

के कुशल इकट्ठे किये जा रहे हैं और उनके आचार पर कुछ धीरे नकलें बनाये जायेंगे। इसके बाद इन सब में से लगभग ५० बुने हुये नकलें मैन्युअल (Manual) के संशोधन संस्करण में छापे जायेंगे।

(ब) अनुमान है कि पुस्तक इस वर्ष के अन्त तक प्रकाशित हो जायेगी।

Messrs. Atic Industries (Private) Limited

1816. Shri V. P. Nayar: Will the Minister of Commerce and Industry be pleased to state:

(a) whether a three crore project is under construction for the Manufacture of Vat Dyes for Indian Textile Industries by Messrs. Atic Industries (Private) Limited;

(b) whether this company is a combination of Messrs. Atul Products Ltd. and the Imperial Chemical Industries; and

(c) if so, the nature of financial participation of each?

The Minister of Commerce and Industry (Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri):

(a) to (c). Messrs. Atic Industries (Private) Ltd., a joint enterprise of Messrs. Imperial Chemical Industries and Messrs. Atul Products Ltd., have already started production of Vat Jad Green Dyes. Their authorised capital is Rs. 5 crores of which Rs. 1.20 crores has been paid up. This has been subscribed by these firms in equal proportion. Their licensed capacity for Vat Dyes is 6,49,000 lbs. and for Solubilised Dyes 6,110 lbs. per month. It is understood that the two firms are in further negotiations with a view to develop the manufacture of other range of dyes. Details are not yet available.

Export of Pepper and Cashew Kernels

1817. Shri Ram Krishan: Will the Minister of Commerce and Industry be pleased to state the detailed measures taken by Government to promote the export of pepper and cashew kernels?

The Minister of Commerce and Industry (Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri): Measures taken by the Government to promote the export of Pepper and Cashew Kernels are:—

1. In May, 1955 the Central Government constituted the Cashew & Pepper Export Promotion Council to undertake various measures for the promotion of trade with foreign countries in the two commodities. The Council is being given substantial financial assistance by way of grant-in-aid by the Central Government.

2. The Council has participated in the Exhibitions held in the following countries:—

- (i) East Germany (twice);
- (ii) Gold Coast, Africa;
- (iii) Czechoslovakia;
- (iv) West Germany (twice);
- (v) Yugoslavia;
- (vi) Italy (four times);
- (vii) Japan;
- (viii) U.S.A. (thrice);
- (ix) Poland;
- (x) Syria;
- (xi) France;
- (xii) Sweden;
- (xiii) China;
- (xiv) Khartum.

3. Samples of Cashew Kernels and Pepper have been displayed in Government showrooms abroad and free distribution of Samples has been arranged through Indian Missions.

Publicity is being arranged in foreign countries through distribu-

tion of printed literature, leaflets etc. Press advertisements are also released.

4. In August, 1956, a Trade Delegation consisting of four Members of the Council was sent to the Central European countries for surveying new markets and developing existing ones.

5. The Council has been publishing a monthly pamphlet under the caption 'Cashew and Pepper Bulletin' containing useful information which may enable the exporters to enter into contracts with foreign buyers at advantageous prices.

6. Efforts are being made through the State Trading Corporation to find new markets to diversify the export Trade. New Markets in U.S.S.R., East and West Germany, Sweden, France and Switzerland have been located for Cashew Kernels and in East Germany, Denmark, Switzerland, Rumania, Poland and Czechoslovakia for pepper.

7. The Council has engaged entomologists for regular inspection of cashew factories, godowns etc. in order to help in the maintenance of proper hygienic conditions, to suggest remedial and preventive measures for control of pests, and to supervise fumigation of plants and equipment where necessary. These steps are likely to ensure better quality of goods and less complaints from foreign buyers.

8. The Council is collaborating with American Spices and Trade Associations to promote export of Indian Pepper by publicising good points of Indian Pepper.

9. Import quotas of raw cashew-nuts for purposes of export are liberally given to Actual Users who are also exporters.

10. The Government have recently evolved a Scheme for allotment of Replenishment Quotas of tin plate for tin containers used in the export of Cashew Kernels.

11. Both Cashew Kernels and Pepper have been included in the list of items to be exported from India under Trade Agreements entered into with Austria, Chile, Finland, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, U.S.S.R. and Yugoslavia. Cashew Kernels have also been included in Trade Agreements with Norway and Sweden. Pepper has similarly been included in Trade Agreements with Bulgaria, Burma, Czechoslovakia, Egypt, Iraq, Italy, Rumania and North Vietnam.

Industrial Centres

1816. Shri Ram Krishna: Will the Minister of Labour and Employment be pleased to state the number and names of Industrial Centres selected by the Government of India for conducting family budget enquiries?

The Deputy Minister of Labour (Shri Abid Ali): The information is as follows:—

State	Factory Workers	Mines Workers	Plantation Workers
Assam.	1. Dighoi (including Tinsukia).	..	1. Labac. 2. Rangapara North. 3. Mariain. 4. Doom Dooms
Bihar.	2. Jamshedpur. 3. Moghyr—Jamalpur.	1. Jharia. 2. Kodarma. 3. Naomundi.