Affairs (Shri J. N. Hazarika): (a) A Regulation to make transitional provisions for the administration of Nagaland was promulgated on the 24th January last. Under this Regulation, an Interim Body of 45 members chosen by election from the tribes in Nagaland and an Executive Council of not more than 5 members are to be set up to assist and advise the Governor of the administration of Nagaland. The Interim Body is due to be inaugurated by the Governor of Assam in the next few days.

(b) Patrolling has been intensified. More villagers are voluntarily coming forward to give information about the hostile movement. Some overground agents of the hostiles have also been arrested and will be **deal**t with according to law.

(c) It was not possible to effect their arrest as they disappreared in the jungle immediately after their "raid".

Shri Harish Chandra Mathur: May I know whether Government have reoriented their policy regarding the question of dealing with the hostiles who continue to make more trouble now, and if so, may I know the firm line of action which Government are going to take to deal with them?

The Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs (Shri Jawaharlai Nehru): I do not think there has been any reorientation of the policy as such. The basic policy remains the same. As the answer to this question has pointed out, there were certain agreements arrived at with the Naga People's Convention which consisted of representatives of the elected body, and we are giving effect to them. This is the first step. Other steps will follow.  $A_S$  for dealing with the hostiles, we are dealing with them also on the military plane. These are the two aspects of it. And the rest is the implementation or the various details of implementation of these policies.

Shri Vidya Charan Shukla: With reference to part (b) of the question, may I know what efforts Government have made to get back the three or four of our airmen who are still held as captives by the Nagas, and whether any progress has been made in this matter?

Mr. Speaker: I think that is the subject-matter of Question No. 22.

Shri Vidya Charan Shukla: Part (b) of this question refers to the activities of the hostile Nagne.

Shri Jawaharial Nehru: The efforts can only be on the military plane. In fact, any effective steps can only be on that plane, and I can hardly indicate them. But I regret to say that these efforts have not succeeded yet, that is, those airmen are still in the custody of the hostiles.

Shri S. A. Mehdi: May I know whether there has been any change in the attitude of these hostiles or the other Naga people after this Ordinance?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: There is no change in the last few days. I think, day after tomorrow, this new order in the Nagaland is going to be inaugurated. It was to have been inaugurated yesterday, but the Naga leaders came to the conclusion that yesterday was not an auspicious day. So, it is postponed for three days, and I think it is going to be inaugurated on the 18th instt.

Shrimati Mafida Ahmed: In view of the fact that the Naga People's Convention representatives assured the Government of India that acceptance of their demand would help them to pacify the hostiles. In this context, may I know whether Government are aware of the latest declaration made by the president of the Naga People's 49

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Convention on 2nd February in Shillong that there cannot be any question of persuading the hostiles, and 'if they wanted to fight, it would be given'? And when the interim administration is going to function shortly, may I know who will be directly responsible to curb the hostiles, the advisory council or the Government of India?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I had not particularly seen that report of the statement of Dr. Imkongliba Ao. But, I suppose that what the hon. lady Member has read out confirms what he had said previously, that is to say, apparently, he has said that these hostiles will have to be dealt with sternly, both by Government and by them. I cannot divide the authority. Essentially, it is a matter for the Government and the military forces who fight to deal with-people have to be dealt with in that wayand from that very statement it appears that the Naga Convention people will support them.

Shri Raghunath Singh: Since the acceptance of the demand for a Nagaland, may I know whether the cases of arson, looting and killing have increased?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: Yes, there have been quite a number of cases like this, following that, and possibly as a result of that. That is, one may consider them as acts of desperation, because the change has come in and they want to put difficulties in the way, if we may interpert it in that way. It is a fact that there have been a number of petty cases like this.

Shri Hem Barua: May I know whether Government have taken steps by now to ascertain the truth of the news item that appeared in The Sunday Observer of the 4th December, 1960, to the effect that through the Indoborder, China is giving Burma machine-guns here and ammunitions there to the Naga hostiles, and if so. what is the information of Government in this regard?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: No, I am not aware. We have no proof of any arms like that coming to the Nagas from China.

राजा महेन्द्र प्रतापः क्या में पूछ सकतत हं कि जो **मं**ग्रेजी पादरी साहब माए थे मौर जो की जो के नमायन्दे थे, उनका क्या ग्रसर पडा है ग्रीर पड लकता है हमारे इस मसले f τρ

श्री जवाहर लाल नेहरू : हमारे ऊपर तो कोई ग्रमर पडा नहीं, ग्रोर लोगों के ऊपर क्या ग्रसर पडा हा उसका में जवाब दे नहीं नकता ।

Shri P. C. Borooah: May I know whether Government have any information to the effect that most of the Nagas who appear outwardly loyal are actually supporters of the hostiles?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: That statement can hardly be true. Otherwise, they would not have gone through the trouble of having tribal elections for this Convention; and now, the other elections have taken place for the advisory council.

Shri Hem Barua: May I know the reasons for this intensification of the activities of the hostiles of late? Is it because they do not support....

Mr. Speaker: The hon. Minister has already replied that they are trying to do this in a spirit of desperation so as to prevent the inauguration of the Interim Body.

Shri Hem Barua: That means that they do not support this new set-up...

Mr. Speaker: That is not to be argued out during the Question Hour.

Shri Harish Chandra Mathur: May I know whether there is any demarcation of duties and responsibilities between the Central Government and the Governor of Assam in dealing with the hostile Nagas, and whether it is a fact that the Governor feels sometimes hesitant in taking action, not knowing the mind of the Centre?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: There is no demarcation. The Governor as the agent of the Central Government carries them out.

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Shri Kalika Singh: May I know the approximate number of Naga people who are still opposed to the ushering in of the new State of Nagaland?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: We have not had a census of it.

Mr. Speaker: Question No. 3. Shri Prakash Vir Shastri.

Shri Khushwaqt Rai: May I request that you may allow Question No. 38 also to be answered along with Question No. 3?

Mr. Speaker: Are the two questions connected?

Shri Raghunath Singh: Question No. 23 dealing with the China-Bhutan border may also be answered with these.

Mr. Speaker: Question No. 38 deals with fresh Chinese incursions into Indian territory.

Shri Jawaharlal Nebru: There is no connection between them.

Mr. Speaker: Shri Prakash Vir Shastri.

## भारत-ज्ञेन सीमा-विवाद

श्वी प्रकाझबीर झास्त्री : पंडित डा० ना० तिवारी : श्वी बी० चं० झर्मा : श्वी सर्च, दर्शन : श्वी प्रखूंन सिंह भवौरिया : श्वी राम कृष्ण गुप्त : श्वी प्र० गं० देव : श्वी स० ग्र० मेहवी : श्वी सामारायम दास :

भी राषा रमण : भी विद्या चरण शुक्ल : श्री पहाडियाः थी झासरः श्री वाजपेयीः श्री मजीत सिंह सरहवी : श्री सूपकार ः श्वी शिव्वन लाल सक्सेनाः : श्री खुज्ञवक्त रायः श्री विश्वनाथ राय : श्री प्र० चं० बरूग्राः श्रीमो० ब० ठाकूरः श्री हेम बरूग्राः श्री प्र० के० देव ः श्री वीरेन्द्र बहादूर सिंह जीः | श्री कालिका सिंहः

क्या **प्रधान मंत्री** यह बनाने की कुणा करेंगे कि :

(क) भारत-चीरु सीमा-विवाद के सम्बन्ध में रंगून में चल रही बातचीत समाप्त होने के बाद क्या कोई मौर प्रगति हई है;

(ख) क्या बातचीत बिल्कुल खत्म कर दी गई है ग्रयवा उसके किमी भीर रूप में ग्रागे बढने की संभावना है;

(ग) क्या सरकार भारत-चीन-सीमा-विवाद को हल करने के लिये पहले हुई बैठकों का सारांश सभा-पटल पर रखेगी; मौर

(घ) इस सम्बन्ध में कुल कितनी बैठकें हुईं ग्रीर उन पर कितना व्यय हग्रा?

वैदेशिक कार्य उपमंत्री (भीमती सक्सी मेनन): (क) से (ग). सरकारी दलों ने जो रिपोर्ट पेश की थी, उसे १४ फरवरी, १९६१ को सदन की मेज पर रख दिया गया है। सरकार यह विचार कर रही है कि इम मामले में आगे क्या कदम उठाए जायें।