Berhampore because it draws inspiration from a leftist political party;

- (c) if so, details thereof;
- (d) whether he has received representations requesting him not to shift the Headquarters and also not to withdraw recognition of the union; and
 - (e) if so, action taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI KHURSHEED ALAM KHAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) No, Sir.
- (c) Does not arise.
- (d) and (e). In view of the answers for (b) & (c) (d) & (e) do not arise in so far as recognition of the employees association at Berhampore is concerned.

As regards the shifting of the Headquarters of Central Silk Board from Bombay to Bangalore, representations have been received. Although the proposal to shift the Headquarters was not considered feasible earlier due to these representations and the views of the Government of Maharashtra, after careful consideration of all aspects of the matter, have now come to the conclusion that in the longterm and over-all interest of development of Sericulture Industry in the Country, the Head quarters of the Silk Board should be shifted to Bangalore from Bombay

छोटे समाचार पत्रों को उत्पादन शुल्क से छुट दिया जाना

1846. श्री एतः के शेषवलकरः क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(व) क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार व्वारा समाचार पत्रों पर लगाए गए 15 प्रतिशत उत्पावन-शुल्क से छोटे समाचार पत्रों को छूट दिखे जाने के बारे में संसद्ध में कोई वास्त्रासन दिखा गया था; और 1618 LS-4 (ब) मदि हा, तो इस संबंध में क्या कार्यवाही की गई है?

वित्त मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (भी सवाई सिंह सिसाँदिया): (क) तथा (द). देश में आयात किए जाने वाले सभी तरह के अखबारी कागजों पर, आयातकर्ताबों की श्रेणी का ध्यान रखे विना, मूल्यानुसार सीमाञ्चलक 15 प्रतिश्चत (10 प्रतिश्वत) मूल + 5 प्रतिश्वत उपसंगी की दर से उद्ब्रहणीय है।

वित्त मंत्री ने बित्त विधेयक पर विचार करते समय यह घोषणा की थी कि भारतीय राज्य व्यापार निगम दुवारा विभेदी मल्य की एक एरेसी योजना बनाई जायेगी । जिसको तहत छोटे समाचार पत्रों द्वारा आयातित अखबारी कागज पर अदा किए जाने बाले मूल्य पर कोई आयात शूल्क नहीं लगेगा; मध्यम स्तर के समाचार पत्रों द्वारा अदा किए जाने वाले मूल्य पर केवल 5 प्रतिशत के हिसाब से आयात शुल्क लगेगा और बड़े समाचार-पत्रों द्वारा अदा किए जाने बाले मुल्य पर मृल्यानुसार 15 प्रतिशत समस्त शुलक लगेगा । इस तरह से, छाटे समाचार-पत्रों को पूर्ण राहत दोने और मध्यम स्तर के समाचार-पत्रों को आशिक राहत देने का लक्ष्य बनाया गया था । राज्य व्यापार निगम ने उक्त निर्णय को लागू करते हुए 22-6-1981 को एक विभेदी मूल्य योजना की घोषणा की है।

Probe into Gold Auction

1847. SHRI K. P. SINGH DEO:

SHRI R. R. BHOLE:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news-item appearing in the "Hindustan Times" dated 26th June, 1981 wherein the former Reserve Bank Governor who probed into gold auction cases has sought a fresh probe into the gold auction done by the Janata Government:
- (b) whether it is also a fact that out of 1100 bidders all did not have enough

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financial standing to bid and they were mere name lenders in relation to these purchases;

- (c) whether it is also a fact that out of the amount debited to the financers' account, Rs. 26 crore had been debited to 20 individuals and firms alone; and
- (d) if the above facts are true, whether Government would institute a full probe into the whole affairs of gold auction to find out whether it had gone to help a few families and not the small goldsmiths or the public?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI SWAISINGH SISODIA): (a) The Government has noticed the news-item.

(b) to (d). In para 1.5 of Shri K. R. Puri's Report on the sale by auctions in 1978 of gold held on Government Account it has been stated that in view of the inherent limitations under which he had to work the Government may like to pursue the matter indicated by him in para 14.7 of the Report through the concerned authorities

In paras 14.5 to 14.7 it is stated that on enquiry it has been noticed that the sale of 5.6 tonnes of gold valued at Rs 37.4 crores had been shown against 1101 bidders. Out of the above mentioned quantity of gold, around 4 tonnes of gold valued at Rs. 26.7 crores was financed by a group of 20 individuals/firms (in the report referred to as syndicate). The balance of 1.6 tonnes of gold valued at Rs. 10.7 crores was purchased by the bidders through finances procured by them. The syndicate made a direct purchase of 0.17 tonnes of gold valued at Rs. 1.14 crores by participating in the auctions. It has been observed that the financing by the syndicate was made possible by the active connivance and assistance of a group of financially strong and powerful bullion merchants of Bombay. It is accordingly stated that a prima facie strong suspicion is created that the 1101 bidders had been mere name lenders in relation to the purchase of around 4 tonnes of gold valued at Rs. 26.7 crores and the above mentioned quantity of gold can be said to have been cornered by the syndicate.

To enable the Government to make further investigations, Shri Puri has forwarded a secret note containing various details. The information furnished in this note is being passed on to the Investigative agencies of the Department of Revenue for further action. In the interest of effective investigation, it is not expedient to disclose the details. Appropriate action would be taken under the respective laws on the basis of the results of these investigations.

Fixation of Quota for Garment Export

1848. SHRI MUKUNDA MANDAL: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state the basis, system and policy adopted to fix quota for garment export for Calcutta, Bombay, Delhi, Madras Bangalore and Jaipur?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI KHURSHEED ALAM KHAN): The policy for allotment of quota for exports of garments to various countries with which India has entered into bilateral agreements for this purpose is formulated on an All India basis. The quota policies for the Calendar years 1981 and 1982 were announced vide Public Notice No. 46-ETC(PN)/80-dated 28th July, 1981 and Public Notice No. 61-ETC(PN)/61 dated 10th August, 1981, respectively.

Rehabilitation of Persons Displaced due to Setting of Rourkela Steel Plant

1849. SHRI CHRISTOPHER EKKA: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of persons and the number of villages from which they have been displaced due to the setting up of the Rourkela Steel Plant;