

(i) Telecom Circles	Tele- phone Districts
(f) Three Wheeler Scooters . . .	22
(g) Breakdown Vans . (Recovery Bans)	2
(h) Station Wagons . . .	3
(i) Motor Cycles	7
(j) Cars . . .	18
TOTAL . . .	865

Statement II

Number and nature of vehicular fleet of :

Research Wing of the P&T Department :

(a) Station Wagon	2
(b) Pick-up . . .	1
(c) Tempo Viking . . .	1
TOTAL . . .	4

**Study of Bauxite deposits in Kerala
by GSI**

4344. SHRI K. KUNHAMBU: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Geological Survey of India completed the study of the Bauxite deposits in Kerala; and

(b) if so, what are the findings and how do Government propose the mining of Bauxite?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA): (a) and (b). Preliminary exploration for bauxite carried out by Geological Survey of India in parts of Cannanore, Trivandrum, Alleppey, and Quilon districts of Kerala has indicated a total of 15 million tonnes of bauxite containing 40 to 50 per cent alumina and about 1 to 12 per cent silica; in a number of pockets.

There is no proposal under consideration of the Government at present for exploitation of these deposits. However, the Kerala State Industrial Development Corporation Ltd., a State Government undertaking is examining the possibility of commercial utilisation of these deposits.

Study on Cost of Medical Education

4345. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether a Study on the Cost of Medical Education in India has been conducted by Government;

(b) if so, the salient findings thereof;

(c) per student cost found in a Government Medical College, Government-aided and private Medical Colleges;

(d) whether the Study has since been finalised and if so, the national average cost worked out to train a doctor; and

(e) if not, when it is likely to be completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) Yes.

(b) and (c). A preliminary study was conducted by the Central Bureau of Health Intelligence of the Govt. of India in respect of Medical College, Simla and the Jawaharlal Institute of Post-graduate Medical Education and Research, Pondicherry.

The Medical College, Simla imparted only under-graduate medical education whereas the JIPMER, Pondicherry also imparted training in post-graduate medical education.

According to the study, the cost of training a medical graduate works out

to Rs. 92,000 and Rs. 1,35,000 at Simla and Pondicherry respectively based on the expenditure incurred by the medical colleges in 1975-76.

No study has been conducted in respect of a Government-aided medical college and a private-aided medical college.

(d) and (e). At present, there is no proposal to conduct a study on nationwide basis.

CGHS facilities in important cities

4346. SHRI K. A. RAJAN: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a number of important cities in the country have no CGHS facilities;

(b) if so, which are the cities having the CGHS facilities at present;

(c) the criterion of providing CGHS facilities; and

(d) steps being taken, if any, to provide these facilities in the cities where there is no CGHS station at present?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) Yes.

(b) CGHS is at present functioning in Delhi, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras; Hyderabad, Meerut, Kanpur, Nagpur; Allahabad, Bangalore, Patna, Pune and Jaipur.

(c) Subject to availability of funds and accommodation for housing the CGHS dispensaries, cities having concentration of 7,500 or more of Central Government Employees are considered for extension of the C.G.H. Scheme.

(d) Sanction has been accorded to the extension of CGHS to Ahmedabad and Lucknow. It has also been decided to extend CGHS to Ghaziabad, Faridabad, Gurgaon and Bahadurgarh. It is proposed to cover the following

new cities during the period 1978-79 to 1982-83, subject to availability of funds and clearance of Planning Commission:

1. Jabalpur
2. Jhansi
3. Gorakhpur
4. Ajmer
5. Agra
6. Tiruchirapalli
7. Dehradun
8. Bikaner
9. Amritsar
10. Chandigarh.

सुरत में डिवीजनल कार्यालय

4347. श्री छोटू नारद नामित : क्या संघार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सब है कि सरकार गुजरात के सुरत जिले में एक अन्य डिवीजनल कार्यालय खोलने पर विचार कर रही है क्योंकि डाक तथा तार विभाग का वर्तमान डिवीजनल कार्यालय में काम बहुत अधिक है और यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्योरा क्या है ;

(ख) क्या डाक तथा तार विभाग का दूसरा डिवीजनल कार्यालय सुरत जिले के नवारा भयवा सोनेगढ़ के प्रादिवासी क्षेत्र में खोला जायेगा जिससे प्रादिवासियों को डाक सुविधायें उपलब्ध हो सकें ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो यह नया डिवीजनल कार्यालय कब से काम करना आरम्भ कर देगा और प्रादिवासियों को प्रादिवासी क्षेत्रों में ये सुविधायें उपलब्ध कराने के लिये सरकार ने क्या ठोस उपाय किये हैं या करने का विचार है ?

संघार मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री हरिहर प्रसाद सुखदेव साहू) : (क) जी: नहीं । मौजूदा मानदण्डों के अनुसार सुरत में काम करने वाले डाक डिवीजन को दो भागों में बाटने का प्राविश्य सिद्ध नहीं होता ।

(ख) और (ग). ऊपर (क) में बताई गई स्थिति को मद्देनजर रखते हुये प्रश्न ही नहीं उठाया ।