*Excluding merged territories.

†Includes data for PEPSU, Saurastra, Ajmer, Bhopal. Bilaspur, Coorg. Delhi, Himachal Pradesh, Kutch, Tripura. and Vindhya Pradesh.

Written Answers

Production of Tobacco in India (1'000 Maunds)

Year	Production
1947-48	6,369
1948-49	6,941
1949-50	7,186
1950-51	6,832*
1951-52	5,825‡
*Supplementary	Estimate)
Final Estimate	> Subject

MAHATMA GANDHI (MEMORIAL)

628, Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: Will the Minister of Health be pleased to state:

l to revision

- (a) whether the Government India has received any gift money from the Ford Foundation of the U.S.A. for building in Delhi a suitable memorial to Mahatma Gandhi;
 - (b) if so, the value of the gift;
- (c) where that memorial will be constructed; and
- (d) what would be the chief features of that memorial?

The Minister of Health (Rajkumari Amrit Kaur): (a) A donation has been made by the Ford Foundation but not to the Government of India. The money was given to me and I have formed a Committee for purposes of administration.

- (b) \$85,000, (Rs. 4.04,761/14/6).
- (c) Bhangi Colony, New Delhi.
- (d) The memorial will be a functional community centre for the social and educational benefit of the residents of the Colony.

PROCUREMENT PRICES OF FOODGRAINS

629. Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state whether Govern-ment propose to reduce the procure-ment prices of foodgrains during the current year?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Prime Minister (Shri Satish Chandra): Prime Minister (Shri Satish Chandra):
The Government of India are of the
view that State Governments should
take advantage of falling market
prices and improved supply position.
The U.P. Government, at the instance
of the Centre, reduced the procure
ment price of wheat, barley and
gram by Re. 1/- per maund from 20th June, 1952. Since then, foodgrains have been decontrolled in U.P., Punjab and Pepsu Governments have also been requested to effect some reduction in their prices.

CENTRAL RICE RESEARCH INSTITUTE CUTTACK

- 630. Shri Sanganna: (a) Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state the working of the Central Rice Research Institute in Cuttack (Orissa)?
- (b) How many varieties of improved paddy seeds have been invented since its inception?
- (c) Whether the improved paddy seeds invented by the institute have been tried anywhere in the country other than Orissa State?
 - (d) If so, what are its results?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Prime Minister (Shri Satish Chandra): (a) The Institute was started in September, 1946, for undertaking fundamental researches on all aspects of rice on all-India basis with a view to increasing its production in the country. The research work is conducted in five sections—Botany conducted in five sections—Botany. Agronomy, Chemistry, Mycology, and Entomology. There is also a farm section which is incharge of development work in a block of about five thousand acres (5,000) of private land adjoining the Institute. In this area the improved practices such as green manuring, use of improved seeds, transplanting the crops as opposed to broadcasting, growing two crops of paddy in the same land wherever irrigation facilities exit. are being demonstrated and the cultibeing demonstrated and the culti-vators are encouraged to adopt these practices for increasing the yields.

The programme of work in each section is described in the annual reports of the Institute. Two reports printed so far have been supplied to the Parliament Library. The report for 1950-51 is awaiting publication.

In addition to those normal activities, a scheme for the preparation of a bulletin on the various experiments on rice, financed by the Indian Council of Agricultural Research and two by Food and Agriculture Organisation and the other by the I.C.A.R., are in progress at the Institute.

The Institute also functions as an International training centre for research work in rice.

(b) The Institute has been in existence for only five years it has not

yet released finally any new strains for distribution. Thirteen new highyielding selections have however, undergone their final stages of trial and will be tried in the state next

- (c) No improved variety has yet been evolved at the Institute. Some Chinese varieties which have been tested and found to do well have been sent out to 10 rice-growing states for trial in 22 centres under a coordinated scheme for assessing their relative suitability to the different tracts.
- (d) During the previous year, a few of these Chinese varieties were tried in a small scale in the States of Bihar (Damodar Valley Corporation, Hazaribagh) and Madhya Pradesh and have been reported to do well. More information on the performance of these and other Chinese varieties will be available after this year's co-ordinated trial

FISH INDUSTRY IN CHILKA LARE

- 631. Shri Sanganna: Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased
- (a) whether any subsidy is given to the Government of Orissa for development of deep-sea fish industry in the Chilka Lake and the estuary of the river Mahanadi;
- (b) if the answer to part (a) above be in the affirmative, the amount of total subsidy given by the Centre so far:
- (c) whether any quantity of live fish is exported from Orissa to other States in India; and of live
- (d) if so, the quantity of fish exported during each of the last three years (1949, 1950 and 1951)?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Prime Minister (Shri Satish Chandra):

- (a) No.
- (b) Does not arise.
- (c) Yes.
- (d) The information is not avail-ble. It will be placed on the Table able. of the House when received from the State Government.

SCHEDULED CASTE EMPLOYEES

- 631-A. Shri P. N. Rajabhoj: Will the Minister of Railways be pleased to state:
- (a) the number of Committees or Commissions appointed for recruiting staff for the railways since 26th January, 1950:

(b) the appointments made by each authority separately for each grade since 26th January, 1950;

Written Answers

- (c) the percentage of Scheduled Caste candidates appointed to each Scheduled category;
- (d) what instructions have been issued to these Committees or Commissions to select the prescribed percentage of Scheduled Caste candi-
- (e) if not, what action Government propose to take in the matter;
- (f) whether any Scheduled Caste members have been appointed to these Committees and Commissions: and
 - (g) if not, why not?

The Minister of Railways and Transport (Shri L. B. Shastri): Necessary information is being collected from Railway Administrations and will be placed on the Table of the House

DEEP-SEA FISHING

632. Shri Sanganna: Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state the names of Indian sea-coasts where deep-sea fishing is carried on?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Prime Minister (Shri Satish Chandra): Deep-Sea Fishing is carried on on the coasts of (i) Saurashtra, (ii) Bombay, (iii) Orissa, and (iv) West Bengal.

MOLASSES

- 633. Shri B. N. Roy: Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:
- (a) the results of the research in molasses; and
- (b) whether any suitable substitute of fertiliser or methylated spirit or petrol has been found out from molasses?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Prime Minister (Shri Satish Chandra): (a) A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [See Appendix XI, annexure No. 15.]

- itself (b) (i) Fertiliser: Molasses can be used directly or after biological treatment as a manure.
 - (ii) Methylated Spirit: This is mostly made from molasses.
 - (iii) Petrol: Power alcohol made molasses can be used from as a substitute for petrol as such or in admixture with petrol in 20:80 ratio.