The Deputy Minister of Communications (Shri Raj Bahadur): (a) The information is not available. It is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House in due course.

(b) Several representations on the subject were received from employees, but in view of the fact that these rules were of general application, it was decided by Government that no relaxation should be allowed.

LICENSED TELEGRAPH OFFICES

830. Shri U. M. Trivedi: (a) Will the Minister of Communications be pleased to state the number of licensed telegraph offices working in India up to the end of October, 1952?

(b) What is the value of paid messages delivered by such offices during the year 1951-52?

(c) What check do Government exercise over such licensed telegraph offices?

The Deputy Minister of Communications (Shri Raj Bahadur): (a) The number existing on 31st March 1952 was 5,908. Information regarding the number at the end of October 1952 is not, readily available.

(b) Information is not available. The time and labour involved in collecting it, will be incommensurate with its usefulness.

(c) In the case of licensed Telegraph systems with which the P. & T. exchanges telegrams, check is exercised over the transmission time.

BUILDINGS OF P. & T. DEPARTMENT IN BOMBAY

831. Shri Bogawat: Will the Minister of Communications be pleased to state:

(a) the number of buildings (i) constructed and (ii) extensions carried out for the use of Telegraph, Telephone and Engineering branches and their staff in the Bombay Circle since 1949 (year-wise);

(b) the number of buildings (i) constructed and (ii) extensions carried out for the use of Post Offices and their staff during the same period; and

(c) the expenditure incurred separately in respect of constructions mentioned in parts (a) and (b) above?

The Deputy Minister of Communications (Shri Raj Bahadur): (a) to (c). A statement giving the information asked for is laid on the Table of the eHouse. [See Appendix VIII, annexure No. 10.] INDIAN REFRESHMENT ROOMS IN MADRAS

832. Shri P. Subba Eao: (a) Will the Minister of **Railways** be pleased to state whether after the decontrol of foodgrains in Madras State, Indian Refreshment Rooms on railway stations are supplying full meal to passengers?

(b) If the answer to part (a) above be in the negative, do Government propose to take steps to introduce full meal in all Indian refreshment rooms?

The Deputy Minister of Railways and Transport (Shri Alagesan); (a) Yes.

(b) Does not arise.

DISPUTE BETWEEN U.P. AND VINDHYA PRADESH GOVERNMENTS

833. Shri Nambiar: Will the Minister of Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the existence of a dispute between the Governments of Uttar Pradesh and Vindhya Pradesh regarding the levy of a tax on the lorries which ply between Jhansi and Lalitpur for passing through 2 or 3 furiongs of the road which falls in the territory of Vindhya Pradesh;

(b) whether Government have received representations from the lorry owners and the public of Lalitpur and Jhansi complaining of the inconvenience and hardships and loss caused to them on account of repeated closure of lorry traffic by the Vindhya Pradesh Government on this strip of the Jhansi-Lalitpur lorry route which falls in the Vindhya Pradesh territory;

(c) whether it is a fact that this entire road, including the disputed 2 or 3 furlongs of Vindhya Pradesh territory form part of the National Highways;

(d) if so, has the Government of Vindhya Pradesh acquired the approval of the Government of India forlevying this Tax; and

(e) what steps do Government propose to take to settle this dispute?

The Deputy Minister of Railways and Transport (Shri Alagesan): (a) and (b). Under Entry 57 in List II in the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India the State Governments have power to levy taxes on motor vehicles plying on the routes or portions of routes lying within their respective territories. As regards the levy of tax on lorries plying between Jhansi and Lalitpur, the facts as ascertained from the Governments of Uttar Pradesh and Vindhya Pradešh are as follows:

> In February 1949 the Transport Authorities of the respective States arrived at reciprocal arrangements in regard to plying of stage carriages and goods vehicles in inter-State routes vehicles in inter-State under which permits for such vehicles issued by the Transport Authority of one State were to be countersigned by the Transport Anthority of the other State. The vehicles were to pay tax in the State in which the permits were originally granted and were not to be subjected to further tax in the other State. This agreement appears to have been effec-tive upto June 1952. In July, 1952 the Government of Uttar Pradesh is understood to have commenced realising motor tax in respect of Vindhya Pradesh vehicles plying on inter-State routes. Thereupon the Vindhya Pradesh Government took similar action and started taxing Uttar Pradesh motor vehicles plying on such routes including Jhansi-Lalitpur. Representations have been received by the Government of India from lorry owners of Jhansi and Lalitpur complaining against the levy of tax by Vindhya Pradesh Government on vehicles plying on the route in question.

(c) Yes

(d) No. The State Government is not required to obtain the approval of the Government of India.

(e) The matter is one for mutual adjustment between the two State Governments. However, the Central Government are in correspondence with them with a view to bringing about a satisfactory settlement.

रेल-मार्ग (तार्ये की सीमा)

८३४. श्री बी॰ डो॰ शास्त्री : क्या रेल मंत्री यह बतलाने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार को बिदित है कि रेल मार्ग के दोनों ओर का तारों का घेरा किसी काम नहीं आता और यह पशुंकों के रेल लाइनों को पार करने को नहीं रोक पाता और फलतः सैंकड़ों पशु रेलगाड़ियों के नीचे आ जाते हैं; (ख) क्या पशुओं को सीमा में घुसने से रोकने के लिये कोई उपाय सरकार के विचाराधीन हैं ; तया

(ग) प्रति वर्षं रेल के नीचे आने वाले पशंओं की लगभग संख्या ?

The Deputy Minister of Railways and Transport (Shri Alagesan): (a) Fencing is not maintained except in suburb and industrial areas, around station yards and in the neighbourhood of important level, crossings. This policy is based on the recommendations of the Indian Railway Enquiry Committee 1937.

(b) No special measures are under consideration.

(c) The number of cattle run over in 1951-52 was 5343.

PRODUCTION OF CEREALS

835. Babu Ramnarayan Singh: (a) Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state what was the total annual produce of cereals of India in the year 1951?

(b) What was the total annual consumption of cereals in India in the year 1951?

The Minister of Food and Agricuiture (Shri Kidwai): (a) 44'2 million tons on the basis of crop cutting experiments conducted by the I.C.A.R.

(b) It is difficult to give any definite figure about the actual consumption of cereals in the country in which a large part of the population is not rationed. The offtake of the rationed population in 1951 was 7.8 million tons.

CEREALS (REQUIREMENTS)

836. Babu Ramnarayan Singh: (c.) Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state what percentage of our total requirements of cereals has been met by (i) balance of the last year (ii) Home Produce and (iii) import from foreign countries, in the current year?

(b) What percentage of cereals in the godown of Government has been wasted this year and how?

The Minister of Food and Arriculture (Shri Kidwai): (a) It is difficult to estimate correctly the total requirements of this country in which