

(b) the number of detection and treatment centres with their capacities;

(c) whether the existing facilities are considered to be adequate; and

(d) if not, the steps taken for expanding them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) to (d). The information is given in the Statement given below.

(a) It is estimated that there are about 15 to 20 lakhs cancer patients in the country at any given time and about 5 lakhs new cases occur every year.

(b) Facilities for treatment of cancer including radio-therapy are available in 91 institutions in the country. Chemo-therapy facilities are generally available in all major hospitals. There are 58 Medical Colleges with PAP Smearing units under the post partum programme with cancer detection facilities. Early Cancer Detection Centres have been set up in 28 institutions.

(c) and (d). The facilities available now are not considered adequate. Within the 7th Plan allocation of Rs. 20.00 crores, assistance is being given to 9 Regional Cancer Centres located at Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Calcutta, Cuttack, Delhi, Gauhati, Gwalior, Madras and Trivandrum for the purchase of the sophisticated equipments for their development. Central assistance @ Rs. 12.00 lakhs is being given to institutions for setting up of Cobalt Therapy Units.

#### **Assistance to Nooranad Leprosy Sanitorium, Kerala**

603. SHRI THAMPAN THOMAS: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the names of leprosy hospitals run by Union Government directly and State Governments separately;

(b) the assistance given by Union Government to these leprosy hospitals; and

(c) the details of the help extended to Nooranad Leprosy Sanitorium in Kerala?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) A statement is given below.

(b) So far as the Temporary Hospitalisation Wards and other infrastructure created by the State Governments are concerned, hundred per cent cash assistance is given to the States/UTs during the Plan period. The Central Institutes are the subordinate offices of the Ministry and their expenditure is met by the Government of India.

(c) No separate figures of financial assistance to Nooranad Leprosy Sanitorium in Kerala are available. The cash assistance to the States is released on the basis of the Expenditure Statement for all the components of the programme. However, cash assistance of Rs. 17.25 lakhs and Rs. 20.00 lakhs were released to the Government of Kerala during the year 1985-86 and 1986-87 respectively.

#### **STATEMENT**

*Names of leprosy hospitals run by Union Government directly—*

- 1) Central Leprosy Teaching and Research Institute, Chengalpattu, Tamil Nadu.
- 2) Regional Leprosy Teaching and Research Institute, Raipur, M.P.

- 3) Regional Leprosy Teaching and Research Institute, Aska, Distt. Ganjam, Orissa.
- 4) Regional Leprosy Teaching and Research Institute, Gauripur, Distt. Bankura, West Bengal.
- II. *Statewise position of existing temporary hospitalisation wards for leprosy as on by March, 1987—*

1	2	3
1)	Andhra Pradesh	44
2)	Assam	4
3)	Arunachal Pradesh	1
4)	Bihar	28
5)	Gujarat	9
6)	Haryana	Nil
7)	Himachal Pradesh	1
8)	Jammu & Kashmir	2
9)	Karnataka	22
10)	Kerala	5
11)	Madhya Pradesh	12
12)	Maharashtra	23
13)	Manipur	1
14)	Meghalaya	1
15)	Mizoram	1
16)	Nagaland	2

1	2	3
17)	Orissa	9
18)	Punjab	1
19)	Rajasthan	4
20)	Sikkim	1
21)	Tamil Nadu	49
22)	Tripura	3
23)	Uttar Pradesh	15
24)	West Bengal	30
25)	A & N Islands	1
26)	Chandigarh	Nil
27)	D & N Haveli	Nil
28)	Delhi	1
29)	Goa	1
30)	Daman & Diu	Nil
31)	Lakshadweep	Nil
32)	Pondicherry	1
Total		272

**Bonus and Ex-Gratia Payment to  
Railway Employees**

604. SHRI THAMPAN THOMAS: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have recently entered into an agreement with railway employees on the issue of bonus and ex-gratia payment;