

1	2
Orissa	43.7
Punjab	16.5
Rajasthan	1.7
Sikkim	0.2
Tamil Nadu	25.2
Tripura	2.7
Uttar Pradesh	55.4
West Bengal	52.0
Union Territories	2.7
All India	411.6

**Setting ~~of~~ up LPT at Motapsa/Lagjung
Tebla in Ladakh**

372. SHRI P. NAMGYAL : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether due to low power, vast area and hilly terrain the T.V. Centres at Leh and Kargil cannot cater to the major parts of Ladakh region;

(b) whether Government propose to set up one more T.V. Centre each at Motapsa Plateau or Lagjung Tebla in Nubra Valley of Ladakh and Spadum in Kargil district of Ladakh; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI V. N. GADGIL) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) TV Service to uncovered parts of the country can be extended only in a phased manner, depending on the availability of resources.

**Review of policy on foreign chartered
fishing boats**

373. SHRI R. S. MANE : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have received representation against the ongoing activities by foreign chartered fishing boats;

(b) is so, the reasons for continuing such policies;

(c) whether any review of the policy is being contemplated and if so, the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA) : (a) and (b) Representations have been received from various quarters against the policy of chartering foreign fishing vessels. Government have examined these representations and adequate remedial measures have been taken. The charter policy aims at augmenting the fleet of deep sea fishing vessels through obligatory purchase by the Indian charterers; transfer of technology, establishing overseas market for unconventional fish and establishing the economic viability of deep sea fishing. The chartered vessels are required to be phased out according to a fixed time frame to be replaced by ownership vessels of Indian companies.

(c) The policy of chartering foreign fishing vessels is being reviewed in consultation with the concerned agencies.

**Dependence on EEC donations for
Operation Flood Programmes**

374. PROF. RAM KRISHNA MORE : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) When was the 'Operation Flood' programmes launched in the country.

(b) to what extent the country continues to be dependent on EEC donations/gifts etc. of surplus dairy products for the programme; and

(c) the efforts made so far to enhance the milk production in the country to reduce the dependency on EEC ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA) : (a) Operation Flood I Programme was launched in 1970-71. The Operation Flood II Project was approved by the Government in October, 1978. However, due to delay in completion of pre-requisites the planning process under Operation Flood II was not initiated simultaneously in all the States.

(b) As a result of progressive increase in milk production in the country, there has been gradual increase in the production of dairy products. It is expected that import of EEC gift dairy commodities will decline in future.

(c) Several measures have been taken by the Government for promoting cattle/buffalo development on scientific lines with a view to improve their health and productivity. The main policies and strategies adopted are as under :—

- (i) Genetic improvements of nationally important cattle breeds by selective breeding in their home-tracts and up-grading in other selected areas;
- (ii) Cross-breeding of non-descript cattle with exotic dairy breeds;
- (iii) Progressive genetic improvement of important buffalo breeds by selective breeding and upgrading of non-descript buffaloes in other areas for improvement in milk yields;
- (iv) Development of feed and fodder resources in order to provide adequate nutrition to livestock;
- (v) Organisation of effective animal health services to support the production programme;
- (vi) Under Operation Flood II, infrastructure for providing inputs for

increased milk production is being enlarged through milk producers cooperative societies. The economic status of rural poor in the dairy cooperatives is improved by a regular payment of remunerative prices round the year, providing market for rurally produced milk and economically priced inputs for increasing milk production.

Urban housing shortfall in Seventh Plan

375. SHRI MURLI DEORA : Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the total urban housing shortfall estimated in the Seventh Plan;

(b) whether there are any plans to meet this shortfall;

(c) whether there are any directives to the State Governments to meet the national housing shortfall; and

(d) whether with a view to arrest the unwieldy growth of our cities, Government have in mind any national industrial location policy which would restrict further industrial development within existing city limits ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH)

(a) The Urban housing shortfall by the end of Seventh Five Year Plan is estimated to be 9.7 million units.

(b) and (c) Housing is a State subject and Social Housing Schemes are implemented by the State Govts./UT Adms, as per their requirements and plan priorities. Central financial assistance is given in the shape of block loans and block grants without being tied to any particular scheme or head of development. Under 20. Point Programme, which is being implemented as an essential part of State Plans, Sites and Services are allotted to Economically Weaker Sections in urban areas at cost price. Moreover, States