

inter alia, for the establishment of a large number of new T. V. transmitters, including a low power (100 Watt) transmitter at Osmanabad. These transmitters can be installed only in phases, depending on the annual allocation of Plan resources, time required by the indigenous manufacturers to supply the requisite equipment and overall priorities. Installation of the proposed new transmitter at Osmanabad will also depend on these factors.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Establishment of high power (10 Kilowatt) T. V. transmitters one each at Aurangabad and Ambajogai, in place of the existing low power (100 Watt) transmitters at Aurangabad, Latur and Parbhani, is included in the VII Plan of Doordarshan. The normal lead time for setting up a high power (10 Kilowatt) transmitter is about 3 years after commencement of works on site. It is accordingly expected that the proposed transmitters at Aurangabad and Ambajogai would be commissioned by the end of the VII Plan period, subject to annual allocation of adequate funds and timely availability of equipment.

#### **Indo-Pak Agreements on Agriculture**

4128. SHRIMATI D. K. BHANDARI : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether agreements were signed between India and Pakistan in July and October, 1985 for cooperation in agriculture;

(b) if so, the details of agreements;

(c) the particulars of members of Indian delegation; and

(d) the benefits derived out of the agreements ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA) : (a) Yes, Sir. An Agreement for Cooperation in

Agriculture between the Government of the Republic of India and the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan was signed on the 4th July, 1985 at New Delhi. No Agreement was signed in October, 1985.

(b) to (d). The Agreement envisages cooperation between the two countries through the executing Agencies viz., the Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR) and the Pakistan Agricultural Research Council (PARC) in the fields of exchange of germplasm and breeding materials, exchange of scientific literature, information and methodologies, exchange of scientists and technologists and their participation in Seminars/Symposia; grant of fellowships to scientists and students for study and research in the respective institutions of the two countries import and export of scientific equipment as available and required in the programme of common interest.

The Agreement for cooperation in Agriculture was signed at New Delhi on 4.7.1985 by the Minister of Agriculture, Government of India and Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Government of Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

As provided in the Agreement, the first draft Workplan which describes specifically the activities to be carried out during the next two years, has been developed and referred to the Government of Pakistan for their reaction and comments. The Workplan will be put into operation after the same meets with the full approval of both the Governments.

#### **Production of Special Tool and Alloy Steel**

4129. SHRI SALEEM I. SHERVANI : Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) the production of special tool and alloy steel (high carbon high chromium steel) oil hardening non-shrinking heat resistant type in the country;

(b) the sources of availability of this kind of steel to the actual users; and