

Fisheries Research Institutes are functioning :

1. Central Marine Fisheries Research Institute, Cochin.
2. Central Institute of Fisheries Technology, Cochin.
3. Central Inland Fisheries Research Institute, Barrackpore.
4. Central Institute of Fisheries Education, Bombay.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) A Central Coordination Committee on National Fisheries Survey has been set up for coordinating fisheries resource survey by various agencies. Government of India have also constituted a management committee for proper management and coordination of various activities of the three fisheries organisations namely Exploratory Fisheries Project, Integrated Fisheries Project and Central Institute of Fisheries. Nautical and Engineering Training.

Consultative Committee have been set up in each of the projects to established coordination between the fishery industry and the projects.

The work of four fisheries institutes as well as the work of four ICAR All India Coordinated Research Projects are coordinated by I.C.A.R.

Demand of Fertilizers by States

5495. SHRI K. MALLANNA : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to lay a statement showing :

(a) the quantum of different types of fertilizers demanded by various States during the last three years;

(b) the details of allocations of different types of fertilizers made to each State; and

(c) the quantum of fertilizers imported from foreign countries ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA) :

(a) and (b) A statement indicating the requirements of fertilisers asked for by the States and the allocation of fertilisers made to them on the basis of Agronomic requirements and their past performance for the last three years, is attached.

(c) The quantum of fertilisers imported during the last three years is given below :-

(Quantity in lakh tonnes NPK)

Year	Import
1980-81	27.59
1981-82	20.41
1982-83	10.23
(Up-to February, 1983).	

Statement

Requirements of fertilizers asked for by States and allocations of fertilisers made to them in 1980-81, 1981-82 and 1982-83.

(In lakh tonnes of NPK)

Sl. No.	State	Requirement asked for			Allocation made		
		1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1980-81	1981 82	1982-83
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Andhra Pradesh	13.32	14.83	13.96	7.05	7.79	7.24
2.	Kerela	1.32	1.22	1.20	1.11	1.21	1.19
3.	Karnataka	4.92	5.03	5.01	4.31	4.77	4.22

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4. Tamil Nadu	6.14	6.05	6.87	5.85	5.71	6.25	
5. Gujarat	4.52	4.34	4.53	3.95	4.18	4.70	
6. M. Pradesh	2.51	2.70	3.64	2.71	3.01	3.11	
7. Maharashtra	5.50	5.55	6.90	4.88	6.02	5.62	
8. Rajasthan	2.26	3.07	2.49	2.05	2.11	2.07	
9. Haryana	3.30	2.99	3.30	2.51	3.24	2.67	
10. Punjab	8.87	8.60	8.95	8.05	9.36	8.15	
11. U.P.	12.66	14.02	14.62	15.48	14.85	15.57	
12. Himachal Pradesh	0.33	0.32	0.28	0.35	0.33	0.23	
13. J & K	0.37	0.62	0.52	0.40	0.55	0.42	
14. Assam	0.17	0.11	0.23	0.31	0.24	0.22	
15. Bihar	2.71	2.92	3.25	3.39	2.89	2.70	
16. Orissa	1.12	1.64	1.33	1.09	1.08	1.06	
17. West Bengal	3.50	4.40	3.75	3.71	4.37	3.97	
18. Others	2.05	1.69	2.23	2.29	2.25	2.40	
All India	75.57	80.10	83.06	69.49	73.96	71.79	

High Yielding Varieties of Rice and Wheat Developed by I.C.A.R.

5496. SHRI K. MALLANNA :
Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) what steps have been taken by the ICAR, regarding the high yielding variety of rice or wheat during last three years;

(b) if so, the details regarding the high yielding new variety of rice/wheat introduced on massive and experimental scale as well as the response of farmers;

(c) the details regarding the progress in production while comparing it to other varieties of rice or wheat; and

(d) the steps taken by Government

to popularise it in the country and extend the facilities for the small farmers also ?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (RAO BIRENDRA SINGH) :
(a) and (b) One of the major objectives of research conducted by ICAR, is to develop high yielding of crop plants. The research for this purpose, is organised through the All India Coordinated Crop Improvement Projects which bring together the efforts made by scientists of different disciplines and Institutes/Universities. As a result of the efforts made in this direction, several varieties of the two major food grains crops of the country *i.e.* wheat and rice, have been released by the Central Sub-Committee on Release of Varieties (CSCRV) during the past three years and are listed below :—