## Major Ports

453. SHRI KUMARI ANANTHAN: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the massive programme to orient and equip five major ports with modern facilities for handling the growing traffic, which has been undertaken by the Ministry;

(b) whether the Japanese consultants commissioned for preparing a detailed project report on the construction of new shipyard at Hizira in Gujarat and Paradeep in Orissa; and

(c) whether any such massive programme has been thought of for augmenting road transport facilities in the country and if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM): (a) Modernisation of Ports is a continuous process. A sum of about Rs. 957 crores has been spent on the 10 major ports during the last 27 years. Plans for improvement and moderniisation of floating craft, plant and equipment, construction of shore facilities and provision of mechanised systems for handling bulk ommodities. Planning Commission have tentatively indicated a sum of Rs. 390 crores for the development plans of the major ports in the Plan period 1978-83.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) As the executive authority for Road Transport vests with the State Governments/Union Territories Administration, the programmes for augmenting road transport facilities are Written Answers 104

prepared by them. These are considered and approved by the Planning. Commission every year alongwith. their other Plan programmes.

## **Platform Facilities at Sankari Drug**

454. SHRI R. KOLANTHAIVELU: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the very inconvenient platform facilities at Sankari Drug in Salem Dis<sup>t</sup>rict; and

(b) if so, the steps taken to effect improvement in the platform facilities. at that station?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI SHEO NARAIN): (a) and (b). Sankari station on the Drug is a way side Erode Salem Section of the Southern Railway. The main platform (i.e. island platform) at this station is of high level and is 244 metres long. The 2nd platform (on the southern side) is of rail level and is 183 metres long. Considering the level of passenger traffic at this station, the platform facilities provided are considered adequate for the present.

## किसान रैली बाल दिन टिकटों का चक किया जाना तथा दिल्ली जाने वाली रेलगाड़ी का अरह किया जाना

455. भी दौलत राय सारण : क्या रेल मंत्री यह बताने की क्रुपा करेंगे कि :

(क) 23 दिसम्बर को जिस दिन किसान रेली का ग्रायोजन किया गया था दिल्ली जाने वाबी कितनी याली गाड़ियां दिल्ली नहीं पहुंची तथा वे इस मार्ग के स्टेशनों पर रोक दी गई;

(ख) क्या उस दिन देस में रेमगाड़ियों में मजिस्ट्रेटों ग्रौर पुलिस के विशेष दस्तों ढारा टिकट चैक करने की व्यवस्था की गई मी;

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस कार्य के लिये कितनें मजिस्ट्रेट स्रोर पुरासस के दस्ते तैनात. किये ग्या; स्रोर (घ) क्या उस दिन दिल्ली जाने वाली कई गाड़ियां रद्द की गई घीं ?

रेल मंत्रालय में राज्य मती (भी शिव आरावण): (क) 23--12--78 को किसान रैली के कारण दिल्ली माने वाली किसी भी सवारी गाड़ी को रास्ते में समाप्त नहीं किया गया था।

(ख) जी हां, जैसा कि सामान्यतः भारी भीड़-भाड़ के समय किया जाता है। इसके साथ-साथ यात्रियों की सुविधा के लिए म्रतिरिक्त वुर्किंग खिड़कियों, पूछ-ताछ कार्यालय मौर पर्यवेक्षण को सुदृढ़ करने के काम भी किये गये थे।

(ग) इस प्रयोजन के लिए घ्रपने-घ्रपने पुलिस दस्तों के साथ सात रेलवे मजिस्ट्रेट तैनात किये गये थे।

(घ) जीनहीं।

## Real Wage Earnings in Agricultural Sector

456. SHRI DHARMVIR VASISHT: Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether in the Agriculture Sector the real wage earnings in 1976-77 were still below the 1961-62 level although there had been constant rise in wage carning from Rs. 1.76 per day in 1961-62 to Rs. 4.85 in 1976-77;

(b) if so, the reasons for this setback; and

(c) the steps taken to correct this imbalance?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PAR-LIAMENARY AFFAIRS (SHRI LA-RANG SAI): (a) According to the information based on data from the Directorate of Economics and Statistics, the real wage earning in 1976-77, was lower than that during 196I-62 by 2 paise only. The average daily money wages for 1976-77 is Rs. 4.95.

(b) The most important reason for the set-back was the lack of adequate emphasis on rural development during the successive Five Year Plans as compared to the massive shift of resources in favour of rural areas, proposed for the Plan Period 1978-83. Secondly, the very steep increase of the Consumer Price Index for Agricultural Workers during this period, nearly a threefold increase, eroded real wage earnings.

(c) The following steps were undertaken by the Government for improving the real wages of the agricultural sector:-

(i) The Draft Five Year Plan 1978-83, provides for a massive shift of resources in favour of rural areas and the estimated public sector outlay excluding institutional finance on rural development during this period is envisaged at Rs. 29,925 crores which approximately is twice the outlay of Rs. 14,751 crores provided in the previous plan. The coverage and outlay under the revised minimum needs programme have been substantially stepped up. The policies and programmes undertaken to increase employment opportunities together with measures such as the implementation of the effective Minimum Wages Act are expected to improve the position of agricultural labour.

(ii) The State Governments are advised from time to time for effective implementation of the provisions of the Minimum Wages Act.

(iii) The Central Standing Committee on Rural Unorganized Labour has been constituted by the Government. One of the important tasks of the Committee is to advise the Government on extension of the socio-economic gains of development.

(iv) Government have undertaken 'Food for Work' Programme since April 1977 as a non-Plan Scheme to increase the real Wage earnings of the rural workers in terms of the money. The programme for the current year contemplates a Central assistance of nearly Rs. 130 croces to