

(c) It is considered necessary to set up a separate training centre on a satisfactory and permanent basis.

Educational Institutions of Tripura

2510. **Shri Dasaratha Deb:** Will the Minister of Education be pleased to state:

(a) how many Educational Institutions in Tripura have now been kept under the direct control of the Education Directorate of Tripura Administration;

(b) how many posts of Deputy Directors of Education for the subjects like Youth and Women's Programme etc. have been created and filled up under the Education Directorate since 1955;

(c) whether any investigation has been made to ascertain specifically whether retention of the Education Directorate in its present set-up after handing over of bulk of educational activity to the Tripura Territorial Council has led to any administrative economy or otherwise in Tripura; and

(d) if so, what are the findings?

The Minister of Education (Dr. K. L. Shrimall): (a) 15 Educational Institutions and 378 Social Education Centres.

(b) Two.

(c) and (d). The staff position in the Education Directorate was reviewed after the transfer of educational institutions upto the Secondary stage to the Territorial Council and only such staff as is absolutely necessary for maintaining administrative efficiency has been retained. This has resulted in considerable economy in expenditure. The surplus staff has either been surrendered or transferred to the Territorial Council.

Cost of Turning and Boring Scrap

2511. **Shri K. U. Parmar:** Will the Minister of Steel, Mines and Fuel be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for the disparity in controlled prices between Ingot Mould

Scrap which is priced at Rs. 210.00 per ton and No. I Cast Iron Scrap which is priced at Rs. 100.00 per ton under the Scrap Price Control Circular No. 5 of 1957 dated 3rd August, 1957 issued by the Iron and Steel Controller;

(b) the basis on which the controlled price for turning and boring scrap is fixed at Rs. 25.00 per ton;

(c) whether the turning and boring scrap fetches over Rs. 160.00 per ton in Japan and other countries; and

(d) the steps Government propose to take to revise the scrap prices and remove the existing disparities in prices of different grades of scrap?

The Minister of Steel, Mines and Fuel (Sardar Swaran Singh): (a) The difference in price is due to quality. Ingot mould is almost pure pig iron while cast iron melting scrap is inferior in quality. There is only a price difference of Rs. 75 per ton between the Col. I price of ingot mould and the C.I. melting scrap Grade I. Rs. 210 per ton mentioned by the Member is the maximum Col. III price chargeable by the Stockist and includes breaking charges and the remuneration of the stockist.

(b) and (c). The price mentioned by the Member is the ex-works selling price in India. Borings and turnings are mild steel melting scrap of much smaller sizes than those which are usually charged in the Electric Furnaces in the country. These are offered to the furnace owners in the first instance and such of stocks as are found unutilisable is licenced for export. To arrive at an estimate of the C.I.F. price in Japan, the Railway freight, cost of loading and incidental charges in the port, ocean freight to Japan and also the element of profit of the exporter have to be added to the ex-works price in India. It is not known whether borings and turnings fetch such a high price as Rs. 160 per ton in Japan.

(d) No special steps are necessary. The main end-products of melting

scrap are castings and rolled sections of steel. Any increase in the price of melting scrap will obviously reflect on the price of the end-products also.

M.E.S. Workshops

2512. **Shri S. M. Bamerjee:** Will the Minister of Defence be pleased to state

(a) whether some of the M.E.S. Workshops were closed down after Partition in 1947,

(b) if so, the reasons for the closure;

(c) the number of workshops so closed in Northern and Western Commands, and

(d) number functioning in these Commands at present?

The Deputy Minister of Defence (Sardar Majithia): (a) to (d) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Lok Sabha as soon as it is available.

Families of Indian Officers in Pakistan

2513. **Shri Daljit Singh:** Will the Minister of Defence be pleased to state the number of Indian military officers who have sent their families to reside in Pakistan as citizens of Pakistan?

The Minister of Defence (Shri Krishna Menon): No such cases have come to the notice of Government.

Schemes for Broadbasing Primary Education

2514. **Sardar Iqbal Singh:** Will the Minister of Education be pleased to state

(a) the cut made in the original allotment to States for carrying out schemes for broadbasing primary education during the Second Five Year Plan period, and

(b) how far this cut will affect the target of literacy in different States?

The Minister of Education (Dr. K. L. Sharma): (a) The distribution

of funds amongst various Sectors, after a reappraisal of the Second Five Year Plan, has not yet been finalised.

(b) So far as can be judged at present, it is not likely to affect the target of literacy adversely.

Poppy Cultivation

2515. **Shri Daljit Singh:** Will the Minister of Finance be pleased to state the total area of land under Poppy Cultivation during 1958 (State-wise)?

The Minister of Finance (Shri. Morarji Desai): A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT

Statement showing the area of land under Poppy Cultivation during the season 1958-59 (State-wise).

Name of State	Acres
Uttar Pradesh	18,907
Madhya Pradesh	34,399
Rajasthan	21,902
TOTAL	75,208

कुतुब मीनार के निकट बांधे गए पुराने सिक्के

२५१६ बी भक्त इरॉन क्या वैज्ञानिक गवेषण और सांस्कृतिक कार्य मंत्री १७ फर, बरी, १९५९ के ताराकित प्रश्न सख्या ३६३ के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की कृपा करने कि दिल्ली में कुतुब मीनार के निकट जो पुराने सिक्के प्राप्त हुए थे, उन के अध्ययन के फलस्वरूप क्या प्रकाश पड़ता है ?

वैज्ञानिक गवेषण और सांस्कृतिक कार्य-मंत्री (बी हुजूम कबीर) इन में से कुछ सिक्के कबीर के राठीड राजा मोबिन्द चन्द्र देव ने (ईसवी सन् ११२०-६० के लगभग) बसाये थे। बाकी मोहम्मद घोर (लगभग ईसवी १२ बी शताब्दी के अन्त) के हैं। इन पर मुहन-अध-बिन-सय नाम लिखा है।