

देश में बेघर लोगों के लिए "रेन बसेरे "

2055. श्री सुरेन्द्र झा सुमन : क्या निर्माण और आवास तथा पूति और पुनर्वास संबंधी यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि देश में ऐसे बेघर लोगों की संख्या काफी अधिक है जो रात के समय आकाश के नीचे पटरियों पर सोते हैं ;

(ख) क्या सरकार उनकी सुविधा के लिए विभिन्न स्थानों पर रेन बसेरों जैसे अस्थायी आवास का निर्माण करना वांछनीय समझती है; और

(ग) यदि उत्तर स्वीकारात्मक है तो क्या सरकार ने इस सम्बन्ध में कोई योजना बनाई है, यदि हां, तो तत्सम्बन्धी व्यौरा क्या है और यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं ?

निर्माण और आवास तथा पूति और पुनर्वास संबंधी (श्री सिकन्दर बस्त) :

(क) जी, हां ।

(ख) जी, हां ।

(ग) गन्दी बस्ती उन्मूलन, सुधार योजना जो राज्य क्षेत्र में है, में होस्टल, शयनशालायें तथा रेन बसेरे बनाना धनुमेय है ।

Open University

2056. SHRI C. N. VISVANATHAN : Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) the extent to which the system of open university has taken roots in our country and also expanded; and

(b) the courses in science and technology available under this system ?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER) :

(a) The concept of Open University similar to the one functioning in the United Kingdom, has not yet taken any concrete shape in India. However, some of the functions of the Open University are performed by a number of universities in India through correspondence courses and provision of facilities for students to appear privately in university examinations. 23 universities in the country offer correspondence courses at present.

(b) Correspondence courses in science and technology are not at present offered by any university in India.

Financial assistance from U.S. for Rajasthan Medium Irrigation Projects

2057. SHRI S. S. SOMANI : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that U.S. Government has assured the Rajasthan medium irrigation projects; and

(b) if so, the details regarding the projects going to be assisted ?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) :

(a) U.S. Government has not assured financial assistance for the Rajasthan Medium Irrigation Projects but the question of possible financing of this project under the U.S. Fy 1980 programme is under discussion with the USAID authorities.

(b) The details of the projects to be posed for assistance have still to be finalized.

Effect of Transportation of Fertiliser on its price

2058. SHRI KUSUMA KRISHNA MURTHY : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have decided to transport fertilisers to the points of its use by road;

(b) if so, whether the transportation of fertilisers by road would not entail increase in the prices of fertilisers; and

(c) if so, the manner in which Government propose to neutralise the excess charges, if any, on transportation of fertilizers by road ?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) Yes Sir. This has been done to supplement transportation by rail.

(b) No.

(c) Manufacturers as well as pool would be reimbursed the differential between the cost of road and rail movement subject to certain norms and ceilings.

**Charging of 50 per cent Licence Fee from Allottees in D.I.Z. Area
New Delhi**

2099. **SHRI Y. P. SHASTRI:** Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state :

(a) whether it has been decided by Government to charge only 50 per cent licence fee (rent) consecutively for 3 years from allottees of type IV and V Government accommodation (Quarters) in D.I.Z., Gole Market area, if they agree to shift to some distant areas ;

(b) if so, has this been done on the basis of any past precedent; and

(c) if not, what are the basis and reasons for giving this special favour to a particular section of allottees of Government accommodations?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) to (c). To implement the Crash Programme of construction of a large number of quarters in the DIZ area, specially for the low-paid employees, it has become necessary to demolish a large number of quarters of various types which have, more or less outlived their lives. Occupants of these quarters have to be provided with alternative accommodation. Since they have been residing in a central locality for a number of years, they would prefer similar alternative accommodation in central areas. As the expected vacancies in central areas are limited, the Government have decided to give a concession of 50% of the normal licence fee if they shift to quarters in distant areas. This concession is, however, limited to a period of three years or till the allottee concerned is offered a quarter of the type to which he is entitled in a central locality, whichever is earlier. Since it is for

the first time that such a Crash Programme of construction has been undertaken resulting in dislocation of a large number of Government allottees, the above mentioned incentive was introduced for the first time.

चावल का उत्पादन

2060. **श्री चन्द्र खेहर सिंह :** क्या कृषि और सिंचाई मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) देश में चावल का कुल कितना उत्पादन होता है और खपत के लिए कितने चावल की आवश्यकता होती है; और

(ख) इस समय सरकार के पास चावल की कितनी प्रतिरिक्त मात्रा है ?

कृषि और सिंचाई मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री भानु प्रताप सिंह) : (क) 1977-78 के दौरान चावल का उत्पादन अनुमानतः 527 लाख मीटरी टन हुआ था। मानव उपभोग के लिए चावल की जरूरत बहुत से तथ्यों पर निर्भर करती है जैसे कि ग्रन्थ खाद्यकों की उपलब्धता और वैकल्पिक खाद्य पदार्थ, उनके तुलनात्मक मूल्य, आय-स्तर, जनसंख्या की वृद्धि आदि। इन परिवर्तनशील कारणों की दृष्टि में देश में चावल की जरूरतों का अनुमान लगाना मुश्किल है। तथापि, पिछले तीन वर्षों में सार्वजनिक वितरण प्रणाली से चावल की वार्षिक औसत निकासी 38.3 लाख मीटरी टन हुई है।

(ख) लगातार संशोधनक फसलों होने के कारण, चावल की वसूली उत्पाद-वर्धक रही है। पहली नवम्बर, 1978 को सरकारी एजेंटों के पास लब्ध 6.1 लाख मीटरी टन चावल का स्टॉक था।