Power Loss due to Transmission, Distribution and Pilferage

- 983. SHRI CHITTA MAHATA: Will the Minister of ENERGY AND IRRIGATION AND COAL be pleased to state:
- (a) what was the power generating capacity in the country at the end of 1979;
- (b) what is the estimate of power loss due to transmission, distribution and pilferage, repectively, and
- (c) what steps Government propose to take for improving the capacity utilisation of the existing power plants and increasing the power generation in the country?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY AND IRRIGATION AND COAL (SIRI A. B. A. GHANI KHAN CHAUDHURY): (a) The total installed generation capacity in the country at the end of December, 1979 was 29499 MW of which 27181 MW is in utilities.

- (b) The power loss due to transmission, distribution and pilferage of electricity in the country during the year 1978-79 was 19146 MU which represents 19.81 per cent of the total energy available for supply in the country. It is not practicable to assess separately the power loss due to transmission, distribution and pilferage.
- (c) A number of short-term and long-term measures have been and are being taken to improve the capacity utilisation of the thermal plants and to improve the powt, mailability in the country.

Short-term Measures

- (i) Maximising generation from the existing installed capacity in the Central Sector. State Governments have also been advised to similarly maximise generation from their installed capacity.
- (ii) Expediting commissioning of new generation expecity in the Central Sector, and advising

- the States to take similar steps.
- (iii) Monitoring of coal stocks at thermal power stations and ensuring availability of coal.
- (iv) Transfer of power from surplus to deficit areas.
- (v) Arranging supply of spare parts from indigenous and foreign suppliers.

Long-term Measures

- (i) Additions of about 17,122 MW of new generating capacity in utilities has been planned for installation during the period 1976—83, of which about 3000 MW has already been comm sioned during 1978-79.
- (ii) Training of engineers for operation and maintenance of power stations.
- (iii) Identification of deficiencies in design, equipment etc. and taking up a project renovation programme for rectification/ replacement etc. at a number of power stations.

बन्द पड़ी कोयला खानें

984 श्री नर्गसिह नकवाना क्या ऊर्जा श्रोर सिवाई तथा कोथला मंत्री यह बताने की अपा करें कि बन्द पड़ी कोयला खानों की संख्या कितन हैं। श्रीर उनको पृत खानने के लिए क्या कार्यवाही की गई है ?

कर्जा तथा सिंचाई ग्रीर कोयला मंती (श्री ए० बी० ए० गनी खाम चौंघरी): कील इंडिय लि० ग्रीर मिगरेंनी कोलियरीज कं० लि० की 415 खानों में से 15 खाने अन्द हैं। इनमें से 13 खाने तो भण्डार समाप्त हो जाने के कारण बद की पि थी। ग्रन्य मामलों में कोयले के पांच्वहन के लिए ग्राधारभूत मृविद्याएं न होने के कारण खाने बन्द की गई थी।

Suggestions from Delhi State Employees Federation for Delinking of Newspapers

985. SHRI K. P. SINGH DEO: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that the Delhi Station Employees. Federation