

standard of teaching and inefficiency in the Government Higher secondary School. Diglipur, North Andaman;

(b) if so, whether Government are considering for a thorough enquiry into the functioning of the said school; and

(c) if not, the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI-MATI RENUKA DEVI BARAKATA-KI): (a) to (c). According to the information furnished by the Andaman and Nicobar Administration, representation from some people was received by the Education Directorate complaining against poor results in home examination and low standard of education in the Government Higher Secondary School Diglipur. An enquiry has already been conducted by the Education Directorate into this matter. Supplementary examination for candidates who have failed in two subjects in home examination has been allowed. The result of the All India Secondary School Examination this year has considerably improved as compared to that of last year.

Per capita consumption of sugar

1061. SHRI D. B. PATIL: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have advised sugarcane growers to reduce the area under cultivation in view of huge carry-over stock of sugar for the years 1978-79;

(b) what is the per capita per annum consumption of sugar in our country; and

(c) where does our country stand in comparison to other countries in consumption of sugar?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) The need to plan for equilibrium in supply and demand for sugarcane is being impressed upon the cane growers.

(b) The per capita per annum consumption of sugar in our country during 1976-77 was about 6.1 k.g. together with per per capita availability of gur and khadsari at 14.3 k.g., the total per capita consumption of all sweetening agents is 20.4 Kg. per annum.

(c) A statement showing the per capita per annum consumption of sugar in foreign countries is attached. The average per capita consumption in India of all sweetening agents is comparable to the global average.

Statement

Per capita consumption of sugar in 1976 in foreign countries.

Country	K.G.
Albania . . .	13.7
Austria . . .	45.9
Bulgaria . . .	63.9
Czechoslovakia . . .	42.2
EEC . . .	41.6
Finland . . .	41.3
G. D. Republic . . .	42.3
Greece . . .	31.6
Poland . . .	47.1
Sweden . . .	46.3
USSR . . .	46.8
Canada . . .	41.7
USA . . .	42.9
Mexico . . .	42.0
Trinidad and Tobago . . .	44.5
Argentina . . .	39.8
Brazil . . .	46.2
Afghanistan . . .	3.3
Bangladesh . . .	1.4
Burma . . .	2.6
China (Taiwan) . . .	5.5
Indonesia . . .	9.9
Iran . . .	28.0

Country	%G.
Malaysia	27.9
Japan	30.9
Nepal	1.3
Pakistan	8.3
Phillippines	19.5
Sri Lanka	5.3
Thailand	13.3
Algeria	20.8
Sudan	15.7
Uganda	1.2
Zambia	16.3
Australia	57.3
Newzealand	54.2
Average	20.5 (approx.)

World Bank aid for small and marginal farmers of Gujarat

1062. SHRI AHMED M. PATEL:
SHRI AMAR SINH V.
RATHAWA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the World Bank has given any loan for development of irrigation facilities for small and marginal farmers of Gujarat State;

(b) if so, the amount given and the scheme sanctioned; and

(c) the progress of the work done under the said scheme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) to (c). The International Development Association, an affiliate of World Bank sanctioned a credit project for Gujarat State in June 1970. This project was primarily for development of minor irrigation facilities such as supply of pumpsets, construction of dug wells, dug-cum-bore wells, shallow tube wells and lift irrigation works. The cost of the project was Rs. 49.48 crores of which IDA assistance was Rs. 25.26 crores. The project was fully implemented

by March 1975. However, this project was not exclusively for the benefit of small and marginal farmers in Gujarat State.

Under the Second Agriculture Refinance and Development Corporation Credit Project sanctioned by the IDA in 1977, the ARDC sanctioned some minor irrigation schemes in Gujarat for an amount of Rs. 2.8 crores till June 78. It is a condition under the project that at least 50 per cent should be lent by the participating financial institutions to small and marginal farmers so as to be eligible to obtain refinance from the ARDC. This project is for the period July '77 to December '79.

Wheat under "Food for work" programme to Bihar

1063. SHRI ISHWAR CHAUDHARY:
Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Union Government have earmarked some wheat for Bihar during the current year for use under the 'Food for Work' programmes;

(b) if so, whether current year 'almost seven fold increase' in allotment stemmed from the fact that last year Bihar had shown 'more satisfactory results' than other States; and

(c) if so, whether enormity of the problem in Bihar could be gauged from the fact that 68 lakhs landless labourers eke out a precarious livelihood for barely five months in a year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) A quantity of 2,00,000 metric tonnes of wheat has been allocated to Bihar for the schemes under the 'Food for Work' programme during the year 1978-79.

(b) Last year, only a quantity of 30,000 metric tonnes of wheat was released to Government of Bihar under the programme. It is, therefore, correct that the current year's allocation is almost seven folds. But the total allocation for all States this