

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| <i>Southern Region</i> | | | | |
| 1 | Andhra Pradesh | 1555.5 | 1533.5 | 1551.5 |
| 2 | Tamil Nadu | 1467.0 | 1523.8 | 1529.9 |
| 3 | Karnataka | 1142.6 | 1232.1 | 1025.7 |
| 4 | Kerala | 755.0 | 835.9 | 933.7 |
| 5 | Pondicherry | 39.0 | 43.0 | 45.0 |
| 6 | Andaman & Nicobar Island | 12.0 | 12.9 | 18.3 |
| 7 | Laccadive | 5.1 | 6.7 | 7.6 |

“राजस्थान के गांव में पाये गये चीनी भाषा के पत्रों”

2469. श्री अशोक गहलोत : क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान दिनांक 3 जुलाई, 1981 के दैनिक समाचार पत्र “नव ज्योति” में “राजस्थान की दीघाली तहसील के गांव में चीनी भाषा के पत्रों मिले” शीर्षक में प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार ने इस सम्बन्ध में कोई प्रभावशाली कार्यवाही की है; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो तत्सम्बन्धी ब्योरा क्या है ?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य सचिव (श्री योगेन्द्र मकुवाणा) : (क) से (ग) . राजस्थान सरकार से तथ्यों का पता लगाया जा रहा है ।

Construction of bridges over Bai and Balaul nals

2470. SHRI G.L. DOGRA : Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether during the months of July and August, the national highway between Jammu and Pathankot used to remain closed for hours together due to floods in nals Bai and Balaul ;

(b) whether every year bridges over these nals are sanctioned but not constructed ; and

(c) when will these bridges be constructed ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI SHIVRAJ V. PBTIL) :

(a) During monsoon the road remains closed for short periods, normally about 2 or 3 hours because flash floods overflow the existing causeways.

(b) and (c). No sanction has yet been issued for construction of bridges over these nals. Collection of essential hydrological and ground data is in hand. A pro-

gramme for construction of bridges can be drawn up only after the data are analysed.

केन्द्रीय सरकार की सेवाओं का विभाजन

2471. श्री मूल चन्द डाला : क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) केन्द्रीय सरकार की सेवाओं की संख्या तथा उन वर्गों की संख्या क्या है जिनमें उन्हें विभाजित किया गया है ;

(ख) क्या यह सच है कि इन सभी सेवाओं के लिए भर्ती तथा अन्य ऐसे सम्बन्धित नियम बना लिए गए हैं और राजपत्र में प्रकाशित किए गए हैं ;

(ग) यदि हाँ, तो तत्सम्बन्धी सूची क्या है ; और

(घ) उनमें से कुछेक का राजपत्र में प्रकाशित न करने के कारण क्या है और उनके प्रकाशन में कितना समय लगने की सम्भावना है ?

गृह मंत्रालय तथा संसदीय कार्य विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी० वैकटमुन्ध्रवा) :

(क) से (घ). सूचना एकत्रित की जा रही है तथा उसे ग़रन के पटल पर रख दिया जाएगा ।

India's participation in U.N. seminar on renewable sources of Energy in Nairobi

2472. SHRI JAGDISH TYTLER :

SHRI HARISH KUMAR GANGWAR :

Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state :

(a) whether India participated in the United Nations' Seminar on

Renewable Sources of Energy held at Nairobi in August, 1981 ;

(b) if so, the salient features of the Conference ; and

(c) the action proposed by Government on its recommendations ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, ELECTRONICS AND ENVIRONMENT (SHRI C.P.N. SINGH) :

(a) and (b). India participated in the United Nations Conference on New and Renewable Sources of Energy held at Nairobi from 10-21st August, 1981. The Prime Minister gave a key note address in the opening session of the Conference. The President of Kenya and the Prime Ministers of Canada, Jamaica and Sweden also addressed the Conference which was attended by high-level delegations from most Member-States of the U.N. The Conference adopted a Programme of Action in the area of new and renewable sources of energy which covers policy and specific measures and identifies areas of priority action. These areas include energy assessment and planning, research, development and demonstration relating to rural and urban energy requirements ; transfer, adaptation and application of mature technologies ; exchange of information and training of personnel. The Programme also identifies the need for regional cooperation and for economic and technical cooperation among developing countries in the field of new and renewable sources of energy. The Conference recommended setting up of an intergovernmental body in the U.N. specifically concerned with new and renewable sources of energy and consultative meetings of donors and interested countries for generating additional financial resources for implementation of the Programme of Action