ander Coal India Ltd. with their production from 1975-76 to 1980-81 are given below:

Year	No. of mines	Production (in mt.)
1975-76	317	88 98
1976-77	337	89.48
1977-78	360	88.96
1978-79	373	90.05
1979-80	370	91.44
18-08er	370	100.63

(d) and (e): The coal belt in Bengal and Bihar is vast and as and when illegal coal mining is detected, it is reported to the law Enforcing Agencies by the coal companies. However, under the guise of court orders in about 85 cases, unauthorised mining was taking place. The Coal Mines (Nationalisation) Acts were amended in 1976 prohibiting any person other than the persons authorised by the Act to carry on coal mining operations in India in any form and terminating all leases relating to winning or mining of coal granted in favour of private parties except those engaged in the production of iron and steel. The Act was also amended to make illegal coal mining a cognizable offence punishable with imprisonment extending to term of 3 years and a fine extending to Rs. 20,000. The Supreme Court in their judgements dated 11th 1980 and 7th May, 1980 upheld these provisions of the Acts. After judgements illegal coal mining been curbed to a great extent. How, ever, certain persons, at times, violate these provisions of law and indulge in illegal coal mining. The Coal Companies and the State Governments are taking concerted action against offenders. The State Governments have already issued instructions the district authorities to take punitive and preventive action under these

Acts read with provisions of Indian Penal Code. The Coal Compaines have also been directed to report to the authorities concerned as and when illegal coal mining is detected periodic raids are conducted both by the Security Staff of the Coal Companies and the State Governments.

किसानों को बिजली की सप्लाई

893.2. श्री निहाल सिंह: श्याऊ आर्थ मंत्रो यह बताने को क्रुगा करेंगे कि:

- (क) राज्य सरकारों द्वारा किसानों को कितनी बिजली सप्लाई की जाती है और शेष कितने प्रतिशत बिजली अन्य प्रयोजनों के लिए वितरित की जाती है; और
- (ख) का मरकार का विचार उत्तर प्रदेश में किसानों को विजली के कुल उत्पादन का 50 प्रतिशत सम्बाई कारने का हैग्रीर यदि नहीं, तो इस के करा कारण हैं?

कर्म मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री विकम महाजन): (क) ग्रीर (ख). उत्तर प्रदेश में किसानों ग्रीर ग्रन्थों को विजली देने वाले ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों की विजली की सप्लाई 8 घंटे रात्रि में तथा 6 घंटे दिन में कम-कम से की जा रही हैं। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों को सप्लाई की गई कुल कर्जा, उत्पादन का लगभग 40% वैठती है। शेष कर्जा राज्य में ग्रन्थ श्रेणियों के उभभोक्ताग्रों में वितरित की जाती रही है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों को ग्रधिक विजली सप्लाई करने केलिए प्रयास किए जा रहे हैं।

Extension of General Laws to the Scheduled Castes

8933. SHRI GIRDHAR GOMAN GO: Will the Minister of LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) is it a fact that the legal provision about the extension of general