(c) whether Government consider that British steel technology is adequate for steel making at a competitive level; and

(d) whether Government have approached any other alternative source also?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI K. C. PANT) : (a) and (b). SAIL are carrying out negotiations with the British Steel Corporation (Overseas Services) to explore the possibilities of their assistance in the modernisation of the Durgapur Steel Plant.

(c) and (d). Supply of equipment and technology will not be limited to British sources. The optimal choice of technology and equipment will be made after taking into consideration all relevant factors.

Assistance to Earthquake Victims in Himachal Pradesh

2474. PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government of Himachal Pradesh have demanded any grant for earthquake relief work from Union Government in July, 1986;

(b) if so, the exact amount demanded by the State Government and the assessment and recommendations of the Central Team which had gone to the State to ascertain loss sustained and the relief to be provided;

(c) whether any amount had been provided by Union Government as rejief till the end of July, 1986;

- (d) if so, the details thereof; and
- (e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) A memorandum seeking central assistance for relief measures after the earthquake was received in May, 1986 from the Government of Himachal Pradesh.

(b) to (e). The State Government in this memorandum sought Central assistance

of Rs. 45.57 crores which has been increased to Rs. 95.68 crores during the visit of the Central Team in July, 1986.

As soon as the report of earthquake was received, a Reconnaissance Team was deputed to visit affected areas. Based on the recommendations of the Reconnaissance Team, an amount of Rs. 5 crores was released on 15.5.86 as ways and means advance to the Government of Himachal Pradesh for immediate relief works. Subsequently, a Central Team visited the State from 4th to 8th July, 1986 to make an on the spot assessment of the situation and requirement of Central assistance. The report of the Central Team is under consideration.

Implementation of Rural Development Programmes

2475. DR. G. S. RAJHANS : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Union Government have recently urged upon the Project Directors of District Rural Development Agencies to make efforts to implement rural development programmes;

(b) if so, whether Government propose to issue necessary guidelines to State Governments in this regard; and

(c) if so, by when and to what extent the target of rural development programmes during the Seventh Five Year Plan will be achieved ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOP-MENT (SHRI RAMANAND YADAV): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir. Apart from guidelines which have been issued, a series of three workshops were organised at national level for project directors of DRDAs and State Level officers covering most of the State/ UTs in the country so that they are fully apprised of the various changes in the policies and procedures in the VII Plan under different rural development programmes.

(c) The targets in the VII Plan for the maior rural development programmes bein implemented by this Ministry are as follows:

 Integrated Rural Develop- ment Programme (IRDP)	•	20 miilion families (includ- ing old families for supplemen- tary assistance).

- (II) National Rural : Generation of Employment 1445 million
 Programme mandays of em-(NREP) ployment.
- (III) Rural Landless : Generation of Employment 1013 million Guarantee Pro- mandays of emgramme (RLEGP) ployment.

These targets are expected to be achieved during the Seventh Plan period.

Implementation of Land Reforms

2476. DR. G.S. RAJHANS : SHRI SATYENDRA NARAYAN SINHA : SHRI SHARAD DIGHE : SHRI AMAR ROYPRADHAN : SHRI AMARSINH RATHAWA :

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE pepleased to state :

(a) whether Government have recently urged the State Governments to implement land reform measures more vigorously;

(b) if so, the details of guidelines issued in this regard; and

(c) the steps taken for speedy implementation of land reforms in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOP-MENT (SHRI RAMANAND YADAV): (a) to (c). Yes, Sir. The Government of India have been urging the State Governments to vigorously implement land reforms measures. In May, 1985 a conference of State Revenue Ministers was held to discuss inter alia the vigorous implementation of land reform measures. The consensus arrived at the conference is at statement given beolw. Recommendations made by the onference have been sent to the State Covenments for necessary action.

Statement

Main recommendations of State Revenue Ministers Conference held in May, 1985

Abolition of Intermediaries :

(A) Pending work may be reviewed by 31.3.1986 for its early completion and legislative action may be taken within 2 years to abolish the few intermediary tenures still in existence and action completed by the end of the VII Plan.

Security of tenure and conferment of rights :

(B) (i) A drive should be undertaken for completion by 30.6.1986 by the official machinery to ascertain oral and insecure informal tenants and share-croppers with the help of panchayats, voluntary organisations and local peeple and bring them on record, irrespective of whether tenancy is recognised or abolished in the State. This may be completed by 31.12.1986. Security of tenure should be ensured to all categories of tenants and share-croopers.

(ii) States where rent payable is higher than 1/4 to 1/5 of gross produce should bring it down.

(iii) Ownership rights should be conferred on tenants and share-croppers after they are brought on record. Legislative provisions for this, where do not exist, should be made within 2 years.

(iv) Unnecessary exemptions permitting tenancy against national policy should be reviewed and legislative or administrative action taken by 31.3.1986 to remove them as well as for banning of leasing except by specified exempted categories as per national policy and banning of transfers of agricultural land to non-agriculturists.

(v) State and Union Territories should consider moving towards a stricter definition of personal cultivation in order to prevent clandestine tenancies.

Protection of interests of tribals :

In order to protect the interests of tribals in land, existing provisions regarding banning of transfer of land belonging to