# LOK SABHA DEBATES 

(Sixth Session)

(Vol. III contains Nos. 11 to 20)

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## LOK SABHA DEBATES

J
LOK SABHA
Monday, Deeember 2, 1968/Agrahayana II. 1890 (Suka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock
[Mr. Speaker in the Chalr]

## ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

## Study Report of Dr. Ashis Bose

*45I. SHRI YASH PAL SINGH : Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 4413 on the 19th August, 1968 and state :
(a) whether the study report presented to Government by Dr. Ashis Bose regarding tackling of Delhi's land and housing problems on a scientific basis has since been considered by Government ; and
(b) if so, the decision taken by Government in the matter ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINIS IRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (i) The report of the study made by Dr. Ashis Bose has yet to be finalised by him.
(b) Does not arise.

घ्री पझपाल सिह : इन बस्तियों को मनम्रायोराइ्ड्ड केसे कहा जाना है ? गवर्न मेंट ने इनको दिजली के कने₹शन दिये, बाकायदा छनसे गवर्नमेंट टेकस वसूल करती है, बाकायदा गवर्न मेंट ने इनके लिए पानी की ठपवस्था की है। जो इन टैकमों को देने वाले है, के घनभाधोराइज्ड नहीं हैं, लेने वाले मनम्राधोर।इज्ड董 1

SHRI B. S. MURTHY: That question has nothing to do with this.

बी पझापाल लंलह : सरकार जब बाकायदा उनको बिजली, पानी दे रही हैं, उन से टिक्स वसूल कर रही तो वे भ्रनभाथोराइज्ड केसे हो गए ?

SHRI B. S. MURTHY: This is a question regarding land speculation.

जो पग्रापाल सिंह : जिन लोगों ने घार रुपये गज़ पर जमीनें खरीदीं मोर उनको बाद में चार सो प्रोर साढ़े नार सो हपये गज में बेचा, उनके खिलाफ सरकार ने क्या ऐषान लिया ?

SHRI B. S. MURTHY d The land is purchased by the Government and developed and the general policy is to dispose them of by auction. But they reserve some land to be given at prodetermined ratos to the individuals whose land has been acquired in connection with the scheme of large scale acquisition, dovelopment and disposal of land in Delhi. Second comes the industrialists who are being asked to remove their factories from their present locations, and third comes individuals in the low income group and the middle income group people and the Co-operative House bullding societies and the co-operative socities of industrialists and manufacturers.

SHRI BAL RAJ MADHOK : The problem of house and land in Delhi has assumed great proportions, particularly during the last few years. The population of De!hi has increased very fast but the housing has not kept pace. According to the Master Plan when it was prepared in 1960 there was a backlog of 50,000 houses. As per the Master Plan 30,000 units will be required every year and to cover the backlog 50,000 units will be required. The price increase and the increase in population was more than
what was assumed by the Master Plan makers. In view of these facts may I know whether the Government is prepared to give land it has acquired to prospective builders, whether they are on the co-operative societies or private sector, on a no profit no loss basis. So far they have been taking land on Rs. 2 per square yard from the cultivators and selling it at Rs. 20, 30 or Rs. 40 making a lot of profit. I want a clear assurance from the Government whether they will give that land on no profit no loss baris to the co-operative societies. Secondly, has a proposal come before the Government that there should be a revolving fund of Rs. 15 crores which will be at the disposal of the Delhi Administration out of which they will build houses and give them on hire purchase basis to the small income group poople and that money should be invested agtin in building houses. I want a cear aniwer to both these questions.

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANVING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA): The question, as has been put here, is with regard to Dr. Ashis Bose's report.

SHRI BAL RAJ MADHOK : That report has said all these things.

SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA: True. Therefore, the entire question is being examined and unless that report is finalised it is not possible for us to say anything now. Many suggestions have been made with which one may agree or not. Mention about the revolving fund has also been made. The finance Ministry has got to find the money; everywhere the bottleneck is money. What else can we do?

8HRI M. L. SONDHI: May I know from the hon Minister whether he accepts the principle that the Government of India are responsible for the building and housing situation in Delhi, and if they accept this responsibility, then, the further responsibility arises when there is a mess here. 1 crave your indulgence, Sir. I would like to dethonstrate that there is a complete mess there. Is it their responsibility to clear It up or not? May I point out that this
report was received by the National Buildings Organisation in May, 1967? After that, they are saying that they are waiting for it to be finalised for publication. If I may give an analogy, speeches are made in the course of the debate, and they are finalised for publication with that green binding. Finalisation for publication by Asia Publishing House or the Oxford Publishing House has nothing to do with the finalisation of the report. The report is final. There are specific recommendations in this report which bear upon the DDA, which is a curse. I make bold to say so. Therefore, does the Minister accept the responsibility for this report as it is today, with this specific recommendation that this is the work really of the DDA and it has gone to show that land speculation in Delhi is taking place with certain vested in erests from outside Dalhi who operate her $e$, and ! his Ministry is subject to very strong influence by theie vested interests, and does it not reflect on the competence of this Ministry? Earlier it was the WHS Ministry ; for one and a half years, this particalar matter went on, but nothing has been done.

MR. SPEAKER: Order, order What is the question?

SHRI M. L. SONDHI: And this Ministry is saying that the report is not finalised ; it is now one and a hall years. 1 submit that this report is final, and this Ministry is taking shelter under a terminological inexactitude one after the other.

SHRI B. S. MURTHY: There is no terminological inexactitude ; there is no pressure at all on this Ministry. The bon. Member is under a wrong impression that the report had been received even by the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply.

SHRI M L. SONDHI: The NBO is under this Ministry. It was received in May, 1967.

SHRI B. S. MURTHY: Be kindly patient.

SHRI M. L. SONDHI : Patience since May, 1967.

SHRI B. S. MURTHY; Let me clarify
the whole issue, Sir. The National Buildings Organisation of the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply had remitted - I quote -"A study of speculative prices of urban land in Delhi" to the Institute of Economic Growth, Delhi. Dr. Ashis Bose in understood to have been in charge of this project. For undertakidg this study, a grant-in-aid of Rs. 13,700 was given to the Institute of Economic Growth in the middle of 1965.

SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA: Sir, what was the question, and what is this answer?

SHRI B. S. MURTHY: This is a fact. The report has been sent to the National Buildings Organisation by Dr. Ashis Bose in the middle of 1967 and that was examined by the organisation, and they remitted it back to Dr. Ashis Bose saying that 'these are our remarks, and please look into the matter."

SHRI M. L. SONDHI: Sir, this is misleading. It is a misleading information I shall raise it again : I warn the Minister.

SHRIB. S. MURTHY: I have given the f.titual information. Let the hon. Member come and see the records with us. Interruptions.

SHRI M. L. SONDHI: This has been pending with them for one and a half years. Let him answer the question. We want to know the final position; it was submitted in May, 1967.

SHRI B S. MURTHY: it is only the report, and the report has not been submitted by Dr. Ashis Bose to the National Building Organisation. But meanwhile, he delivered two lecture; on the 8th and 9th July and many evper:s wer: invited to that meeting. After he delivered the lectures some of the members present there also give him certain ideas.

SHRI M. L. SONDHI: Government has reccived the report. I also give lectures every day. What is this? (interruptions).

SHRI B. S. MURTHY: I challerge the hon. member to prove that the report has been received here.

SHRI M. L. SONDHI: I accept it. Sir. Yousct up a mediater or arbitrator and 1 will prove that this report has been suppressed in the interests of speculators and people who want to ruin the city of Delhi. This is criminal.

श्री कंचर लाल गुप्त : प्रछ्यक्ष महोदय मकानों की समस्या दिल्ली में सबसे ज्याषा खतरनाक समस्या है सबसे बड़ी समस्या है। प्रगर पह़ां के सलम को दूर फरना है तो उसके लिए फरीब दो लाख रेनमेंट्स चाहिएं। लेकिन जिस स्पीड से दिल्जी में मकान बने रहे है, श्रगर यही ₹ंड चली तो 1981 तक दिल्ली दुनिया में सबसे बढ़ा विलेज बन ज!यंगा। में माननीय मन्त्री महोद्यय से जो प्रशन पूध्यना चाहता हूं उसके तीन हिस्से हैं-पह्हला मास्टर लान की बजतु से विल्ली में मकान नहीं बन पांते हैं, जो प्रन्रीयोराष्दज्ड कालोनीजा है, वे भी रेग्यूलराइज नहीं हो पाती हैं। क्या सरकार मास्टर टलान को बदलने की कुछ कायंवाही करेगी तथा कब तक करेगी ?

द्रसरा-प्रावने 80 हजार एकड़ जमीन सैकशन 4 प्रोर 6 में सन् $19.5 \%$ से एक्षायर कर रखी है, जिसका नतीजा यह हुप्रा है कि न तो कोई प्राइेेट एजेन्सी घ्योर न कोई द्सरा मकान बना मकना है। श्रनप्रीथोराइडड कालोनीज में भी जमीनें ए़्कवायर हुई पड़ी हैं। कारवो-子े्शान ने प्रापको लिखा है कि जब तक माप सेवशन 4 घ्रोर 6 को कुछ उगहों से नहीं उठायेंगे नय तक काम नहीं च $े ग ा ।$ दया मन्यी महोदय उन जगहों से जहां से से क्रम 4 घौर 6 को वापस लेने की जसूत है, घापस लूगे ?

नीसरे—दिलली में मकानों की समस्या को दूर करने के लिए डी० ही० त० काम कर रही है, लेकिन डी० डी० ए० ठीक ंां से काम नहीं कग रही है, उसको ठीक करने के लिए घ्याप क्या कदम उडा रहे हैं ? ब्या ही० डी० $\Pi .0$ के साथ पारलयामेंट के मेंबरों को एकोगिएट करने के fिए मी कोई कारंबाही कर रहे है ?

ब्री सर्य नारायरा संस्ह : प्रभी सोंधी साह्वब डा० श्रसीश बोस की रिपोर्ट के बारे में बड़े जोश से बोले थे इसमें छ्छिपाने की कोई बात नहीं है। डा० श्रासीष बोस ने रिपोर्ट भेजी थी, लेकिन वह बिलकुल टेन्टेटिव रिपोर्ट थी। उसके बाद उन्होंने एक सेमिनार घहां पर कोल किया था, जिसमें एक्सगर्ट लोग बुलाये गए थे। उनकी स्पीच पर काफी क्रिटिसिज्म श्रोर कमेंट्स हुए, जो कि उनकी रिपोर्ट पर निर्धरित थी...

SHRI M. L. SONDHI : Dr. Ashis Bose is not on trial. It is the ministry which is on trial. You ase passing on the buck to him.

SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA: I am not passing it to anybody. I am keeping it to myself.

श्राप उस सवाल को देखिये, इस में सवाल कुछ श्रोर जवाब कुछ की बात नहीं है । श्राप ग्रशीष बोस की रिपोर्ट के बारे में पिन-प्वाइंट करते हैं, लेकिन उन्होंने खुद कह्ए है कि ह्मारे जो ऊपर कमेंट्स हुए, उनकी रोषानी में में समूची रिपोंट को फिर से रिकास्ट करना चाहता हूँ । उन्होंने जुलाई-म्रगस्त का टाइम रखा था, लेकिन रिपेंटं श्रभी नहीं भेजी है । श्राप चाहें तो भ्रशीष बोस साहब से पूछ लीजिए ।

एक बात भापने यह कहा कि जो मेस हुग्रा है, उसके लिए गवन्नमेंट रेस्पान्सिबिल है, कोई मेस क्रिए्ट करे, श्राप करें या वह करें, सब की ऐस्पासिबिलिटी हम केसे ले सकते हैं। बदकिस्मती यह है कि चारों तरफ मेस ही मेस हैं घ्रोर गषनंमेंट को उसके लिए... .

धी सु० कु० तापड़िया : घापकी तरफ मेस ज्यादा हैं।

घी सत्यनारायर सिह् : यह तो देग्जने की जरूरत है, भगर भपने चहमे से देखेंगे तो

उसमें दूसरों की चीजें नजर झ्याती हैं, श्रपनी चीजें नजर नहीं घ्रातीं।

SHRI M. L. SONDHI : This is a serious matter. What are the specific recommendations ?

SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA: I have not got the recommendations.

SHRI M L. SONDHI: Nobody is holding the baby. It is floating between your ministry and the N. B. O.

MR. SPEAKER : The minister may reply to Mr. Gupta's question now.

SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA: श्रब जहां तक गुप्ता जी का सवाल है इसमें कोई शक नहीं है कि वह बहुत श्रहम सवाल हैइसमें दो तरह की राय हैं । छूतनी जमीन ले ली गई है, इसको कब तक डेवेलप करेंगे-यह सवाल ठीक है, लेकिन डी० डी० ए० के जरिये हमने जो कुछ किया है, पहले वह में श्रापको बतलाना चाहता हूं...

श्री एस० एम० जोशी: पहले मास्टर प्लान के बारे में बतलाइय-प्राप तबदीली करना चाहते हैं या नहीं ?

SHRI PILOO MODY: Government should not interfere with the Master. Plan.

श्रो सल्यनारायया सित्ह: मैं छसका जवाब नहीं दे सकता । मास्टर प्लान सरकार का है प्रोर कौबिनेट से सैंकशन हो चुका है, जब तब ऐसी बात न निकले कि हम उसको चेन्ज कर सकते हैं, तब तक मैं इसका जवाब नहीं दे सकता 1

धो कंबर लाल गुप्त : दिल्ली कारपोरेषान, डी० धी० ए० मोर दिल्ली एडमिनिस्ट्र घान ने बार-बार श्राप से प्रार्थना की है कि कुछ्घ जगहों की मास्टर प्लान में ரडजस्टमेंट की जहरत है। इसके लिए उस दिन मल्बी महोदय ने जवाब में कहा था कि हम करेंगे। लेकिन

श्राज ये जायद मोदी साहब के कहने से कहते हैं कि हम कुद्ध कह नहीं सकते । जवाब एक होना चाहिए। ग्राप दिल्ली के 35 लाख लोगों की जिदगी के साथ खेल रहे हैं, ठीक तरह् से कुछ बुर्दवारी के साय जवाब दीजिये ।

घो सत्य नार।यरा सिस्ह : मैंने कहा है कि ग्रभी कोई खास फैसला इसके बारे में हम ने नही किया है ।

श्री बसराज मधोक : ग्राप इस डिपाटंमेंट के मिनिस्टर हैं - प्रगर सरकार यह समभती है या महतूस करती है कि इसके भ्रन्दर कुछ्छ एडजस्टमेंट की ज रूरत है तो क्या श्राप कंबिनेट को रिकर्मैंड करेंग ?

श्रो सत्य नारायरा सिंह : भाप लोगों ने जो कुद्ध कहृा है वह हमारे कान में है, उस पर क्या होगा...

श्री कंबर लास गुप्त : दिमाग में होोना चाहिए।

भो सल्य नागयरासहह : दिमाग में भी है। कान के जरिये से दिमाग में जाता है। जो कुछ श्रब तक किया है, वह ठीक हैं, लेकिन इससे हम खुद सेटिस्फाद्ड नहीं हैं। श्रब तक 252 फ्लंट्स श्रोर 12,515 प्लाट्स डवेलप हुए हैं, उनमें से 8,995 प्लाट्स पबिलक को दिये गये हैं ता० 31.5......

श्रो कंवर लासगुप्त : उसमें बने कितने हैं ? 8 ह्जार प्लाट्स में से 80 प्लाट्स् बने हैं, जिस पर प्रब तक तीन करोड़ रुपया एडमिनिस्ट्रेटिव एक्सपेन्स हो चुका है। मेहरबानी कर के दिल्ली को बचाइये, सोइये मत...

MR. SPEAKER: Now 1 will go to the next question.

घी कंवर लान गुप्त : मष्यक्ष महोदय, भ्राप ही कुछ तरीका बतलाइये, श्राधा धण्टे की बहस से मी कुछ नतीजा निकलने वाला नहीं है । समस्या क्या है-ये लोग पढ़ते ही नहीं है,

हालत दिन-व-दिन खराब होती जा रही हैबतलाइये हम क्या करें ?

SHRI M. L. SONDHI: Sir, it is a serious matter. Since the Deputy Prime Minister is also present here, they should give a satisfactory answer. This is the most acute problem in Delhi. The public are being hoodwinked and there is speculation. Nothing is being done by the government to check it.

धी कंबर लाल गुप्त : लोग इसके बारे में ह्म से पूछ्छते हैं, बतलाइये हम क्या करें ?

MR. SPEAKER : Have patience.
SHRI M. L. SONDHI : What is the definition of "patience"? If they have the courage, let them face the problem.

SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA : Sir, I request that there should be a detailod discussion.

MR. SPEAKER : You should write to me making a suggestion. If there is any discrepancy, I will ask the government to explain it.

## Survey by Rural Drioking Wuter Supply Investigation Division

*452. SHRI HEM RAJ: Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether the special Investigation Division for Rural Drinking Water Supply has completed its survey in the States and Union Territories ; and
(b) if so, the allocations made for 1968-69?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) The survey and preparation of preliminary reports for rural water supply in the difficult and scarcity arcas have been completed by all the States, except Jammu and Kashmir and Union Territory of Himachal Pradesb.
(b) Rs. 40 lakbs.

SHRI HEM RAJ: Water is one of the basic amenities, so far as rural areas are concerned, and it is a fact that in some of the hilly and scarcity areas people have to walk 5 to 6 miles to fetch water. May 1 know what allocation will be made in the Fourth Plan for drinking water ?

SHRI B. S. MURTHY: According to the survey the cost of providing water supply to 215,989 out of 543,345 villages will come to Rs. 717 crores.

SHRI HEM RAJ: I find that the allocation so for made has been only to cover two table and odd villages. May I know by what time and what Plan periods government think all the villages will get supply of drinkiug water?

SHRI B. S. MURTHY : A total provision of Rs. 454 crores is being made in the Fourth Plan.

SHRI ATAL BEHARI VAJPAYEE. Where is the Fourth Plan?

SHRI HEM RAJ: By what time and by what Plan will they all get water supply?

SHRI B. S. MURTHY: It is not possible to give any definite date by which all the villages will be having potable water supply.

MR. SPEAKER : The question is only about Centrally administered areas.

SHRI VASUDEVAN NAIR: No, Sir ; it covers all States.

श्री हुकम घन्व कध्रवाप : मंत्री महोदय ने प्रभी घ्रपने उत्तर में बत्ताया है कि 2,15 हुजार गांवों को पीने का पानी उपलब्ध करने की ब्यवस्पा की जायेगी घ्रोर उस पर छतना सार्च होगा। मैं यह जानना जाह्ता हूं कि पलग धलग प्रान्तों में कितने कितमे गांवों को पानी पष्ठेंचाने की ब्यवस्था की जायेगी पोर उस पर कितमा खर्च घ्रायेगा 1 में यह भी जानसा चाहृता कू कि सब गांबों को पानी उपलब करने का काम कितने समय में पूरा हो आयेगा।

स्वास्थ्य, परिबार नियोजन तथा नगरोय चिकास मंश्री (धो सत्य नारायसा सिंह) : डिफिकल्ट भ्रोर सकेसिटी एरिया में, वहाह़ी क्षेत्र में जहां पर्थर में कुं प्रा लोद कर पानी निकालने की समस्या है, जहां एक एक मील से पानी लाना पड़ता है प्रोर उस क्षेत्र में, जुं बें किश वाटर निकलता है, नगभग दो लाख गांबों में पानी सल्लाई करने के लिए चार पांच साल पहले लगभग साढ़े सात सो करोढ़ रपयं का एस्टीमेट लगाया गया था। छूंकि सब चीजों के दाम बढ़ गये हैं इसलिए ग्राज उस काम के लिए एक ह्जार करोड़ रुपये चाहिए।

SHRI RANGA: Even 1,000 rigs are not being used, what to speak of Rs. 1,000 crores?

श्री सर्य नारायखा सिंत् : जो चोथी प्वान ग्रा रहो है, उस में हस एक हजार करो में से 140 करोड़ रुपया प्रोषाह्ड किया गया है। र्याल है कि शायद उस में से भी कुछ्ब कट जाये। दह तो सिम्पल अ्ररिथमेंटिक का सवाल है। हमें इस काम के लिए एक हज़ार करोड़ रुपा चाहिए, जिस में मे एक ल्लान में 130 , 140 करोड़ रुपया fमलेगा; नो किन यहु काम चार पांच प्लान्ज में हो पायेगा।

श्रो हृकम चन्व कछखवाय : मेरे प्रशन का उत्तर नहीं दिया गया है। मैंने पूछा है कि भलग घ्रलग प्रान्तों में कितने कितने गांवों को पानी सप्लाई किया जायेगा प्रोर उन में कितना बचं होगा।

बी सर्य नारापया सिह : वह बेक-पप मेरे पास नहीं है।

भीमती साबित्री इपाम : क्या चोथी पचवर्षीय योजना के प्रन्त तक सब प्रामवासियों को पीने का पानी मिल सकेगा ? इस बारे में स्टेटवाइण एलोकेषान कितना कितना है।

धी सस्य नारायता सिह : मैंने भभी बताया है कि 215 हजार गांबों के लिए एक हजार करोड़ रुपया चाहिए, जब की चौथे प्लान में सिफं 130 करोड़ रुपा दिया गया है। छस स्थिति में सब गांवों में पानी कैसे पहैँच सकता है।

SHRI VASUDEVAN NAIR : Apparently, there is some discrepancy between the figures given by the junior Minister and senior Minister. While the junior Minister gave a figure of Rs. 717 crores, the senior Minister tas given the figure of Rs. 1,000 crores.

MR. SPEAKER : It makes no difference, because we are not getting either Rs. 717 crores or Rs 1,000 crores.

SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA: There is no discrepancy. What I said was that Rs. 700 crores was estimated four or five years ago. It is a very simple thing. In the course of four or five years; everything has gone up-

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU: May I know whether the hon. Minister will be in a position to tell us how much was allocated for West Bengal, how much was actually spent and how much do they intend spending in West Bengal in the Fourth Plan?

SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA : The Fourth Plan is not before the House.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU: Is there any draft suggestion?

SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA : I am not going to discuss the draft suggestion here

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU : What a stupid reply? Sir, he is not going to discuss the draft suggestion here. What is to be done? (Interruptions)

SHRI RANDHIR SINGH : It was a stupid question... (In'erruptions)

MR. SPEAKER : Order, order : all of you must sit down.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU : Sir, I
asked very innocently a specific question. He could have said, "I require notice" or "I have not got the information". He said, "I am not willing to discuss this." (Interruptions)

SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA : All that I said was that I am not going to discuss the Draft Plan here and now. If you do not understand, what can 1 do? (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER : Order, order. The answer was perfectly right. There is no Fourth Plan, there is no allocation. What is to be discussed here now ? Next question.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU: I ooly asked him if he can consider a suggestion for the Fourth Pian.

## Fake Currency Notes Printed in China

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    *453. SHRI P. K. DEO:
        SHRI N. SHIVAPPA:
        SHRI ONKAR LAL BERWA :
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Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred question No. 5888 on the 26th August, 1967 and state :
(a) whether the report from the Government of Bihar on notes printed in China having been found in the Janakpur area in Nepal in June, 1968 has since been received;
(b) if so, the details thereof ;
(c) the step; which have been taken by Government to prevent the recurrence of ouch iacidents; and
(d) whether the matter has boen taken up with the Government of Chins.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) Yes Sir.
(b) A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

## Statement

The Government of Bihar have stuted that according to information available with them the Check Post Offizer, Sursand, reported to S.P., Muzaffarpur in Pebruary, 1968 that forged Indian currency notes of
the denomination of Rs. 10/-were found in the possession of two persons in village Barharwa, P. S. Janakpur, Distt. Dhanaka (Nepal) and they were arrested on 5.2.1968. S.P., Muzaffarpur made a reference to S.P., Janakpur, regarding this case and requested him to send the details of the arrested persons and the recovered notes for examination. However, no reply was received by S P., Muzaffarpur. Later, when S.P., Janakpur visited Muzaffarpur in some other connection, he verbally confirmed the information regarding the seizure oi counterfeit Indian currency and also mentioned that the forged notes appeared to be of good quality print. The notes were not, however, received by the Bihar Government and they were trying to obtain the forged notes for getting them examined.

Subsequently, however, the Central Bureau of Investigation have obtained a forged note from National Central Bureau, Nepal and sent it for examination by the Experts at Nasik. It is reported that the accused have stated in Nepal that the notes were obtained by them in Calcutta,
(c) In this case, the incident occurred in Nepal. As already stated, the border police have been alerted by Bihar Police. The offences relating to counterfeiting of currency notes and bank notes come under the Indian Penal Code, which already provides for deterrent punishment.

The Central Bureau of Investigation have also now created a 'cell' in the Economic Offences Wing to undertake investigations of serious offences of counterfeiting currency and coordinating the investigations in the States.
(d) No, Sir.

SHRI P. K. DEO: While the intrinsic value of Indian currency is going down everyday and losing its purchasing power, it is a matter of great concern that fake notes are in large circulation. The statement of the hon. Minister is conspicuously silent about one thing as to whether the fake notes were manufactured in China. From the statement, we find these tenrupee fake notes which were seized were obtained by the accused in Calcutta. From the press reports and other reports, we have come to know that many persons indulge in this kind of activity. From the
newspaper cutting, I find there was even a film producer from whom nearly two lakh pieces of fake thousand rupee notes were seized - in the film when the hero walks to the landscape, he is drowned in thousandrupee notes. So many people are manufacturing these notes.

May I know if the provisions in the Indian Penal Code are adequate or if the Government want to make them still more stringent? What steps have the Government been taking, besides creating a cell in the C.B.I., specially in the border areas so that there is no percolation of these fake notes into India ?

SHRI K. C. PANT : Firstly, as regards the size of these operations, according to the report that we have received from the CBI who have heard in the matier from the Central Bureau of Nepal through Interpol, the forged currency notes which were seized were Rs. 2.910 in one case and Rs. 665 in another case. This is the order of the operations.

So far as the question whether these were printed in China or not is concerned, we have through the Interpol got two notes, one ten-rupee and the other fiverupee, and these have buen sent for expert opinion to the Government Security Press, Nasik......

## SHRI RANGA: How long ago ?

SHRI K. C. PANT : Not very long ago. only recently. The whole thing is recent; that is, 1968. They are under study. So, far, they appear to be local forgeries, but we will await a final report before we can say anythiug very definite.

So far as the question as to what other steps the Centre is contemplating to take is concerned, this is a State subject...

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : Production of forged notes !

SHRI K. C. PANT : ... and steps have to be taken by them to correct this. About the States, my friend, Shri Vajpayee, has some experience; he knows how they normally function.

At present there is no proposal to amend the Indian Penal Code.

SHRI P. K. DEO : Lately large quantitios of Indian currency of ten-rupee denominations are in circulation which do not bear the words "on demand"; only this much written, namely, 'I promise 10 pay the bearer the sum of Rupees ten'. So, there is a departure from the usual practice. Formerly in the currency notes it used to be written, "I promise to pay the bearer ...... on demand". So, may I know whether these notes are fake notes or whether they are manufactured fake in the Nasik Press and the reason why these words "on demand" have heen deleted : is it international or is it going to prove that Government is not in a position to pay on demand and that they will be willing to pay only at their convenience, thereby proving the bankruptcy of the Government?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): May I say that, if the notes absu! which he has referring are sent to me, then I can inquire into it and tell him what he wants

SHRI P. K. DEO: Here is the Press photograph of the note.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI : Press photograph is all right: that it seen by you. You look only at the Press photograph, but $I$ have to look at the real thing. Unless 1 do that, how am 1 to reply? (Interruptions).

SHRI PILOO MODY: All new notes do not have those words.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: Quite true. I am only saying that, if it is said that the words 'on demind' are taken out, it does not maan any difference because it says, 'I promise to p.y so much' ; that means, on demand only it will be paid. Why should it be written? (Interruptions). If redundant wordy have been used for ages, it does not mean that they are required. When we know that it is true. it is not necessary. That does not relate to any forgery at all...! Interruptions). If one cin forge the other words, one can forge these words also ...

SHRI RANGA: The question itself
was not answered. Why is it that those two words were dropped?

MR. SPEAKER : Because they are redundant, they have been deleted...

SHRI RANGA: This is what he said or you are saying ?

MR. SPEAKER : He said. I cannot say anything on my own.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: I said it.
SHRI PILOO MODY: I hope, it has been recorded.

SHRI R. BARUA : The Minlster of State, while replying to an earlier question, said that this was a State subject. But, all the same, the Indian currency is a matter which concerns the Finance Ministry. May I know from the hon. Minister whether he is aware of the fact that fake notes counterfeit notes, are coming from Nagalaud areas and other eastern border areas in large quantities and if so, what other sleps, apart from entrusting it to the State Governments, are the Government contemplating to take?

SHRI K. C. PANT: While this may be a State subjeit, I did not say that the Centre was not interested in the prublem. The Centre is cortainly interosted, and the CBI is keeping under conftant stuay and review the new techniques and methods and shapes and size of counterfeit notes that are seized. Also, as I have sald in my main reply, the CBI has croated a cell in the Economic Offences Wing to undertake investigations of serious offences of counterfeiting currency and co-ordinating the investigationy in the States so that the information gathered by each of the States can be utilised properly.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: Sir the printing of fake curreniy notes has become a racket in the country and it has apread like wild fire in the country. There are instances where the fake currency notes have been spreading and also they are distributed through so many mutts in Mysure State and there are so miny Swamiji who are involved; and there are a number of charge-sheots which have been filed. I
would like to say that this is not a case that the fake currency notes have been spread in Bihar only. Even from Kanyakumari to Kashmir, we can see everywhere that this has been spreading. And also, there are congress ministers who are committing the offence, even in Mysore State. and with your permission. Sir, I would like to disclose the names. (Interruption).

MR. SPEAKER : No. It is irrelevant now.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: There are a number of investigations which have disclosed that Congress ministers in Mysore State are behind these things. Will the Government of India...

SHRI PILOO MODY: You may disclose the names. (Interruption).

MR. SPEAKER: You should not make allegations of a serious nature in pussing, in a supplementary. You should not do it.

SHRIK LAKKAPPA: Will the hon. Minister be able to tell us.... (Interruption).

MR. SPEAKER : You should not make allegations.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA : Even for unstarred questions which we have asked they have given answers. Number of cases have been registered and many Swamijis are involved in this and also these congress ministers have been backing all these transactions...

MR. SPEAKER : The whole question is irrelevant.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: With the Government of India constitute an Inquiry Commillee

MR. SPEAKER : 1 will call somebody else. Shri D. N. Tiwary.

थी दा० ना० लिवारी : फष्यक्ष महोदय, बिहार पोर नेपाल के बार्धर पर (क्यवषान)

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: rose-

MR. SPEAKER: I have ruled out your question. It is irrelevant .. If you have got something, you can ask the question only. I will permit you.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA : Will the Government of India-in view of the seriousness of the situation in the country make an inquiry and appoint an Inquiry Commission in this behalf, to see how many cases are involved and what exactly is the transaction which is going on in this behalf?

MR. SPEAKER : Inquiry will be made.

SHRI K. C. PANT: Inquiries are made. But there is no need for Inquiry Commission.

श्री द्वा० ना० तिवारी बिहार श्रोर नेपाल के बार्डर पर बहुत से बाजार लगते हैं श्रोर उन बाजारों में नेपाल मे भी ग्रोर बिहार से भी लोग ग्रा कर खरीद फ़रोस्त करते हैं। वहां कुछ फेक नोट्स चलाये जाते हैं उस में वहुत से गरीब देहाती, जिन को तमीज़ नहीं है कि पह्चान सकें कि यह भ्रसली नोट हैं या जाली नोट हैं, फंस जाते हैं । ऐसे लोगों पर केस चलता है घ्रोर वह हैरेस किये जाते हैं। इस सम्बन्ध में गवनंमेंट क्या कर गही है जिस से कोमन पीपुल हैरेस न हों ?

श्रो कृष्ता चन्ष्र पन्त : बिहार में बहुत केसेज नहीं हैं जिस में कि लोग पकड़े गये हों या नोट्स पकड़े गये हों। पह्ली श्रम्रल से 30 जून, 1968 में केवल 22 केस रजिस्टर ह्ठुए घ्रोर 909 रु० पकड़ा गया । इसलिये बहुत केसेज नहीं हैं। श्रब ऐसा कोई केस मालूम हो, जैसा माननोय सदस्य कह रहे हैं, तो बत।यें भी ।

भी जार्ज फरनेन्डीज : घष्यक्ष महोदय, घभी उष-प्रषान मंग्री जी ने यह उत्तर दिया कि 10 रु० पर से जो "घोन डीमान्ड्ड" हटाया ग़या है वह इसलिये कि वह रिउन्डेंट है। में

पहले खुलासा कर के बाद में सवाल पूछूंगा। कुछ्ध हिन पहुले, शायद 15 दिन पहले जब मेरा प्रश्न यहां प्रनस्टांठ क्वेषचन के रूप में प्राया था तब मंत्रो महोदय ने यह उत्तर दिया था कि नोट पर छापने की जगह नहीं है हस्सलिए "भ्रान डिमांड" हटाया गया है। तो पहले मंशी महोदय इस का बुलासा करें कि रिउडेंसी की बजह से हढाया गया है या जगहृ नहृं है इसलिए हटाया गया है ?

भ्रो मोटार जी केलाई : जगह नहीं है तो जो जहूरी है बह नहीं हृटाया जा रहा है । उस के लिए जगह करनी पड़ रही है प्रोर यह जहूरी नहीं है इसीलिए हस को हृागः गया झोर उस जगह का उपयोग किया गया।

भो जाजं फरनेन्ड़ज : तो एक रुपये के नोट पर नो छापना ही बन्द कर देना चाहिए । गह कोई उस्तर हुप्रा ?

भी मोरारजो वेसाई उस का प्रिद्ध उनना ही छोटा होता है।

थी जाजं फरनेन्डीज : तो प्रध्यध्ध महोदय, मे इसलिए यह बताना चाहता हृं कि कितना बेमतलब म्भोर गलन उत्तर मंश्री महाददय देंने हैं...

थ्रो मोरारजी देसाई : प्राप जैसे बेमतलब हम नहीं बोलते हैं।

धी आारं फरनेत्रीज : प्रघ्यक्ष महोदय, जहां तक इस प्रष्न का नाल्युक है, जो उत्र सभा पटल पर रगा है उस में लिसा है कि नेपाल में जिन लोगों के पास यह़ नोट मिला उन लोगों ने बत।या कि यह नोट कलकत्ता में मिला था। मंत्रो मह़ोधय यह बताते हैं कि यह् स्टेट सबजैंक्ट है इमलिए राज्य सरकार को जो कुछ्ख करना है जानी नोट के मंबंष में बह् करे । तो में पूर्वना चाहना हां रक जब कि नेषाल के जरिए मे बहा पर बुले ज्राम कई किस्म का जाली बन्धा चल रहा है, हिन्दुस्तान के उबोग-

पनि नेपाल में जा कर कारखाने के नाम पर कोई ठांचा बड़ा कर लेते हैं पोर फिर विदेशी माल हिन्दुस्तान में लाने का काम करते हैं पोर भ्रब यह देखने में भा रहा है, इस का भी सबूत मिल रहा है कि जाली नोट भी नेपाल से हिन्दुस्तान में मा रहा है प्रोर वह कलकता से प्रारहा है तो क्या यह् सारा मामला पाव के प्राने के वाद कलकत्ता पोर जिन का नाम नेपाली ध्रारोपियों ने बताया उन के बारे में भाप ने कोई जांच की पथवा कलकता से सी० बो० घाई० या राज्य सरकार की दोर से कोई जाच की भोर नहीं की तो क्यों नहीं की ?

श्री कुष्णा घग्र पंत : मैने तो कहा कि सी० बी० भ्राई० जाँच कर रही है। पोर जिन लोगों ने पारोप लगाया है वह नेपाली नहीं हैं बर्विक हिन्दुस्तानी हैं जो वहां गए हैं।

SHR1 SRADHAKAR SUPAKAR : From the record of the detection of counterfeit notes avallable with the Government of India, can it be inferred that the amount of counterfeit notes is on the increase?

SHRI K. C PANT : No. From that it cannot be inferred. In fact, if I were to give some figures, the amount of notes seized from 1st April, 1967 to 31st January, 1968 was Rs. 112.776 ; as I said earlier, the amount seized from 1st April, 1968 to 30th June, 1968 was Rs. 7606.

बी बगम्नाष राब जोशी : विष्यले महीने में मैंे नैनीताल जिसे का प्रवास किया। उस समय मुभे बहा लोगों ने बताया कि उस केष में तिज्यत की घोर से कुष्ब नीन में द्ये है नोटस पाते हैं परर हस सामले में कुष लोग पकरें गये हैं। बहु स्ययं पंत्री महोवय का षेंग्र होने के नाते मैं पूष्ना बाहता हू कि क्या यह जानकरी उन को मिली है प्रोर यदिध हो तो उम पर क्षा कायंबाही की ?
 नहीं fमनी। लेकिर वहने कुस सबालों में बताया

गया था कि पहले यह fाकायत पूर्वी हिन्दुस्तान के बारे में fमली थी कि कुछ नोट वहां ऐसे प्राए हैं। उस के बारे में एँ्वकायरी सी० बी० प्राई० ने की । उस में यह् नहीं साबित हुश्रा कि बहुत सारे नोट श्राए हैं।

SHRI HEM BARUA: In view of the fact that fake currency notes generally forged in China are finding a place in certain areas of eastern India-they are available in Assam also; even Chinese csins are available in NEFA, and I have seen them with my own eyes-and they are finding a ready market in the eastern areas, and in view of the fact that the other day the Deputy-Prime Minister told us that he was thinking of sealing the border between Nepal and India, may I know whether he has progressed in any way in the matter? Does he propose to seal the border or at least plug the loopholes through which thesc currency notes and Chinese cuins and arms and ammunitions also pars into India?

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: I do not know whether I said that I was thinking of sealing the borders. I only said that we were trying to take step: to see that these things did not happen. That is what we say. Recently, there was a trade delegation which had gone from here ; they have had discussions in order to seo that these things stop; and certain measures have been accepted by the Nepal Government, and, therefore, in future we hope that these things will stop.

I would also like to make it clear that Government certainly get worried about these matters because it is not a matter on which one can look with complacency. It is for that very purpose that a special machinery has now been put on it. The cell created in the CBI is not merely for research, but it is also for inquiring into all these things. The Customs knock at everywhere, and all the people are alerted to see that these are caught as quickly as possible. Of course, this is a perpetual nuisance which will go on. Bat we have got to reduce it to the minimum and that has been our attempt.

SHRI HEM BARUA: Unfortunately,
the CBI is not under his Ministry but under the Home Ministry.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: The CRI is under Government.

SHRI D. N. PATODIA: To me it appears that the problem has not been given the serious attention that it descrves. In respect of these fake notes, the persons were arrested as early as on 5th February, 1968. It is already ten months since then. The hon. Minister says that the action was started recently. I believe that he is only minimising its importance. Ten months cannnot be considered as a short period. May I know whether the arrested persons who had been very closely interrogated have clearly come out with the evidence that these notes were printed in China? This is a serious matter and if these notes were printed in China, it opens up a new dimension of Chinese attilude towards India, and it has got to be taken up scriously. Therefore, my question is this. If Government are satisfied as a result of these interrogations that the notes were printed in China, are they prepared to tell the Chinese Government that we are not prepared to tolerate this situation and unless and until they offer an unconditional apology diplomatic relations cannot be maintained?

SHRI K. C. PANT: I am surprised that the entire promises of the hon. Member are wrong. He says that we have taiken a long time. Probably he does not know that these people were arrested in Nepal by the Nepal Government. The Bihar Government has been writing to them and reminding them, and we have also been writing to the Bihar Government in turn. The CBI has tried to get information from thein. It is after a lof of effect that we have collected whatover information I have been able to give to the House.

SHRID N. PATODIA: What is the result of the interrogation: did they tell us that the notes were printed in China?

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: How can we know? They are their accused people. (Imterruptions).

ब्री किष चर साल: में मन्त्रीजी से जानना चाहुंगा कि यह़ जाली नोट लाने वाले क्या साथसाथ वेन, घड़ी हल्यादि चीजें भी चोरी छिदे लाते हैं प्रोर वह़ लालों की तादाद में हमारे श्रागरा में बिकती हैं घ्रोर श्रापके इसपेषटसं उनसे मिले हए हैं ? $2 n$ सालों से जबसे यह सरकार बनी प्राप कह रहे है कि हम रोकथाम कर रहे हैं लेकिन श्राप कुछ कर नहीं पाए। तो क्या भाप श्रागरे में छ्खापा मारेंगे जिससे कि उन तस्कर उपापारियों म्रोर चोंरबाजारी करने वालों की जांच हो सके ?

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: I am going to introduce a Bill in this session very soon whereby we want to see that all people dealing with these kinds of things will have to disclose their stocks, and if we find that they have sold something for which they cannot account, we shall confiscate them. I hope the House will accept it very quickly and enable me to do this.

SHRI HEM BARUA: How does he locate the persons?

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: They may do it for a month or two ; after that, there will be no remedy for them.

SHRI LOBO PKABHU : Has the Ministry examined whether the reduction in the size of the notes has not facilitated the increase of counterfeit notes because detection becomes difficult as the size of the notes decreases?

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: I do not agree that the size either facilitates or improves or deters detection. The size has been made small after examining all the aspects, without reducing the utility and it means a lot of reduction in expenses.

SHRI LOBO PRABHU : I wanted to know whether detection did not become difficult with the reduction in size?

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: How does the size make it difficult? It does not become difficult.

धी राम परल : क्या यह सही है कि यहा

जाली नोट बाहर से नहीं पाते बलिक कुछ स्पाइंग एजेसीज ऐसी है जो बाहर से पेपर मंगा कर जाली नोट ईंडिया में तैयार करती हैं। क्या सरकार की नोटिस में इस तरह की कोई सूचना पाई है या नही ?

भी कृष्ता घन्त्र पम्त : प्रगर हमारी नोटिस में यह बात श्रा जाय कि बाहर से रम्मग्लिंग हुमा करता है तो हैम उसको रोक दें।

SHRI J. MOHAMED !MAM : As has been pointed out, fake notes or counterfeit notes have become practically a cottage industry certainly in the south. As pointed out by my hon. friend, a number of cases have been detected. May I know whether Government have carried out uny invesigation to find out what is the proportion of these fake notes now in circulation? Also have they taken any steps to see that innocent people do not unnecessarily becomes viction of these fake notes? Are there any identification marks to find out whether a note is genuine or counterfeit?

SHRI K. C. PANT: I did not follow the last part of the question. But if my hon. friend looks at this matter in perspective, I have already indicated that the amount of notes seized, for instance, from 1-4-1968 to 30-6-1968 is Rs. 7,606. If he relates it to the currency in circulation, he will realise that what he has been saying is grossly exaggerated.

मारतीय पूं बीपति वारा उस्रेशकों (केटालि लिसटों) का निर्माए
*455. की महाराज fिह मारती : क्या केट्रोलियम पोर रसापन मम्न्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह् सच है कि 25 माष्य, 1867 को प्रनुसंषान तथा विकास किबीजन, सिन्बी के एक पषिकारी ने भूत्पूषं मम्नी को इस प्रापय का एक वर्र लिख्षा था कि किसी मी भारतीय पूं जीपति को प्रमरीकी कर्मे के सहयोग से उस्रेखक (ेेटलिस्ट) निर्माया के लिए लाइसेंस नहीं विया जाना बाहिये अयोंकि इसका

निर्माशएा भारतीय संसाधनों से किया जा सकता है ;
(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि उसी प्रधिकारी ने 30 मई, 1967 को मन्त्रालय के सचिव को पुन: लिखा था श्रोर जनरल मिनेजर से बानचीत के बाद 1 जून, 1967 को ज्ञापन प्रस्तुत किया था ; प्रोर
(ग) यदि हां, तो ज्ञापन की मुख्य-मुर्य बातें क्या हैं श्रोर सरकार ने उस पर क्या कार्यवाही की है ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) and (c). A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

## STATEMENT

(b) A letter dated the 30th May, 1967 was written but this related to a different subject viz. (iii) in the reply to part (c) below. The memorandum of the 1st June, 1967 referred to is not readily traceable ; howover a memorandum signed by a large number of officials of the $P$ and D Division on the subject of catalysts and other matters was received through the Chairman and Managing Director, Fertilizer Corporation of India on the 25th July, 1967.
(c) The main point raised by the Planning and Development Division in the documents referred to are as follows:
(i) A proposal to grant a licence for the manufacture of catalysts in the country with foreign collaboration and foreign know-how.
(ii) The proposal for the award of a turn-key contract to foreign contractors for the Trombay Expansion scheme.
(iii) The acceptance by Government of proposals to bring in foreigners to assess the competence of Indian scientists and engineers in the fertilizer industry and to advise on the reorganisation of Public Sector fertilizer industry ignoring the indigenous
talent, particularly in fields where there was adequate experience, expertise and competence to advice, judge and decide on their own as to what would be in the best interests of the country.
2. The action taken on the above points is as under :
(i) The application of private party with foreign collaboration, for the manufacture of certain catalysts in use in the Petroleum. petro-chemical and fertilizer industries is under consideration. Whlle taking a final decision in the matter, it will be ensured that the development of indigenous capacity in this field by the Planning and Development Division, will not be jeopardised.
(ii) US AID loan condition stipulate that the contract must be awarded to a U.S. Contractor for the Trombay Expansion Scheme. While selecting the U.S. contractor on the basis of competitive tenders, in accordance with US AID's stipulations, steps will be taken to see that the design, engineering and construction competence developed in the country by public sector organisations will be made full use of and the equipment and materials available in the country will $b$, utilised to the maximum extent possible.
(iii) This was based on a misunderstanding of the terms of reference to the Study Team which the Government of India appointed comprising six Indians and four Americads for examining organisational and procedural questions relating to public sector enterprises in the fertilizer tield. The team did not assess the competence of Indian Scientists and Engineers and this was duly explained to the officials of the Planning and Development Division.

घो घहाराज रिस् भारती : म्रष्यक्ष महोदय, मेरे प्रहन में जो 25 मार्च, 1967 के

एक श्रषिकारी के एक पत्र का सवाल था उसका तो माननीय मःं्री ने कोई जवाब देना मुनासिब समभा नहीं। घ्रोर एक दूसरा जो 1 जून, 1967 की ज्ञापन दिया गया है उसको कहते हैं कि सुग मता से प्राप्य नहीं है तो जरा थोड़ी तकलीफ से ही प्राप्त कर लेते । खंर, जो कुछ भी दिया है, प्रब मैं सवाल करना चाहता है कि यह जो केटालिस्ट है यह बहुत जरूरी है केमिकल इन्डस्ट्री के लिए जिनमें फटिलाहजर, पेट्रीलियम सभी कुछ घ्रा जाता है, रा-मटीरियल बहुत कम पैसे का होताता है, नो-हाऊ के पैसे ज्यादा हुग्रा करते हैं श्रोर दुनिया में थोड़ी फमें हैं जो कि इस बिजनेंस को कर रही हैं घ्रोर हमारा प्लानिंग श्रोर डेवलपमेंट का जो डिवीजन है, फटिलाइजर कारपोरेशान का, उन्होंने प्रगर मेहनन करके काफी केटालिस्ट बना निए जो काम कर रहे हैं ग्रोर जब मौका श्राया उसको डेवलप करने का तो यह जो सरकार ने जवाब में बताया है पेट्रोलियम, पेट्रो-रसायन ध्रोर उबंरक कारखानों में हस्तेमाल होने वाले कुछ केटालिख्टों के विद्देषी सह्योग से निमारा के लिए, प्राइवेट पार्टी का श्रावेदन पत्र विचाराधीन है में जानना चाहूता हू कि जब इसमे भ्राप कहते हैं कि इस क्षेत्र में देशीय योग्यना को ठेस न पहुंचे, तो क्या श्राप ह्मको यह भ्राइवासन देंगे कि फटटलाइजर कारपोरेषान का जो प्लानिंग ग्रोर डेवलपमेंट डिवीजन है, वह जितने केटालिस्ट्स को ठेवलप करने से हनकार कर देगा, केवल उन्हीं के लित् ही भ्राप कोलाबरेशान करेंगे, उनको बनाने की बात करेंगे लेकिन जिनके लिये वे कहेंगे कि हम बना सकते हैं, रिसर्च कर रहे हैं वह दूसरों को बनाने के लिए प्राप छजाजत नही देंगे ?

SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH : I would like to assure the hon. Member and the House that we are equally anxious that nothing should be done which will in any way jeopardise or hinder the wonderful efforts being made at this $P$ and $D$ Division. They ase making certain catalysts. Whatever collaboration is being considered
is broadly speaking in respect of those which they are not making on a Commercial basis. At the present moment, only a few are in actual operation. They have not, yet developed them all on a commercial scale. They are trying their best and we are encouraging them. For instance, in the field of petroleum and petro-chemicals, they have not shown any interest at all. Even in regard to fertiliser, there aro certain types of catalysts which they are not doing now. At the same time, the need for catalysts is there all the time. What Government are considering is only collaboration to the extent that is not already covered by the $\mathbf{P}$ and D Division. Whatever they are doing and have effectively put into commercial operation there is no question of somebody else being asked to do.

As regards the letter, I have admitted it by saying 'Yes'. As regards the memorandum, it probably is the same as I have referred to. But in the memorandum the particular date is not there. If he has got a copy of it, I shall certainly look into it. I am sure it must be the same memorandum.

SHRI MAHARAJ SINGH BHARTI: 'Probably is the same',-क्या कहा जाये ? में घ्रगर कह दू प्रोत्रेबरी शायद भ्राप भो मिनिस्टर है तो भगड़ा हो जायेगा ।

इसमें ग्रापने एक जगह् कहा ?ै.—यू० एस० ऐड कटा में यह शां निहित है कि द्राम्बे विस्तार स्रीम का ठेका घमरीका के किसी टेकेदार को ही मिलना चाहिए। उन्होंने घापसे कह़ा था, डिन्रीजन ग्राफ व्नानिग एँड हेवलपमेंट से कि ट्राम्बे के विस्नार का पूरा काम हम को ते दीजिये, किसी श्रोर को न दीजिये थीर जिस काम को ह्म नहीं कर सर्कंगे उसे विदेधों से मंगा लेंगे भौर श्रापका काम कर वेंगे घोर प्रब भ्राप कहते हैं कि प्रमरीका से कजं की जातं यह है कि ठेका तो उन्हीं को देंगे, सारा काम उन्हीं से करायेगे, जिमका मतलब यहु हुपा कि विद्धेशी मुद्रा की जल्रन प्रगर एक करोह़ की थी तो प्रापकी घन घातों की बजहू से षस बीस करोढ़ की हो जायेगी। तो क्या

## हमने कज्ज की वजह से विवेषी मुद्रा की

 इन शर्तो को माना है ताकि ज्यादा कर्जा मिल जाये श्रोर घ्रपने टेलेन्ट को तोड़ दिया है ? क्या सरकार प्राइवासन देने की कृपा करेगी कि जो ची市 देश के श्रन्द्दर उपलब्ध हैं, जो देश में बन सकती है, जो टैक्नकल नो-हाऊ देशा में मीजूूद है, वह् हम विदेशों से नहीं मंगायेंगे ग्रोर कम से कम विदेशी मुद्रा लेंगे ?SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH: I am afraid the hon. Member has not read the statement which has been laid on the Table of the House. In item (ii) at page 2 we have stated clearly :
"While selecting the U.S. cantractor on the basis of competitive tenders, in accordance with US. AID's stipu lations, steps will be taken to see that the design, engineering and construction competence developed in the country by public sector organisations will be made full use of and the equipment and materials available in the country will be utilised to the maximum extent possible."

भो महाराज fिह भारती मिकिसमम एक्सटेंट पामिबिल से ₹ाए काम चलना है जब शुकू में ही कह दिया कि यू०एम० ऐड ॠए में यह इातं निहित है कि ट्राम्बे विस्तार स्कीम का ठेका भ्रमरीका के किसी ठेकेदार को ही मिलना चाहिए। तो शुरु में ही ग्रापने कह दिया कि टेका उनको ही मिलना चाहिए ग्रोर उसके बाद श्राप कहते हैं कि कोशिशा करेंगे कि ज्यादा से ज्यादा यहां का भी इस्तेमाल हो जाए। तो में जानना चाह्ता है कि श्राप ठेका प्लानिंग ऐंड डेवलपमेंट डिवीजन को क्यों नहीं देते हैं जबकि वह मांग रहे हैं ? बाद वाली बात में क्या रखा है, वह तो गोल बात है ।

SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH: There is no Ufticulty. The point is one of getting foreign exchange and assistance and 1 have said that whoever may be the contractor, all the indigenous equipment, knowlodge, etc. will be fully ut'tlised.

## National Income

*458 SHRI S. S. KOTHARI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that real national income has increased during the last year ;
(b) if so, in what sectors of the economy there has been an upsurge in income, and which sectors have recorded sluggish growth or actual decline; and
(c) the steps which Government are taking to maintain such growth ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) According to quick estimates prepared by the Central Statistical Organisation, national income inereased in real terms by 9.1 per cent in 1967.68 , largely due to a significant recovery in the agricultural sector, the net output of which rose by 20.3 per cent. A statement showing variations in the net outputs of different sectors during 1967-68 is laid on the Table of the House. Plaaed in I.tbrary. See No. LT-2427/68].
(c) The current year's programmes of agricultural and industrial development are set out in the Planning Commission document 'Annual Plan 1968 69'. The Fourth Five Year Plan which is being finalised will indicate the various steps which Government will be taking to promote economic growth in the coming ycars.

SHRI S. S KOTHARI: As the hon. Deputy Prime Mlnister has said, there has been a growth in agriculture but we find that in item 5 namely "Large scale manufacturing", there has been a decline of 13 per cent. It appears that there is considerable installed capacity in the country both in the private and public sectors which if properly utilised will lead to a considerable further welcome upsurge in national inconc. Would the hon. Minister kindly indicate whether any steps have been taken so that the utilisation of this existing inslalled capacity is stimulated?

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: We are trying to see that it is stimulated and that all the existing capacity is utilised.

SHRI S. S. KOTHARI: Item 7, "Construction.', has also gone down by 2.8 per cent. That means house building activity is not being properly stimulated to the requisite extent. Will the hon. Minister also kindly direct his attention and give incentives for house building, so that the national income emanating from this sector may also go up? It will be also in the public interest that more houses are built.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: 1967.68 incomes will be utilised later on. Therefore, at that time, if it went down it is not surprising. Now it will certainly go up again and Government has its own programme of helping housing for small !ncome groups and other income groups but it is on a modest scale. It cannot be on a very large scale in view of the finances we have.

SHRIS. K. TAPURIAH: About this construction, the Minister has replied just now that as compared to large scale manufacturing activity or other activilies, construction is less capital intensive and is more labour intensive. The decline of $2.8 \%$ is a very serious matter. The Deputy Prime Minister said about shortage of funds. A suggestion was mooted in this House that private banks be allowed to advance money for construction of houses in the rural are..s provided the Central Government or any Central Government agency gave guarantee to it. What is the reaction of the Deputy Prime Minister to this suggestion - whether he will allow the private banks to advance money to the villagers to construct houses there and whether he, the Reserve Bank or any other suitable Government institution will guarantee that.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: The Reserve Bank cannot guarantee these loans nor can the Government do so.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

## Counterfeit Currency Racket Unearthed in Madras

*454. DR. SUSHILA NAYAR : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state -
(a) Whether Governmeat have seen the
press reports in the Patriot of the $26: h$ September, 1968 that a counterfeit notes racket has been unearthed in Madras by the police on the 25th September, 1968 ;
(b) if so, the value of notes recovered by the police and the estimate of such money in circulation ;
(c) the number of persons arrested in this connection ; and
(d) the action taken by Government against them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINNANCE (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) Yes, Sir. The report does not, however, indicate that the racket was unearthed on the 25th Sepiember, 1968.
(b) Ten rupee counterfeit noles of the value of Rs. 45,730 were recovered by the police. There is no information of any such notes being in circulation now.
(c) Nineteen.
(d) The case is under investigation by the Madras State Police.

## विहली प्रशासन क्वारा मेती गई घोजना

4458. धी टी० पी० राए : क्षी राम सिंह मयर्वाल : भी मारत सिंह घोहान :
क्या वित्त मन्च्री यह् बताने की कृवा करेंगे कि:
(क) विल्ली प्रशासन ध्वारा भेजी गई कीन कोन सी योजनायें उनके मन्म्रासय के विचाशाधीन हैं ;
(ख) वे योजनायें किन-किन तिधियों को भेजी गई थीं ध्रोर हस समय के किस भवस्था में हैं ;
(ग) क्या यह सच है कि इन योजनाप्रों पर विचार करने में मन्त्रालय बत्रून समय ले गहा हैं
(घ) यदि हां, तो इसके क्या कारएा हैं ; घोर
(ह) घन योजनामों के बारे में कष्व तक मन्तिम निर्एाय किये जाने की सम्भाबना है ?

वित मंच्रालय में उप-मंत्री (घो जगम्नाथ पहाए़िया) : (क) से (ङ). मांगी गई सूँचना का विवरसा-पम्रं सदन की मेज पर रखा जाता है। [पुस्तकालय में रक्न विया गया। देंचिये संब्षा LT-2428/168]

## L.I.C. Investment In Companies

457. SHRI RABI RAY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the companies and bussiness concerns that have received Life Insurance Corporation's investments till March, 1966 ; and
(b) the detailes thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE SHRI JAGANNATH PAHADIA) : (a) L.l.C. has invesied funds in shares and debentures of a number of companies besides giving loans to them. It is not in Public interest to disclose the names of companies in which the Corporation holds investments.
(b) The total amount of Life Insurance Corporation's investments in shares and debentures of companies (including loans to companies) amounted to Rs. 17682 crores as at 31st March, 1966

## Import of Oil from Arab Countries

*459. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA : Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 1453 on the 29th July, 1968 and state :
(a) whether apart from the Kuwait National Petroleum Company, efforts have been made to import oil from Kuwait and other Arab countries in exchange of the clothes, cement, engineering and other goods required by them ;
(b) If so, the details with results thereof ;
(c) the country or company to which the Kuwait National Petroleum Company had made commitment and in what quantity due to which our deal in exchange of cement failed; and
(d) whether a survey has been made of the articles needed by pil producing

Arab countries which India can supply and if so, the detalls thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH):
(a) No Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) No information on this point is available with us.
(d) Yes, Sir. Apart from the information on the subject gathered by the Indian missions abroad a survey was made last year by the Federation of Indian Export Organisations and comprehensive reports on the goods needed by Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, U.A R., and Sudan were prepared which have already been published by the said Federation,

## भायकर की बकाया राशि

*460. श्री शारदानन्व
श्री जि० ब० सिस्ह :
श्री श्रीषरम :
क्या वित मन्च्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि
(क) 31 मार्च, 1968 को श्रायकर की कितनी राशि वसूल करनी बाकी थी ;
(ख) उन भ्रायकर दातांप्रों के नाम घ्रोर पते क्या हैं, जिन पर 5 लाख रुपए श्रथवा इससे प्रधिक राशि बकाया है प्रीर यह़ राशि उन को श्रोर कितने समय से बकाया है ; ग्रोर
(ग) उन घ्रायकर दाताश्रों के नाम घ्रोर पते क्या हैं जिनसे 2 लाख रुपए भ्रथवा इससे प्रधिक राषि वभूल की जानी थी परन्तु सरकार ने उसे पिछले दो वर्षों में बट्टे खाने डाल दिया श्रोर इस बकाया राशि को बट्टे खाते डालने के क्या काराएा थे ?

वित मंच्रालय में राज्य मत्री (धी हृष्टा चन्द्र पन्त ) : (क) 31 मार्च, 1968 को भायकर की शुद्ध बकाया 374.52 करोड़ रुपये थी ।
(ख) 31 मार्च, 1968 को फर-निर्षारितियों से 1,734 मामले ऐसे थे जिनमें 5 लाख

रुपये श्रथवा उससे श्रषिक की सकल बकाया वसूल होनी थी। प्रत्येक मामले में, नाम, पते प्रोर कब से वसूली बकाया है, यह सूचना इकट्ठी करने में काफी समय श्रोर घम लगने की सम्भावना है, जो प्राटत परिशाएमों के ग्रनुरुप नहीं हो ।
(ग) मांगी गई सूचना सदन की मेज पर रखे गये विवरगा-पन्र में दी गई है। [पुस्तकालय में रह विया। देखिये संख्या LT-2429 168]

तेल तथा प्रादृतिक गिस घायोग के पास पड़ी
प्रप्रयुक्त भावासित मशीनें
*461 श्री नारापरा स्वरूप शर्मा :
धो क्रटल विहारी वाजपेयी
भो जगम्नाथ राव जोइो :
श्री पुगस मंडस :
क्या पेट्रोलियम पौर रसायन मंत्री 19 ग्रगस्त, 1968 के प्रतारांकित प्रहन संक्या 4392 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ष में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या नेन्न तथा प्राकृतिक गेस भायोग द्वारा म्रायातित रिग तथा ग्रन्य महीनों के बारे में द्रस बीच जानकारी एकत्रित कर ली गई है ; श्रोर
(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ठ्योरा क्या है ?

पेट्रोलियम तथा रसायन मंँ्रालय में राज्य मंत्रो (श्रो रघुरमंया) (क) जी हां।
(ख) रिगों तथा मशीनों का मानतन्बीमाभाड़ा मूल्य, जो तेल तथा प्राकृषिक गैस भ्रायोग ने 1956 से लेकर प्रब तक विभिन्न देशों से प्रायात किया है, निम्न प्रकार है :-

| देश का नाम | मूल्य लाब रुपयों में |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1 | 2 |
| रूस | 1471.00 |
| रमानिया | 209.64 |
| घमरीका | 443.05 |


| 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| इटली | 29.84 |
| यू० के 0 | 14.38 |
| हालंण्ड | 52.58 |
| कंनेडा | 58.97 |
| जापान | 9.19 |
| हंगरी | 0.86 |
|  | 2290.41 | mounied masts) गोदामों में घप्रयुक्त पढ़े हैं। वे तेल तथा प्राकृतिक गैस के प्रागामी भ्षेत्रों के निये हैं श्रोर छस वर्ष से इस्तेमाल किये जायेंगे। मशीनों के बदलने के लिये नहीं कहा गया है क्योंक वे सभी चालू हालत में हैं।

## Kolar Gold Mining Undertakings

* 462. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the increase in per capita labour cost in Kolar Gold Mining Undertakings since their take over by the Central Government :
(b) the number of people employed during 1962 and number of people working at present ;
(c) whether the labour employed is found to be disproportionate with the present production and if so, how much labour is surplus :
(d) whether Government are considering the scheme of linking wates with output as an incentive measure; and
(e) the steps taken to reduce the cost of labour?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRIK.C. PANT): (a) The increase in per capita cost in the Kolar Gold Mining Undertakings since its take over by the Central Government works out 10 an average of approximately Rs. 62 per month.
(b) The number of employees working on 1.12.1962 was 17,708 and the number of working as on 1.10 .1968 was 13,280 .
(c) A study of the saff position of
monthly rated Industrial and non-industrial personnel conducted by the Staff Inspection Unit indicated some surplus perscnnel in certain categories. The number indicated as surplus was 194, out of which the position now is that only 46 are still continuing. The number is proposed to be worked off by normal wastage. In regard to the other industrial staff, detailed work studies are being conducted to locate the existence of surplus, if any. It may, however, be mentioned that the overall productivity of labour in Kolar Gold Mining Undertakings has been broadly maintained.
(d) The Undertakings already had certain schemes of "incentive". These have been reviewed recently and some changes are being introduced with the object of improving productivity further.
(e) The labour force has already been brought down to 13,280 in October, 1968 by not filling up vacuncies and by a scheme of Voluntary Retirement. The measures referred to at (c) and (d) above would also tend to bring down the cost of labour.

## New Standard Engineering Co. Ltd., Bombay

*463. SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether the offices of the New Standard Engineering Co. Ltd., and its allied companies in Bombay have been raided in the recent past by the Enforcement Branch ;
(b) if so; the firms whose offices were raided and the purpose of the raid ;
(c) whether Government are aware that these companies have destroyed many important documents that would have thrown light on their misdeeds relating to foreign exchange and other transactions ;
(d) whether any inquiries are pending against these companies; and
(c) if so, the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE M!NISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K C. PANT): (a) The offices of the New Standard Eagineering Co. Ltd., and of the some of its allied companies at Bombay
were searched by the Enforcement Directorate on 27.1. 1968.
(b) The names of the firms searched in this connection are :
(i) New Standard Engineering Co. Ltd.,
(ii) Indabrator Ltd.,
(iii) Gujarat Mazhinery Manufacturers Ltd, and
(iv) Beclawat India Ltd.

The raids were conducted to seize documents which, in the opinion of the officer who authorised the searches, would be useful or relevant to the proceeding under the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947.
(c) Some reports have reached the Enforcement Directorate that these companies has destroyed some documents. But these reports could not be verified and it cannot be stated what the said documents alleged 10 have been destroyed contained and why or when or if att all they were destroyed by the company. From amongst the documents available at the time of the searches, whatever were considered relevant or useful from the foreign exchange angle, were taken over by the Enforcement Directorate.
(d) and (c). The seized documents indicate prima facie violations of foreign exchange regulations. Investigations in the matter are in progress.

## Survey of Ghagra River

*464. SHRI VISHWA NATH PANDEY: Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Government have deputed some experts to survey both sides of the Ghagra River in the Districts of Ballia, Deoria, Azamgarh, Gorakhpur in order to take effective measures against floods and erosion of Ghagra river ;
(b) whether they have completed their survey :
(c) if so, the main findings thereof; and
(d) if not, when the survey is likely to be completed and when the report will be submitted?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) Cheif Engineeting of the Central Water and Power Commission has been asked to make, as early as possible, an inspection of the area subject to erosion along the Ghagra River, along with the State Chief Engineer with a view to assess the extent of the problem and consider the measures that may be economically feasible.
(b) Not yet.
(c) Does not arise.
(d) The joint inspection is proposed to be done in the near future.

जिला मुराबाबाब, उसर प्रवेश की हमनपुर तहसील में बाळ
*465.) भो प्रकाइावीर जास्र्री : की जिब कुमार जासश्रो :
क्या fसचाई तथा विध्युत मंत्री $\%: \begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & \text { जुलाई, }\end{aligned}$ 1960 के ग्रनारांकित प्रश्न मंख्या 205 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) रड़की प्रध्ययन दल द्वारा मुगदाबाद जिले की हसनपुर तहृसील के बानु-प्रस्त क्षेत्रों में बांधों के विस्तार के प्रक्न पर घंस बीच विचार कर लिया गया है ;
(ब) यदि हाँ, तो इसके क्या निष्कषं निकले हैं ; प्रोर
(ग) इस कायं के, जिसे मानसून के प₹चात् उ्योरेवार सवेक्षया किये जाने तथा रड़फी भ्रनुसन्घान संस्था द्वारा नमूना जांच किये जाने तथा राज्य सरकार द्वारा ब्योरेवार प्रतिवेद्धन भोर प्राष्ललन तंयार किये जाने के पह्चात ज्रारम्भ किया जाना है, कब तक प्रारम्भ होने की सम्भावना है ?

Fिलाई तथा विच्ता मंश्रालय में उप-मंश्री (बी लिये स्तर प्रसाव) : (क) से (ग). उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार ने सूचित किया है कि एक विसेप उप-मण्डल स्थापित करने की स्वीकाती बेदी गह है, जोकि हसनपुर तहसील से बाक्तस्त केत्रों

का विस्तृत सवेक्षरा कार्य शीघ ही हाथ में लेगा पौर इस सकेक्षरा कायं के पूरां होने के पर्चात सिसाई म्नुसंषान जाला, हु़की द्वारा प्रादर्शात्मक श्रह्ययन किये जायेंगे। सवेक्षरों प्रोर श्रछ्ययनों के पह्वात ही एकीम की सुकरता के बारे में निश्वय किया जाएगा।

## West Bengal's Demand for Asolstance for Fluod Control

*466 DR. RANEN SEN: Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether the West Bengal Government have asked the Centre for inancial assistance to the tune of Rs. I crore for repair work in the flood control projects damaged in the recent floods in MiJnapur and Hoogly ; and
(b) if so, the decision taken thereon?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRKIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The financial assistance being provided to the State Government covers this item of expenditure also.

## Raids on Offices of Shri Gulab Singh, Jain, Advocate, Hissar

## * 467. SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA: SHRI SURAJ BHAN :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the offices of Shri Gulab Singh Jain, Advocate, and his associates situated at Hissar and other places were raided by the Income-tax Department the last six years ;
(b) whether it is also a fact that be used to prepare bogus account books, create bogus firms and used to forge the documents :
(c) if so, the findings of the investigations made by the Department against Shri Jain and how much concealed income was detected and what was its effoct :
(d) whether it is further a fact that complete immunity was grantod to bim under Section 291 of Income Tax Act and
if so, why could the concealed income not to detected from the seized records ; and
(e) the reasons as to why no criminal case was filed against him ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) Yes. Sir.
(b) Yes, Sir. He maintained bogus accounts and set up a number of ghost firms. No case of forged documents has come to the notice of the Government.
(c) It was found that Shri Jain helped a large number of assessee to introduce their concealed income in the shape of loans or gifts received from the ghost firms set up by him. The concealed income so introduced was estimated to be about 3 crores. As against this estimated amount, concealed income to the extent of Rs. 1.83 crores has been already surrendered for assessment by the real owners.
(d) Yes, Sir, immunity was granted to him under section 291 of the Incometax Act, 1961. The seized documents covered only a part of the activities of Shri Jain. Since he came forward to disclose his entire activities, the Government considered it expedient to tender immunity to him so that he may be useful to the Department in effectivoly proving the cases of concealment. This could not be possible without his active help and cooperation.
(e) In viow of the immunity tendered to him, the question of taking any criminal proceedings against him does not arise.

## Investment in : Public Undertakings

*468. SHRI PREM CHAND VERMA: SHRI SHRI CHAND GOYAL:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the total investment made upto the 31st March, 1968 in the Public Sector Undertakings, giving equity capital, loans from Gavernment and banks, foreign exchange element etc. :
(b) the total number of people employed in the said undertakings as on the 31st March, 1968 ;
(c) the overall working results during the last three years; and
(d) the targets set for the years 1668-69 and 1969.70 and the prospects of their being realised?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) to (d). For the year 1967-68 accounts have still not been closed by all the enterprises and thus the overall position for that year is not known. A statement showing the position for the years 1966-67 and $1965-66$ is laid on the Table of the House. |Placed in Library. see No. LT2430/65.1

## State Bank's Branch at Bhopal

*469. SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether the State Bank of India has taken a house on a rent of 37 paise per square foot for its office at Bhopal:
(b) whether this rent works out at about Rs. 7.500/- per month ;
(c) whether the cost of the building is about rupees three lakhs ; and
(d) if so, the reasons for taking a house on such a high rental?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) The State Bank has taken a building at Bhopal on lease for housing its Regional Manager's Office at a rental of 32 paise per square foot.
(b) The carpet area has not yet been jointly measured but the monthly rent is likely to work out about Rs. $6,200 /$.

The actual cost is not known to the State Bank but, on a very broad estimate, it may be around Rs. 6 lakhs.
(d) The larger area is necessary to house the Regional Manager's Office. The rent fixed compares favourably with prevailing market rates in the locality.

## Gujarat's Share of Electricity out of Tarapur Plant

*470. SHRI R. K. AMIN : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be Rleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the Guvern-
ment of Gujarat are not likely to get their share of electricity from Tarapur Plant, as scheduled before;
(b) if so, when they are likely to get their share; and
(c) the procedure of distribution of electricity between Gujarat and Maharashtra?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) There has been some delay in the commissioning of the Tarapore Nuclear Power Station.
(b) The first generating unit is now expected to be commissioned in July, 1969.
(c) The power available from Tarapore will be shared equally by Gujarat and Maharashtra

## Investment of Provident Fund Money

*471.

## SHRI B. K. DAS CHOWDHURY <br> SHRI J. M. BISWAS :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether Government have examined the recommendations of the Board of the Trustees of the Employees Provident Fund regarding the future pattern of investment of provident fund money; and
(b) if so, the details thereof and decision taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE, (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) Yes. Sir.
(b) The following revised pattern of investment of the provident fund moneys has been prescribed with the concurrence of the Employees Provident Fund Board of Trustees for the period list September, 1968 to 3/st March, 1969 in respect of both exempted and un-exempted establishments:-
(i) Central Government securitles, including small savings 65 per cent
(ii) State Governmeht and other Government guaranteed securities

35 per cent
The Board has expressed the hope that the pattern of investment for 19\%9-70
would be more favourdble from the point of view of yield and the matter is under consideration of Government.

## Kapadiya (Standard Drum) Brothers

*472. SHRI MADHU LIMAYE : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleasod to state :
(a) the total income and wealth for which Kapadiya (Standard Drum) Brothers have been assessed from 1950 to 1968 each year individually as well as a family and guardians of their children ;
(b) the actual Income-tax and Wealth tax paid by them during the above period ;
(c) the income disclosed by them 'voluntarily' under the Voluntary Disclosure Scheme ; and
(d) the tax paid on this amount?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) The total income and wealth on which Shri Kantilal Maganlal and Shri Miganlal Chhaganlal have been assessed from 1950 to 1968 individually are given in Annexures ' $A$ ' and ' $B$ '. On the basis $o^{\prime}$ the available information no assessments were mide on the fimily as a unit or on the above persons as guardians of their children.
(b) Income-tax and Wealth-tax paid by the above two persons, are furnished in Annexures ' $A$ ' an! ' $B$ ' laid on the Table of the House. [Piaced in Library See No. LT-2431/68 ।
(c) and (d). It i, understood that $M / \mathrm{s}$. Maganlal Cnhaganlal (P) Lid. (Standard Drums) had disclosed certain incomes under the various schemes for voluntary disclosure. In view of the provisions contained in the Pinance Acts announcing these schemes that the particulars contain. ed in the disclosures shall not be disclosed, it is not possible to give the information required by the Hoa'ble Member.

## Replacement of Russian Experts <br> attacted to Oil and Natural Gas Commission

*473. SHRI R. BARUA :<br>SHRI SITARAM KESR! ;

## SHRI BASUMATARI :

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Govern-. ment have decided to replace Russian experts attached to the Oil and Natural Gas Commission by other nationals ;
(b) if so, the reasons for their replacement ; and
(c) the countries from which the exports have been invited to replace these Russian experts?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) No, Sir.
(b) and (c). Do not arise.

## Electric Crematorium Delhi

*474. SHRI RAM GOPAL SHALWALE: Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be ple ised to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that an expenditure of Rs. $1,60,000$ is incurred annually on the maintenance of electric crematorium in Delhi :
(b) whether it is also a fact that the amount received from the cremation of dead bodies is only Rs. 10,000 every years ;
(c) if so, whether Government propose to close the electric crematorium to avoid a loss of Rs. 1,50,000 per annum ; and
(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SATYA NARAYAN SINHA): (a) After rechecking, it is now reported by the Municipal Corporation, Delhi, that the actual expenditure on this crematorium is only about Rs. $80,000 /$ per annum.
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) and (d). The Municipal Corporation will be asked to scrutinise the working of the crematorium closely.

## Peace Corps Voluateers

*475. SHRI C. JANARDHANAN : Will the Miaister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether Government have reviewed the performances of the U. S. Peace Corps volunteers in India; and
(b) if so, the results thereof?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) As the volunteers are assigned for work with the State Governments, their performance is reviewed by the State Governments The Government of India does not review the performance of individual volunteers, but once a year it conducts a review of the volunteer programmes as a whole in consultation with the concerned officials of the State Governments.
(b) The programmes have been found to be useful.

## मंसस प्रोरि ग़्टल टिम्बर ट्रेंज कारवोरेशन में भुनभुन बाला परिवार के घ्रंशबारियों पर प्रायकर का निर्धररा

**76. जी प्रोंकार सिंह : क्या कित मंत्री मिससं घ्रोरिएनल fिम्नर ट्रेडिंग कारवॉरेशन में भुनभुनवाला परिवार के लोगों के हिस्टों के बारे में 5 भ्रणसत, 1968 के श्रनारांकित प्रशन मंखपा 27.56 के उत्तर के मम्बन्ध के यद़ बत्ताने की कृपा करेंगे कि
(क) गत भ्भाठ ₹र्वों में मेसमं प्रोरिएन्टल टिम्बर ट्रेॉडग कारवोरेान क किस्सेदार भ्रीमी़ी लछ्छिया देवी पुरोषोत्तम लाल, श्रीमती गीतादेवी बनवारी लान घ्रोर घीमती चर्रकला देतो चम्वा लाल पर सरकार द्वारा कुन कितना प्रायकर लगाया गया ; मोर
(ख) उत्ता प्रवधि में इन व्यक्तिगों छारा कितना प्रायकर दिया गया है ?

वित्त मश्र्रालय में राज्प मन्त्रो (सी क्धण्णाबन्त पन्त) (क) पिद्बले प्राठ कर-निर्षारा उष्वो के लिये इन उपद्तियों पर निर्धारित किये गये भायकर की कुल रकम 22,580 रुपये है।
(ख) ऊपर बतायी गयो सारी रकम उपर्यु क्त भवधि में भ्रदा कर दी गयी थी।

## नेव्धा का उस्पादन तथा सपत

*477. भो घोम प्रकाश त्यागी : क्या पेट्रोलियक तथा ₹सायन मन्प्री यह बनाने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) भारत में नेप्था का प्रति वर्षं कुल कितना उत्पादन होता है ; भ्रोर
(ग) इस समय भारन में नेष्था की वाfिक खपत कितनी होती है ?

पद्रोलियन तया रसायन मंत्रालय में शज्य मंत्रो (श्रो रघुरमंया) (क) ग्रोर (ख). उत्पाद-वार उत्पादन क्रोर खपत के ब्योरे गोपनीय हैं घ्रोर सुरक्षा की ट्रिट्ट से उनका प्रकाषान करना वरजन है.

## Fertilizers and Chemicals Travan-

 core Ltd.*478. SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 3 on the 22nd July, 1963 and state :
(a) the actual profit or loss from production and sale of fertilizers in the Fertilizers and Chemicals Travancore Lid during 1967-68:
(b) the total income earned by the Fertilizers and Chemicals Travancore Lid. in 1967-68 by selling technical know-how; and
(c) the total earning of the FEDO unit of the ubove company in 1967-68?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) Net profit out of the operations of the company during 1967.68 was Rs. 19,59,640/.
(b) Total income earned from engineering sorvices was Rs $50,12,752 /$.
(c) Gross earning of FEDO unit in 1967-68 was Rs. $61,85,932 /$ - and the net surplus was Rs. $15,26,455 /-$.

Criteria for Assistance to States for Famine and Floods.
*479. SHRI D. N. PATODIA : SHRI Y. A. PARSAD : SHRI N. K. SANGHI :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) what is the criteria of Central assistance to States to meet conditions arising out of famine and floods;
(b) whether any relaxation was made to give assistance to Rajasthan and to West Bengal where unprecenented situations prevailed ; and
(c) if not, why such a relaxation was not considered necessary.

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JAGANNATH PAHADIA): (a) Central assis. tance is provided to State Governments to the extent of 75 per cent of the expenditure on agreed items of relief in excess of the amounts taken into account by the Finance Commission in their scheme of devolution. In addition, ad hoc loan assistance is also provided in cases where the ways and means position of the State Government justifies such assistance.
(b) Yes, Sir. The State Governments have been informed that the Centre will provide loan assistance to cover the States share of the expenditure also, if necessary.
(c) Does not arise.

## Excessive expenditure at the Port CannIng Project on Barytea

*480. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) whether any complaints of excessive expenditure at the Port Canning Project on Barytes supplied by a private firm, viz. M/s. B K. Industrial Corporation have been roceived;
(b) if so, whether any enquiry will be held thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THP MINSTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH):
(a) No. Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

## Seats in Medical Colleges

2780. SHRI HEM RAJ: Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLAN. NING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) the number of seats available in different medical colleges in the country. State-wise and college wise ; and
(b) the number of students that applied for admission and the number that were refused admission during 1968 ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING RND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY): (a) A statement showing the names of Medical Colleges in the country and their admission capacity during the year 1967 is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. Sce No. LT-2.432/68]. Admission capacity of the Medical colleges during the current year will be known after admissions in all the institutions are completed.
(b) The information is not available as admissions in all the medical colleges have not yet been completed.

## नई विहली में धोलियों के लिए धोवी धाट

## तथा चचाटर

2781. बो यक्शापाल संसह : क्या स्वास्ष्य. परिबाए fमयोजन एवं नगर चिकास मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या नई दिल्ली में वर्तमान धोबी घाटों के स्थान पर पकके घोबी घाट बनने तथा वह्हां काम करने वाले धोबियों के लिए उन धाटों के नजदीक रिहायशी घवार्टर बनने बी सरकार ने योजना बनाई है;
(सी) यदि हाँ, तो छस योजना के कब तक क्रियान्बित किये जाने की सम्भावना है ?
(ग) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारएा हैं ?
Fवास्ट्य, परिबार नियोजन तथा नगरोप बिकास मंत्रालय में उप-मंश्री (भी ब० सू० भूर्षा) : (क) से (ग). सूचना एकष्र की जा रही है म्रोर प्रात्त हों जाने पर यथाशीघ सभा प्टल पर रा दी जाएगो ।

## Adalteration of Foodstufis

2782. SHRI BABURAO PATEL : Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) the number and results of food samples analysed by the Central Food Laboratory during the last two years, statewise, with the nature of adulteration in each State :
(b) the number of persons convicted, State-wise, under the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954 during the years 1966 and 1967 ; and
(c) the steps taken by Government to check adulteration?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PIANNING AND URBAN DFVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) Two statements giving the requisite information are given in Annexure-I and II laid on the Table of the House. IPlaced in Library. See No. LT - 2433/68].
(b) A statement (Annexture-III) is laid on the Table of the House. [Ploced in Library. Sec No. LT- 2433/68].
(c) The provisions of the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act have been made more stringent and States have been asked to ensure proper enforcement of the Act.

## Indian Defence Accounts Department

2783. SHRI BABURAO PATEL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state ;
(a) the number of sanctioned posts of Command Controllers, Controllers and Joint Controllers in the Indian Defence Accounts Department ;
(b) the number of officers of the Indian Defence Accounts Service who are drawing pay tenable by these respective posts either by actually holding these posts or by virtue of the operation of the 'Next Below Rule' ;
(c) the reason why the 'Next Below Rule' is circumvented and whether Government propose to consider the desirability of not sending very senior officers of the Indian Defence Accounts service on deputation so that they do not suffer in regard to pay and promotions ; and
(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE. DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) It is presumed that the terms Command Controller, Controller and Joint Controller refer to the Senior Administrative Grade post, Junior Administrative Grade (Selection Grade) post, Junior Administrative Grade (Ordinary Grade) pos! respectively. The sanctioned posts under these grades are as follows:--

| Senior Adn |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Junior Administrative Grade (Selection Grade) | . 5 |
| Junior Administrative Grade (Ordinary Grade) | 11 |
| (b) Senior Adminıstrative Grade | 9 |
| Junior Administrative Grade (Selection Grade) | ... 5 |
| Junior Administrative Grade (Ordinary Grade) | 17 |

(.) The provision of the 'Next Below Rule' have not been circumvented in any instance; nor is there any case in this Department where a very senior officer sent on deputation has sufferred in regard to pay and promotions. Such officers go on deputation to nosts carrying equivalent or higher pay scales compared to their grade pay in the Department.
(d) Does not arise in view of reply at (c) above.

## Film Distributors of Delhi

2784. SHRI K. N. PANDEY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the repiy given to Unstarred Question No. 9764 on 6th May, 1968 and state :
(a) whether the informstion regarding film distributors of Delhi has since been collected;
(b) if so, the details thereof; and
(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The requisite information is given in the annexure.

## Amexure

As on 31-3-1968, there were no arrears against any of the ten film distributors of

Delhi stated in part (a) of the Question except in the following :-
(1) General Talkies (P) Ltd.
(2) Filmistan Distributors India (P) Ltd.

In the case of General Talkies (P) Ltd., there is an arrear of demand in respect of Business Profits Tax. According to the assessee, this amount has been paid. The assessec's contention is being verified.

The taxes outstanding against Filmistan Distributors (Private) Limited are in respect of Income-tax which are being disputed in appeals. The assessee has been allowed to pay the arrears in instalments. Appellate authorities have bein requested to take up the appeals early.

No criminal proceedings have been launched against any of these persons.
[It may be mentioned that there is no assessee by the name of ill India Film Finance Corporation Lid. on the records of the Income-tax Department, Delhi. There is, however, an assessee by the name of All India Film Corporation Lid, New Delhi against whom there were no outstanding taxes as on 31-3-1968]
(c) Does not arise.

## Unaccounted money with Film People

2785. SHRI K. N. PANIDEY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unsturred Question No. 864 on the 16th November, 1967 and state :
(a) whether the investigations in respect of a film financier, a film distributor and film Stars have since been completed :
(b) if so, the names of the film stars to whom unaccounted money was stven ; and
(c) if not, the time when the investigation is likely to be completed?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) It is not possible to say how much time will be taken to complete the investigations. Every effort is being made to complete them expenditiously.

## Reallsation of Income Tax Arrears from Film People

2786. SHRI JUGAL MONDAL : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the special steps available in law for proceeding against the film people whose Incom-tax payments are in arrears and the sleps actually taken against the film people whose liabilities exceed half a million rupees each;
(b) the names and addresses oi film people whose Income-tax arrears exceed the amount of half a million rupees at present ; and
(c) the action so far taken against them to realise the tax arrears?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) :
(a) (1) Attachment and sale of the assessee's movable property ;
(2) Attachment and sale of the assessce's immovable property ;
(3) Arrest of the assessee and his detention in prison ;
(4) Appointment of receiver for the management of the assessee's movable and immovable properties ;
(5) Attachment of assessee's Bank balance and,or amounts due from third parties;
(6) Imposition of penalty
(b) and (c). Relevant information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha as soon as possible.

मध्य प्रदेशा के होक निर्माएा विभाग के सहायक
हंधीजिस्यों की सवायों प्राप्त करना
2787. जी नापू राम भहिरबार: क्या निर्माए, घाबास तथा पूरित मंत्रो यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह सच है कि हंजनियरों की की सेवाश्रों का एकीकर एा के सन्दर्म में मष्य प्रदेष के लोक निमारा विभाग के कुछ सहायक छंजीनियरों की सेवाये प्राप्त करने का प्रशन केन्द्रीय सरकार के विचाराधीन है ; श्रोर
(ख) यदि हाँ, तो इस सम्बन्ध में सरकार द्वारा कब तक निर्गांय लिये जाने की सम्भावना है ?

निर्माशा, प्रावास तथा पूति मत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्रो इकबाल सिंहु) : (क) जी नहीं ।
(ख) प्रशन हीं नही उह्ठता ।

मध्य प्रदेश के सीमा क्ष च्रों में उत्तर प्रदेश द्वारा
निfमत जल विव्युत परियोजनायें
2788. श्रो नापू राम प्रिखार : क्या सिचाई घ्रोर विब्युत मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:
(क) उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार ने मध्य प्रदेश के सींमा क्ष त्रों में श्रब तक किन-कि.न सिचाई तथा जल-विद्युन परियोजनाप्रों का निर्माएा किया है;
(ख) क्षे त्रीय परिषद् के निर्ग़ाय के ग्रनुसार इन दोनों राज्यों के बीच श्राय का वितराग किस ग्रनुपान में किया जाना हैं;
(ग) क्या यहु मच है कि बांघों से होने वाली श्राय महय प्रदेश को नहीं दी जा रही है; श्रोर
(घ) वया केन्द्रीय सरकार उत्तर प्रदेशा की सरकार से क्षे ग्रीय परिषद् के निरांयों के पूरी तरह की क्रियान्वित करने को कहेगी ?

संस्बाई तथा विधुत मंत्रालय में उप मझ्री (धी सिद्धे रवर प्रसाष) : (क) एक सूची संलग्न है ।
(ख) से (घ) . सदस्य महोदय संभवतः रिह्न्द श्रोर माताटीला परियोजनाश्रों से बिजली प्रोर रंगवन बांष से सिचाई लाभों के विभाजन के संबंब में केन्द्रीय जोनल कौसिल की सिफारिषों का जिक्र कर रहे हैं।

केन्द्रीय जोनल कोंसिल की सिफारिघों के भ्रनुसार उत्तर प्रदेश मष्य प्रदेश को 15 प्रतिघत रिहृंद से उत्पन बिजली प्रोर एक-तिहाई माताटीला विजली बर से उत्पन्न बिजली बेचने के

लिये सहूमत हो गई है। मध्य प्रदेश पौर उत्तर प्रदेश के बीच 19:36 के ग्रनुपान से रंगबन बांध से सिचाई लाभ के विभाजन के लिए भी उत्तर प्रदेश सहमत हो गया है। रिहन्द की बिजली मध्य प्रदेश के क्षे त्रों में सप्लाई की जा रही है श्रोर माताटीला की बिजली का छस वर्ष उपभोग नहीं किया जा रहा है।

उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार से कहा गया है कि गंगवन परियोजना से सम्बद्ध निर्ग़ाय का शीघ परिपालन करें ।

## विवरशग

उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार द्वारा प्रब तक निfमत सिंचाई प्रोर पन-बिजली परियोजनाएं जिन के प्रन्तरंत मधग प्रदेश की सीमा के क्षेत भी ग्राते हैं 1

सिचाई
1 माताटोला बाध
2 लनितपुर बांध
3 मंप्रा₹ बाँघ
4 ग्रजुंन बांध
5 कब्राई भील
(i) रंगसरोवर (रंगवन)

7 वाल्मीकी (ग्रोहेन) जलाशय
8 बेलन घ्रोर टोन नह़र
9 ऊपरला ग्वजूरी बांध
10 प्रहरावस बांघ
11 जिर्गी जलाषाय


## पस- किखली वरियोजनाएं

## 1 रिहन्द विसली परियोलना

2 माताटोला पन-विजली परियोजना

Instructions about Renewal of Licences to Non-Conforming Factories
2790. SHRI D. N. DEB: Wili the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URIBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the Delhi Development Authority has issued instructions to the Municipal Corporation of Delhi not to issue or renew licences to certain non-conforming factories which are non-hazardous and non-obnoxious ;
(b) if so, the names of such factories and the reasons for issue of such instructions :
(c) whether it is also a fact that the Delhi Development Authority has not objected to the issue of or renewal of licences to the same category of factories situated in the walled city of Delhi ; and
(d) if so, the names of such factories and the reasons for issue or renewal of Licences ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, PAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) to (d) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

## Classification of Factorles

2791. SHRI D. N. DEB : Will the Minister of HFALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to stato:
(a) whether it is a fact that the Delhi Development Authorlty has classified factories functioning in the city as hazardous and obnoxious and non-hazardous and nonobnoxious :
(b) If so, the names of those factories which have been considered hazardous and obnoxious and the names of those considered non-obnoxious and non-hazardous;
(c) whether it is the policy of the Delhi Development Authority to shift all the above classified factories from the walled city of Delhi ; and
(d) if 30 , the details thereof and when they are proposed to be shified?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B.S. MURTHY): (a) to (d)- The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

## Shifting of Hazardous and Obnoxious Factories in Delhi

2792. SHRI D. N. DEB: Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the Delhi Development Authority has planned to shift hazardous and obnoxious factories from the city ;
(b) if so, how many have so far been shifted and how many have been served with notices for shifting together with their names and the period granted for shifting ;
(c) whether it is also a fact that instead of these hazardous and obnoxious factories, the Delhi Development Authority is shifting certain non-hazardous and nonobnoxious factories; and
(d) if so, the names of those factories which have been shifted so far and have been served with notices to shift and during what period with the reasons thereof?

THE DEPUIY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY): (a) to (i). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabba.

## Arrears due from Certain Firms

2793. SHRI D. N. DEB : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the tax arrears due as on the 31st March, 1968 from the following firms :-
(i) $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$ Goodluck \& Co., Kamla Market, New Delhi.
(ii) M/s Public Relation Council of India, Mohan House, 12R, Indira Market, Delhi.
(iii) M/s South Avenue Store, South Avenue Lane, New Delhi.
(iv) $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$ Kishan Chand Weaving Factory, Amritsar.
(v) M/s Gopal Krishan \& Cu. Amritsar.
(vi) M/s R. C. Textiles, Amritsar.
(vii) $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$ N. D. Mehra \& Co, Amritsar. (viii) $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$ Lal Woollen \& Silk Mills, Amritsar
(ix) $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$ Gurshandas \& Co., Amritsar.
(x) $M /$ s Suran Singh Lachman Singh. Amritsar.
(b) the names of those against whom steps have been taken to recover the arrears and nature of the steps taken in each case ; and
(c) the names of those against whom criminal prosecutions have been instituted and the results thereof?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISIER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE, (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) to (c). The required information in respect of nine firms is given in the Annexure laid on the Table of the House. |Place / in Library. S.e No LT-2434/68 1 The information in respect of remaining one firm viz. $\quad \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$ Public Relations Council of India, Deihi is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House as early as po sible.

## वित्त मन्र्रालय में चतुर्य क्षेखी के कमंचारियों की पदोन्नति

2794. श्रो ज० ब० सिह बिष्ट : क्या बित मन्न्री यह् बताने की कृप। करेंग कि :
(क) क्या हाई स्कूल पास तथा उससे भी प्रषिक शिक्षा प्राट्त चतुथं श्रे एी के कर्मचारी उनके मत्त्रालप में गत 10 वर्षो से भौर उससे भी म्रधिक समय से विना पदोन्नति पाये कार्य कर रहे हैं;
(ख) यदि हां, तो उनकी कुल संख्या कितनी है तथा उनकी पदोन्नति न करने के क्या काराए हैं ;
(ग) क्या सरकार प्रत्य श्र fियों के कमंचारियों की भांति उनकी भी पदोन्नति करने की कोई योषना घीघ बना रही है ; घोर
(घ) यदि हां, तो इस नई योजना के कब तक बनाये जाने की सम्भावना है ?

उप प्रषान मग्री तथा वित्त मग्री (धी मोरार बी वेलाई) : (क) जी, हां।
(ब) 201
चतुयं ध्रेयी कमंचारियों के बतंमान नियमों के प्रषीन केन्द्रीय सचिवालय लिपिक सेवा में उच्चतर पदों पर पदोश्नति नहीं किया जा सकता है। लेकन, प्रहंता-प्राप्त तथा रुष रखने वाले चतुषं भ्रे ल़ी कमंचारियों की दरजवासतें, जब कभी मोका प्राता है, तृतीय श्रेखी पदों पर पद्नोन्नति के विचाराथं वित्त मन्वालय के श्रधीनस्थ बार्यानयों को भेजी जाती हैं पर्नु कुन्ध मामलों में यह् देवने में प्राया है कि ऐसे वर्वक्त पदोन्नति पर दिन्नों से बाहर भ्रोर निकटवर्ती क्षे त्रों में नह़ीं जाना चाहते हैं।
(ग) मौर (घ). रिक्षा की दृष्टि से योग्यता-प्राप्न चतुर्थ-्र्धली कमंचारियों को केन्द्रीय सचिवालय लिपिक सेवा के निम्न भ्रेगी लिपिक-्र्रंड में नियुक्ति की कार्यविधि कें विषय में गृह-मन्त्रालय सभ लोक सेवाम्रायोग से परामझ्श कर के विचार कर रहा है प्रोर उस मन्तालय द्वारा प्रावशयक प्रादेशा यथा संभव शीघ जारी किये जायेंगे।

> उत्तर प्रवेश के प्रत्मोड़ा किले में पस्पतालों तथा प्रस्मिति गृहों तबा जिञु कल्पाए केग्रों की कमी
2795. जी ज० ब० लि० विष्ट : क्या स्वास्थ, परिबार नियोजल एवं मगरीय बिकास मन्त्री यह्व बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह् सच है कि जिला प्रत्मोड़ा में पस्पतालों तथा प्रसूतिगृहों मोर किषुकल्याया केन्द्रों की संस्पा, उनकी प्रावद्यकता की तुलना में भपयाप्त है ;
(बत) बया चातू बवं में उत्र जिले के प्रामीएक क्ष कों में भोर पषिक प्रसताल, प्रहूति-

गृह तथा शिचु फल्याएा केन्द्ध खोलने का सरकार का विचार है ; मोर
(ग) यदि हाँ, तो कितने तथा उनके कहाँ-कहां लोले जाने की सम्भाबना हैं ?

स्वास्प, परिबार नियोजन तथा नगरोप विकास मग्रालय में उप मग्र्री (धी व० सू० मूर्ता) : (क) से (ग) सूचना एकश्र की जा रही है भोर सभा पटल पर रस दी जाएगी।

## Central Water and Power Commission

2796. SHRI ESWARA REDDY: Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the work in the Central Waler and Power Commission is adversely affected due to short stay in the Commission of large number of senior experienced officers ; and
(b) if so, whether Government propose to revise their policy regarding the tenure of officers in this office?

## THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWFR (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) No, Sir. <br> (b) Does not arise. <br> Inclusion of Medium Irrigation Projecte of M. P. In Fourth Five Year Plan

2797. SHRI G. S. MISHRA : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) the medium irrigation projects which the Government of Madhya Pradesh have forwarded to be included in the Fourth Five Year Plan and the salient features thereof:
(b) whether the Upper Wain-ganga Project in the Seoni district of Madhya Pradesh, which was surveyed by the Central Water and Power Commission long before compares favourably in all respects with the projects which have been forwarded by the Statc Guvernment for inclusion in the Pourth Plan : and
(c) the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) The Government of Madhya Pradesh have proposed inclusion of 25 new medium irrigation projects in the Draft Fourth Five Year Plan A list of these projects is gave in Annex. 1. Laid on the Table of the House. [Place in Library. See. No. LT-2435/68].

Out of these, Project Reports/Proformae for eleven schemes have been received so far for examination in the Central Water and Power Commission. The sailent features of these schemes are given in the statement is given in Annex. II. Laid on the Table of the House. [Piaced in L'brary. Se. No LT-2435/68).
(b) and (c). The Upper Wainganga Projects, as investigated by the Central Water and Power Commission, is estimaled to cost Rs. 968.34 lakhs and will irrigate $1,86,0^{00}$ acres annua'y. The cost per acre of irrigation is Rs. 521, which compares favourably with the new medium schemes, proposed by the Government of Madhya Pradesh.

## Proposed Insecticides Factory

2798. SHRI G. S. MISHRA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) whether the location of the proposed insecticide factory in the public sector has been decided ; and
(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

Production and Distribution of Agrochemicals to Farmers
2799. SHRI G. S. MISHRA : Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to stat :
(a) the Government's policy of production and distribution of the agro-chemicals to the farmers : and
(b) the total benefis that is given to the State of Madhya Pradesh based on
such policy, vis-a-vis the benefits given to other states?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLIUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMA(AH): (a) and (b). Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of House in due course.

## Prosecutions against Film Actor Dilip Kumar and Film Actress Asha Parekh

2800. SHRI BABURAO PATEL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the amount of Income-tax involved, yearwise, in the prosecutions filed under Section 277 of the Income Tax Act against film actor Dilip Kumar and film actress Asha Parekh :
(b) the stage at which these prosecutions stand and when they are likely to be concluded ; and
(c) the names of others film personalities prosecuted under Section 277 and the amount of tax involved in each case?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) :(a) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.
(b) The prosecutions are pending before the Courts. It is not possible to say when they are likely to be decided by the Courts.
(c) 1. Shri T. S. Balaiah.
2. Shri Kishore Kumar.

The information about the tax involved in the above cases is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

## मष्प प्रोघा में प्रायोए विज्तुतोकरा

2801. घी गं० चि० बीकित : क्या सिच्चाई तथा विण्तु मन्प्री यह् बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:
(क) मह्य प्रदेश में ज़िलावार कितने य्रामों में 1967-68 में बिजली लगाई गई थी ;
(ब) 1967-68 में मष्य प्रदेशा में कितने नलकूपों को निलली दी गई की ;
(ग) क्रामों को तथा नलकूपों को बिजली दिए जाने पर कुल कितनी धनराषि उ्यय की गई ; थ्रोर
(घ) इससे सरकार की बाराषक भ्राय में कितनी बृद्धि होगी ?

सिथाई तथा विघ्तुत मत्रालय में उपमन्त्री (धी सिद्धे रबर प्रसाब) : (क) 232 । जिलेवार उपोरा विवर्या में दिया गया है। जो सभा पटल पर रखा गया है। [दुस्तकालय में रला गया । वेलिये संख्या LT-2430/68]
(ख) 1967-68 के दोरान 6431 fसचाई पम्पों को एजित कि.या गया।
(ग) $1967-68$ के दोरान 24840 लाल रुपये ठ्यय किये गए हैं।
(घ) लगभग 14 लाब हपये ।

## भुनातों को सहापता

2842. श्रो गं० च० बोकित : कवा वित्त मन्र्री यह्र बताने की क्वा करेंगे कि :
(क) बया मध्य प्रदेश सरकार ने राज्य में सुनारों को फला देने तथा उनके स्वूल तथा कालेज जाने वाने बच्चों को वजीक़े देने के लिए केन्द्रीय सरकार को इस वषं कुछ धनराषा देने को कह़ा है ;
(ख) यदि हां, तो इस प्रयोजन हेतु राज्य को किननी धनराशि दिये जाने का प्रस्नाव हैं; मोर
(ग) मष्य प्रदेश को घनराशि कब दी जायगी प्रोर यदि विलम्ब के कोई कारा हैं तो क्या ?

उप प्रषान मन्र्रो तथा वित्ता मल्री (धो मोरारसी बेलाई) : (क) से (ग). मष्य प्रोेशा सरकार ने 1968-69 में विस्थापित मुनारों को हरा देने के लिए 10 लाल रुपये वेशगी मांगे थे । इस घभिप्राय के लिए पूर्ववर्ती वर्ष में मंत्रर की गई रकमों में से राज्य स्तरकार के पास 7.83 नाब रपपे की रकम

बिना बर्वं हई पहले ही बही हुई थी, इसलिए उस रकम को वष्ष 1968.69 में काम में लेने के लिए पुनः मंबूरी दे दी गई है । स्वरां (नियन्क्रा) पषिनियम 1968 में, सुनारों से सम्बन्षित उपबन्षों में बहुत संशोषन हो गया है, जिनमें भन्य बातों के साथ-साय यह म्पवस्था भी है कि जिन सुनारों ने घन्य ठपवसायों में लगने के छरादे से पहिले पुनर्वस-फहा लिये चे, वे चाहें तो, कुछ जातों के घषीन, सुनारी के धन्धें में लोट भाने की प्रतुमति पा सकते हैं। इस परिवत्तन को घ्यान में रलते हुए, यदि राज्य सरकार, पुनः मंत्र्र की गई उत्त 7.93 लाख रुपये की रकम को काम में ले उुकने के बाद भी सुनारों के पुनर्वास के लिए परित रित्त रकम की प्राव₹पकता महत्र्तु करें तो वहा ऐसी रकम की मांग कर लेगी। राज्य सरकार की मांग प्राने पर मामले की जाँच की जायगो।

सुनारों के जो बच्चे स्कूल/कालेज जाते हैं, उनको दिये गये बडीफों पर राज्य सरकार द्वारा वर्षं की गई रकम को, राज्य सरकार द्वारा, सम्बन्धित महालेखाकार से ययाविधि प्रमारितात दावे पेक किये जाने पर केन्द्रीप सरकार दे देती है। ठययपूति के लिए ऐसा कोई दावा केन्द्रीय सरकार के पास विचाराषीन नहीं है।

## Award of Contracts for Major Works In Farakka Barrage

2803. SHRI ESWARA REDDY : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) the principles followed by the Farakka Barrage project authorities in regard to award of contracts ;
(b) whetrer it is a fact that no West Bengal firm, even some of the firms being lowest bidders, has boen considered in the matter of award of contract for major works ; and
(c) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAK PRASAD): (a) The considerations llad
govern the allotment of work on the Project are the interse position of the tendered amounts of the contractors, their technical and financial capability to undertake the type of job tendered, their ability to complete the job by the stipulated dates, their resources regarding the right type and num ber of machinery to be brought to site, requirements of foreign exchange etc.
(b) and (c). All the firms who have tendered for the various works from time to time have been duly considered on merits.

## Re-Introduction of 'Next Below' Rule for Allotment of Government Quarters

2804. SHRI R. R. SINGH DEO ; Will the Minister of WORKS. HOUSIING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Govern ment propose to re-introduce the 'next below' rule for allotment of Government quarters to certain categories of quarters where it has not been introduced ;
(b) whether in the absence of this rule, Government are losing a very high amount in house rents because ofticials with high salaries are paying less rent being in occupations of quarters in lower categories; and
(c) if so, the reaction of Government in the matter?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN TIIE MINISTRY OF WORKS HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SHRI IQBAL SINGH) : (a) No. Sir.
(b) The rent for a residence allotted to a Government servant is charged on the basis of pooled stapdard rent under F.R.$45 \cdot \mathrm{~A}$, or $10 \%$ of his monthly emoluments, whichever is less. In the event of allotment of lower type residence, the rent is charged as stated above and the question of loss to Government does not arise.
(c) Does not arise.

Allolment of Quarters to Government Employees at Panchkuin Road, Rajabazar, New Delhi
2805. SHRI R. R. SINGH DEO: Will the Minister of WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that in May.

June, 1965 applications for change of quarters from the Government Servants were invited;
(b) if so, how many class IV servants applied for the change from different colonies to Panchkuin Road new type quarters and for Raza Bazar area respectively : and
(c) how many of them have been allotted quarters at Panchkuin Road and Raja Bazar area separately with their dates of appointment in the Government service?

THE DEPUTY-MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SHRI IQBAL SINGH); (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) 252 class IV officers applied for change to new type I quarters at Panchkuin Road and 22 for quarters in Raj: Bazar.
(c) The number of officers given change to new Type-I quarters at Panchkuin Road is 41 and those to Raja Bazar is 7. The dates of priority of these 48 officers are between 4-2-1928 to 1-5-1954.

## Import of Zine by Public Sector Undertakings

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2806. SHRI SHIV CHARAN LAL :
    SHRI KAMESHWAR SINGH :
    SHRI KEDAR PASWAN :
    SHRI GHAYOOR ALI
        KHAN ;
        SHRI K LAKKAPPA:
        SHRI A. SREEDHARAN :
        SHRI J. B SINGiH :
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Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the Public Sector Undertakings are importing zinc :
(a) if so, the quantity of zinc imported during the period from the 31st June to 151h November, 1968 ; and
(c) the total value of imports?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAl): (a) Enterprises like Heavy Engineering Corporation Ltd, Garden Reach Workshops Lid., Hindustan Steel Ltd., Minerals and Metals Trading Corporation Lid., and Handicrafts and Handlooms Exports Corporation of India

Lid. import zinc. Of these, the manufacturing units require zinc as one of the inputs for their production operations while the Minerals and Metals Trading Corporation and Handicrafts and Handlooms Exports Corporation undertake the import for redistribution to actual users, in accordance with the Government's poli-y in this regard from time to time.
(b) and (c). Apart from 7161 tonnes of zinc imported at a value of Rs. 1.62 crores, orders has also been placed for the import of 3943 tonnes of various grades of zinc with a total value of Rs. 86.37 lakhs. against which shipments are still being received.

## Prevention of Adulteration

2807. SHRI HIMAT SINGKA : Will the Minister of HEALTH. FAMILY PLANNING ANI) URBAN DEVELOP. MENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has claimed the right of the producers and traders to be consulted before laying down of any speifiation to prevent adulteration :
(b) if so the main points of the communication, if any, sent by the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industin in Government in this regard: and
(c) (ioverament's resulion thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH. FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (SHRI B S. MURTHY): (a) Yes.
(b) and (c). A statement is latd on the Table of the Howe Plas $\because i$ i I.hrury. So No. LT-2437/681.

हमुमान गफ (राजस्यान ) में उद्य रक कार जाना

2808 . श्री प० ला० बनलपाल : क्या पेद्रोलियम थीर रसापन मन्न्नी यह़ बनाने की कृषा करेंगे कि
(क) क्या श्रगगानारे के कृष प्रधान

जिले के हनुमानगढ़ कस्त्रे में उर्वरक कारखाना स्थावित करने सम्बन्धी योजना को त्याग दिया गया है ;
(ख) यदि हां, तो इसके क्या कारएा है, श्रोर
(ग) यदि नहों, तो इस योजना को शीघ्य क्रियान्वित करने में कया कठिनाइयां उत्पन्न हो गई हैं ?

पेट्रोलियम घोर रसायम मक्रालय में राज्य मन्त्री (बी रघ्रमया) : (क) से (ग). हुनुमनगढ़ में एक उवंरक कारखाना लगाने के बारे में हस ममय कोई योजना नहीं है । मार्च, 1961 में एक प्राइवेट पार्टी को हनुमानगढ़ में एक उवंरक परियोजना की स्थापना के लिए लाइमेंस मजूर किया गया धा; किन्तु पार्टी नें कोग़ में सधान परिवतंन के निए पूद्धा था घोर सरकार पर्वितन के लिए सहमन हो गई थी । वुनरीक्षत योजना ने भी कोई सन्तोषजनक प्रगति नड्डी की घ्रोर म्नन्त में भ्रव्रल, 1967 में लाइसेन्स रद्द किया गया ।

## Construction of Barrage Projects in East Pakistan

2809. SHRI SHRI CHAND GOYAL : Will the Ministel of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether Pakistan has constructed certain barrage projects in East Pakistan, threatening the very existence of vast traci: of land in the country; and
(b) the step. taken by Government in this behall to save the country from the impending catastrophe?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) No, Sir.
(b) The question docs not arise.

## राजस्वांन में वे चल के लिये नल कवों का बोडा

$2 \times 10$. घी 50 सा० बांपलि: क्या स्वस्थ्य, पषित्रिए नियीयम एवं चजए बिकास मश्र्री यह बनांने की कृषा करेंतो कि :
(क) राक्ष्थन के प्रामीया बेत्रो में पेय

जल की कमी को दूर करने के लिए वष्षं 1965 -$66,1066-67$ तथा 1068 में कितने नलकूपों की मंजूरी दी गई तथा कतने नलकूप खोदे गए ;
(ख) जिलेवार कितने नलकूप खोदे गए प्रोर प्रत्येक पर कितना खर्च प्राया ;
(ग) क्या यहु सच है कि सरकार बीकानेर में खारे पानी वाले गांवों के लिए योजना का विचार कर रही है ; श्रोर
(घ) यदि हां, तो उसे कब तक क्रियान्वित किया जायेगा ?

स्वास्थ, परिवार नियोजन तथा नगरोय विकास मंत्रालय में उप-मन्त्री (धी ब० सू० मूर्ति): (क) घ्रोर (ख). राजस्थान सरकार से श्रपेक्षित सूचना की ग्रभी प्रनीक्षा की जा रही है घ्रोर प्रात्त होते ही सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।
(ग) घ्रौर (घ) बीकानेर जिले की लूखाए.रगासर जहसील के लिए गंगा नहर पनियोजना से पानी लेने की एक योजना राज़स्थान सरकार के विचाराधीन है। योजना का विस्तृत विवराा राज्य सरकार से ग्रभी तक प्राप्त नहीं हुमा है।

## किसानों के लिए बिजली की बरें

2811. भी महाराज सिंह मारती : क्या fिंचाई घोर विद्युत मत्र्री यह बताने की कृपा कि :
(क) क्या यह़ सच है कि प्रखिल भारतीय नीति के भनुसार किसानों को बिजली 12 पैसे प्रति यूनिट की दर पर मिलनी चाहिए परम्तु बहुत से राज्यों में यह किसी बहाने पर यह 12 वंसे प्रति यूनिट से पषिक दर पर दी जा रही हैं ; मोर
(ब) यदि हां, तो इस घन्तर के क्या कारएा हैं ओर देश में सुषार हेतु सरकार बारा क्या कार्यंवाही की जा रही है ?

सिखाई तथा विद्युत मंत्रालय में उपमन्र्री (ध्री सिद्धे इवर प्रसाब) : (क) श्रोर (ख). भारत सरकार ने सिफारिस को थी कि कृषि के लिए दो जाने वाली बिजली की दर श्रधिक से प्रधिक 12 पैसे प्रति यूनिट होनी चाहिए श्रोर जहां दर 12 पैसे प्रति यूनिट से ग्रधिक हो उसके लिए उपदान किया जाना चाहिए। इस सिफारिका के ग्रनुसार भारन सरकार ने कृषि के लिए बी जाने वाली बिजली की दर 12 पंसे से जितनी प्रधिक हो उमका $50 \%$ उपदान देना स्वीकार कर निया ; शेष $50 \%$ संबंधित राज्य चरकार देगी। उपदान योजना का ब्योरा लोक-सभा के तारांकित प्रशन सं० 368 के 30.11-67 को दिये गए उत्तर में द्रिया गया था। ग्राध्र प्रदेश केरल, मद्रास, मंसूर, उड़ीमा (डीजल क्षेंत्रों के म्रलावा) पंजाब तथा पईिचम बंगाल को छोड़ कर बाकी सब गाज्यों में कृषि के निए बिजली की प्रोसत दर 12 पैसे प्रति यूनिट से प्रधिक है जिसके मुर्य काररा हैं : बिजनी-उत्पादन की लागत में वर्वभन्नता, पोरपरा तथा वितरग़पथों की लम्बाई में fिभिन्नता, ऊपरी खर्चे में विभिन्नता, तथा भार श्रनुवात श्रोर नान्त्व श्रनुपात के काराग भिन्न-भिन्न प्रकार के उपभोक्ताप्रों के लिए टैरिफ दरों के समायोजन में विभिन्नता। जिन राज्यों में कृषि टैंरिफ दरें 12 वंमे प्रनि यूनिट से घ्रधिक है वहां राज्य सरकारें दरें इसलिए कम नहीं कर सकी हैं क्योंकि वे वित्तीय संसाधनों की कमी के काराा उपदान का श्रपना अ्रंश नहीं दे सकी है। भारत सरकार ने यथावइयक सम्बन्धित राज्य सरकारों से कहा है कि खाद्य उत्पादन बढ़ाने के लिए कृषि के लिए दी जाने वाली बिजली के लिए प्रोत्साह्नात्मक दरें लागू की जाएं। बिहार राज्य बिजली बोर्ह ने 1.11 .68 से घोसतन कृषि टिरिक 17.34 वैसे प्रति यूनिट से धटा कर 15 पेसे प्रतियूनिट कर दिया है तथा उत्तर प्रदेशा राज्य बिजली बों ने 1-7-68 से मोसतन कृषि टैंरिक 21.78 पैसे प्रति यूनिट से बटा कर 15 पंसे प्रति यूनिट कर दिया है।

पराजपत्रित कमंबारियों को घावास षुविषाएं
2812. श्री क० मि० मधुकर : क्या निर्माए, माबास तथा पूंत मत्त्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या ग्रराजपत्रित कर्मंचारियों को श्रावास सुविधाएं देने के लिये पटना (बिह्रा) के राज़बंशी टाउन में मकान बनाये गये हैं ;
(ख) क्या ये मकान ग्रराजपत्रित भ्रषिकारियों को नहीं दिये गये हैं ;
(ग) क्या डस बारे में कमंचारियों का प्रतिनिधिमँडल जुलाई, 196 k में राज्यपाल से मिला था श्रोर राज्यपाल ने इस मन्बन्ध में शीध्र कार्यवाही क.नने का श्राइवासन दिया था ; श्री र
(घ) यदि हां, तो राजबंधी टाउन में बनायं गये मकानों को कमं चारियों को न दिय जानें के क्या कारगा हैं ?

निर्माए, भावाम तथा पूति मम्द्रासय में उप-मंध्री (धी चक्याल सिक्ट) : (क) से (घ). बिहार सरकार ने राजबंशी नगर, 4 रिर्षतित नाम, लाल बहादुर शास्त्री नगर, पटना में 600 रिह्रायशी हकाड्यों के निर्माएा की स्वीकृति दे दी है । 800 फ्लंटों पर निर्माएा कायं पहले ही प्रारंभ हो चुका है ध्रोर इनमें से 42 फ्लेट पूरे हो चुके हैं तथा उन्हें विधान सभा सदस्यों, राज्य सरकार की ठिस्पन्सरी, तथा ऐयरक्राफ्ट मेनेटेनेन्स ग्रार्गेनाईजेशन को श्राबंटित कर दिया गया है। म्रब तक 10 फलेट म्रावंटित कर दिए गए है। होष फ्लेटों को राउ्य सरकार के विभिन्न विभागों में उनके कर्मचारियों की सख्या के घनुपात से बांटने से एक सुभाव पर राज्य सरकार सक्रिय रूप सं विचार कर रही है, घौर शीध ही निएांय होने की संभावना है । फ्सेटों के सभी प्रकार से पूरा हो जने पर भराजपचित करंचारियों को भाबंटन विभाग च्वयं ही करेंगे । इन फ्लेटों के भपूरां होने के कारए घाबंटन में देरी हुई

राज्यपाल के माइवासन के बारे ने लिखित रूप से कुछ भी उपलनछ नहीं है।

सिदरी उषंरक फँक्ट्री तारा ए० सी० सी० सीमेंट कारलाने को चाक की निकी
2813. धी महाराज सिस्ट भारतों : क्या पेट्रोलियम घौर रसायन मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या ए० सी० सी० सीमेंट फैक्टरी को सिदरी उर्वरक कारखाने में उर्पादित चाक (उप-उत्पाद) 1951 से, जब यह कारखाना स्थापित किया गया था, 10 रुपये प्रति टन की दर से बेचा जा रहा है ; घ्रोर सीमेंट फंकटरी इसक.ो 'पलवेराइजेशान' प्रक्रिया से प्रासानी से ही सीमेंट में परिवरित कर लेती है ;
(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि चाक के मूल्यों में गत 17 वर्षों से वृद्धि नहीं की गई है, श्रबकि सीमेंट के मूल्यों में, ख्वानों से जिप्सम (जिसका चाक्र उप-उत्पाद है) निकालने की लागत तथा चनके वह्हन भाड़े में निरन्तर वृद्धि हो रही है ; घ्रोर
(ग) यदि दां, तो हमका क्या कारगा है ?
वेट्रोलियम घोर ₹सापन मत्र्रालय में ₹ाष्य मम्ची (घो रषुरमया): (क) चाकस्लज जो सिदरी में ध्रमंनिया सल्लंट के निर्माएा में वज्यं उत्पाद के हल में उत्पाषित होता है, सितम्बर 1955 से एस्सोशियेटिह सीमेंट कम्पनीज लिमिटेङ को सीमेंट बनाने के लिये 9 हपये प्रीि लांग टन की दर हे बेषा जा रहा है ।
(ब) घ्रोर (ग) बिक्री सीमेंट कारखाने के चादू होने की सिचि से 20 वर्षो की भवष्षि के लिए 25 भगस्त, 1952 के एक करार के षाषार पर की जा रही है। 1958 में, विस्तार संयंच्न से, बाक सेल्स के 350 लांग टन प्रीिदिन की घतिरिक्त अप्लाई के लिये, ए० सी० सी० ने तीन रुपये प्रति टन की दर से मूल्य में कमी करने को कहा बा दूल्य का प्रक्ष हैरिए

श्रायोग को संंपा गया था ग्रोर टंरिक घ्रायोग ने श्रनिरिक्त सप्लाई के नियं भी रुपंय की प्रति लांग टन के मूल्य के जारी रहने दिये जाने की सिफारिशा की।

संसबरी उवंरक कारखाने घ्वारा उर्षरक निर्माया की नई प्रक्रिया
2814. श्रो महाराज सिंह भारती क्या वेद्रोलियम घ्रोर रसायन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि
(क) क्या यन्ट सच है कि श्रनुमन्धान तथा विकाम डित्रीजन, सिंदरी में एमोनिया नाइट्रेट के वर्ज्य पदार्थ से मिश्रिन उवर्रक के निर्माएा की प्रक्रिया निकाली है श्रोर छस के मंयंश्र की iडजाइन से लेकर स्थापना तक पूरी दक्षता प्राप्त कर लो है ;
(ख) यदि हां, नो समूचे विशव में गन्धक की कमी नथा उर्वंरक की बढ़ती हुई मांग को देखते हुए उक प्रक्रिया से सरकार कोन-कौन सी परियोजनाश्रों को क्रियान्वित कर रही है ; प्रोर
(ग) क्या मरकार ने इस प्रक्रिया को निकालने वाले कर्मंचारियों को कोई़ प्रोत्साहन दिया है?

पंद्रोलियम ध्रोर रसायन मंत्रालय में राज्प मंभी (घी रधुरमंया): (क) प्रोर (ख). भारतीय उर्वरक निणम के प्रायोजन एवं विकास प्रभाग ने बिभा गन्धक को इस्तेमाल किये नाइट्रोफास्फेटिक उर्वरक के निर्माया की एक प्रक्रिया विकर्षसत की है । भविष्य प्रतिष्ठापनों में इस प्रक्रक्रया को प्रपनाने में यथाविषि विचार किया जायेगा।
(ग) भायोजम पीर विकास प्रभाग की उपलग्षियां मुल्यत: टीम भावना से कार्य करने की प्रवृषि से प्राप्त होती है ; मतः किसी पृषक स्रक्ति को घोस्साहन तोगे की पदी नही। है।

उस्प्रेरफ (मंटलिस्ट) के मिर्माता के लिए विद्येशी सहयोग
2815. श्रो महाराज सिह मारती : क्या पेट्रोलियम ध्रोर रसायन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह सच है कि श्रनुसन्धान तथा विकास हिवीजन गत दस वर्षों से उवंरक कारखाना, सिदरी के इंजीनियरिंग दांचों के डिजाइयन तैयार कर रहा है ग्रोर वह सब प्रकार के उत्प्रेरकों का निर्माग़ कर रहा है ;
(ख) यदि हां, तो इस सम्बन्ध में विदेशी सहीयोग लियं जाने के क्या कारग़ा है ;
(ग) क्या यह भी सच है कि एक ग्रमरीकी फमं ने क्गा सुविधायें देने से पूरं भागीदार्री की ■तं लगाई है ग्रोर क्रा लेने के निन्ये यद भागीदारी पर सहमत हो गयं है ; घ्रोर
(घ) यदि हृा, तो क्या मरकार ने भारतीय पू जी की कमी के कारगा विदेडी मुद्रा का ॠरा लेने के लिए़ यह नीसि ग्रपनाई है?

वेट्रोलियम घौर रसायन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंन्री (धी रघुरमंया) : (क) फॉिलाइजर कारपोरेशान घ्राफ हन्डिया का योजना तथा विकास डिवीजन, डिजाइ्न, इंजीनिर्यरिग प्राप्ति, संस्थापन इत्यादि के काम में 1956-57 से तगा हुम्रा है। इसने उवंरक उद्योग में काम झ्राने वाल कुछ कंटलिस्टों के लिए जानकारी तथा उत्पादन सम्बन्धी मुविषावों का भी विकास किया है।
(ब) उवंरक उद्योगों के शीघ विकास के लिये भारतीय भूंजी का विदेशी पुंजी द्वारा प्रमुपूरित होना प्रावश्यक है। कमी-कभी विकेषी पूं जी के साथ तकनीकी भ्रोर उब्बोगिक जानकारी श्रोर gूंजीगत उपकरता घ्रच्च रूप से प्राप्त किये जा सकते हैं। कैंटलिस्टों के मामले में, फटटलाडकर कारपोरेशाम घ्राफ इन्डिषां का योजनां पौर विकास डिवीजन प्रभी कुष्ब ही उर्बरक केटलिस्टों का उत्पादन करने में

समर्थ हो सका है भौर पेद्रोलियम तथा वेट्रोरसायन उद्योगों में काम भाने बासे केटलिस्टों के उत्वादन के लिये कोई देशी जानकारी उपलळ्ध नहीं है।
(ग) जी नहीं।
(घ) प्रशन नहीं उठता।

## मध्य प्रवेश में परिषार नियोजन फायंकम

2816. भी हुकम चग्य लघघाय : क्या स्वास्प्य, परिवार नियोजन घोर नगरोष विकास मंत्री यह् बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) वर्ष 1966-67 तथा 1968 में घ्रव नक मध्य प्रदेश में किनने व्यक्तियों ने परिवार नियोजन श्रापरेगन कराये हैं ?
(ख) उन में न पुरुषों तथा महिलापों की मंख्या कितनी-कितनी है ; ग्रोर
(ग) मध्य प्रदेषा के ग्रामीएा तथा नगरीय क्षेत्रों में इस ममय कितने परिषार नियोजन केन्द्र हैं नथा उन पर सगकार प्रतिवपं कितनी गशि वरं कर्ती है ?

स्वास्प्य, परिषार नियोजन तथा नगरीप विकास मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (हा० भीपति चन्त्रशोल़र) : (क) श्रोर (ख). मष्य प्रदेशा में $1968,19 \% 7$ के वर्षों के दोरान पोर इस वर्ष 31 घ्रक्ट्बबर तक नसबन्दी कराने वाले पुरूष्षों पोर महिलामों की मंख्या इस प्रकार है :-

| वर्ष | पुरुष | मदिला | योग |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1966 | 61,828 | 4,583 | 66,411 |
| 1967 | $1,73,384$ | 6,061 | $1,79,409$ |
| $(31$ घ्र्तूबर तक $)$ |  |  |  |
| 63,938 |  |  |  |
|  | 5,897 | 79,017 |  |

प्रक्तूबर, 1968 में 9,182 नसबन्दी कराने वालों में पुरुपों घ्रोर महिलाघों की संख्या का घ्रलग मे ठ्योरा उपल०ष नहीं है।
(ग) राज्य सर कार की सूषना के भनुषार इस समय राज्य में कार्य कर रह्ह हैं। परिड़ार

नियोजन केन्द्रों को संख्या निक्नलिखित हैं :-
(1) मुख्य भ्रामीरा परिवार कल्याश नियोजन केन्द्र 428
(2) ग्रामीरा परिवार कल्याएा नियोजन उप-केन्द्र 500
(3) नगर परिबार कल्याएा नियोजन केन्द्र98

$$
\text { कुल संख्या } 1,026
$$

इन केन्द्रों पर किये गये खचं की सूचना इस समय उपल亏छ नहीं है घ्रोर उसे राज्य सरकार से प्कत्र किया जा रहा है।
₹खा₹थग, परिबार नियोजन तथा नगरीय किकास मंत्रालय के विचाराधीन बिल्ली प्रश्ञासन की घोजनएए
2817. श्री टोर पी० ज्ञाह :

भी रामस्वहूप विष्षार्थी :
भ्री राम सिह श्रयर्वाल :
श्री भारत सिह चोहान :
क्या स्वास्ष्य, पीर्बार नियोजन तथा नगरोय विकास मनंत्री यद बनाने की हृपा करेंगे कि:
(क) दिल्ली प्रषासन द्वारा भजी गई कोनकोन मी योजनाएं ह्रम ममय उनकं मंशालय के विन्नाराषीन है ;
(ख) यो योजनाएं किस-किस तारीक को भंजी गई थी घोर हस समग वे किस घ्रबस्षा में है ;
(ग) क्या यह् सच है कि उन का मंत्रालय हन योजनाप्रों पर विचार करने में बहुत समय लगा रहा है ; घोर
(घ) यदि दां, नो इम के क्या कारएा हैं प्रोर हन योजनाओ्रों पर कब नक प्रन्तिम निगांय कर लिगे जाने की मर्भावना ह?

स्बास्प, परिखार नियोगस तथा नगरीय विकाम मंत्राजय में उपमंश्री (थी ब० सू० पूरिं):
(क) से (घ). सूचना एकन्र की जा रही है श्रोर सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

मिसर्स राम लाल जवाहर लाल एन्ड कम्पनी, उज्जंन
2818. श्री हकम चन्ब कछखाय : क्या विक्त मंत्री यह बनाने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह सच है कि मैसर्स रामलाल जबाह्र लाल एण्ड कम्पनी, उज्जैन के निदेशाक श्रायकर बचाने की दृष्टि से श्रलग-श्रलग किसम के ठ्यापार करते हैं ;
(ख) यदि हां, तो वे क्या-क्या क्यापार कर रहे हैं ; म्भोर
(ग) गत श्राठ वर्षो में उन्होंने कितना श्रायकर दिया है ?

उप प्रधान मग्र्री तथा वित्त मंत्रो (ध्री मोरारजी बेसाई) : (क) जी, नहीं ।
(ख) यह प्रशन नहीं उठता ।
(ग) इस फर्म के भागीदारों द्वारा पिछले पांच वर्षों में ग्रदा किये गयं श्रायकर के बारे में सूचना उपलब्ध है श्रोर वहु नीचे दी गयी है :-

पिद्धले पांच वर्षों में श्रवा किया गया श्रायकर

| भागीदार का नाम | 1962-63 | 1963-64 | 1964-65 | 1965-66 | 1966-67 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| श्री नरेन्द्र कुमार | 1,607 | 1,383 | 2,411 | 2,369 | 1,161 |
| श्री हुकमचन्द | 8,864 | 3,273 | 16,523 | 11,115 | 15,300 |
| श्रो कंलाषाचन्द्र | 5,492 | 3,056 | 8,783 | 1,581 | 5,416 |
| शी योगेन्द्र कुमार | 1,882 | 1,257 | 3,540 | 2,164 | 1,150 |
| श्री मोह़न लाल | 8,404 | 3,049 | 16,770 | 13,325 | 8.835 |
| श्री प्रेम कुमार | 1,361 | 1,109 | 2286 | 940 | 1,280 |
| श्री घ्रोम प्रकाश | 1,021 | 820 | - | - | -- |
| श्री जवाहरलाल | 6,253 | 4,394 | 11,060 | 3,385 | 2,615 |

मिससं डोउसाल प्राइवेट लिमिटेख, बम्बई केन्द्रीय सरकार के कमंचारियों के परिषार नियोजन संबंधी घापरेशन
2820. श्रो हुकम घन्द कछ्धवाय : क्या स्वास्स्य, 9 रिवार नियोजन तथा नगरोय विकास मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) 1960 ग्रोर 1968 के दोरान केन्द्र सरकार के कितने कमंचारियों के "वैसक्टोमी प्रोर ट्यूलंक्टोकी" प्रापरेशान हुए ; प्रोर
(ख) जिन कमंचारियों के प्रापरेशान हुए उन में से राजपच्वित दोर महिला कर्मचारियों की संख्या क्या थी ?

स्वास्प्य, परिषार नियोजन तथा नगरीप विकाम मंत्रालप में राज्प मंच्री ( $\mathbf{\pi 1 0}$ घीपती चम्रसेत्र人) : (क) पौर (ख) . 1966 भौर

1967 के दौरान जिन केन्द्रीय सरकारी कर्मचारियों ने नसबन्दी ग्रापरेशन कराए हैं जनके प्रांकड़े घ्रलग से नहीं रबे गए हैं।

कमंधारियों द्वारा परिबार नियोजन के तरीके घपनाना
2821. श्रो हुकम चग्द कछताय : क्या स्वास्वय, परिखार नि योजन तथा नगरोप विकाम मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि मध्य प्रदेश, उत्तर प्रदेशा ध्रोर राजस्थान के ऐसे परिवार नियोजन श्रधिकारियों श्रोर कमंचारियों की संख्या कितने है जिन्दोंने विछले दो वर्षो में परिवार नियोजन के तरीकों को ध्रपनाया है ?

स्वास्थ्य, परिखार नियोजन तथा नगरोय विकास मन्रालय में राज्य मन्र्री (डा० क्षीपति चंत्रोेखर) : परिवार नियोजन के श्रधिकारियों ग्रोर कमंचारियों के श्रांकड़े श्रनग ले नहीं रखे जाते हैं।

Consumption of Electricity in North and South Bihar
2822. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 5711 on the 26ih August, 1968 and state :
(a) the steps which are being taken to lessen the gap of the difference of about seven times between the per capita consumption of electricity in North Bihar and South Bihar ;
(b) whither Government had asked for revision of the target for making available more electricity to North Bihar ; and
(c) if so, the result thereof?

THE DEPUTY-MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) The generating capacity in North Bihar is being augmented by addition of two generating units of 50 MW each at Barauni. The firs: 50 MW unit is expected to be com.nissioned by December, 1968 and the second unit by May, 1969.

The State Electricity Board is also setting up a Hydel Power Station at Kosi of 4 units with an installed capacity of about 20 MW . The first two units are expected to be commissioned during the current yoar and the remaining two units during 1969-70.

The Board has taken stops to interlink the power system of North Bihar with that of South Bihar by means of a 132 KV cable across the River Ganges at Mokameh. This interconnection is expected to be completed by April, 1969 when it would be possible to transfor a maximum of 100 MVA of power from South Bihar to North Bihar.

On completion of all these works, the power supply position in the North Bihar area is expected to improve considerably.
(b) and (c). The poak demand in North Bihar is anticipated to rise to 161 MW by 1973-74. As agalnst this, the aggregate Installed capacity in North Bihar will be 165 MW with a firm capacity of 105 MW . It is proposed to transfer the balance of further power requirements in North Bibar from South Bihar.

## Bihari Officers in Public Undertakinga

2823. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA : Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 4255 on the 19th August, 1968 and state :
(a) whether the information regarding Bihari Officers in Public Undertakings under his Ministry has since been collected; and
(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) and (b). Question No. 4255 asked for information about (i) the number of Bihari Officers and employees and their proportion to the total number of Officers and employees in the Undertakings locuted in Bihar and (ii) corresponding information about officers and employees of other States in the Undertakings located in each State.

As regards (i), a statement given the information is laid on the Table of the House, [Placed in L.brary. See No. LT2438/68].

As regards (ii), the information being collected is not yet complete; it will be laid on the Table of the House in due course.

## Barahkeshetra High Dam and Hydel Power Projects

2824. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA : WIII the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 3583 on the 12th August, 1968 and state :
(a) the causes leading to the giving up of the original Barahkeshetra Hydel Power Project of 18 million K. W. :
(b) whether the high dam originally proposed to the built could be instrumental in completely controlling the Kosi floods saving lakhs of acres between the embankments and ensuring fool-proof irrigational system ;
(c) if so. whether the Barahkeshetra high dam and Hydel Project are proposed to be revived; and
(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY-MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION ANI) POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRA. SAD): (a) The proposal to build a very high Dam at Barahkeshetra across the Kosi River was given up on account of the unfavourable geological conditions.
(b) The High Dam originally proposed envisaged substantial protection in the Kosi flood Plane.
(c) and (d). In view of the unfavourable geological conditions there is no proposal to revive the said Project.

## Supply of Gas by Oil India Limited to Absam State Fiectricity Board and Asian Oll Company

2825. SHRI S. R. DAMANI : Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fuct that the Oil India Lid. is supplying gas to the Assam

State Electricity Board at 50 per cent of its cost of production ;
(b) whether it is also a fact that gas is supplied to the Assam Oil Company at the actual cost of production; and
(c) the reasons for extending concessions to these two institutions and the loss suffered by the Oll India I.td. on account of this?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRIRAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) Yes, Sir. But this will be increased to Rs. 42.10 per 1000 cu . metres as soon as Fertilizer Corporation of India starts taking gas.
(c) The price of gas payable by Assam Oll Company and Assam State Electricity Board was fixed at a time when there were no customers for gas in Assam. Besides the Government of Assam asked for a special discounted price in respect of supplies to the Assatn State Electricity Board to engble the latter to generate electricity at a cheap rate so as to attract industries to Assam.

## Oll India Limited

2826. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the Financial Director of the Oil India Lid. functioning from Delhi, could not visit the Company's Headquarters since June, 1963 :
(b) whether it is also a fact that the Managing Director is also permanently stationed in Delhi ;
(c) the number of Board meetings, year-wise, during the last three years, held in Duliajan and at Delhi, and the expenditure incurred on Travelling Allowance and Daily Allowance of personnel comins to Delhi to attend the meetings ; and
(d) whetber Government have ever suggested that Financial Director and Managing Director should permanently stay at headquarters and the reaction of the Qil India Lid thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THL MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) The reference is presumably to the Company's Registered Office at Duliajan, Assam. It is a fact that the Financial Director did not visit Duliajan from June, 1963 to September, 1968. Such a visit was, however, paid in October, 1968.
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the table of the Sabha.
(d) No suggestion has been made to the Company by Government that the Financial Director and Managing Director should stay at Duliajan. But on a recommendation on these lines from the Estimates Committee. the Company has stated that it considers the location of the Financial Director and the Managing Director at New Delhi as administratively necessary at Present.

## Irrigation Facilities for Haryana in Fourth Five Year Plan

2 227. SHRI RAM KISHAN GUPTA. Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state
(a) whether the programme for provid. ing irrigation facilities in Haryana during the Fourth Five Year Plan has been fin.alised ; and
(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION ANI POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

Heart Tramsplantation Operations in India
2828. SHKI D. N. PA TODIA:
SHRI R. R. SINGH DEO :

Will the Minster of HEALTH, PAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to stale :
(a) whether further heart transplantation operations have been beld in India:
(b) w.ae:her any one of them have been held in any Governmens hospital; and
(c) if not, the reasons for which

Government are not showing any interest in thls sphere?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH. FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (SHRI B S. MURTHY): (a) So far only two heart transpiant operations have been performed in this country.
(b) No.
(c) Government have an open mind with regard to the heart transplant opetations which are still very much in the experimental stage. The ethics of heart transplants in the subjoct of an incernatio. nal controversy.

## Beas Design Organisatjon

2829. SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state:
(a) when the Beas Design Organisation was first set up and where it was located:
(b) when it was shifted to Dolhi and why;
(c) why it is now proposed to shift the offices of the Beas Design Organisation away from Delhi ;
(d) whether it is a fact that the Chie? Design Engineer Beas Design Organistion had deseribed the move to shift the organisation as contrary to its efficient functioning : and
(e) the cost involved in shiffing and re-housing the organisation?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) Beas Dosign Organisation was set up in 1961 at New Dulbi when the Bhakra Designs Organisation was renamed as Bhakra and Beas Designs Organisation.
(b) Does not urise.
(c) Two Directorates of this Dasign Office were shifted to Nangal in June/July, 1963 and the recnaining two Directorates are being shifted now as sufficient accommodation has fallen vacant at Nangal due to reduction of activities on Bhakra Pro. ject. This will also achieve better coordination of work on the two Unlts.
(d) Yes, Sir, but the General Manager does not subscribe to this view.
(e) About Rs. 90,000 on shifting (including transfer T. A. etc payable to staff) and Rs. $\mathbf{7 0 , 0 0 0}$ on alterations to some buildings at Nangal for accommodating the Design Offices there. This expenditure will be off-set by the advantage resulting from utilisation of vacant accommodation at Nangal and a saving of about Rs. 10,000 in T. A. of staff etc.

## Allocation of Funds for Housing and Urban Development to States

2830. SHRI VISAWA NATH PANDEY: Will the Minisier of WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Goveınment have allocated funds for housing and urban development plans for $1968-69$ to the varioue States ;
(b) if so, the amount allotted, Statewise : and
(c) the demands of the States for the above purposes for 196869 ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SHRI IQBAL SINGH): (a) Ycs. Allocation of Central assistance to States for the social housing schemes (excluding the Slum Clearance Scheme) has been made for the year 1968-69. Allocation for Urban Development (including Town Planning) has also been made on a tentative basis by the Ministry of Health, Family Planning and Urban Development who are now dealing with this subject (as also Slum Clearance). No allocation has so far been made for the Slum Clearance Scheme but a provision of Rs. 304.00 lakhs has been made in the Central Budget.
(b) and (c). The information is given in the annexure laid on the Table of the House. [Piaced in Library See No. LT2439/68].

## Allocation of Funds for Housing Schemes in U.P.

2831. SHRI VISHWA NATH PANDEY: Will the Minister of WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state:
(a) the total amount sanctioned by the Centre for the State of Uttar Pradesh
up-to-date on account of (i) Subsidised Industrial Housing Scheme; (ii) Low Income Group Housing Scheme ; (iii) Middle Income Group Housing Scheme; and (iv) Rural Housing Scheme ;
(b) the total amount actually disbursed up-to-date for these purposes; and
(c) how many tenernents or flats were scheduled to be constructed in Uttar Pradesh under each of the schemes?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SHRI IQBAL SINGH): (a) and (b). Central assistance amounting to Rs 27.31 crores was allocated to Uttar Pradeah upto 3lst March, 1968, against which on the basis of expenditure incurred by them, the State Government drew $H$ sum of Rs. 19.25 crores only. In addition a sum of Rs. 395 crores of Life Insurance Corporation funds was also allocated to the State atad this amount was drawn by them in full.
(c) All these Sihemes are being implemented by the State Governments. Figures in regard to the physical targets are not available with this Ministry.

## Slum Clearance Seheme in Uttar Pradesh

2832. SHRI VISHWA NATH PANDEY: Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleised to state :
(a) the total amount sanctioned by the Central Government for the State of Uttar Pradesh up-to-date on account of Slum Clearance Scheme ;
(b) the total amount actually disbursed up-to date for these schemes; and
(c) how many tenements or flats were scheduled to be constructed in Uttar Pradesh under this scheme?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY, PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY): (a) and (b). The total amount sanctioned and released to the State Government of Uttar Pradesh under the Slum Clearance Schemo upto the 31st March, 1968 is Rs. 233.51 lakhs.
(c) $\mathbf{8 6 5 0}$ tenements.

## Printing of Forms etc. in Hindi by Indian Oil Corporation

## 2833. SHRI HARDAYAL DEVGUN : SHRI BAL RAJ MADHOK ;

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state the number of tenders, contracts, agreements, notifications official circulars, advertisements and forms printed in Hindi by the Indian Oil Corporation during August and September, 1968 ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRIRAGHM RAMAIAH): Five tenders, twe advertisements for the sale of scrap and eight general advertisemen's wete issued $\operatorname{in}$ Hinci by the Indian Oil Corporation Lid during August and September, 1968.

## Yamuna Hydel Project

2834. SHRI VISHWA NATH PANDEY: Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pieased to state :
(a) the progress made so far in regard to the construction of Yamuna Hydel Project ;
(b) the total amount of expenditure involved on such scheme : and
(c) when this project is likely to be completed ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) The progress made so far by the Yamuna Hydel Project is given below :

Stage 1. Works have almost been completed. Two generating units of 17 MW each have been installed at Dhalipur power station and two units of 11.25 MW each have been installed at Dhakrani power station. The eraction of a third 17 MW unit at Dhalipur aud 11.25 MW at Dhak. rani is in progress.

Stage II. Orders for the generating units proposed to be installed at Chibro power station ( 4 nos. 60 MW each) and those at Kodri power station ( 4 nos. 30 MW each) have been placed. The civil works viz. the excavation of the power house, tunnels etc. are in progress. The
design and planning of the power station is in progless.

Stage III. Proposals are under finalisation.

Stape IV. Preliminary works are being taken up.
(b) The total expenditure involved in the project is Rs. 93.51 crores.
(c) The Project is expected to be completed by 1973-74.

मदीना fिन्डिग हैबराबाब
2835. की प्रकाछाबीर शास्त्री : धी शिब कुमार धास्री :

क्या वित्त मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि
(क) क्या यह सच है कि हैदराबाष में मदीना बिल्डिग का किराया किसी भन्म देषा में तक घामिक स्थान के उपयोग के लिए बाहर भेजा जाता है ;
(ख) यदि हीं, तो यह्ह प्रथा कब से चालू है ;
(ग) एक वर्षं में कितना किराया विषेश भेजा जाता है ; घोर
(घ) क्या यह् घन विदेशी मुद्रा प्रथवा किसी भौर लूप में विदेषा भेजा जाता है ?

उप प्रषाम मन्प्री तथा वित मन्त्री (घी मोरारजी बेसाई) : (क) इम रकम के किसी ध्रन्य दे $ए$ में भेजे जाने के सन्बन्ष में कोई प्रार्थनापः नहीं मिला है ।
(स) से (घ). ये सबाल पेवा ही नहीं होते ।

## केनी़ीय सरकार के पस्पतालों सम्बत्वी बजाए सहिकि का प्रतिकेषल

2836. घी बंबर नाल गुप्त: क्या स्थास्य परिबार fिलोखन एवं मार किलास मत्थी यह् बताने की कुषा कर्रो कि:
(क) क्या विर्मी में केनीय सरकार के

भस्पतालों की कायंप्रयाली की जांच करने के लिए नियुक्त की गई समिति के प्रतिवेदन पर कायंवाही की गई है ;
(ख) श्रागामी दो वर्षों में कितने नये घ्पस्पताल ग्वोलने का विचार है, ये कहां-कहां खोले जायंगे श्रोर कितने श्रस्पत्तालों का विस्तार किये जाने की सम्भावना है; प्रोर
(ग) उनमें श्रायुवैंदिक श्रस्पताल कितने हैं ?

स्वास्थम, परिबार नयोजन तथा नगरीय विकास घन्च्रालय में उप-मंची (ध्री ब० सृ० मूरति) : (क) घ्रस्पताल जाँच समिति ने दो मो से प्रधिक मिफारिशों प्रस्तुन की है प्रोर उनमें से श्रब तक 80 सिफारिशों पर कार्यवाही की जा चुकी है।
(ब) चोथी वंचवर्षीय योजना में जिसे प्रभी पन्तिम रूप नहीं दिया गया है, दो प्रस्पताल एक दिल्ली के पहिचम में तथा दूमरा जमुना पार, खोलने का विचार है। किसी प्रमुख भ्पस्पताल का कोई विषोष विस्तार करने का विचार नहीं है ।
(ग) कोई नहीं ।

## Malpractice by Colonisers in Delbi

2837. SHRI HARDAYAL DEVGUN: Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) the number and namos of colonisers with their offices in the Union Territory of Delhi who have got large amount of money collected from the plot holders for development of colonies in areas falling within the Metropolitan Area in the Master Plan of Delhi :
(b) the oumber and namos of such colonies which came into being as early as 1960 and have not so far been developed and given possession of plots to plot belders ;
(c) whether Gpverpmeat bave regaived any representation from any quarter with regard to the malpractices commitieed by
such colonisers or whether any civil suits have been filed against such colonisers within the Union Territorp of Delhi ;
(d) if so, the number and names of the colonisers; and
(e) whether Government have any proposal to look after the interest of plot holders?

THE DEPUTY MINISTEE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B S. MURTHY) : (a) to (e). Efforts are being made to collect the information which will be laid on the Table of the Sabha when available.

## Members of Board of Directorate of Life Insurance Corporation

2838. SHRI PREM CHAND VERMA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to s!ate ;
(a) the year in which the Life Insurance Corporation of India was floated. who were the members on its buard of Directors and how long the same Board continued : and
(b) who are members of the Board of Directors at present and who is the Chairman or Managing Director of the Corporation, when they were appointed and what is their tenure and terms ef employment?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAlI: (a) The Life Insurance Gorporation of India was established on Ist Seplember, 1956. Its "Members" were ...

S/Shri H. M Patel, (Chairman)
Mohamased Hasham Premji
D. G. Karve,

Dhiren Mitra
S. M. Ramakrishna Rao

Ghakreshwar Kumar Juin
V. I. Mehta

Raghuraj Swarup
L. K. Jha
B. K. Kaul.
L. S. Vaidyanathan
A. Rajagopatan

Shri K. R. Srinivasan
V. H. Vora
and D P. Guzdar

They continued to function, with certain changes, till 31st August, 1958.
(b) The present members of Corporation (reconstituted with effect from ist September, 1968) are :

Shri M. R. Bhide
(Chairman since 12.1.1967)
Shri A. Bakshi
Shri S. N. Desai
Shri Akbar Hydari
Shri S. V. Kanungo
Dr. Baljit Singh
Smt. Lakshmi N. Menon
Shri M. V. Verappa
Shri A. M. M. Arunachalam
Shri Dilip Bose
Shri G. C. Dass
Sardar Santokh Singh
Shri C. H. Bhabha
Shri B D. Garware
and Shri Haribhai Ranabhai Bhaskar
An official member holds oflice during the pleasure of the Central Government and a non-official member holds office for a period of two years unless a shorter period is specified in the order of his appointment.
Members are not entitled to any salary. They draw fees for allending meetings in terms of the L.I.C. Rules.

The principal term of employment of the present Chairman are :

Tenurt. Three years from the date of taking over charge.

Salary. Rs. 4.000 P.M. subject to tax and without any retiring gratuity. (salary stands reduced by Rs. 555 on account of commutation of pension) Pension is held in abeyance.

City Compensatory Allowance: As admissible to officers of the highest rank in the Corporation.

Accommodation: The Corporation will provide him with accommodation on payment of a reat equal to $10 \%$ of his emoluments unloss the standard rent is lower, in which case, the latter would be charged.
The Corporation has two managing Directors. S/Shri S. D. Srinivasan and N. V. Nayudu. Both are permanent employees. Shri S. D. Srinivasan was designated as Managing Director in January, 1960. Shri Nayudu was on deputation to the Govern-
ment of India with effect from 18th March, 1967. He was placed in the rank of Managing Director with effect from 1.9.1966. He reverted to the service of Coporation in June, 1967.

At present the scale of pay prescribed for the post of Managing Director is a fixed pay of Rs. 3.250. Like other employees. the Managing Directors 100 are fulltime employees of the Corporation and are covered by the L.I.C.'s (Staff) Regulations.

## Loss suffered by Life Insurance Corporation

## 2839. SHRI PREM CHAND VERMA:

 Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :(a) how much loss the Life Insurance Corporation suffered since its inception on account of (i) irregularities, (ii) theft, (iii) stock shortage, (iv) fire or any other such causes ; and
(b) whether these matters were looked into and if so, the result theroor and if not, why?

IHE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) Particulars of losses caused to the Corporation on account of irregularities-that is to say, culpable acts on the part of employees--since lst September, 1960 are as follows :

| Number <br> of <br> cases | Gross <br> Amount of <br> loss | Net loss after <br> taking into <br> account <br> recoveries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rs. | Rs. |
| 257 | 6.30 .764 | $4.90,606$ |

Particulars of losses caused to the Corporation on account of thefts that is to say. culpable acts on the part of persons other than employees-since Ist January, 1960 are as follows:

| Number <br> of <br> cases | Gross <br> Amount <br> of loss | Net loss after <br> taking into <br> account <br> recoveries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | Rs. <br> $1,51,475$ | Rs. <br> $1,29,323$ |

[^1]Two of the L. I. C. properties at New De!hi (i) Jeevan Vihar Building at Parliament Street and (ii) leevan Udyog Building on Asaf Ali Road, suffered damages due to fire during the year 1964. However the properties having been insured against fire total damages exceeding Rs. 6.00 lakhs were made good out of the insurance. In February 1965 on account of disturbances due to the anti-Hindi agitation the Branch office of the Corporation at Karur was damaged to the tune of Rs. $7,000 /-$. As the Corporation does not insure its properties against riot insurance there is no question of recovering the damage.
(b) These matters are investigated and suitable steps taken to have the loss made good by the person or persons responsible and to prevent recurrence of similar losses.

## Recruitment of Staff in Life Insurance Corporation

2840. SHRI PREM CHAND VERMA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether the Life Insurance Corporation has proper rules of staff recruitment for jobs carrying more than Rs. 500 pm . and for purchase, contracts and sales ;
(b) if so, what are those rules; and
(c) if not, whether there is any proposal to draft these rules and if so, by what time?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir. The rules regarding recruitment and promotion to the posts in classes I, 11, III and IV of the Life Insurance Corporation are contained in the Life Insurance Corporation of India (Staff) Regulations, 1960.

The L. I. C. (Apprentice-Officers) Instructions 1967 contain the rules relating to recruitment of apprentice officers through all-India competitive examinations.

Purchase of building materials which are available on D. G. S. and D. Rate Contract are made according to the procedure prescribed under that contract. For other purchases quotations are invited.

For purchase and sale of items other
than building materials the procedure is laid down in the L. I. C. of India (Stores) Code, 1959 read with the L. I. C. of India (Financial Powers) Standing Order, 1960.
(c) Does not arise.

## Assessment of Working of LIfe Insurance Corporation

2841. SHRI PREM CHAND VERMA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether at any time + general assessment of the working of the Life Insurance Corporation was done; and
(b) if so, with what result and if not, whether Government have any idea of securing the services of any expert in order to find out the drawbacks and to bring about improvements in its working ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE, (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The Estimates Cominitlee and the Committee on Public Undertakings of Parliament have examined the working of the Corporation. The Administrative Reforms Commission is also going into the working of L. I. C. A Committee under the Chairmanship of Shri R. R. Morarka was set up to investigate into the causes of the high level of expenses of the Corpo. ration as indicated by its renewal expense ratio, and to recommend measures, adminis trative of otherwise, to bring it down to resonable levels so as to subserve the maximum interests of the policy holders.

The recommendations of the Estimale; Committee, and the Committee on Public Undertakings have been considered by Government and suitable action, wherever necessary, has been taken. The Administrative Reforms Comnission and the Morarka Committee have yet to submit their reports.

## Expenditure on Family Planning During Fourth Five Year Ptan

2842. SHRI SRADHAKAR SUPAKAR: Will the Minister of HEALTH FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:
(a) whether, in viow of good lmpact of the family planning programme in checking
rapid increase of population in India, the expenditure on account of this programme will be higher for the Fourth Five Year Plan ; and
(b) if so, by how much ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (DR. S. CHANDRASEKHAR): (a) Yes.
(b) A provision of Rs. 547.62 crores has tentatively been suggested for the Fourth Plan (1969-74) for consideration of the Planning Commission against Rs. 229.31 crores proposed for the Fourth Plan (196671). The final picture has yet to emerge.

## Admissions in Medical Colleges of the Country

2843. SHRI HEM RAJ: Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANING; AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleas. ed to state :
(a) the number of admissions that have taken place in different medical colleges of India during 1968 and upto what percentage of marks the students were admitted in different States and Union Territories, Statewise and Union Territory-wise ; and
(b) the additional capaclty for the admission that is going to be created for admission state-wise and college-wise during the coming year and during the fourth five year plan period?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) The information is not available as admission in all the Medical Colleges in the country have not yet been completed.
(b) Creation of additional capacity for admission to Medical Colleges is the responsibility of the State Governments. How much additional capacity would be created would depend on the finallsation of the Fourth Five Year Plan.

## Small Savings Collectiong

2844. SHRI HEM RAJ :
SHRI S. R. DAMANI :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the amount that was collected
through Small Suvings during 1967-68: and
(b) the amount that is likely to be collected during 1968.69 ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) Rs. 12384 crores (net) approximately.
(b) The Budget estimate of collections through Small Savings Schemes is Rs. 120 crores and it is expected that this will be realised.

## Damodar Valley Corporation

2845. SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY: Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) how far the Damodar Valley Corporation has succoeded in achieving its aims and objects ; and
(b) whether it has succeeded in the promotion and control of navigation, promotion of afforestation and control of soil erosion andipromotion of public health. agriculture and industry ?

TEE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) and (b). The main objects of the Damodar Valley Corporation are flood control, irrigation and the generation and distribution of power, while the subsidiary objects are promotion of navigation and afforestation and control of soil erosion in the Valley, promotion of public health and agricultural, industrial, economic and general well-being within its area of operation. By the completion of four Dams it has been possible to control the flood flow to the extent of $6,50,000$ cusecs. Irrigation has been provided to 7.02 lakhs acres ('kbarif') and 0.469 lakhs acres ('rabi). The present installed capacity of power is 1061 MW and this has served not only the needs in the Damodar Valley but also the State Electricity Boards of West Bengal, Bihar and U. P. A Navisation Canal has been constructed, 1,37,069 acres have been put under forests. The Damodar Valley Corporation has set up its own ourseries for the supply of saplings for the afforestation programme. Anti-soil erosion
measures have also been taken up. Antimalaria and anti-flaria measures have been laken up and are being continued in the Vafley. The achievements of the Corporation in the direction of flood control, irrigation and power have contributed significantly to the promotion of agriculture and industry in the Valley.

## Central Loans to States

2846. SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No, 248 on the 22nd July, 1968 and state ;
(a) whether the Central loans to States have increased since the 31st March, 1968 ; and
(b) if so, why and by how much against each State?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). The States' loan liability to the Centre rose by Rs, 345.38 crores during the period ist April, 1968 to 30h h September, 1968 on account of loan assistance sanctioned to them for meeting their plan and non-plan requirements. The state-wise details are given in the statement laid on the Table of the House. IPlaced in Library. See No. LT-2440;68]

## Conversion of Grames to States into Loans

2847. SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 4313 on the 19th August, 1968 and state :
(a) whether in view of the fact that the estimated grants to Madhya Pradesh for Plan and non. Plan accounts were much more than actual requirements, the same were diverted to other purposes and evenually converted to Central loans; and
(b) if so, whether anv steps are proposed to be taken ic put a check to this lendency?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARII DESAI): (a) and (b). Since

Central assistance by way of loans and grants is finalized on audited figures of expenditure, the question of the assistance excceeding the actual requirements or being diverted to other purposes does not arise.

## Seizure of Gold at Kanpur

2848. SHRI B. K. DASCHOWDHURY:
SHRI VISHWA NATH PANDEY:
Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that on the 30th September, 1968, gold worth Rs. 30,000 was seized by the Central Excise Officials from the Central Railway Station at Kanpur ;
(b) if so, the action taken against the persons involved;
(c) whether it is also a fact that there have been cases of smuggling of gold biscuits in Delhi recently ;
(d) if so, whether it is further a fact that gold smuggling in the form of biscuits has become a common feature ;
(e) whether there is any international gang behind this type of gold smuggling : and
(f) if so, the steps taken 10 arrest the gang operating in India?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) On the 20th September, 1968,16 gold biscuits weighing 10 tolas each and bearing foreign markings and worth Rs. 30,000/- approximately at the Indian market price were seized by the central Excise Officers, at Kanpur Rallway Station from the baggage of a person who arrived from Bombay.
(b) The person was arrested and subsequenily released on bail. The case is under investigation.
(c) In August, 1968 and October, 1968 two seizures involving 13 gold biscuits and 20 gold biscuits repectively of 10 tolas each were effected in Delhi.
(d) Bulk of the smuggled gold seized is in the form of biscuits.
(e) Some tnternational gangs are sus.
pected to be behind smuggling of gold into India
(f) Collection of intelligence through reliable and specialised sources, surveiltance over known smugglers and their associates check of suspected vehicles and passengers and their baggage are among the steps taken to apprechend the gaggs operating in India.

> Shri S. P. Dewan, Administrative Officer of U.N E.S C.O!
2849. SHRI MADHU LIMAYE :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Shri Sutya Paul Dewan, Administrative Officer. UNESCO Office, New Delhi, went abroad in June, 1966 for a period of about three months:
(b) whether it is a fact that he declared the trip as official tour ;
(i) whether it is also a fact that the fare for this trip was paid by Shri Dewan himeef and not by UNESCO through Mercury Travels, New Delhi :
(d) whether it is further a fact that the trip was not official but personal : and
(e) if so, the action which Governmen: promose to take against Shri Dew.in for cheating Government?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) to (c). Enquiries made from the UNESCO Office in New Delhi reve.:1 that the trip of Shrl S P. Dewan, Administrative Oificer, UNESCO Office, New Delhi to Paris in the first week of June, 1966 was ollicial and that the UNESCO Office paid the fare for this trin in cash to Suri Dewan. In the circums. tances, any certifieation that might have been made by Shri Dewan that the trip was not personal, if at all, would not seem to be irregular, and tise question of GJvean:u's likias live 1:1:n in the matter would nut arise.

## Invention of A Birth Csntrol Device by an Indian Surgeon

2x50. SHRI R. BARUA :

## SHRI B. K. DAS CHOWDHURY:

Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be plessed to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that an Indian Surgeon, Doctor P. S. Jhaver, has invented a birth control device which he claims could provide temporary sterilization in males ;
(b) if so. whether Government have examined the effectiveness of this device :
(c) whether Government propose to popularise this device in India; and
(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FANILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (DR. S. CHANDRASEKHAR): (a) and (b). The claim by Dr. Jhaver of inventing a birth control device tias come to Government's notice. The tecbnical details furnished by him are under exnmination.
(c) and (d). The queation does not arise at present.

## राँ्गीय स्तर पर केतम भायोग

2855. की रएजीत सिह : क्या वित्त मन्च्री यह्त बनाने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) वपा यह मच है कि मह्राष्ट्र सरकार ने राब्ट्रीय स्नर पर एक वेनन पायोग की नियुक्ति का विरोध किया है ; प्रोर
(ग) यदि त्रो, तो डम बारे में केन्द्रीय सरकार की क्ता प्रभिक्रिया है ?

उप प्रथान मन्र्रो तया वित मत्यो (बी मोराजी वेसाई): (क) जी नहीं ।
(可) यद्र प्रशन ती नहीं उउता ।
मारतीय तेल निणम को हानि

### 28.52. की घ्रोकार लास के रेखा : घी निद्याजाष मेनल

क्या केट्रोतियंज कार रसायम मन्दी यह बताने को क्षवो फरेते कि :
(क) क्या यह् सब है कि 1 पकरूबर,

1968 को भारतीय तेल निगम के एएार्कुलम केन्द्र में श्राग लग गई थी ;
(ख) यदि हां, तो उक्त श्राग लगने के काराए घनुमानत: कितनी हानि हुई ; घ्रोर
(ग) भाग लगने के कारा क्या थे ?
पेट्रोलियम तथा रसायन मत्त्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (धी रघुरमंया) : (क) जी हां ।
(ख) सगभग 1850 रुपये ।
(ग) पेट्रोल प्रस्थान (Installation) के बाहरी क्षेत्र में वर्षा के पानी के साथ तेल के कतरों का एक नग्न बती (Naked light) को छूने से सम्भवत : प्राग लगी।

## उत्तर प्रवेशा के डुलम्बशाहर जिसे के पवसारा गांब में घस्पत्तास बमाना

2753 , श्रोंकार लाल बर्वा : क्या स्वा₹ष्य, परिवार नियोजम एबं नगर विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या बुलन्दघहार जिले के पवसारा गांब के निवासियों ने जिसकी जनसंख्या 4,000 है, वहां एक सरकारी श्रस्पताल खोले जाने के लिये श्रम्यावेदन भेजा है ;
(ख) क्या यह भो सच है कि उस गांव में प्रस्वताल खोलने की मंजूरी $4-5$ महीने पहले दी गई थी, परन्तु वहां श्रभी तक श्रस्पताल नहीं खोला गया है ; पोर
(ग) यदि हाँ, तो छसका क्या काराए है ?
स्वास्प्य, परिवार नियोजन तथा नगरीय बिकास मग्रालय में उप-मम्र्री (धो व० सू० भूति) : (क) से (ग) - सूचना एकश्न की जा रही है घोर सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

## धी निबालपुरी, नई किल्ती में भार्य समाज मंबिर का fिरायाबफला

2854. को रामतोपाल जालको क्या स्बास्थ्, परिषार मियोजन एवं नगर बकास मंश्री यह्ह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यहु सं है कि गजजानी में

श्री निवासपुरी में श्रार्य समाज मन्दिर को दिल्ली प्रशासन ने fगरा दिया है; भ्रोर
(ख) यदि हां, तो पूर्ष सचना दिए बिना मंदिर के गिराये जाने के क्या कारा थे ?

स्वास्य, परिवार नियोजन तथा नग रीय विकास मत्र्रालम में उप-मंत्री (श्रो ब० सू० मूरित) : (क) फुगी-भोंपड़ी वस्ती श्रनधिकृत निर्मग़ा सफाई कार्यंक्रम के श्रन्तर्गन श्रीनिवासपुरी जे.जे कालोनी मे एक ग्रनधिकृत निर्मागा जिसको प्रार्य समाज मन्दिर बताया जाता है, fिरा दिया गया।
(ख) इस प्रकार के घ्रनधिकृत निर्माया को हटाए जाने के लिए कोई पूरं सूचना देना श्रावश्यक नहीं है ।

Travels Abroad of Shri Kanti Lal Desai

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2855. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA
            SHRI J. M. BISWAS :
            SHRI C. JANARDHANAN :
            DR. RANEN SEN
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Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) how many times his son Shri Kanti Lal Desai, travelled abroad during the years 1966, 1967 and 1968 :
(b) whether while applying for his passports or ronewal thereof he gave any reasons for foreign travels; and
(c) whether in this connection he also produced any invitation letters from the South Korean authorities?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAII :
(a) 1966 Once

| 1967 | Twice |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1968 | Twice |

(b) For the visit in 1966, he had a valid passport issued in an earlier year.

In June 1967, a new passport was issued. The purpose of the visit was not indicated in the application as, uuder the new regulations, this information is not required to be furnished.

In September 1967, for his visit abroad to accompany the Deputy Prime Min ister, a
diplomatic passport was issued and this purpose was indicated in the application. The Diplomatic passport was given up on return.
(c) An invitation from the South Korean Chamber of Commerce was produced for ' $P$ ' form purposes.

## Failure of Textile Companies of Ahmedabad

 to Pay Deposits on Maturity2856 SHRI S. S. KOTHARI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that three Ahmedabad Textile Companies failed to tepay deposits on maturity ;
(b) if so, the action which the Reserve Bank of India have taken in the matter ;
(c) whether the Reserve Bank of India possess sufficient powers to compel repayment, if necessary. by compulsory acquisition of the assets of a defulting company ; and
(d) the steps which Government and the Reserve Bank propose to take to regulate deposits for earmarking of security by the borrowing company in respect thereof and for ensuring safety of public money ?

THE DEPUIY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) Yes, Sir.
(c) No, Sir,
(b) and (d). Deposits obtained from members of the general publlc are unsecured liabilities of the companies concerned and it is not possible to accord any priority to these liabilities or to earmark any particular assets against them. It will be open to the companies, however, to obtain additional accommodation from banks or to issue additional capital for meeting their liabilities, including the repayment of the deposits. The Reserve Bank has already limited the amount of the unsecured deposits which can be obtained by a non-banking company to twenty-five per cent of its paid-up capital and free reserves. In the case of companles which have paid dividends on their equity shares at $6 \%$ or more per annum in the five years or five years out of six or seven years immediately preceding the Ist January, 1967, or which have unencumbered fixed assets as on the lat January, 1967 of a
book vaiue in excess of twice the amount of the deposits and unsecured loans outstanding on that date, the time limit for the repayment of the deposits in excess of this amount has been extended upto the end of December, 1971. Banks have been requested to lower the margins for the grant of loans against the pledge or hypothecation of cotton, stores and chemicals and finished goods and to grant further accommodation, if possible, against fixed assets acquired between 1963 and 1968.

##  में भुमभुनाबाला परिबार के लोगों के हिस्स

## 2857. धो टो० पी० जाह : <br> भी घोंकार सिह : <br> भी जारालनक्द :

क्या कित्त मन्न्री मैसमं भ्रोरिएंटल टिम्बर ट्रेंडिग कारपोरेषान में भुनभुनवाला परिषार के लोगों के हिस्सों के बारे में 5 ตगस्त, 1968 के प्रतारांकित प्रश्न मंख्या 2756 के उत्तर के संबंघ में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) मैससं घ्रोरिए टल हिम्बर ट्रोंडग कारपोरेषान के हिस्मेदारों सवंश्री बावूलाल भुगभुनवाला, विजयकुमार बनतारी लाल, विनय कुमार बनवारी लाल, धािि कुमार चम्पालाल तथा राजेन्द्र कुमार भगबतीप्रसाद द्वारा गत दस वर्षों में पृथक्-पृथक् कितना प्रायकर सरकार को दिया गया; भोर
(ख) उक्त प्रवाष में मरकार द्वारा उन पर कितना भायकर लगाया गया था ?

उप-रषषाल मम्री तथा विस्त मूली (सी भोरारजी रेसाई) : (क) मीर (ब) . घी बाूूलाल मुनभुन बाला, प्री विजयकुमार बनबाती लाल घी विनयकुमार बनवारी लाल राशि कुमार चम्पालाल प्रोर भी राजेन्य कुमार भगवती प्रसाव के पूरे किये गये जिदले बस करनिषfर्यों के सम्बन्ब में fिष्षारित कर लषा पषा कियद गये कर के बारे में एक विकरा-पष्व



मंसं घोरिएंटल टिम्बर ट्रेखिंग कारपोरेशन में भुनभुनवाला परिवार के लोगों के हिस्से
2858. श्रो टी० पी० ज्ञाह

भो घोंकार ईसह :
भी जारदानन्व
क्या विक्त मन्र्री मंसर्सं घ्रोरिए टल टिम्बर ट्रेच्डिग कारपोरेषान में भुन भुनवाला परिवार के लोगों के हिस्सों के बारे में - घ्रगस्त, 196 x के प्रताग्रकित प्रइन संख्या 2756 के उत्तर के सम्बम्ध में यह्ट बताने की कृपा कर्रेंग कि :
(क) क्या प्रपेक्षित जानकारी जिसका आ्राइवासन दिया गया या, सभा-पटल पर रख दी गई है ,
(ख) यदि हां, नो उसका व्योरा क्या है घौर
(ग) यदि नही, नो जानकारी कब तक एकन्न की जायेगी तथा सभा पटल पर रखी जायेगी ?

उप-पषान मत्र्री तथा विश्प मत्र्रो (धी मोरारजी बेसाई): (क) जी, हां।
(ख) एक विवरा-पश्र सभा-पटल पर रखा गया है । [gुस्तकालय में रका गया । तेषिये संक्या LT-2442/68]
(ग) यद् प्रशन नहीं उठता।
मंसर्स घोरिएंटल fटम्बर ट्रेधिंग कारपोरेशन में भुनभुनधाला परिवार के लोगो के हिस्से घौर उनके हारा घ्रवा किया गया मायकर
28.59. घो टो० पी० शाप :

## थी कारगानन्व :

की होंकार Fसह
क्या जित्त मंत्री मैससं घोरिएंटल टिम्बर ट्रोधग कारपोरेषन में भुनभुनकाला परिकार के लोगों के हिस्सों के बारे मे 5 भगसत, 1908 के घतारंशित प्रशम संख्या 2756 के उत्तर के बम्बन्ष में मह बसाने की कृपा करेंगे कि:
(क) गत पांब्ब बतो में धीवती भामुर्मति

देवी बनवारीलाल, श्रीमती उषा देवी गिरधारी लाल, तथा श्रीमती कुसम देवी चғ्पा लाल द्वारा सरकार को कितना प्रायकर दिया गया ; घ्रोर
(ख) उपरोक्त म्रवधि में सरकार द्वारा उन पर कितना श्राय-कर लगाया गया ?

उप प्रधान मंत्रो तथा वित मत्री (श्रो मोरारजी बेसाई) : (क) तथा (ख). fिछ्ढले जो पांच कर-निर्धारग़ा पूरे किये गये हैं उनमें निर्धारित ग्रायकर तथा इन व्यक्तियों द्वारा श्रदा किये गयं ग्रायकर की कुल रक.म 19,796 रुपये हैं ।

मैससं घ्रीरिएंटल टिम्बर ट्रे निग कारपोरेशन में भुनभुनवाला परिषार के लोगों के हिस्से
प्रभर उनके सम्बः्ष में पाघकर निर्धाराता
2×60. भी जारवानन्द्य :
श्रो जि० ब० सिह :
श्री म्रोंकार सिह :
बी टो० पी० जाह :
क्या वित्त मंश्री मैससं ग्रोरिएंटल टिम्बर ट्रेडिग कारपोरेशन में भुनभुनवाला परिवार के लोगों के हिस्सों के बारे में - ग्रगस्त, 1968 के घ्रतारांकित प्रशन संख्या 275.5 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की क्रपा कर्गेंगे कि :
(क) मैसमं घ्रोटिएँटल टिम्नर ट्रेढ़ा कारपोरेशान के दिस्सेदार मंससं कुन कुनवाला परिवार के श्री बनवारी लाल भुनभुनवाना पर वर्ष 1961 से प्रब तक किनना प्रायकर लगाया गया है ; श्रोर
(ख) उपरोक्त पवधि में उसके द्वारा सरकार को कितना भ्राय-कर दिया गया तथा उससे कितना प्रायकर भ्रभी वसूल करना बाकी है ?

उप प्रषान मंत्रो तथा वित्त मंत्री (धी मोराजी केसाई) (क) 49,027 रुपये ।
(ब) उसके द्वारा 51,448 रुपये घदा किये

जा कुके हैं। उसकी तरफ कोई बकाया नहीं है, उल्टे उसके प्रति पदायगी होनी है।

रनजोमाल भुनभुनवाला की कमें

## 2861. थी भाराबस्व :

 श्री पोकार fसहह : भी टो० पो० जाह :बया वृत्त मंंत्रो 5 प्रगस्त, 1968 के प्रतारांकिन पर्न संख्या 2760 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ष में यह्रबताने की कृषा करेंगे कि:
(क) रनजीलाल भुनभुनवाला की फमों के बारे में इस बीच जांच पूरी हो गई है ;
(ब) यदि ह़ां, तो उसका कौरारा क्या है ; पोर
(ग) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारगा है तथा कघ नक जांच पूरी हो जाने की संभावना है।

उप प्रषान मत्रो तथा विण मंत्री (थी मोराए जी बेसाई ): (क) तथा (ख). भी रनजी नाल भुनभुनवाला, दो फमों में, प्रथात् मंसमं भीराम रामनिगंजन नया मेसमं भुनभुनवा|ना बदसं में भागीदार हैं। मेसमं भुनभुनवाला बदसं के मामले में कर निर्षारएा बषं 1964-65 तथा मेमर्मं धीरीर रामनिरंजन के मामले में कर-निर्धारा वर्ष $196 \bar{i}-60$ सम्बन्घी जांच पूरी की जा तुकी है। इन वपो में कर की कोई जोरी डयान में नहीं प्राई है।
(ग) पह्र मषान नहीं उठना।

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2882. भ्री भारबानल :

बी लोकार सिह
क्या वित्त मंश्री मंससं मोरिएंटल टिम्बर ट्रेढणा कारपोरोन के बारे में 5 भगस्त, 1968 के प्राराकित प्रश्न संस्या 2757 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ष में यह बतने की कृा करेगे कि:
(क) क्या करदानापों हो सस तीष जान-

कारी प्राप्त हो गयी है मोर इस प्रकार जांच

(ख) यदि हीं, तो जांच का ब्योरा क्या है ; भोर
(ग) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारसा हैं प्रोर यह कब तक पूरी हो जायेती ?

उप पषान मन्दी तथा वित्त मग्री (หी भी मोरारज्से केसाई) : (क) उठाए गए प्रहनों का उत्तर निर्धारिती से प्राप्त हो कुका है। प्रf्निम बांच के परिएाएम प्रोर उनके पाषारभून साध्व निर्धारिती को बता विये गये हैं जिससे वह प्रवने बिलाफ मामले का उत्तर दे मके । कर-निर्धारग उसके बाद पूरा किया जायेगा।
(ख) कर-निर्षारका घभी पूरे नहीं fिये गये दै, इसनित् जांच के व्योरे किलहाल प्रकट नटीं किंये जा सकते।
(ग) यह सवाल नहीं उठता।

## मेंसं घ्रोरिएटल fटम्बर दृं fंगा जारपोटेना

 के श्रंभषारी2813 . श्री जारसा नल्व : भी जोंकार सिह् :

क्या वित्त मंत्री 19 प्रगस्त, 196k के प्रताराकित प्रश्न मंख्या 42:70 के उत्तर के मम्बधध में गह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि
(क) क्या मेसमं घोरिएटन fिम्रर ट्रेंबा कारोरोशेन के प्रंशधारियों के सम्बर्ष में हम बोच सूचना प्राप्प कर ली गई है ;
(स्व) यदि दृां, नो समका ब्योरा क्या है ; पोर
(ग) यदि नहीं, तो धिलम्ष के क्या कारग़ हे प्रोर कबतन दूसे सभा पटन्वर न्षे जाने की संभावना है ?
 मोरानि वेलाई) : (क) जी हा।
(ब) नाबालिग राजेन्द्र कुमार बनबारी लाल किसी भी फर्म में भागीदार नहीं हैं। मिमसं भोरिएंटल fिम्बर ट्रेड़ग कारपोरेशान प्राइवेट लिमिटेड के प्रलावा निम्नलिखित कम्पनियों में उसके हिस्ते हैं :-
(1) फोनिक्स fमल्त निनिटेड, बम्बई ।
(2) प्रवष शूगर fमल्स लिमिटेड ब बम्बई ।
(3) सिनथेटिकम ए०ड केमिकल्स लिfमटें, बम्बई ।
(4) गुड इयर हणिडया लिमिरेड, कलकत्ता।
(5) एसोसियेटेड बिर्यरिंग कम्वनी लिभिटेछ, बम्बई।
उपयुं त्र कम्पनियों में से किसी भी कम्पनी में न तो नाबालिग राजेन्द्र कुमार के प्रोर न उसके परिवार के सभी सदन्यों के समग्र रूप मे नियंग्रक प्रषिकार हैं।
(ग) यह़ सवाल नही उठना।

## सरफारी कमंबारियों को सरकारी बवावरों <br> में पघु रबने की प्रनुमति

2864. धी मोंकार लाल वेराँ : क्या निर्माल, धावास तथा पूति मंत्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह् मच है कि सरकार ने मरकारी कमंचारियों को सरकारी ब्वाटरों में गाय, बकरिया तथा भैंते रलने की प्रनुपति नहीं दी है ;
(ब) यदि ही, तो इसके क्या काररा हैं ;
(ग) ब्या सरकार ने बड़े श्रषिकारियों की मोटर गिरेगों तथा प्रन्य बड़ी कोठियों में पशु रसने की भनुमति दे रलो है ; मोर
(ख) यदि हां, तो इसका प्राषार क्या है ?
fिर्णाय, पाबास तबा पूर्ता मन्त्रालय में उपमग्री (की इक्ताल नवह) : (क) से (ष). निषास स्षानों में पचु पाधि रलने की पनुमति

सरकार के द्वारा नहीं दी जाती बलिक नगर पालिका के प्रधिकारों के द्वारा नगर पालिका के उद-नियमों (बाई-लाज) के भनुसार की जाती है। सरकार के द्वारा न तो क्वार्टरों के प्राबंटियों प्रोर न बंगलों के प्रावंटियों को कोई ऐसी ग्रनुमति दी गई है।

## Financial Relief for Drought in Rajasthan

2865. DR. KARNI SINGH: SHRI D. BASUMATARI :
Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Central Government have recently sanctioned Rupees one crore each to Mysore and Andhra Pradesh for relief work connected with prevailing drought there ;
(b) whether the Rajasthan Government have also made any special request for financial aid to tide over the continuous famine condition in that State ;
(c) if so, the amount asked for and the amount sanctioned by the Central Government ; and
(d) how much of the sanctioned amount has been released?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) The amounts of Central assistance released so far to the Governments of Mysore and Andhra Pradesh towards drought relief expenditure in the current year are as follows:
(Rs. in crores)

| Mysore | 4.13 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Andhra Pradesh | 750 |

(b) to (d). The Government of Rajasthan had made a request for an advance of Rs. 2 crores, pending detailed assessment of the drought situation by a Central team.

An amount of Rupees. I crore has been advanced to the State Government to enable them to meet immediate relief axpenditure. Further assistance will be provided in the light of the progress of expenditure and the recommendations of the Central team which visited Rajastban recently.

## बेहातों का पुर्गंठन

2866. धी घोम प्रकाइ स्पागी : क्या निर्माग, पावास तथा पूति मन्श्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या सरकार ने देशा में देहातों का पुनगंठन करने के सम्बन्ध में ग्रोर देहाती क्षे त्रों की प्रावरयकताश्रों के प्रनुसार श्राधुनिक ढंग के मकान बनाने के सम्बन्ध में कोई निर्गाय किया है ;
(ख) यदि हाँ, तो पिद्बले 20 वर्षो में कुल कितने श्रोर कौन-कोन से दे हैातों का पुनर्गठन किया गया हैं ; भ्रोर
(ग) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारा हैं ?

निर्मागा, प्रावास तथा पूति मंत्रालय में उपमंश्री (ध्रो इकबाल सिह) : (का) तथा (ख). भारत सरकार ने घ्रगस्त, 1967 में ग्रामीया श्रावास परियोज़ना एकीम नामक योजना का सूत्रवात कि,या, जिनमें घ्रन्य बातों के साथ-साथ, जहां कहीं सम्भव हो, ग्रामों की पुनर्योजना की परिकल्पना भी की गई है, उदाहरराार्थ, बाढ़ी़ड़ित गांवों को उठा कर वंकत्पिक स्थानों पर ने जाया जग्येगा। इसमें वर्तम मनन श्राबादियों के माथ-साथ नियोजित प्राषार पर नए क्षेत्रों के विकास की भी वयवस्था है ताकि भूमिह्रीन कृषि मजदूरों तथा ग्राम की घनी श्राबादी से हृटने की इच्छा वाले व्यक्तियों को मकान का स्थान दिया जा मके । स्कीम को वास्त्ववक रूप से कार्यन्वित करने की जिम्मेदारी राज्य सरकारों की है घोर इसलिए उन गावों ध्रादि के नाम का ब्योरा उपलव्ष नहीं है। जंसे कि राज्य सरकारों से सू घना प्राप्त हुई है, यह योजना पाजकल लगभग 2800 गावों में चानू है, लहां लगभग 69,200 मकानों के निर्माएा की स्वीकृनि दी जा चुकी है पोर इसमें 40,400 मकान पूरे हो चुके हैं।
(ग) प्रझन ही नहीं उठता ।

## परि बार मिपोजन के उपायों का दुगपयोग

2867. की घोम प्रफाइ स्यागो : क्या स्वास्प्य, परिबार नियोजन तथा नगरीय विकास मन्त्री यह बताने कीं कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह सच है कि लूप घादि परिवार नियोजन के उपायों के उपयोग के बारे में स्कूलों के बच्चों को जानकारी देने का सरकार का विचार है ;
(ख) क्या यह भी सच है लूव पादि गर्भनिरोधक साषनों को प्रत्येक उ्यक्त के लिये सुगमतापूर्वक उपलब्ध करने का बिचार है ;
(ग) यदि हां, तो काए सरकार प्रविवाहित युवक लड़कों तथा लड़कियों द्वारा इन साधनों का दुरुपयोग किये जाने का बतरा महमूस करती है ; प्रोर
(घ) यदि हां, तो इसे रोकने के लिए सरकार ने क्या कायंवाही की है ?

स्वास्प्य, परिबार नियोजल तथा नगरीय विकास मन्र्रालय में राज्प मत्री (गा० धीरति चम्र्रोेक्नर): (क) जी नहीं।
(ख) विवाहित उपक्तियों को परिवार नियोजन के तरीकों को प्रवनने के लिए भस्पतालों / परिवार नियोजन केन्द्रों / किलनिकों प्रादि में सेवापों घोर सप्लाई की मुफ्त व्यवस्था की गई है 1 परिवार नियोजन केन्द्रों/ किलनिकों, प्रचलित गर्मनिरोष वितरएा केन्द्रों म्रोर परिवार नियोजन के कार्यकतीवों छारा निरोष (कण्डोम) जैसे उपकरएा मुफ्त बंटे जाते हैं। वे डिपो होल्डरों से 5 पैसे के 3 की रिपायती कीमत पर ध्रोर ब्वापारिक संस्थामों से 15 पैसे के 3 की कीमत पर भी मिलते हैं।
(ग) जी नहीं ।
(घ) प्रशन ही नहीं उठता ।
बट्ट्ट जाते में काली गई ध्रायकर की राशि
2868. घी बोम घषाक त्यागी : क्या वित मन्त्री यह़ बताने की हुपा करेंगे कि:
(क) बर्ष 1967-68 में सरकार हारा

पाय-करण की कितनी घन राशि बट्टे खाते में डाली गई ; घर
(ज) बह्ट जाते है डालने के कारगा क्या ?

उप मझका मनली तथा वित मन्प्रो (अो मोलपयी ोलाईए): (क) घ्राय कर की बकाया की तो कुल रफम विसीय वर्ष 196768 में बर्ट्र खाते में डाली गई वह $33,66,364$ कपये थी।
(ब) रकम प्राय: निम्नलिधखंत कारएों से बह्टे काते में ताली गई :
(i) घपने पीछे कोई परिसम्पतियां छोड़े जिना ही मिर्बारितियों की मृत्यु हो जाने से 1
(ii) निर्धारितियों (कम्पनियां) के समाल्न हो जाने से ।
(iii) निर्धारितियों के दिवालिया हो जाने से 1
(iv) निर्षारितियों के लकवता हो जाने तथा नभिष्यार योग्य कोई परिसम्पत्तियां नईीं होंते से ।
(v) कीई परिसम्पतियां घोडे़ जिना ही निर्षारितियों के भारत छोड़ कर चसे जाने से ।
(vi) भायकर की वसूली के लिये जितनी परिसम्पतियो उवलष्ध थीं, उनके पाधार पर निर्षारितियों के साथ समभौत ही जाने से ।

## Disbursement of Financial Assistance by Industrial Financial Corporation

28869. SHRI RABI RAY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that there has been a set back in the financial assistance disbursed by the Industrial Financial Corporation during the year ending the 30 th Juac, 1968 ;
(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and
(c) how many companies have become defaulters and the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) Financial assistance disbursed by the Industrial Finance Corporation during the year ended June 30, 1968 was lower at Rs. 26.85 crores as compared to Rs. 37.81 crores in the previous year ; cash disbursements excluding guarantees issued on behalf of industrial concerns to foreign machinery suppliers and foreign credit institutions amounted to Rs. 24.24 crores during the year as against Rs. 32.17 crores during the previous year.
(b) The decrease in distbursements could be attrlbuted to a variety of circum. stances, e.g., inability of the promoters to finalise the financial arrangements for the projects or delays in the revalidation of their industrial licences or in compliance with other conditions precedent to disbursement of the loans. It would also appear that in respect of some projects where the Corporation had sanctioned financial assistance, the promoters had been going slow with their implementation or were having second thoughts in view of the recessionary trends in the economy.
(c) Out of 261 concerns from whom loans were outstanding at the end of June 30, 1968. for a total amount of Rs. 139.68 crores, the number of concerns, in default. was 48 and the amount in default-Rs. 352.13 lakhs, Rs. 202.81 lakhs on account of interest and Rs. 14932 lakhs on account of instalments of principal. In addition, there were outstanding defaults in respect of deferred payments guaranteed by the Corporation to the extent of Rs. 415.05 lakhs from six concerns.

## उत्रर प्रोे में बिजली के कनेक्षान वेता

2870. बी मोलू घ्रताष : क्या सिखाई जोर विज्युत मन्य्री 19 म्रगसत, 10088 के प्रतारांकित प्रशन संख्या 4240 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ष में यह्ह बताने की कृषपा करेंगे कि :
(क) गोरबपुर जिले के 1001 मोर बस्ती
जिले के 1110 क्यकियों में से कितने लोगों को

जमानत की घन राशि जमा कराने के बाद ांवर क.नेकशन दिये गये हैं ;
(ब) गोरस्युर जिले में जिन लोगों को 890 प्रोर बस्ती जिले में 900 पाबर कनेकशन दिये गये हैं, उनके नाम, पदनाम तथा पते क्या हैं ; श्रोर
(ग) उपरोक्त जिलों के क्रमषा: 111 घ्रोर 119 कनेकशनों में से ऐसे कनेकशन कितने हैं, जिनके सम्वन्ध में आ्राइवाइन पूरे किये जा नुके हैं ?

सिचाई तथा विध्युत मन्त्रालय में उप-मंत्रो (धी सिखें इबर प्रसाव) : (क) गोरखपुर जजने में 927 ग्रोर बस्ती ज़ल में 993
(ब) पपेक्षित जानकारी परिषिष्ट (क) आरोर (ग्र) में दी गई हे जो सभा पटल पर रबा गया हे़। [ुुस्तकालव में रहाा गया। ोेलिये संख्या ${ }^{L 1}-2443 / 68$ ]
(ग) 111 प्रोर 219 कनेकानों में से गोरखपुर घोग बस्नी जिलों में क्रमा: 37 घोर 933 कन्नकान दियं गये हैं।

उत्तर प्रवेश के स्वास्ष्य धिभाग के घधोम प्रोधोगिक उपक्रम
2571. घ्रो मोलहू प्रसाव : व्या स्वार्ष्प, परिवार fनयोषन तथा भगर fिकास मन्री 29 जुनाई, 1968 के पतारांकित प्रष्न संक्या 1414 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध मे यह बताने की कृषा कर्गे कि:
(क) उत्र प्रदेश सरकार द्वारा राज्य के स्वाह्ष्य विभाग के पधीन प्रोधो गगक उपकतों के बारे में हतने प्रधिक ममय में प्रपेक्षित जानकारी न दियें जाने के क्या कारा हैं ; भोर
(ब) पोर बिनग्ब ट्रा बिना जानकारो प्राल्त कर्ते के लियंय क्या कायंयाही की गयी है?

स्बाहिय, परिबार मियोलन तथा नगतीय
 स्यक) :(क) मार (ब). उसर प्रक्षा सरकारं ने

कुछ सूचना तो भेज दी है पोर शेष सूकना बीघ भेजने के बारे में घाइबासन दिया है। इस विष्य पर उस सरकार से लिस्ला-पकी़ की जा रही है।

उवंरक कारलामा, गोरसपुर, में कीवले की जपता
2872. जो मोलू प्रसात् : भी काझी नाष पाग्रेय :
वसा वेट्रोलियम घौर रसायन मन्धी 20 जुलाई, 1968 के प्रतारीकित प्रष्न संख्या 1412 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में पह बताने की क्रपा करंगे कि
(क) क्या उबंरक कारलाना गोरबतुर में कोयले की खपस के बारे में हस बीख आामकारी एकंत्र कर ली गई है,
(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका व्योरा क्या हैं; और
(ग) यदि नहीं, तो बिलम्ब के क्या कारसा है?
 मंत्रो (षो रपुरकंजा) : (क) बी हां।
(ख) फरवरी से हन 1968 तक बोयसे की घोसनन दंनिक ब्षपत मास-बार निम्न प्रक्र ?:-

| मास | कुण्ञ (funfurum मीटरी टल) | dimen जित <br> (fिलियद <br> जिएती 85 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| करब大ी | : 339.44 | 13\% |
| माचं | 4700.00 | 151 |
| भหंज | se90.00 | 180 |
| मई | 4972.00 | 140 |
| - | 4823.00 | 15\% |

कोयमा मप्वाई करने बतने डेकेष:रों के नाम, कोपसे की मां प्रोर $30-1868$ से $30-6-$ 1968 तक गस पर हुए 844 का घ्पोण fिम्भ प्रकार

| क्रम संख्या 亏ेकेदार का नाम | $\begin{aligned} & \text { मीटरी } \\ & \text { में प्राप्त } \end{aligned}$ | कोयले की खान पर लागत (रुपये) | रेल भाड़ा (रुपये) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. मैससं करम चन्द थापर ए०ड ब्रादर्सं (कोयला का विक्रय) प्राइवेट लिमिटेड | 1581 | 49849 | 42018.00 |
| 2. मैसर्स नेशनल कोल डिवेल्पमेंट कारपोरेशन | 7511 | 238925 | 196453.00 |
| 3. मैससं वली राम तनेजा ए०ड कम्पनी, धनवाद | 19026 | 51,0341 | 376265.00 |

सरकार के पास ऐेसी कोई शिकायत प्राप्त नहीं हुई है कि निम्न भ्षे यी कोगले की श्रदायगी उच्चतर श्रेगी कोयले के लिए निर्धारित दरों पर की गई थी कोयले के प्रत्येक प्राप्त परेष्या (Consignement) से नमूनों का फारखाने की प्रयोगशाला में विशलेषशा किया गया था।
(ग) प्रशन नहीं उठता ।
गोरकपुर जिला उत्तर प्रवेषा में नेबंजपुर प्रश्पतास का निर्माल
2873. क्रो मोलहू प्रसाद : क्या स्वास्थ्य परिवार निमोजन एवं नगर विकास मन्द्री 22 जुलाई, 1908 के भ्रतारांकित प्रइन संस्या 47 के उत्तर को सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:
(क) गोरखपुर जिला (उत्तर प्रदेषा) में नेर्बंबपुर घ्रस्पताल के निर्मागा के बारे में इस बीच सूचका एकत्र कर लो गई हैं
(ख) यदि हा, तो तर्सम्बन्षी ब्योरा क्या है ; भोर
(ग) यदि नहीं तो विसम्ब के क्या कारा हैं ?

Fबान्य, पर्पषार fियोजन तथा नगरीय विकास मम्रालय में उप-संत्री (घो ब० सू० भूर्षा) : (क) जी हां ।
(ख) घोर (ग). 22 जुलाई, 1968 के ग्रतारांकिन प्रहन संख्या 47 के उत्तर से संबंधित प्रपेक्षित सूचना 12-11-1968 को सभा पटल पर रख दी गई थो।

सिधाई तथा विब्युत मन्क्रालय में श्रमुसूहित जर्ति/घनुसूचित प्रादिम जाति के श्रषिकारो
2374. श्रो मोलहु प्रसाव : क्या सिचाई घ्रोर विव्युत मंत्री 19 श्रगस्त, 1968 के प्रतारांकित प्रशन संख्या 4241 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की क्रुपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या उनके मन्त्रालय में काम करने वाले श्रनुसूचित जानियों/ग्रनुसूरित श्रादिम जातियों के कमंचारियों के बारे में इस बीच सूचना एकन्र कर ली गई है ;
(ख) यदि हैं, तो तः्सम्बन्धी ब्योरा क्या है ; भोर
(ग) यदि नहीं, तो इस सम्बन्ष में बिलम्ब क्या कारएा हैं ?

ससथाई तथा विद्युत मन्त्रालय में उपमंची (थी सिद्ं इबर प्रसाद) : (क) से (ग). घपेक्षित जानकारी इस मन्जालय के सभी सम्बद घषीनस्थ कार्यालयों से एकच्चित करनी पड़ी। जानकारी घभी हाल ही में प्राप्त हई है घोर ब्योरा परिशिष्टि 1 मोर 2 में दिया गया है जो

सभा पटल पर रखा गया है। [दुस्तकालय में रला गया। बेलिये संख्या LT-2444/68]

## Soviet Offer for Designing off-Shore Platforms

2875. SHRI DHIRESWAR KALITA Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 3678 on the 12th August, 1968 and state :
(a) the terms of the Soviet offer for designing off-shore platforms for oil drilling in the Gulf of Cambay; and
(h) the decision taken by Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH):
(a) The Soviet authorities have not intimated the terms of the offer.
(b) Does not arise.

## सरकारी कमंचारियों पर लं्ष की गई राध्ट्रीय

## पाय

2876. भी रामावतार शर्मा :

धी शिवकुमार ज्ञास्त्रो
क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) भारत की कितनो प्रतिषात राष्ट्रीय भाय सरकारी कमंचारियों पर खचं की जा रही है ; प्रोर
(ख) 15 श्रगस्त 1957 से से कर भब तक कमंचारियों के वेतन मान में कितनी वृद्धि की गई है ?

उप प्रषान मंत्री तथा वित्त मंत्री ( घौ मोरारजी तेसाई) : (क) 1965-66 में सरकारी कमंचारियों पर खर्च की गयी रकम का राष्ट्रीय भाय के प्रति भ्रनुपात 8.7 प्रतिशतन था। बाद के वर्षों के सम्बन्ष में भांकड़े भभी संकलित नहीं हुए हैं।
(ख) केन्द्रीय सरकार के कमंचारियों के सभी वर्गों के सम्बन्ध में सूचना देना सम्भव नहीं है। केन्द्रीय सचिवालय में पदों की कुछ सामान्य घ्रेशियों के बारे में सूचना संलग्न मनुबन्ध 'क' में दी गयी है जो सभा पटल पर रख दिया गया है। [दुस्तकासय में रल दिया गया । वेखिये संख्या LT 2445/68]

## Working of the State Bank of India

2877. SHRI LOBO PRABHU : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) what was the percentage last year of the cost of management to the total working cost in the State Bank of India and in Scheduled Banks ;
(b) the total number of branches of the State Bank of India and how many are working at a loss ;
(c) how many of the Branches working at a loss are in the same place where there are Branches of other scheduled bunks ; and
(d) by what perientage the rate of interest has risen since the State Bank of India was nationalised?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a)
(Rs. crores)

|  | Salaries, allowances and contribuLion to Provident fund in 1967 | Total Expenditure in 1961 | Percentage of (1) to <br> (2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) State Bank of India | 27.47 | 61.56 | 44.6 |
| (ii) Subsidiaries of the State |  |  |  |
| Bank | 7.77 | 20.26 | 38.4 |
| (iii) Other acheduled commercial banks | 78.16 | 227.99 | 34.3 |

(b) Regular profit and loss accounts are not prepared for individual branches. Huwover, profit and lois eitimites worked out on a national basis shows that out of 1084 branches at the end of 1967,887 were running at a loss.
(c) About 500 branches operating at places where there were branches of other scheduled banks reported losses in 1967.
(d) Following the variations in the Bank rate, the State Bank advance rate also rose from 4 per cent on the lst July, 1955 to 7 per cent as on date.

## विदेशों में रहने वाले मारतीयों बारा सामाजिक संस्यापों को बान

2878. भो प० ला० बास्पाल : क्या वित्त मंत्रो यह बताने की क्षपा करेंगे कि विदेशों में रहने वाले भारतीय लोग भारत में स्थिप्त किसी सामार्पकक संस्था को दान के रूप में किस प्रकार वितीय महायता दे सकते हैं ?

उप-र्रषाल मंत्री तथा वित्त मंत्री (षी मोरारणी बेसाई) : यदि दिदेशों में रहने बाले भारत मूलक व्यक्ति भारत की सामाजिक संस्पार्धों को दान देना चाहें, तो बेंकों की मारफत यहा धन भेज सकते हैं। इसके लिए के, जहां जहरी हीं वहां भारतीय रिजबं बैक की भ्रनुमति से भारत में स्थित बैंकों में खोले गये पपने घ्रनिवासी ल्बतों से भी हुपया निकाल सकते हैं।

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## 2879. धी रषुकीर नित्र गाहत्र : भी नीतिराज निह जोषती :

क्या लि बाई जौर किष्कत मन्रो यह बताने की क्षाप करेंगे कि:
(क) प्रथम पंखर्षर्षीय योजना पारम्भ होने से पष तक बाढ़ नियन्च्रा कायों पर बर्षबार सरकार ने कितनी बन-राषि लंखं बी ( ; पोर
(ब) उपरोक्त भर्वरि में बाढ़ के परिएामस्वस्प प्रशिब्बर्ब कितनी हाणि हुई है ?

सिषाई तथा विघ्तु मंत्रालय में उपमन्त्री (乡ी सिबे शबर प्रसाब) : (क) राज्य सरकार द्वारा गुस् किये गये बाढ़ नियंच्र्या कायंक्रमों पर उ्यय भिम्नलिखित है :-

| प्रवधि धन राशि | धन राशि (करोड़ रुपये में) |
| :---: | :---: |
| प्रथम योजना | 13.21 |
| दूसरी योजना | 48.06 |
| तीसरी योजना | 82.09 |
| 1966-67 | 14.47 |
| 1967-68 | 13.17 |
| 1968-69 | 14.08 |
| (प्रत्याशित) कुल योग | 185.08 |
| (ख) वर्ष घन राशि | धन राशि (करोड़ रुपये में) |
| 1953 | 54.2 |
| 1954 | 57.9 |
| 1955 | 118.7 |
| 1956 | 62.8 |
| 1957 | 24.0 |
| 1958 | \%1.a |
| 1954 | 78.7 |
| 1960 | 68.2 |
| 1961 | 32.4 |
| 1962 | 90.8 |
| 1963 | 38.1 |
| 1964 | 67.2 |
| 1965 | 5.6 |
| 1986 | 65.2 |
| 1987 | 136.8 |
| 196ヶ | 179.2 |

## Heart Institute in Delhi

2880. SHRI R. K. SINHA: Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether any decision has been taken to set up a Heart Institute in Delhi :
(b) if 50 , the ontimated cest thereof: and
(c) the nature of the work planned in the Institute?

THE DEPUTY-MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY): (a) A Cardio-vascular Hospital is proposed to be set up by the Kidwai Memorial Trust. The Trust is taking preliminary steps in this regard.
(b) It is stated that the buildings would cost Rs. 30 lakhs and equipment Rs. 15 lakhs.
(c) The proposal is to build up a specialised hospital for heart diseases.

## A. R. C. Study Team Reports on Life Insurance Corporation

2887. SHRI SITARAM KESRI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the Administrative Reforms Commission's Study Team has suggested that the Life Insurance Corporation should concentrate on lif: business only: and
(b) if so, Government's reaction there10 ?

THE DEPUTY-PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The recommendations made by the Working Group set up by the Administrative Reforms Commission are for the Administrative Reforms Commission to consider. The Administrative Reforms Commissiod has yet to submit its recommendations on the subject to the Government. The question of Government considering the report of the Working Group does not arise.

## Reduction In L. I. C. Preaia Rates

[^2]
## SHRI BENI SHANKER SHARMA : SHRI LOBO PRABHU :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether the Administrative Reforms Commission's Study team has suggested that the Life Insuranc Corporation should reduce the premia rates; and
(b) if so, Government's reaction thereto?

THE DEPUTY-PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The recommendations made by the Working Group set up by the Administrative Reforms Commission are for the Administrative Reforms Commission to consider. The Administrative Reforms Commission has yet to submit its recommendations on the subject to the Government. The quesion of Government considering the report of the Working Group does not arise.

## Refinancing of Fertilizer Trade Credif

2883. SHRI SITARAM KESRI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state.
(a) whether his Ministry have decided to ask the Ferilizer Credit Guarantee Corporation note to undertake refinancing of fertilizer trade credit : and
(b) if so, the impications of the decision and its effects on the trade?

THE DEPUTY-PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DFSAI): (a) and (b). The Fertilizer Credit Guarantee Corporation has not yet been set up. Its detailed scheme of working has not also been finalised yet.

Oil Exploration in Iran by O. N. G. C.
2884. SHRI HIMATSINOKA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleasod to atate:
(a) whether the Oil and Natural Gas Comenission has decided to take up expleration operations io the onshore areas in Iran ;
(b) If so, whether any negotiations ensured with the National Iranian Oil Company for the purpose and if so, the precise details of the proposals under negotiation with the said Company; and
(c) the likely terms of the collaboration for the purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH) (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) and (c). An offer has been made but there is as yet no final response from the Iranian authorities.

## U. S. Aid

## 2885. SHRI HIMATSINGKA : SHRI M. L. SONDHI :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the likely effect on U.S. aid to India during 1968.69 of the slash about $\$ 597.2$ millions in the U.S. Administration's request for $\$ 2961$ millions foreign aid authorization :
(b) reaction of Government with a view to finding suitable alternative sources for foreign aid for the current year's development programmes ;
(c) the specific projects which are likely to be affected by the possible cut in the U.S. ald during this year : and
(J) how the expected aid from U.S. during this year is likely to compare with that during the last year and what what was the Indian Government's request for U. S. aid for the current year?

THE DEPUTY-PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) U. S. aid to India during $1968-69$ is likely to be less than in previous years.
(b) It is expected that it will be possible to meet the normal import requirements of the year taking into account aid in the pipeline, fresh aid availability (from all sources), good export performance and increasing import substitution and selfreliance.
(c) None, since no project was dependent on, or proposed specifically for, U. S. aid.
(d) India did not make a request for a specific amount of aid from the U. S. ; as a member of the India Consortium the the U.S. was expected to provide its share of the aid requirements accepted by the Consortium. As already stated, U. S. aid this year is likely to be less than in previous years.

## Excise Duty on Petrol and Diesel Oll

2886. SHRI S. K. TAPURIAH : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that incidence of excise duty on petrol and diesel oil is very high ; and
(b) whether Government propose to remove excise duty on petrol and diesel oil consnmed by operators of passengers buses with a view to make available cheaper and economical bus travel to the general public?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) "Very high" is a relative term. All that can be said is that the incidence of excise duty on petrol and diesel oil is much higher than the incidence on other excisable goods.
(b) No such proposal is undr consideration.

## विलली में विजली की बर

2887. भी रघुबीर सित् : शास्त्री क्या सिचाई घोर विण्युत मन्त्री यह् वताने की कृषा कर्रेगे कि:
(क) क्या यह सच है कि योजना पायोंग ने दिल्ली नगर निगम को बिजल्नी की दरे बढ़ाने के लिए कहा है ; प्रोर
(ख) यदि हां, तो देषा के श्रन्य बड़े नगरों में बिजली की तुलनाॅंमक दरें क्या हैं ; घोर
(ग) योजना घायोग के उत्त सुभाष को किन करएों से उचित ठहराया जा सकता है घ्रोर इस बारे में दिल्ली महानगर परिषद्ध की प्रतिक्रिया क्या है ?

सिणाई तथा विध्ता मंत्रालय में उप-मंपी
(घी सित्वेइर घ्रताब) : (क) और (ग) संधीय

प्रदेश दिलली में, 1968-69 के वर्ष के लिये, घ्रतिरिक संसाषनों को जुटाने के लिये योजना श्रायोग ने उस प्रस्ताव पर विचार किया था जिसमें दिल्ली बिजली सम्भरएा उपक्रम की टेरिफ दरों को बढ़ाने के बारे में सुभाव दिया गया था। कित्तु श्रपनी पूंजीगत लागत पर पर्यप्त लाभ कमाने के लिंय उपक्रम भी इस मामले पर विचार कर रहा था इसके भनुसार दिल्ली बिजली सम्भरएा उपक्रम ने घ्रपने 19+8-69 के बजट प्राककलनों में टैरिफ दरों का संशोधन करने का प्रस्ताव रखा था । निगम ने बजट प्राककलनों को स्वीकार करते समय 1968-69 के वर्प के लिये संशोधित टैरिफ दरों को लागू करने के लिये भी भ्रपनी स्वीकृति दे दी थी।
(ख) भारत के प्रमुख नगरों में लागू बबजली की ग्रोरत दरों का विवरएा सभा पटल पर रखा गया है । [पुस्तकालय में रबा गया । वेलिये संख्वा LT $2446 / 68$ ]

## विल्ली में पामो की दर

2888. श्री रघुवीर सिंह शास्त्री क्या स्वास्य्य, परिवार नियोजन एवं नगर विकास मन्प्री यह बताने की कृवा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह मच है कि योजना श्रायोग ने दिल्ली नगर निगम को पानी की की दर बढ़ाने के लिये कहा है ;
(ख) यदि हां, तो देश के घ्रन्ष बढ़ं नगरों में पानी की तुलनात्मक दरें क्या हैं ; घ्रोर
(ग) योजना प्रायोग के इन मुभाबों को किन कारणों से उचित ठहराया जा सकता है घोर छस बारे में दिल्ली नगर निगम की प्रतिक्रिया क्या है ?

स्वास्प्य, परिबार नियोजन तथा नगरीय विकास मत्रासय में उप-मम्च्रो (घो ब० सू० मूता) : (क) जी हां।
(ख) देश के कतिगय बढ़े नगरों में पानी की दरों का एक तुलनारमक विबरएा सभा पढल

पर रखा गया है । [पुस्तकालय में ₹का गया या । ंबिये संख्या LT 2447/68]
(ग) योजना घ्रायोग ध्रारा दिये गये सुभाब का पभिप्राय, दिल्ली जलपूतित एवं मल निष्कासन उपक्रम के घाटे को समाप्त करना घोर उसे घ्रात्मनिभंर होकर कार्य करने योग्य बनाना है । यह सुभाव दिल्ली नगर निगम के विचाराधीन है।

## Deficit Financing in States

2889. DR. A. G. SONAR : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is also a fact that Government advised the States to avoid deficit financing ;
(b) whether it is also a fact in spite of this certain States continue to withdraw money from the Reserve Bank of India ; and
(c) if so, the names of such States ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE, (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir.
(c) The Governments of Assam, Bihar. Kerala, Madras, Orissa and Rajasthan are currently running unauthorised overdrafis on the Reserve Bank.

## Smuggling of Indian Sarees into Ceylon

## 2890. SHRI HIMATSINGKA :

## SHRI S. K. TAPURIAH :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the large scale smuggling of Indian sarees into Ceylon:
(b) whether it is a fact that some of the smuggled sarees had also been seized by the Ceylonese authorities during the last 3 months ;
(c) if so, the detalls of the smuggled sarees seized by the authorities during the above period; and
(d) the reaction of Government with a view to preventing smuggling of sarees out of India?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) The Government are aware that there is some smuggling of Indian sarees to Ceylon.
(b) and (c). The Government have no informatios about seizures, if any, made by the Goverament of Ceylon.
(d) The custums formations on the South East coast have been alerted 10 check such smuggling

## Purchases of Sisal and Ropes for Defence Requirements

2891. SHRI K. P. SINGH DEO : Will the Minister of WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state :
(a) whether Government are purchas. ing sisal and ropes for Defence reuuirements ;
(b) whether Directorate-General, Supplies and Disposals are purchasing through agents who are charging higher prices than those charged by the States Governments, who manufacture the products :
(c) whether the Government of Orissa have offered to the Directorate-General, Supplies and Disposals to accept purchase of aisal and ropes at a negotiated price : and
(d) If so, the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WOKKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SHRI IQBAL SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir. Ministry of Defence is buying its requirements of Sisal and ropes through the D.G.S. \& D
(C]
(b) D.G S.\&D, are buying from the suppliers who as for as known. are themselves manufacturers and not agents of the State Governments. No offer has ever been received from any State Governments, although tender enquiries are issued to them.
(c) No, Sir.
(d) In view of (c) above, the question does not arise.

## Loans given to Companies by Banks

2892. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the names and description of the Companies which have been granted loans and advances by the Centra! Bank of India, Punjab National Bank, Bank of India United Commercial Bank and Bank of Baroda, from 1965-66 to 1967.68, year wise :
(b) the amount of loans and advances granted by the above mentioned Indian scheduled bank to each Company from 196566 to 1967-68, year-wise ; and
(c) the total amount of loans and advances granted by the above mentioned Indian scheduled banks to small scale industries during the above period?

## THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER

 AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) and (b). According to banking practice and usage, the commercial banks do not disclose the delails of their transactions with individual clients.(Rs. crores)

|  | Outstanding as on 31st March |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 |
| 1. Central Bank of India | 6.13 | 6.91 | 17.47 |
| 2. Bank of India | 2.21 | 2.72 | 481 |
| 3. Punjab National Bank | 469 | 5.68 | 10.19 |
| 4. United Commercial Bank | 3.85 | 3.39 | 7.64 |
| 5. Bank of Baroda | 2.05 | 2.43 | 5.61 |

## Indian Scheduled Banks

2893. SHRI JOYTIRMOY BASU : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
(a) the total paid up capital, deposit. advance and net profit of all the Indian scheduled banks in 1967-68;
(b) the share of each big flue Indian scheduled banks in the total paid up canital, deposii, advance and net profit of all the Indian scheduled banks in 1967-68; and
(c) the amount advanced in 1967-68 by each of the big five Indian scheduled banks to companies in which ine directors have some interests?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SIIRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) to (c). A statement is hid on the Table of the House. I Placed in Library Sce No. LT-2448;68.|

## Voluntary Disclosure of income <br> for Income-Tax Purpose

2894. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to stale:
(a) the list of persons with their addresses who have voluntarily dischosed their volume of tax evasion to the Incometax allhorities between $: 960 \cdot 61$ and 1967 . 68 :
(b) the total amount of tax payable by each person: and
(c) the amount of tax actually realised from each person during the above period?

THL DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORAKJI DESAI): (a) to (c). The information is not readily avalable. Its collection will involve enomous time and labour which will not be commensurate with the resulis achieved.

## Rewards to Informants of Tax-evasion

2895. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether he has declared on the floor of the House that pertons giving re1 liable informetions regarding tax ovaders will be suitably rewarded:
(b) whether on the basis of that assurance Shri K. A. Laxman Prabhu of $1: 2$, Prince Colam Mohammad Road; Calcutta26 came forward and gave some informution to the authorities concerned;
(c) whether information furnished by Shri Prabhu was proved to be authemic and due to his effort Government are likely to collect about three crores of rupees; and
(d) if the replios to parts (a) to (c) above be in the affirmative, whether the full reward as promised hy the authorities has been given to Shri Prabho and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAII: (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) and (c). In the interests of the safety $o^{c}$ the informers and the sectecy and success of the investigations, it is not possible to disclose whether any particular informer had given any information to the Departinent and the action which is taken on the information.
(d) The payment of reward to the informer depends upon the nature of the in. formation given and the gais to revenue directly attributuble to such information. The payment of reward is usually made after the addutional tax attributable to the information is collected by the Government. It is not possible 10 give any definite information in the absence of the name of any specific case.

## Smuggling of Contrabzad Guods Nemr Katch

## 2R96. SHRI HIMATSINGRA : SHRIS K TAPURIAH:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
(a) whether a Pakistanı buat was noticed to have touthod the Kutch coast on the 6th O:lober, 1968 with comrabasd goods including gold which was later smusgled Into India;
(b) the steps tatien to neize the boat and the contruband goods ; and
(c) the step taten by Govarnmeat to prevent smuguling of the goods across Indian coasts by such means?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) Collection of intelligence, intensification of patrolling on the sea and along the coast and strengthening ol the preventive organisation are among the steps taken to prevent smuggling across the Indian coasts.

## Stoppage of Facilities to Persons Having Large Families

2897. SHRI GADILINGANA GOWD :
SHRI OM PRAKASH TYAGI : SHRI DEORAO PATIL :
Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNIG AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that a few Statcs have ordered the stoppage of various facilities to persons who do not limit their families beyond a certain limit ;
(b) if so, the details of those measures aud the States where sach a step is proposed to be taken :
(c) whether stoppage of the facilities are related to only Government employees ;
(d) if so, the reasons therefor and the steps being taken to enlarge the field to general public; and
(e) whether Government have also any such proposal under consideration?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (DR. S. CHANDRASEKHAR) : (a) and (b). Yes. A statement containing summary of the decisions taken/orders issued regarding withdrawal of certain facilities by the State Governments from persons who do not restrict the size of their families to 3 living children, if they have less than 3 children, or to their present size if they have more than 3 children is iaid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-2449/68].
(c) Only some of the facilities withdrawn relate to Government employees.
(c) Such steps are under consideration.
(e) The Central Family Planning Council have recommended the restriction
of the grant of maternity leave in cusc of female Central Government employee; (nonindustrial in the case of persons who do not limit their familie; beyond a certain limit. That recommendation is under consideration.

## Allotment of Plots to Religious Institutions

2898. SHRI GADILINGANA GOWD: Will the Minister of WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state :
(a) the names of religious Institutions which have requested for allotment of plots for religious purposes in Delhi/New Delhi as on the 31st August, 1968 :
(b) the names of religious institutions and the places where they have been allotted plots so far ; and
(c) the criteria for allotting plots to such institutions?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SHRI IQBAL SINGH): (a) to (c). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

## Sabarigiri Hydro Electric Project

2899. SHRI GADILINGANA GOWD : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that equipment worth about Rs. 10 lakhs required for the Sabarigiri hydro-electric project, Kerala has become unserviceable due to rusting ;
(b) if so, whether any enquiry has been conducted for this deterioration; and
(c) if so, the result thereof and the action taken by Government thereon?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) Stator steel stampings supplied by a foreign firm for the Sabarigirt Hydro-electric Project in Kerald State were found badly/rusted and unserviceable. The stampings were replaced at a cost of about Rs. 13 lakhs.
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) The enquiry disclosed that the damage to the stampings was mainly due to
defects in manufacture and packing. As the foreign firm in question has disputed its responsibility for the damage, action has been taken to refer the dispute to arbitration as provided in the contract between the Kerala State Electricity Board and the foreign firm.

## Gold Seized Since the Promulgation if Gold Control Ordinance

2900 SHRI GADILINGANA GOWD: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state.
(a) the quantity of gold of more than 18 carat purity seized on the promulgation of the Gold Control Ordinance ;
(b) the number of persons arrested for the same:
(c) the number of persons against whom cases are still pending; and
(d) the action being taken to dispose of cases ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORAR.JI DESAI): (a) The quantity of gold (including articles and ornaments) of more than 18 carat purity seized from the date of promulgation of Gold (Control) Ordinance, 1968 (29.6.68) up to 30.9 .68 was 256.7 Kgs.
(b) 52 persons was arrested for Gold Control Offences between 29.6.68 and 30.9.68
(c) In the cases registered between 296.68 and 309.68 , the Departmental adjudication proceedings are pending against 538 persons.
(d) Departmental adjudication proceedings like issue of show-cause memo, etc., have been initiated. In cases where the persons concerned have been placed under arrest and the contravention involved is of a serious magnitude, action to file complaints in courts of law is also being taken.

## LIfe Iasuramce Corporation's isvestment in Andbra Pradesh and U P.

2901. SHRI GADILINGANA GOWD : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state ;
(a) the capital invested by the Life

Insurance Corporation for industrial and non-industrial projects during the Third Five Year Plan in Andhra Pradhsh and Uttar Pradesh :
(b) whetiner any proposal has been received from those States in regard to proposed investment during the Fourth Five Year Plan : and
(c) if so, the details thereof and the action proposed to be taken by Government in the matter?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) to (c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

## Capltal Gaing Tax Paid by Shri Kanti Desai

2902. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether Shri Kantl Desai had paid any capital gains tax to Government ;
(b) if so, for which year the payment was made ; and
(c) the amount which was paid?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRIK. C. PANT): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) and (c):

| Assessment year | Amount of Capital <br> Gains tax paid |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1961.62 | Rs. <br> 1962.63 |
| 1963.64 | $5,042.00$ |
| 1964.65 | $3,840.00$ |
| $1965-66$ | $55,451.43$ |

Note: Capital Gains are included in the Total Income for income-iax. Income Tax paid would, therefore, include Tax on Capital Gains. Above figures are extracted from the Income tax paid.

## सहायक सक्पदा प्रबन्षक

2903. घ्रोंकार लाल बेरवा : क्या मिर्मराग प्रावास तथा पूर्ति मत्र्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या वह सच है कि सम्पदा निदेशालय में 1960 ) में संघ लोक सेवा भ्रायोग द्वारा चुने जाने पर चार व्यक्तियों को सहायक सम्पदा प्रबन्धक नियुक्त किया गया था ;
(ख) क्या यह् भी सच है कि उक्त नियुकित्तयों के बाद 1961 मे सहायक सम्फ्वा प्रबन्घक का श्रोर पद बनाया गया था श्रोर उस पर एक विभागीय उम्मीदवार को नियुक्त किया गया था ;
(ग) क्या यह्त् सच है कि उक्त विभागीय उम्मीदवार को संघ लोक सेवा ग्रायोंग ने 1060 में श्रसफल करार किया था परन्तु इसके बावज़ूद 1460 में चुने गये व्यक्तियों से वरिष्ठ बनाया गया था श्रोर उसे स्थायी बना दिया गया जब कि श्रन्य व्यक्ति श्रभी भी श्रस्थायी हैं ; प्रोर
(घ) यदि हां, तो इसके क्या कारए हैं ?
निर्माए, भ्राषास तथा पूरि भम्त्रालय में उप-मन्त्रो (ली हकबाल सिस) : (क) संघ लोक सेवा भायोग द्वारा मई, 1960 में पभिछांसित चार श्रम्यार्थी नवम्बर, 1960 से तथा उसके बाद सहायक संपदा प्रबन्धक के रूप में नियुक्त कर लिए गयें थे।
(ख) जी हां ।
(ग) तथा (घ). विभागीय पर्यद्ययों की नियुकित भर्ती नियमावली के ग्रन्तगंत की जाती है तथा उनकी वरिष्टता नियमों के घन्तर्गत ठीक प्रकार से निर्धारित की गई है। पुष्टि, बरिष्ठता के भ्राधार पर की गई है ।

## Recovery of Rent from Press Ameociation of Indie

2904. SHRI G. KUCHELAR: Will the Minister of WORKS. HOUSING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state :
(a) the names of the Member of the

Association of India who have been allotted Government accommodation but owed arrears of rent to the Directorate of Estates as on the 1st January, 1968 ;
(b) the amounts outstanding against these allottees : and
(c) the measures which Government propose to take to recover the arrears of rent?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SHRI IQBAL SINGH) : (a) and (b) A statement showing the names of the members of the Press Association of India, allotted Goverment accommodation, who owed arrears of rent as on the 1st January, 1968, the amounts outstanding against these allottees as on lst January, 1968 and the amounts outstanding for the period upto 31st October, 1968, is taid on the Table of the House $\mid$ Placed in Library Ser No. LT-2450/681.
(c) The following measures have been taken to recover the rental arrears in these cases :
(i) Individual letters have been written to the members in default for making paymeet of the arrears.
(ii) Details of the arrears have also been furnished to the Secretary of the Association who is reported to have impressed upon the members in arrears to make the payment.
(iii) Action for recovery under the Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Act, 1958 has also been initiated wherever considered necessary. For this purpose, the cases are under constant review.

## Fxport Duty on Manganese Ore

2905. SHRI S. R, DAMANI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the Ministries of Commerce and Steel. Mines and Metals have urged for a revision of the structure of export duty on Manganese ore ; and
(b) if so, when a decision is likely to be taken in the matter?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). The question whether any revision of export duty on manganese ore is called for was considered by the Minister of Commerce, Finance, and Steel, Mines and Metals and it has been decided not to reduce the export duty on manganese ore.

## Public UndertakIng

2906. SHRIS. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 424 on the 241h August 1968 and state :
(a) the details of the demand estimates in respect of products of the 14 enterprises?
(b) the year ia which actual production and demand in respect of each enterprise tallied with the estimates;
(c) the years in which each of the enterprises yielded profits and the percentage of profit to the relative investment, or the details of benefits accrued such as sa;ing of foreign exchange ;
(d) the details of technical reasons like breakdowns in machinery power failures etc. in each enterprise which contributed to under-utilization of capacity and the loss accrued in each case; and
(e) the estimated future demand for the products over the next five years and whether that would result in full utilisation of capacity and the expected return on capital invested?
the deputy prime minister AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) to (e) The details information asked for in the Question is being collected from the concerned enterprises and will be laid ou the Table of the House as soon as possible.

## Deductions from Price of Opiam Paid to Caltivators in Madhya Pradesh

2907. SHRI S. S. KOTHARI : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that deductions were made by the Central Goverament
from the price of opium pald to cultivators in Madhya Pradesh in respect of sales tax during the years from 1966 to 1968 and Government have decided to rofund the amount to the cuitivators; and
(b) if so, the steps Government are taking to expedite such refund?

## THE DEPUTY-PRIME MINISTER AND

 MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). During 1968 the Narcotics Department have paid to the cultivators the net price for the opium purchased from them but have retained with them an amount equal to the purchasetax pavable to the State Govornment. The latter have been requested to withdraw the levy and if they do so with retrospective effect, the amount retained with the Narcotics Department could be paid to the cultivators. No deduction from the price was made during 1966 or 1967.
## Increase in Acreage under Opium Cultivation

2908. SHRI S. S. KOTHARI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided to increase the acreage under opium cultivation :
(b) if so, by how much; and
(c) the principles followed in allotting increased pattas (licences) for cultivation?

THE DEPUTY.PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (i) Yes, Sir.
(b) The area expected to be licensed for poppy cultivation during 1968.69 crop season is about 36.000 hectares as against an area of about 24,000 hectares licensed during last season.
(c) A copy of the licensing principles for 1968.69 season is laid on the Table of the House. LPlaced in Library, Sre No. LT-2451:68.]
मंनिक्न कालेतों में बालिले के लिये एक सकाल
प्रंक
2909. भी रामाबतार शार्मा : क्या स्वास्प्य, परिबार नियोजन एवं जगर निकास मन्च्री यह बताने की छृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) बया यह् सष है कि देषा में विभिम्न

मिडिकल कालेजों में दाखिले के मामले में एक न्यूनतम प्रंक निर्धारित नहीं है ; श्रोर
(ब) यदि हां, तों क्या सरकार इस बारे में एक समान न्यूनतम अ्रंक निर्धारत करने पर विचार कर रही है ?

स्वास्य्य, परिवार नियोजन तथा नगरोय विकास मन्ञालय में उप-मत्र्री (ध्रो व० सू० भूटति) : (क) घ्रोर (ख़) भारतोय चिकिस्सा परिषद् ने श्राम छात्रों के लिये 45 प्रतिएान भ्रंकों तथा श्रनुसुचित एवं भ्रादिम जन जाती के छ्वाग्रों के लिये 40 प्रतिशन को न्यूनतक प्रंक सीमा निर्धारित की है। कुछ वि₹₹विद्यालयों ने उच्चतर न्यूनतम सीमा निर्धारित की हुई है । स्थानीय परिस्थति के प्रनुसार इस बात का निशचय करना विशवविद्यालयों का ही काम है ।

## Tax Arrears of Individuals and Companies Amounting to Rs. One Crore and above

2910. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU : Will the Minister of FINANCE he pleased to state :
(a) the list of individuals and companies whose total tax arrears (Incometax, Corporation tax, Estate duty, Wealth tax, Gift tax and expenditure tax) amount to rupees one crore and above ;
(b) the total arrears, up-to-date, of each individual and company having arrears of rupees one crore and above; and
(c) the steps, if any, taken or being taken to realise the arrears.

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) to (c). The requisite information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House as early as possible.

## Seminar of Town Planaers

2911. DR. SUSHILA NAYAR : SHRI K. P. SINGH DEO : SHRI HIMAT SINGKA :

## SHRI S K. TAPURIAH :

Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether a seminar of Town Planners was held in New Delhi during October, 1968 ;
(b) if so, the number of delegates who participated in the seminar ; and
(c) the decisions taken in that seminar and Government's reaction thereto ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND UABAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) Yes. The seminar was convened by the Institute of Town Planners (India), New Delhi.
(b) and (c). Government is not primarily concerned with the matter and has no information about the number of delegates invited and the decisions taken in the seminar.

## Conditions of Service of Workers <br> Employeed in Durgapur Chemicals, Durgapur

2912. SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL: SHRI GANESH GHOSH
Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) the terms and conditions of Service of the workers employed in the Durgapur Chemicals, Durgapur :
(b) whether there was any agreement between the Union and management recently ;
(c) if so, the details thereof ; and
(d) the name of the Union with which agreement was signed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) to (d). A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in L'brary. See No. LT-2452/68.]

> Salaries to Kumar P. N. Roy Group of Hospitals and Rehabilitation Centres, Bonboogly, West Bengal
> 2913. SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL:

## SHRI GANESH GHOSH : SHRI B. K. MODAK :

Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMFNT be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the employees and doctors of the Kumar P. N. Roy Group of Hospitals and Rehabilitation Centre, Bonhoogly, West Bengal are not getting their pay regularly since June. 1968 ;
(b) if so, the reasons therefor ;
(c) whether Government have been taken any action to ensure that the employees and doctors get pay regularly : and
(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALIH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (SHRI B S MURTHY): (a) and (b). The employees and doctors of the institution are getting their salaries every month, though not always within a specified date, due to financial difficulties
(c) and (d). This is not a Government Institution and Government have no direct responsibility in the matter.

> Kumar P. N. Roy Group of Hospitals and Rehabilitation Centre, Bonhoogly
> (West Bengal)

## 2914. SHRI MOHAMMAD

 ISMAIL:SHRI GANESH GHOSH : SHRI B. K. MODAK :

Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMEN $\Gamma$ be pleased to state :
(a) the total number of crippled patients admitted in Kumar P. N. Roy Group of Hospitals and Rehabiltation Centre. Bonhoogly, West Bengal during last six months :
(b) the total number of crippled patients still in the hospitals :
(c) whether they have been given free medicines :
(d) if not, the reasons therefor:
(d) whether they have been given free food; and
(f) if so, the daily allowance for each patient ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY): (a) to (f). The requisite information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the Sabha when recelved.

## Kumar P. N. Roy Group of Hospitals and rehabilitation Centre, bonhoogly (West Bengal)

## 2915. SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL:

## SHRI GANESH GHOSH :

 SHRI B. K. MODAK :Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) the total number of beds in Kumar P. N. Roy Group of Hospitals and Rehabilitation Centre, Bonhoogly, West Bengal ;
(b) the total number of patient s admitted during last six months ;
(c) whether it is a fact that the first floor of the hospital building has been com. pleted long ago but still remains vacant; and
(d) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY): (a) 225 beds.
(b) 624 patients from May to October. 1968.
(c) No.
(d) Does not arise.

## Durgapur Chemicals, West Bengal

## 2916. SHRI GANESH GHOSH : SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL: <br> SHRI BHAGABAN DAS :

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:
(a) whether the recommendations of the Wage Board for Heavy Chemicals will be applicable to the employees of Durgapur Chemicals, West Bensal :
(a) if not, the reasons therefor; and
(c) when the report of the Wage Board for Heavy Chemicals is likely to be submitted?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) The Wage Board has already submitted its report.

Group Housing Scheme in Delhi
2917. SHRI S S. KOTHARI: SHRI NARDEO SNATAK :
Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that in order to solve the acute housing problem in Delhi, Group Housing Scheme for Delhi Residents is under the consideration of Government ;
(b) if so, the details thereof; and
(c) the time likely to be taken to finalise the schome?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISIRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B S. MURTHY): (a) to (c). The proposal about Group Housing Scheme is under consideration of the Government. The details can be supplied only after a decision has been taken.

## बैंसर के उपषार के लिये जड़़पूरिया

 स्या ₹बास्प्य परिबार नियोजन एवं नगर विकास मन्च्री यह बताने की ह्रापा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या कैंसर के उपषार के लिये कार-
सीज का नाम

1. सतियारा धरएा-1
2. द्री सित्राई प्रसाली की कमी को पूर करना (सिष क्यषर्षतन वियर)

गर सिद्ध होने वाली जड़ीडूटी का पता लगाने के लिये कोई कायंवाही की गई है ; भ्रोर
(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका क्या परिएाम निकला है ?

स्वास्ट्य, परिबार नियोजन तथा नगरीय विकास मत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (धो ब० सू० मूलि) : (क) जी हां ।
(ख) जांचे गये 34 पोधों में कैसर निरोधी गुग्ता पाये गये ।

मध्य प्रवेश लरकार तारा केन्द्रीय जल तथा
विद्युत् भायोग को मेजी गयो योजनाएं
2919. श्री यश्वन्त सिस कुराबाह : क्या सिसाई घौर विय्धत मन्त्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) गत तीन वर्षों में मधय प्रदेशा सरकार ने केन्द्रीय जल तथा विद्युत घ्रायोग को कोन कौन सी योजनायें भेजी श्रोर वे कब कब प्राप्त हुई ;
(ख) छनमें से कौन कौन मी यों उमाएं स्वीकार की गयीं ग्रोर किस-किस निधि को स्त्रीकार की गयी ; प्रोर
(ग) कौन-कोन सी योजनाएं स्वीकार नहीं की गयी श्रोर इसके क्या कारा हैं ?

Fसचाई तथा विघ्, मम्नालय में उप-मम्द्रो (श्रो सिद्ं इवर प्रसाद) : (क) मष्य प्रदेणा सरकार से पिछले तीन वर्षों में सिसाई व बिजली की निम्नलिखित स्कीमें रूप में मिली थी :
2) नुमानित लागत प्राप्ति की निमि (लाब रपये)
2117.17

15-4-68
443.00

10-10-66

| 3. | बांघ दायें तट की नहर | 371.98 | 31-1-67 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. | मयना ताल | 51.40 | 4-11-67 |
| 5. | कु बरपुर ताल | 98.83 | 24-10-68 |
| 6. | बिध्छिया ताल | 58.16 | 9-10-68 |
| 7. | फुटका | 49.50 | 24-10-68 |
| 8. | 1966-71 के दोरान पारेष्या प्रयाली | 1070.00 | 28.4-66 |
| 9. | सतपुड़ा तापीय (मंघोंधित प्राक्कलन) | 3755.0) | 23-4-60 |
| 10. | $1967-6 \mathrm{x}$ के लिये नदी पंप fिचाई सकीम | 162.00 | 28-12-66 |
| 11. | शाहजापुर जिले के लिये नदी पंप ₹कीम | 25.00 | 27-4-68 |

(ब) इन 11 प्राप्त स्कीमों में से निम्नलिखित नीन स्कीमें स्वीकृत हो चुकी है :-

स्थोम का नाम

1. चांध दायें तट की नहर
2. 1966-71 क दोरान पारेषएा प्रयाली

3 1967-68 के लिये नदी पंभ सिचाई सकीम

स्वोएकत की fिru
29-10-68
5.9-68

7-5-68
(ग) होष स्कीमें प्रभी स्वीकृत नहीं हुई हैं। उन की स्थिति का विवरगा संलग्न है।

Land Acquired for Public Undertakings
2920. SHRI P. R. THAKUR: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 4246 on the 141h December, 1967 regarding land acquired for public undertakings and state :
(a) whether the required information has since been collected :
(b) if so, the details thereof; and
(c) if not, the reasons for delay and the time by which it would be laid on the Table?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (i) to (c). The information hats since been collected in respect of all the enternrises except six Action is being initiated to collect information in respect of theic enterprises. A consolidated state nent containing the information asked for will be laid on the Table of the House as soon as possible

## Growing of Graing and Vegrecables in Bungalow Gardens

## 2921. SHRI BENI SHANKFR

 SHAKMA : Will the Minister of WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state:(a) whetber Government are aware that
most of the residenial bungalows alloted to the Officers and Ministers have flower gardens around them ranging from one bigha in area and above ; and
(b) whether Government propose 10 utilise such larids for production of vegetables and suitable foodgrains throughout the ycar with a view to ease the food situation?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SHRI IQBAL SINGH): (a) The reply is in the affirmative so far as most of the bungalows allotted to senior Officers and Ministers are concerned
(b) Apart from hedges, lawns and flower beds, many of the occupants use land for raising vegetables. Some of them use it for raising foodgrains also.

## Informers of Income-tax Evasion

2922. SHRI BENI SHANKER
SHARMA: Will the Misister of
FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply
given to Unsturred Question No. 5607 on
the 26 th August, 1963 regarding informers
of Income-tax evasion and state;
(a) whether information givea by aly of the informers was found to be incorrect.
(b) the mumber of such informers
whose information was found to be incorrect totally or substantially ; and
(c) the reasons for not instituting any prosecution against them ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) to (c). Informers furnish information on many aspects of tax evasion by the assessees. They also furnish information about new assessees as also additional sources of income of existing assessces. The Information given is sometimes wholly correct, sometimes partly correct and sometimes it is incorrect. So far in 29 cases it has been found that the information given by the informers was substantially incorrect. Prosecution against such informers can be launched only if there is evidence to establish that the information given was false and they knew it to be false. As there was no such evidence in the possession of the Department, no action for prosecution was taken against such informers.

## Drought Conditions in Orissa

2923. SHRI RABI RAY : SHRID. AMAT : SHRI G C. NAIK :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the Government of Orissa have submitted a report to the Central Government about the drought conditions in the State during the current year ;
(b) if so, whether it is also a fact that the Government of Orissa have suggested to send a team of officers who are visiting Andhra Pradesh to visit again the drought affected and cyclone affected areas in Orissa ; and
(c) if so, the details thereof and the action taken thereon?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) Yes. Sir.
(b) and (c). The State Government had suggested in September. 1968 that the Central team of officers depited to Andhra Pradesh for assessing the drought situation there may be asked to visit Orissa also for the same purpose. This was not found
possible but the matter has been looked into separately The State Government had suggested that drought relief operations in certain pockets of acute distress might be allowed to be continued till the end of November, 1968, the expenditure being contained within the ceilings accepted already in June, 1968. This has been agreed to.

As regards cyclone relief, a Central team has recently visited the State to look into the requirement of funds. An amount of Rs. 1 crore has been advanced to the State Government to meet immediate relief expenditure. Further assistance will be provided in the light of the team's recommendations and the progress of actual expenditure.

Eertilizer Factory at Vishakhapatnam
2924 SHRI I. N. PATODIA : SHRI DFVEN SFN : SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL; SHRI P. RAMAMURTI:
SHRI B. K. MODAK :
SHRI S. R. DAMANI :
SHRI K. P. SINGH DEO :
SHRI R. K. SINHA :
Will the Minister of PLTROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that aprecments have been finalised with an American firm for the setting up of a fertilizer factory at Vishakhapatnam ;
(b) if so, what would be capital particlpation and management rights ; and
(c) the production targets for the proposed plant?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) A letter of intent has been issued to $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$ Occidental Petroleum Corporation of U.S.A on 14th November, 1968.
(b) The foreign party will participate to the extent of $52.2 \%$ of the capital. Detailed proposals are awaited.
(c) The production targets for the proposed plant is 140,000 tonnes of Nitrogen and 140.000 tonnes of $\mathrm{P}_{\mathbf{2}} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ per year.

## Homoeopathic Research Institnte

2925. SHRI D N. PATODIA : Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Government have not so far set up a Homoeopathic Research Institute for the development of the medicine :
(b) if so, whether Government have considered the question of setting up of one such in the near future ; and
(c) if so, where it will be located ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DFVELOP. MENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) Yes.
(b) and (c) The matter is under consideration.

## M's. Kiangwan and Co Ltd. Calcutta

2926. SHRIS M. BANERJEE: Will the Minister of FINANCE he pleased to state
(a) whether it is a fact that a case of under innoicing is going on against $\mathrm{M}^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$. Kiangwan and Co, Ltd., Calcutta ;
(b) if so, the charges against the firm :
(c) whether any action has been taken against them; and
(d) whether a C.B.I. Inquiry is also going on against the firm for cheating Government to the tune of Rs. $2.25,000^{\prime}$ - ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTFR OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) to (d). A case against the firm is under investigation by the Central Bureau of Investigation. The allegations are that the firm.
(i) unauthorisedly disposed of the raw materials allowed to be imported by them under an Export Promotion Scheme, and
(ii) produced false evidence of re-export of goods manufactured out of the imported raw mnterials by mis-declaring In a shipping bill the description and value of the goods exported. The market price declared by the firm was Rs. 2,24,000/-.

## Foreign Exchange Violations by British Machine Tools Makers India Lid., Calcutta

2927. SHRI SARJOO PANDEY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 1442 on the 29th July, 1968 and state :
(a) whether fresh cases of violation of foreign Exchange Regulation Act by the British Machine Tool Makers India Lid., Calcutta have come to the notice of Government ; and
(b) if so, the action which Government propose to take in the matter?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). Apart from the contraventions of the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947, in respect of which evidence was available in the documents seized from $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$. Associated British Machine Tool Makers (India) Lid., Calcutta, on the 16th August, 1967, no fresh contravention by this Company has come to the notice of the Government.

On the basis of further scrutiny of the documents seized on the 161k August, 1967, two more show-cause notices for alleged contravention of sections 5 (1) (a) and 10 (1) (b) of the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947, were issued to the Company on the 8th November. 1968.

## Pertilizer Plant at Vishakhapatnam

## 2928. SHRI DHIRESHWAR KALITA : <br> SHRI R. BARUA :

Will the Minister of PPTROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Government have made a departure from its indusirial policy in approving an American firm's proposal to set up a fertilizer plant at Vishakhapatnam : and
(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

## Pollution of River Mahi

2929 IHKI MANUBHAI PATEL: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Koyali Refinery and Gujarat State Fertiliser Company discharge their effluent into the river Mahi ;
(b) if so, whether it results in the pollution of the river water : and
(c) if so, the steps taken to stop the pollution?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHURAMAIAH): (a) Yes, Sir, ufter flowing in the dry Meni River for some distance.
(b) and (c). Following reports of alleged pollution by the effluents of Gujarat State Fertilizers Corporation and Kovali Refinery, the Central Government have decided to set up a Committee of Experts to look into the matter.

## Naphtha Cracking Plant in Gujara

2930. SHRI R. K. AMIN ; Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state
(a) whether it is a fact that naphtha cracking plant has been finalised in Andhra Pradesh while that of Gujarat State has been delayed though it was planned as carly as 1967 :
(b) the reasons for such a delay and the steps being taken to expedite it ; and
(c) the offocts on the development of petro-chemical complox in Gujarat State as a result of the delay ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHURAMAIAH): (a) No.
(b) and (c). Do not arise.

## Naptha Cracking Plant

2931. SHRI R. K. AMIN : Will the the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that Downstream industries in the Petro-chemical
complex do not start due to inordinate delay in starting a Naphtha-cracking Plant by the Central Government :
(b) if so, whether Government have any proposal to permit the private sector to start Naphtha cracking plant for themselves ; and
(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) Complete data on the appllcations of the downstream units has been received very recently and these are being processed. The naphtha cracker start up has to be synchronised with the commissioning of all the major downstrean units and there has been no delay caused on account of the cracking plant.
(b) and (c). Do not arise.

Satelling Iowns Around Delhi
2932. SHRI D. N. PATODIA : Will the Minister of HEALTH. FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT be pleased to state
(a) whether it is a fact that the Central Government had urged the Governments of U.P., Haryana and Punjab to develop the ring lowns of Faridabad. Ghaziabad and Bahadurgarh as satellite towns of Delhi ;
(b) if act, the progress made in this regard ;
(c) whether the State Governments have agreed to the proposal : and
(d) if not, whether the Central Government propose to continue the inter-State Board which was set up for this purpose ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S MURTHY): (a) The Master Plan for Delhi has recommended the development of Loni and Ghaziabad in Uttar Pradesh, Faridabad, Ballabgarh. Bahadurgath and Gurgaon in Haryana, and Narola in Dolhe territory as ring rowns of Delhi.
(b) and (c). The Government of Uttar Predesh and Haryana have propared the Master Pinne for Ghactabad-Loni area and

Faridabad-Ballabgarh area respectively and some development has taken place in accordance with these plans.
(d) It is proposed to continue this Board.

## पोलियो का प्रकोष

2933. श्री रामावतार धास्त्री: क्या ₹वास्थ, परिबार नियोजन एबं नगर किकास मंभी यह् बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) बया यह सच है कि देश में बड़ी मंख्या में बच्चों को पोलियो रोग हो रद्दा है ;
(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या छस रोग के निवारागा के लिए सरकार ने कोई योजना बनाई है ; घ्रोर
(ग) यदि हैं, तो उस का ठ्योरा क्या है ?

F्वस्थ्य, परिबार नियोणन तथा नगरीय विकास मंत्रालय में उपमंत्रो (धी ब० सू० मूति) (क) इस वर्ष श्रभी तक पोलियो की $33: 9$ घटनाएं तथा 95 मोतों के होने की खबर मिली है।
(ख) ग्रोग (ग). देश क्यापी भाषार पर पोलियो के उन्मूलन के लिए कोई विषोशा कारंक्रम नहीं है। कुछ केन्द्रों में इस रोग से बचचों के प्रतिरक्षगा का नैतारा काम चल रहा है ध्रोर इस रोग के किसी घव्रत्याशित प्रकोष के लिए पोलियो वैक्षीन का स्टाक रखा जाता है।

## बिहार के पव्पसालों में पोलियो की घोर्बजि

2934. घी रमावतार शास्री : क्या स्वास्प्य, परिथार नियोजव एबं नगर विकास मत्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) बिह्रार के कितने घ्रस्पतालों में पोलियों के उपचार की घ्रोषषि उपलक्ष है ;
(ख) क्या यह सच है कि पटना जनरल मस्पताल में यह्ट घोणि कई घहीनों से उपलब्ष नही है ; मीर
(ग) यदि हा, तो सरकार छस सम्बन्ष में क्या कार्यवाही कर रही है ?

स्वास्य, परिखार नियोजन तथा नगरीय कितान मंत्राजय में उप घंबी (घो ब० सू० हूर्जा): (क) से (ग). सूचना एकम्र की जा रही है ध्रीर यथा समय सभा पर एल दी जायेगी।

## Acconntant General, Kerala

2935. SHRI K. ANIRUDHAN :
SHRI A.K. GOPALAN :
SHRIMATI SUSEELA
GOPALAN :
SHRI VISHWANATHA
MENON :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
(a) whether Government's uttention has been drawn in the articles appearing in 'Derabhimani' Malyalam daily dated the 16th Oitober, 1968 and the 17th October, 1968 regarding certain allegations against the Accountant General, Kerala;
(b) whether Government propose to institute any enquiry in the matter ;
(c) if so, when the enquiry is likely to be started; and
(d) if not, the reason therefor?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) No, Sir.
(c) Does not arise.
(d) Certain minor allegations relatiog to his personal assets are being looked into by the Railway Board as the officer belongs to the Indian Railway Accounts Service and the allegations have to be verified with reference to the property return of the office as available with the railway Board.

Allegations relating to the Administration of his office have, afier a preliminary enquiry, been found to be baseless by the Comptroller and Auditor General. The actions of the Accountant General were in accordance with the relevant rules or orders or institutions.

As regards the evidence tenders by the Accountant General before the Finance

Commission, the proceenings of the Commission are confidential.

Regarding handling of the strike of the Central Government employees on 19th September, 1968, the Accountant General acted according to the general instructions issued by Government.

## Fertilizer Projects

2936. SHRI Y. A. PRASAD: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) the number of proposals which are pending consideration by the Central Government for setting up Fertilizers projects in the different States;
(b) the names of States which have submitted proposals for approval ; and
(c) the number of factories proposed to be set up both in the public and private sectors in these States and the production media to be adopted by each with the targetted capacity?

THE MINISIER OF STATE IN THE MINISTKY OF PEIROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) Seven.
(b) (i) The Punjab State Industrial Develupment Coporation for the location of a fertilizer plant at Bhatinda, (ii) the Maharashtra State Industrial Corporation for the location of a fertilizer plant in the Nagpur-Changa : and (lii) the Orissa Industrial Development Corporation for a location of a plant at Talcher.
(c) The proposals are under consideration.

## Supply of Water to Ganga Nagar Through Bhakra Channel

2937. SHRI Y. A. PRASAD : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the supply of water to Ganganagar through the Bhakra Channel has been much below its requirement ;
(b) if so, what is the shorifall and the reasons therefor; and
(c) whether any action has been taken to meet the shortfall?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDESHWAR PRASAD): (a) No, Sir.
(b) and (c). Do not arise.

## Indian Agents of $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$. Westinghouse Electric International Company

2938 SHRI TRIDIB KUMAR CHAUDHURI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether government's attention has been drawn to the news published in the Hindustan Standard of Calcutta of the 31st October, 1968 about the unauthorised and irregular payment of huge sums running into lakhs of rupees and also in Dollars to the Indian agents of $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$. Westinghouse Electric International Company for the construction of the Bandel Thermal Power Station for the West Bengal State Electricity Board out of aid funds given by the Agency of International Development for the Bandel Thermal Power Project :
(b) whether any enquiry has been made about circumstances under which these alleged payments came to be made to the Indian agent of the Company against each specitication of supplies of equipment by them to the State Electricity Board, West Bengal for the said project ; and
(c) whether the Agency of International Development authorities have taken any objection to such pavments being made out of dollar aid given by them ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). Government have seen the news item referred to as also the rejoinder from the West Bengal State Electricity Board published in the Calcutta edition of the Hindustan Standard dated November 9, 1968. The latter has brought out the correct position and refuted the allegations contained in the news item.
(c) As pointed out by the Statc Electricity Board, the objection was not to the payment of commission to the Indian agent but to the payment of the commission in dollars. It is a standard provision of all AID dollar loans that they will be used to meet only the foreign exchange costs of goods and services and not for meeting purely rupze costs (such as Indian agent's commission).

## Foreign Exchance for Replacing Ships Carrying Hajees

2939. SHRI ABDUL GHANI DAR : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that foreign exchange has been refused for the purchase of new ships or replace old Indian ships which are unfit to carry Indian Hajees ;
(b) if so, whether his department has suggested any other alternative for ' Haj ' : and
(c) if so the details thereof and if not. the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (.t) to (c) No, Sir. One of the passenger vessels of Moghul Line Lid., used for carrying Haj Pilgrims, named "Islami" had become very old and has been sold for scrapping. Fur a replacement, the Shipping Company had been authorised to get a vessel constracied in U. K. at an approximate cost of $£ 208$ million on the following terms, which is the normal pattern for acquiring ships :
(1) $15 \%$ down payment ; and
(2) balance of $85 \%$ to spread over a period of 10 years with interest (a) $5 \frac{1}{2} \%$.
As there was difficulty in getting these terms from the U. K. Shipyard, the Shipping Company, had at its request, been authorised to negotiate with a Danish Shipyard, on the terms indicated $b=l o w$, which the Danish Shipyard was stated to be prepared to extend :
(1) $15 \%$ down payment in cash: and
(2) $85 \%$ to be paid over a period of 8 years after delivery with interest (a) $6 \%$ on outstanding balance, on the basis of a guarantee by the State Bank of India and the Export Credit Guarantee Department of the Danish Government.

The latest information is that the Shipping Company is neogtiating this purchase with a Shipyard in Denmark.

## Variation in Rutes of Irrigation of Laad in Bihar Canal Areas

2941. SHRI BENI SHANKER SHARMA : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state:
(a) the rates of irrigation of land per acre in Sihar Canal areas ;
(b) whether it is a fact that these rates vary from place to place and season to season and according to areas actually irrigated and unirrigated ;
(c) whether it is also a fact that this has lead to certain irregularities in as much as one farmer may be charged less for more land while another farmer may be charged more for lesses land; and
(d) if so, whether the desirability of charging a uniform rate has been exa. mined ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRA. SAD): (a) and (b). A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [placed in L'biary. See Nu. LT-2453/68].
(c) and (d). The rules for supply of water vary from canal to canal and also from crop to crop. This is so, us the water requirements of crops vary as also the value of crops grown.

Some canals provide assured irrigation while others do not. The ratos in some schemes are therofore differept from the rates of the other schemos.

Catholic Staff Associations in L. I. C. Offices of Bombay
2942. SHRI PABURAO PATEL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether there are Catholic Staff Associations in the Life Insurance Corporation of India in the various Bombay Offices ;
(b) if so, how many and the number of members in each Staff ussociation and the aims and objects of such associations ;
(c) the reasons why associations based on religion are allowed to function in the Life Insurance Corporation: and
(d) whether in view of the narrow aims and objects professed by the association, Government propose to stop such activity in future and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) to (d). Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

## वितार राज्य विजली बोड

2943. भी रामावतार जास्प्री: क्या सिंचाई तथा विल्युत मन्र्री यह बताने की हृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह् सच है कि बिहार राज्य बिजली बोर्ठ के चालू विन्तीय वर्ष में खेती के लिए 17,000 पर्प्पग संटों को बिजनी सप्लाई करने हेतु $4 \frac{1}{2}$ करोड़ रपपये की ध्रतिरिक राशि मौगी है; घोर
(ख) यदि हां, तो इस पर सरकार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है ?

सिंखाई तथा चित्युत मग्रालय में उपमन्त्री (की सित्षेक्षर प्रसाब) : (क) जी, हां ।
(ख) इस मामले पर विचार किया जा रहा है ।

राजनीतिक तथा घ्रत्थिक संघों के नेतामों को जाशी किये गये "वी फार्म"
2944. बी रामाबतार जास्ती: क्या वित्त मः्नी यह बनाने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) 1967-68 प्रोर 1968-69 में पब तक विद्देश जाने के लिए किन-किन राजनीतिक दलों घोर कामिक संषों के कितने घ्रोर किन-किन नेतामों को "पी" फामं दिये गए ;
(ख) उनमें से प्रत्येक ने किन-किन देशों की यात्रा की घोर सम्बन्घित देशों की उनकी याश्राभों के प्रयोजन क्या चे ; मोर
(ग) विदेबा यान्रा के लिए उन्हें कितनी विदेशी मुद्रा दी गई ?

उप-प्रषान मन्त्री तबा वित्त मन्द्री (श्री मोरारजी बेसाई): (क) घ्रोर (ख). जिन हालातों में "वी" फार्म की मंजूरी दी जाती है, वे साफ तोर से निर्धारित की गई हैं-जसे विदेशों से निकट के सम्न्रन्धियों द्वारा श्रतिथि के रूप में बुलाया जाना या विदेशी सरकारों श्रथवा संस्थाश्रों श्रादि से निमनत्र्रा । प्रश्न में निदिष्ट ठ्यावसायिक वर्गीकग्रा के भ्रनुसार श्रांकडेे नहीं रखे जाते । मंजूरी देने समय जो स्पष्ट नीति भ्रपनाई जाती है उसे देखते हुए राजनीतिक या श्रमसंधों के नेताश्रों के नाम जारी किये गये "पी" फार्मों से सम्बनिधत प्रांकड़े इकट्ठे करने में जितनी मेह्नत लगेगी उससे उतना लाभ न होगा। हां, यदि किसी खाम व्यक्ति या ठ्यक्तियों के बारे में सूचना प्राप्त करने की इच्दा हो, तो वह दी जा सकती है।
(ग) जिन लोगों को संस्थाम्रों या सरकारों की तरफ से प्रतिथि की हैसियत से बुलाये जाने पर विदेषा-यात्रा की इजाजन दी जाती है, उन्हें उनकी प्रार्थना पर निजि प्रामंगिक खर्च के लिए पह्टले पन्द्रहु दिनों के लिए 15 पौंड के हिसाब से श्रोर बाद की श्रवधि के लिए घ्राधा पौंड रोजाना के हिसाब मे विदेशी मुद्रा दिये जाने की मंजू री दी जाती है ।

## Income Tax Payment by Film Stars

2945. SHRI JUGAL MONDAL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Ques. tion No. 4417 on the 19th August, 1968 and state.
(a) whether the information regarding the Income-tax payment by Film Stars has since been collected.
(b) if so, the details thereof; and
(c) if not, the reasons for the delay ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) Yes, Sir
(b) the information is given in the

Annexure laid on the Table of the Housc. [Placed in l.ibrary See No. LT-2454/68].
(c) Does not arise.

## Tax Arrears Due from Film People

2946. SHRI ARJUN SINGH BHADORIA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 5863 on the 26th August, 1968 and state :
(a) whether the information regarding the tax arrears due from film people has since been collected.
(b) if so, the names of those against whom steps have been taken to recover the arrears and the nature of the steps taken in each case; and
(c) the names of those against whom criminal prosecutions have been instituled and the results thereof?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) and (c). The required information has since been laid on the Table of the Sabha. It luced in Librury. Sce No. LT2455/68).

बांवा जिला (उत्तर प्रवेशा) में बंत्रे के स्यान पर घ्रस्पताल
2947. की जागेशवर यादव : क्या स्वास्प्य, परिथार नियोजन एवं नगरोय विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह मच है कि बांदा जिला (उत्तर प्रदेशा में बतेर्न के स्यान पर जिला ब्रोर्डं के म्रस्गनाल को बन्द्र किगा जा रहा है घ्रोर उसकीं मेज कुसियां इत्यादि को नील।म किया जा रड़ा है घ्रोर उसके भवन तथा छमकी भूमी को नीलाम करने का भी विचार है ;
(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि बंबरु एक नगरीय क्षेत्र है जिसमें एक इण्टर कालेज, एक पुलिस स्टंशान तथा तहसील मुक्यालय है भोर इस बात के वागजूद कि इस क्षंत्र में घनी भाबादी है, बहां पर एक भी बढ़ा घस्पनाल नहीं है ; घोर
(ग) यदि हां, तो उकत घस्पताल को बंद करने के क्या काराए है ?

एवास्प्य, परिबार नियोजन तथा नगरीय विकास मंश्रालय में उप-मंतो (को ब० सू० मूऩ) : (क) यह जिला परिषद् घ्पताल घन्यत्र नही जा रहा है ।
(ख) घ्रोर (ग) . बेबहू नगर में एक जि :ा परिषद् घ्रोर एक ठग़क घन्वनाल है इसके बाद श्रस्पताल को बेबरू तहसील के भभुखा गांव में ले जाया जाना है।

## Krishna River Water Dispute

2948. SHRI S. A. AGADI ; Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether the Krishna River Water dispute has been amicably settled between the concerned States?
(b) if not, at what stage the matter stands at present ;
(c) whether it is a fact that there is a proposal to refer this for Abritration;
(d) if so, which State has mooted this proposal : and
(e) the progress made so far in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION.AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) to (e). It has been decided to refer the Krishna River Water Dispute to a tribunal for adjudication. Request for the setting up of the Tribunal has been made by all the three States viz. Mysore, Maharashtra and Andhra Pradesh. The Chicf Justice of India has been requested to nominate the Members of the Tribunal.

## Assessment of Incomes of Ferclan Fim Disiributors

2949. SHRI ARJUN SINGH BIIA. DORIA : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
(a) the annual incomes declared by the following foreign film distributors and the actual incomes laxed by the Income Tax Department in the years from 1963 to 1968;
(i) Paramount Films of India, (ii) 20th Century For Corporation (India) Private Ltd., (iii) Universal Pictures India (P) Lid., (iv) Metro-goldwyn Mayer India, (v) Columbia Films of India Ltd., (vi) Warner Brothers, (vii) Rank Film Distributors of India Ltd., (viii) United Artists Corporation, and (ix) Allied Artist of India; and
(b) the names of those against whom action was taken for false declaration and the nature of action taken against each with amounts of penalty, if levied ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). The information, which is not readily available, is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House as early as possible.

## Mceting of Enginecrs of Orissa and West Bengal for Flood Control Plans of Subrnarckha River

2950. SHRI S. KUNDU : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state:
(a) whether the Engineers of Orrissa and West Bengal met recently at Calcutta to discuss and draw up plans about flood control in subrnarekha river ;
(b) if so, details thereof;
(c) whether both the Governments have submitted any scheme : and
(d) if so, whether Government have finalised any scheme ; of flood control and irrigation in Subrnarekha river?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) to (d). The engineers of Orissa and West Bengal discussed their respective proposals about the embankments on the Subarnarekha on the 101 h October, 1968, at Calcutta, when the engineers of the Railways and the Consultant, Ministry of Irrigation and Power, were also present. There was some difference of opinion between the enginesrs of the two States about embanking the river reach in West Bongal, where waters spill imo the Kalighye basin.

The question was discussed on the 17th

November, 1968, by the Union Minister of Irrigation and Power with the Chief Engineers of the two States and they have been advised to frame proposals to benefit both the States.

## Misdeeds of Banks

2951. SHRI ABDUL GHANI DAR : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that he has issued orders to the Reserve Bank of India to immediately report regarding the misdeeds of the Punjab National Bank Ltd., Oriental Bank of Commerce Ltd. and Lakshmi Commercial Bank Lid. ; and
(b) if so, when and whether the Reserve Bank of India has made any report in the abovementioned allegations, final or preliminary?

THE DEPUTY PRIMF MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). The Reserve Bank of India are looking into certain allegations recenlly made against the Punjab National Bank and the Oriental Bank of Commerce and will take whatever action is deemed appropriate as a result of such investigations.

## Misdeeds of Banks

2952. SHRI ABDILL GHANI DAR ; Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state ;
(a) whether it is a fact that Government had received letters dated the 8 th July, 29h July, 27th Augusi, 2od September and 27 th October, 1968 in relation to the misdeeds of several banks; and
(b) if so, in respect of which banks and the action which has been taken so far on them ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) and (b). The letters referred to contain allegations against the Punjab National Bank, which are being looked into.

## Expenditure on Samadhis

2953. SHRI ABDUL GHANITDAR : Will the Minister of WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state ;
(a) the amount which Government have
spent since 1963-64, year-wise, on Samadhis of Gandhi Ji, Nehru Ji and Shastri Ji ;
(b) whether there is any proposal under consideration to reserve sufficient land on Bela Road for such memorials in future; and
(c) if so, how much ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SARDAR IQBAL SINGH) : (a) :

|  | Samadhi of Gandhiji | Samadhi of Shri Jawaharlal Nehru | Samadhi of Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 1963-64 | 4.05,535 | - | - |
| 1964.65 | 8,32,206 | 1,96,060 | - |
| 1965.66 | 13,61,212 | 3,68,960 | - |
| 1966,67 | 4,70.900 | 18,369 | 1,10,559 |
| 1967-68 | 1,65,853 | 2,26,220 | 22,341 |
| 1968-69 | 1,18.119 | 63,005 | 2,385 |
| 1o October, 1968) |  | September, 1968) | (upto September, 1968) |

(b) No. Sir
(c) Does not arise

## Loss in Indian Oil Corporation

2954. SHRI ABDUL GHANI DAR : Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) the total value of products which were lost due to certain defects in public sector of the Indian Oil Corporation from 1964 to 1968 each year separately and the name of the persons responsible for these losses in each sector ;
(b) whether any shortage took place in imported products in the last seven years ; and
(c) if so, the name of the products and total loss on each product?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) to (c). The required information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House in due course.

## Jewellery Shops in Palghat Districtt Kerala

2955. SHRI E. K. NAYANAR : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the number of new jewellory shops which were opened in Palghat District during the last eighteen months ;
(b) the number of unlicensed jewellery shops which were opened and working in Palghat town (Kerala State) within the period of last nine months ; and
(c) the unaccounted gold seized by the officials from palghat town during the last six months?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER O: FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) Eight new jewellery shops are reported to have been opened in the Palghat District during the last eighteen months
(b) No unlicensed jewellery shops opened and working in Palghat town within the period of last nine months have come to the notice of the Government.
(c) 1,578 grams.

## Internal Financial Advisers in Ministries

2956. SHRI LOBO PRABHU : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the extra expenditure arising from the reported plan to appoint Internal Financial Advisers in Ministries ;
(b) whether there will be an equivalent reduction in the posts in his Ministry and if so, of which posts ;
(c) the steps which Government are taking to enforce a common yard-stick in the pre-budget scrutiny made by different Internal Financial Advisers ; and
(d) whether the system of Internal Financial Advisers was tried before and if so, fact what reasons it was given up ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) Some of the Ministries already have Internal Financial Advisers. The others are required to review their existing arrangements for work telating to budget, accounts, etc., which will also be entrusted to the I.F.As., before any additional officers are actually appointed. Since Ministries have been given time upto end of March 1969, for appointment of Internal Financial Advisers, it is not possible at present to estimate the extra expenditure likely to be involved in this regard.
(b) No. Sir. Such reductions, as may he possible will be considered after a clear picture of the working of the new orders becomes available.
(c) Standing instructions issued centrally by the Ministry of Finance in the matter of budget are available to all Ministries, which will be followed by the Internal Financial Advisers also.
(d) The system of I.F.A. was introduced for the first time in August 1958. It was not given up at any time but modifications as were found necessary were made from time to time in the light of actual experience.

## Preventive Officers in Customs Howse Calcutta

2958. SHRI P. R. THAKUR: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to reply given to Unstarred Question

No. 5851 on the 26 th August, 1968 regarding fixation of seniority of Preventive Officers in Customs House, Calcutta and state :
(a) whether any appeal has come up to the Central Board of Excise and Customs in pursuance of the representation disposed of by the Collector of Customs, Calcutta ; and
(b) if so, whether the cases has been carefully considered and when it is likely to be disposed of finally?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) : (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The matter is being carefully considered and is likely to be disposed of shortly.

## Out-of-Turn Alotment of Government Quarters

2959. SHRI P. R. THAKUR: Will the Minister of WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY be pleased to state:
(a) whether the system of out-of-turn allotment of residential quarters to Government employees has recently been revived after it remained suspended or abolished for a number of years ;
(b) if so, the date when its revival was notified and the date of its earlier abolition or suspension ; and
(c) the reasons for the earlier suspension and the present revival?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY (SHRI IQBAL SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir
(b) The procedure for submitting applications for out-of-turn allotmen:s on medical grounds was circulated to various Ministries'Departments of the Government of India on 27th December, 1967. The circular letter in regard to the abolition/suspension out-of-turn allotments, on medical grounds, was issued to various Ministries/ Departments of the Governmeat of India on 17th July, 1964.
(c) Out-of-turn allotments on medical grounds were suspended in 1964 as there were numerous officers desiring allotment on medical grounds and it was not possible
to provide them with houses within reasonably short time even if the sanctions for out-of-turn allotments were accorded. Moreover the practice of out-of-turn allotments adversely affected the officers on the normal waiting lists. Keeping however in view the hardship experienced by genuine medical cases it was decided in 1967 to revive the system of allotment on out-ofturn basis on medical grounds. In urder to safeguard the interests of officers waiting on the normal waiting lists, the out-of-turn allotment on medical grounds has since been restricted to $10 \%$ of the vacancies available Moreover the provision for making out-of-tnrn allotments on medical grounds existed in the Allotment Rules under S R. -317-B.9.

## Foreign Aid for Flood-Affected People of West Bengal

## 2960. SHRI RAMCHANDRA VEERAPPA:

SHRI R. R. SINGH DEO :
Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether is is a fact that Government have received aid from foreign countries for the rehabilitation of floodaffected people of West Bengal ; and
(b) if so, the amount which has been received and names of the countries which have given aid?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) and (b). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House in due course.

## Revenue earned through Disclosure Scheme under Income Tax Act

2961. SHRI LAKHAN LAL GUPTA : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the State-wise number of disclosures made to Income-tax Department under various disclosure schemes and the revenue earned by Government on the same during the years $1966-67$ and $1967-68$;
(b) the number in which remissions were not given, State-wise, and reasons therefor; and
(c) whether Government have taken or contemplate to take action against officers responsible for disobeying Government's orders regarding disclosures?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) The only disclosure scheme in force during the years 1966.67 and $1967-68$ was the one embodied in section 271(4A) of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Information in respect of the number of disclosures made and accepted under section $271(4 \mathrm{~A})$ and the gain to revenue from these disclosures, in respect of each Commissioner's charge, is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.
(b) The information in respect of the number of disclosures rejected during these two years and the reasons therefor in respect of each Commissioner's charge, is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.
(c) No instance of the orders of the Government having been disobeyed by any officer has been brought to the notice of the Government. So, the question of taking any action does not arise.

## Raid by Income- Iax Department

2962. SHRI LAKHAN LAL GUPTA : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the number of raids made by the Income tax Department during the last twelve years and the amount involved therein ;
(b) whether any case/cases of the above are still pending decision ;
(c) the minimum and maximum time taken for deciding the above cases, Statewise :
(d) the amount of taxes and penalties imposed as a result of above raids, Statewise :
(e) whether agricultural income of traders who are also agriculturists is not being accepled and is being assessed as trade income ; and
(f) if so, S:ate-wise fizures of such cases and the amount involved therein?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) ; (a) During the finan-
clal years 1964.65 to 1967.68 assets of the value of Rs. 428.32 lakhs were seized in 986 searches. Information prior to the financial year 1964.65 is not readily available.
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) It is not possible to give the minimum and maximum time taken in deciding such cases. The time taken for completing such cases depends on the nature of the investigations necessary and the co-operation extended or resistance offered by assessees in the course of investigations. The decision in a number of cases is also delayed as a result of injunctions granted by High Courts.
(d) As investigations are still in progress, it is not possible at present to furnish this information.
(e) Agricultural income is exempt from income-tax. The question of taxing such income, therefore, does not arise. However, if a person explains the source of some money or investment as arising out of agricultural income but fails to prove this claim, the same is treated is income liable to tax under the Income-tax Act
(f) No statistics of such cases are kept and the collection of such information will involve enormous time and labour as each and every assessment record all over India will have to be gone through for the purpose. The results achieved will not be commensurate with the labour involved in this task.

## Sale of Aircraft by Ford Foundation to Madhya Pradesh Government

2963. SHRI A. S. SAIGAL : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether any customs duty is payable in respect of sate of aircraft in India belonging to foreign missions which is more than three years old in India and for which no customs duty was paid at the time of import ;
(b) if not, whether any customs duty was charged from the Madhya Pradesh Government for the sale of such aircraft within last fivo years by the Ford Foundation to Madhya Pradesh Government; and
(c) if customs duty has been charged, whether Government propose to consider refunding the same ?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) No, Sir.
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) No, Sir. The import facilities extended to foreign diplomatic missions are not available to the same extent to the Ford Foundation. In particular, in this case one of the conditions on which it was allowed to import the aircraft without payment of customs duty was that if it was sold, customs duty would have to be paid either by the Ford Foundation or by the purchaser.

## Allotment of Land to Cooperative House-Building Societies in Shahdara Zone

2964. SHRI A. S. SAIGAL: Will the Minister of HEALTH, FAMILY PLAN. NING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether Government had asked the Co-operative Societies in Delhi to deposit the premium of land offered to them in the Shahdara Zone by the end of July, 1966 :
(b) whether su:h Co-operative Societies were threatened the cancellation of the land offered in the event of deposits not made by the stipulated date :
(c) if so, the sozieties which deposited the amount in time and whether they have been allotted sites and handed over possession of the land :
(d) if not. the reasonable rate of interest that Government has paid or propose to pay on such deposits lying with Government for the last $2 \frac{1}{2}$ years without handing over the land?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLAN. NING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : The Cooperative House Building Societies which were offered land in Shahdara area, were required to pay premium for the land (o) Rs. 8/per sq. yd. in two equal instalments. The first instalment was recovered in July/ August, 1966. The second instalment was paid by most of the Societies during the period March'July, 1968.
(b) It was mentioned in the letter containing the offer of allotment that if
the payment was not made by the prescribed date. the case of the Society for allotment of land would be closed. But in actual effect payments were accepied from the Societies even after the stipulated date.
(c) Only one Cooperative House Building Society had deposited the amount of the first instalment of the premium by the stipulated date i.c 31st July, 1966. It has not been possible so far to hand over possession of land to the societies of Shahdara area at the acquisition thereof has been delayed due to legal difficulties.
(d) $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{o}}$ interest is paid in such cases.

Increase in Staff of Willingdon Hospital, New Delhi
2965. SHRI LAKHAN LAL GUPTA : Will the Minister of HEALTH. FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :
(a) whether staft of Willingdon Hospltal. New Delhi has been increased in proportion to the increase of indoor and outdoor patients between 1956 and 1967 which has been to the extent of 673 and 2170 per cent respectively:
(b) if not, how the patients could be expected to get the care and attention they desire ;
(c) whether Government propose to increase the staff proportionately; and
(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOP. MENT (SHRI B S. MURTHY) : (a) to (d). The statf has been increased from time to time as necessitated by the increase in the bed strength, the number of indoor and outdoor patients and keeping in view the needs of the new Departments.

## Indigenous Fertilizer and Agro-Chemical Consultancy Services

2966. SHRI G. S. MISHRA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state :
(a) the steps taken by Government to develop or encourage the indigenous fertl-
lizer and agro-chemical consultancy services ;
(b) whether any private technical consultancy organizations have come up in near future ; and
(c) if so, what encouragement was given to them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI RAGHU RAMAIAH): (a) Government have taken steps to develop the Planning \& Development Division of the Fertilizer Corporation of India and the F.E.D.O. Division of Fertilizers and Chemicals Travancore Ltd., and to equip them with adequate facilities to undertake design, engineering and consultancy services required for the fertilizer and chemicals industries. The two organisations have acquired process know-how from abroad and have also developed their own techalcal know-how and processes. Besldes, Hindustan losecticides Lid and Engineors India Lid., two public sector organisations, have also developed some capability in the fertilizer \& agro-chemical fields.
(b) and (c). A number of private organisations are now in a position to undertake technical consultancy work for fertillzer and chemical industries.

It is the Goverament's policy to secure preference to indigenous consultancy services, where available, subject always to the use of the capacity of Government enter. prises for public sector projects.

## Allocation for Narmada Sagar Project

2967. SHRI G. S. MISHRA : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether Government have agreed to the proposal of the Mashya Pradesh Government that they will allocate $1 / 3$ of their Fourth Plan allocation to the Narmada Sagar Project and complete the project or their own ; and
(b) whether it is legally possible and what are the reactions of other State Governments concerned to his proposal from the Government of Madhya Pradesh ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) No sucb proposal has
been received from the Government of Madhya Pradesh.
(b) Does not arise.

## Irrigation Projects of Mysore

2968. SHRI G. Y. KRISHNAN : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that several irrigation projects in Mysors have not been sanctioned so far in spite of the fact that major area in Mysore is drought stricken :
(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and
(c) the steps taken to expedite their sanction?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) to (c). A number of maior projects like Upper Krishna Malitprabha and Ghataprabhe have been satictioned in Mysore. Progress on these projects has been somewhat slow due in the constraint on resources The question of sanctioning new projects will have to be considered in the context of outlays that may be provided for new projects in the IV Plan.

## Supervisory Staff of State Bank of India

## 2969. SHRI BENI SHANKER SHARMA <br> SHRI D. C. SHARMA :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
(a) whether the supervisury staff of the State Bank of India has begun work-to-rule campaign on the 12th November, 1968 at its offices in Delhi circle :
(b) if so, what are their demands; and
(c) the steps taken to look into them?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) The work-torule campaign has since been called off.
(b) The main demand was for the revision of the pay scales of the supervisory staff of the State Bank.
(c) The matter is under the active ponstruction of the State Bank.

## Coordinated Development of GangaBrahmaputra Basin

2970. SHRI DEVEN SEN : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a report appearing in the Stittesman of the 24th October, 1968 that Harvard University Centre of Population Studies has suggested massive investment for coordinated development of the Ganga-Brahmaputra basin comprising Bihar, West Bengal, Assam and East Pakistan ; and
(b) if so, Government's reaction thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) The Government of India have come across such a report in the State:man of the 23rd October. 1968.
(b) The question of Government's reaction does not arise as no such proposal has been received for consideration by the Government of India.

## Rural Electrification

2971. SHRI K. P. SINGH DEO : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether the Committee set up by Government has made certain recommendations for rural electrification during the Fourth Plan period;
(b) if so, the names of States where the rural electrification has been recommended by the Committee :
(c) the State-wise outlay proposed to be made for the implementation of the project ; and
(d) the reaction of Government thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) and (b). The Committee of Members of Parliament on Rural Electrification have given their interint recommendations on the outlays required for accelerating the progress of rural electritucation in the country, particularly in the
nine Stutes of Assam, Bihar, Orissa, Nagaland. Midhya Pradesh, J. \& K., Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan and West Bengal where the progress of rural electrification is below the all-India average.
(c) The Committee have recommended that accelerated Central assistance be given in 1968.69 over and above the State Plan ceilings to the extent of Rs. 28 crores out of which 3:4ths should be allocated to the nine States mentioned above. The Committee have also recommended that the total outlay during the Fourth Plan should be about Rs. 632 crores to enable the energisation of about 12.5 lakh pumpsets during the Fourth Plan and electrification of 1 lakh villages by 2 nd October. 1970, the end of the Gandhiji Birth Centenary year. Stute-wise outlays for the nine States mentioned above would be indicated by the Committee at the time of its final recommendations.
(d) The accelerated Central assistance recommended by the Committee for 196869 is under consideration. The outlay recommended by the Committee for the Founth Plan is under consideration with reference 10 the finalisation of the Fourth Five Year Plan.

## River-Pump Irrigation Scheme for Madhya Pradesh

2972. SHRI LAKHAN LAL GUPTA : Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 2 on the 1lth November, 1968 and state the time by which the river pump irrigation scheme In Madhya Pradesh is likely to be completed?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD; : The Madhya Pradesh State Electricity Board has reported that works on 737 agricultural pump sets have been completed and works on 1104 pump-sets are in an advanced stage and are likely to be completed by the end of Januars, 1969. In respect of 424 pump-sets for which formalities have not been completed fully so far. the Board is making all-out efforts to take up the works. The Board has reported that works on the remaining 1445 pumpsets are not likely to be taken up by the

Buard for want of response from the concerned cultivators.

## राजस्यान में प्राम विध्युकर्ता योजनाएं

2973. क्षी मीठा लाल मीना : क्या सिसाई भौर विध्युत मंत्री यह बताने की कुणा करेंगे कि:
(क) क्या सरकार ने $19(68-60$ में राजस्थान में गांवों में बिजली की ठ्यवस्थ। करने के लिये कोई योजना मंजूर की है;
(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्योरा क्या है प्रोर उस पर कितना ठमय होगा; प्रोर
(ग) चौथी पंचवर्पीय योजना प्रवधि में राजस्थान में प्रोर कितने गांवों में बिजली की ठ्यवस्था किंय जाने की सम्भावना है ?

सिधाई तथा विष्तुत मम्नालय में उप- मंत्री (धी सिद्ं इवर प्रसाब) : (क) मोर (ख) . भारत सरकार ने राजस्थान में ग्राम विद्युतीकरए की सकीम मई 1968 में स्वीकार कर ली थी जिसमें 582 घ्रोद्योगिक घ्रोर घरेलू तथा गलियों में रोशनी के कनैक्शन देने के घलावा, 771 वस्तियों का विद्युतीकरए ध्रोर 5844 पंपों का ऊर्जन होना शामिल है। इसकी घनुमानित लागत लगभग 300.36 लाख कपये है।
(ग) चौथी पंचवर्षीय योजना को घभी घ्रन्तिम रूप नहीं मिला है।

## उत्रा घंगाज में बार्ष

2974. घो मृत्युंजम घ्रताष : क्या जिताई घोर बिच त मन्त्री यह बनाने की कृपा करेंगे कि :
(क) सरकार ने कलकता के एक हींनियर द्वारा व्यक्न किये गये इस विधार की सखाई के बाईे में पता लगाया है कि इस बर्ष उतर बंगाल में ग्राकस्मिक विनाशकारी बाढ़ों का एक कारएा शाय₹ यह था कि किमायव में किसी स्थान पर कोई घट्टान ट्रट गई थी जिसके परिएाम न्वक्ष अन घ्रवाह् बक गया होर इस वर्ष जब प्रा कृतिक बाष ट्रट गया तो नदियों में

जो भ्रसाधारएा वर्षा के कारएा पहले पड़ी थी श्राकस्मिक ही भारी मात्रा में जल बहने लगा; ग्रीर
(ख) यदि हां, नो वह कहां तक ठीक है ?
fिधाई तया खिचुत मक्र्रासम में उप-मंत्री (श्रो सिद्वे इवर प्रसाद) : (क) घ्रोर (ख). इस तथ्य से कि एण्डरमन पुल पर पानी उच्चतम बाढ़ स्तर से 60 फुट ऊपर चढ़ गया था, यह पता चलता है कि तीस्ता नदी के किनारों से उसके नल पर कुद्ध सम्बलन हो गए थे जिससे पानी के बसाद्ध में प्रवरोध प्रा गया था । नदी के पानी के उतर जाने पर श्रोर एण्डरसन पुल पर 30 फुट ऊंचा श्रवरोध देखे जाने से इसकी घ्रोर भी पुष्ट होो गई है ।

## Russian and American Aids

2975. SHRI CHENGALRAYA NAIDU: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) the total amounts of Russian aid from 1951 to 1968 to India;
(b) how it compares with the U.S.A. aid received in the same period;
(c) the sectors in which Russian aid was utilised ; and
(d) the number of Russian and U.S.A. techntians working in different fields?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). The total value of aid (loans and grants) received from Russia and USA from 1951 to 1968 ie. upto the 30th September, 1968 is as follows :
(Rupees crores)
(in post devaluation terms except those at items marked ** where they are at the rates of exchange prevailing from time to time)

|  | Authorisations | Utilisation |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (1) Russia : |  |  |
| (i) Loans |  |  |
| (ii) Grants | 1021.13 | 552.69 |
| (2) U. $S$ A. : |  |  |
| (1) Loans (excluding PL 480 rupee | 10.67 | 9.17 |
| loans) |  |  |
| (ii) Grants |  |  |
| (iii) PL 480 imports** | 2702.65 | 2318.74 |
| (iv) PL 665 imports** | 234.55 | 233.59 |
| (v) Third country currency assis- | 2199.21 | 2077.43 |
| tance** | 31.87 | 31.87 |

(c) Russian aid has been used for a varicty of development projects in the public sector.
(d) As on the Ist January, 1968 there were 1053 Russian and 591 American technicians working in different fields in India.

## Visit of Indian Eagineers to Study <br> Gunga-Kobadak Project in East Pakistan

2976. SHRI C. K. BHATTA.

CHARYYA:

## SHRIS. R. DAMANI :

Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state :
(a) whether the Indian team of experts sent to East Pakistan to study the GangaKobadak Project, proposed barrage on the Padma and other allied matters were given sufficient scope and all necessary materials for their study ;
(b) whether they have submitted any report ;
(c) if so, the details theroof ; and
(d) whether Government propose 10 lay a copy of the Report on the Table?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) The purpose of the Indian team was to make an on-the-spot observation of all the representative areas covered by the proposed Ganges-Kobadak Project and the barrage site ctc. The duration of the visit being three days as per the itinerary arranged by the Government of Pakistan, the observations had to be only limbed. The Indian team did not receive any additional written material during the visit.
(b) Yer. Sir.
(c) The report deals with their observations on the areas covered in the tour.
(d) No, Sir.

## Loans Sanctioned by Agricultural

Finance Corporation in Gujarat
2977. SHRI NARENDRA SINGH MAHIDA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :
(a) whether the Agricultural Finance Corporation sanctioned any loan assistance for the functioning of the agricultural project in Gujarat during the years 1966-67 and 1967.68 ; and
(b) if so, the actual disbursement and utilisation during the above period?

THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). The Agricultural Finance Corporation, which was incorporated only in April 1968, has not so far sanctioned any loan for agricultural purposes in Gujarat. If the reference is to the Agricultural Refinance Corporation, it has sanctioned 9 schemes in 1967-68 involving a total financial outlay of Rs. 773.14 lakhs, the Corporation's commitment therein being Rs. 680.19 lakhs. No scheme was sanctioned in 1966.67. The disbursements during the years 1966.67 and 1967.68 amounted to Rs. 7.50 lakhs and Rs. 6.00 lakhs respectively.
2978. को नाष्यू राम ध्रहिषरार क्या सिचाई तथा बिच्युत मन्प्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :
(क) क्या यह सच है कि मष्य प्रदेश के टीकमगढ़ जिले को सहकारी श्राधार पर ग्राम विद्युतीकराए योजना विचाराधीन है ; प्रोर
(ख) यदि हां, तो इस योजना की शीघ कार्यन्विनि के लिये कब तक भ्रादेशा जारी किये जायेंगे ?

सिचाई तथा विच्तु मक्तालय में उप-मंयी (भ्षो सिद्धे इबर प्रसाब) : (क) घोर (ख). जसा कि लोक सभा में 12 घगस्त, 1968 को घतारांकित प्रशन संख्या 435 के उतर में बताया गया था, मध्य प्रदेश के टोंकमगढ़ जिले में आहलट ग्राम विद्युतीकराए परियोजना की स्थापना की सकीम को प्रमरीकी विशेषज दल ने घ्रोर ध्रागे ग्रनुसंधान के लिए जामिल नहीं किया क्यों कि एस दल को जो इकीम रिपोटं दी गई थी उसे स्पृह्रीय नही समभा गया।

### 12.00 hrs.

## CALLING ATTENTION TO A MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

## Orissa's Requeat for Central Reserve Police

SHRI SITARAM KESRI (Katihar): I call the attention of the Minister of Home Affairs to the following matter of urgent public importance and 1 request that he may make a statement thereon : -

Orissa Government's request for Central Reserve Police.

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFPAIRS (SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN) : Mr. Speaker. Sir, on 26th November 1968, a request was received from the State Government of Orlasa that some Units of the Central Reserve Police may be made avallable as
[Shri Y. B. Chavan]
reinforcements, since the situation in Cuttack was tense. Immediate instructions were issued for the deployment of some C.R.P. Units and arrangements were made to despatch the Units the same day. The Ministry of Home Affairs continuously kept in thuch with the State Government regarding their requirements. The situation in Cuttack is now reported to be fully under control.

घो सीताराम केसरी : भ्रध्यक्न महोदय, कटक में जो दुखद घटना हुई प्रोर जिस में घ्वात्रों के मम्बच्ध में यह कहा जाता है कि मंच के बाद जब वह एक घ्रत्पमंक्यक वर्ग के उपासनागृह के ममीप से बाजे के साथ प्रा रहे थे उस समय वह् सारी घटना घटी ग्रोग वह सारे नगर में फेल गयी। इस प्रकार की दुखद घटना इस से कब्न भी भाषा को लेकर हुई थी जिसमें छात्रों का एक वहीं पर जनूस निकला था। उस समय कांग्रेस की सरकार थी प्रीर तब भी इस तरह् की वहां श्रशान्ति घ्रोर श्रराजकता फैली थी। डस सदन में कई बार देश में प्रहाांति के वातावरशा के सम्बन्ध में सरकार की श्रोर से चिन्ता प्रकट की गई है प्रोर घ्रभी उस दिन भी हमारे गह मंत्री ने यह कहा था कि कलकत्ते में जी छात्रों का भान्दोलन है या केरल में जो घटनाएं घट रही हैं उन सब का प्रत्यक्ष लप से सम्बग्ष भले ही न मालूम पड़ता हो मगर परोक्ष स्प से प्रवहय सम्बन्ध है। उस के दूसरे दिन शिक्षा मंती डा० व्रिगुग्रा सेन ने भी प्रवने वक्तक्य में इसी चीज़ को कहा कि जो छात्र-प्रन्दोलन है उस के पीछे परोक्ष ूप्प से राजनीतिक दलों का हाथ है तो इस संदर्म में में पह मंत्री महोदय से यह जानना बाहता हूँ कि सारे देशा में यह एक भ्रराजकता भौर पशान्ति का वातावररा छात्रों के नाम पर राजनंतिक बलों ने बता रसा है तो क्या यह सारे प्रदे $\begin{aligned} & \text { शों में जो दुसद घटनाएं हो रही हैं }\end{aligned}$ घोर विसेष कर कटक में ज्रो हुई है उस के लिए वह एक संसवीय दल उन तमाम घटनामों की बांच करने के लिए बनायेंगे ?

SHRI Y B CHAVAN: The question is really speaking not related to the point here The point here is about CRP being called in Orissa. I can see the hon. Members' anxiety about the student problem. but this particular incident in Cuttack was not directly connected with any political activity as such.

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE (Balrampur): What happened in Cuttack?

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN : I am coming to that. There was the Supreme Count judgment that music can be played before the mosque. It is a right of those whe want to do that. They can certainly do that Naturaliy, there was a feeling in the minority community that they have a fundamental right of being able to offer their prayers in the masjid in complete peace.

So and this teeling came into conflict. when the students wanted to lead theit trophy in procession with Harisankirtan or something like that. That started the trouble ; this is the background. I do not want to say one is right and the other is wrong in this matter. These are some of the things which provided the provocation for some trouble and which occurred in Cuttack itself.

SHRI HEM BARUA (Mangaldai) : So. it was communal

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN: It was communal.

धी भीचन्व गोयल (चण्डीगढ़) : मंत्री महोदय ने दो बातें कही हैं। उन्होंने एक बान यह कह्ी है कि उस दिन जो वहां की एक लोकल टीम थी बह एक रहियन टीम के विरुद्ध फुटबाल मैच जीती थी मोर इसलिए उस की बुधी में वह लोग जलूस निकालते हुत् जा रहे थे थोर काए यह् सः्य नतीं है कि नु ीम कोर्ट के जजमेंट के कारगा सारे नार के ग्रन्दर पहले से ही बातावरसा के पन्दर साम्पदायिक खींचाजानी पौदा ही गयी पी तो इस सिलसिले में में यह भी जानना चाहेगा कि इस बींषातानी के काराल वह्टां पर उचित उपाय वह्दां की सरकार ने लिये चे या नहीं लिये चे ?

यह भी बतलाया जाता है कि उस वक्त कांग्रेस ने भी बहें पेमाने पर 2 तारीख को जो वहां विषान सभा का संशन होने जा रहा था उस पर एक बड़ा भारी प्रदशंन करने का उन्होंने निइचय किया था मोर प्रसबार में हम पढ़ते हैं श्री बी प्र पटनायक का वह व्तह्य कि जिस में उन्द़ोंने इस के लिए विद्याषियों को बधाई दी है । विद्याधियों ने जो कुष किया है उस के लिए उन्होंने विद्याधियों को बधाई दी है तो प्राज जो एह मंमी महोदय ने यह बात कही है कि उस में किमी पोलिटिकल पार्टी का हाथ नजग नहीं प्राता बह कुछ टीक नहीं जंचती है घोर मुभे नो उस में यह़ नजर श्राता है कि वहां की विरोधी दल की जो सरकार है उस को वद्नाम करने के लिए कांप्रेस पार्टी का दाथ ही नजर म्राता है। जंसा में ने कहा विरोधी दल की सरकार को बन्नाम करने के लिए कांर्येस का भी हस प्रकार के उपद्रव के प्रन्दर हाथ है। क्या उन्होंने राज्य सरकार को ऐसे साम्रदाधिक उपद्रवों में जिस में बर्हा.कई दिन तक मैकड़ों दुकाने जलती रहीं, हजागों दुकाने जिस में बूटी गयीं प्रोर हतने भारी पेमाने पर क्षति हुई है, क्या हन मब की जांच-पघ्तान कराने के लिए भ्रादेश fिया है ? हस के साथ-साथ में यद भी जानना चाहूंगा कि गह रधुनरदयान कमिशन जोकि इस प्रकार के माग्रदारिक भगतहों की जांच-पत़ताल कर रहा है ब्या उसको यह् मामला भी मंतो महोोदग सुपुर्द करने जा रहे हैं ताकि जो सच्वाई है बह सामने श्रा जाय ?

दूसरे जो क्षति हुई है, जो माल बूटा गया है उस माल की बरामद के लिए क्या उचित पग उठाये गये हैं ? यह भी मैं जानना चाहूंगा कि कितने की हानि हुई है घ्रोर कितनी सम्पस्ति उस में से प्रबतक बशमद हो गयी के ? क्या यहां पर कोई प्युनिटिब-टंकम भी लगाया गया ह1

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN : Sir, do you remember and does the bon. Member remenber what be has asked me?

MR. SPEAKER ; I do not exactly remember ;

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN : The main poini in this matter is-and I do stand by what 1 said-that there is no political party involved directly in this matter.

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : What about Biju Patnaik's statement?

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN : What statement?

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : Has he congratulated the students or not ; Is he aware of that statement?

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN: I have no official intormation about this matter.

SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA (Delhi Sadar): What is his unofficial information?

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN : The unofficial information is, which the hon. Member has itist now given me. Interruption: Well, I am supposed to make a statement, where a State Government is constitutionally functioning, only on the information that I get from that State. I do not want to stand by my personal information, because allegations are made by parties and the communal tensions arise(Interrup:ion) and they know which partles are involved in this matler.

The main point in this matter is this. A, far as I know. - one point that he made -- there was a litile tenvion in the minds of the people about the Supreme Court judgment. So, there was a background to the communal tension, and I have no doubt that the Orissa Government did take the necessary precautions and steps about it, That is why even when it erupted, it could be controlled within the shoriest possible time. It must be said to the credit of the State Government there. What steps they are laking. it is a maller for the State Government, and I have not got any detall. ed information about it.

SHRI P. K. DEO (Kalahendi): It will be a sad das in this countiy ahen a simple sludent processico could take
[Shri P. K. Deo]
communal turn. I shudder to think that the Central Government abdicates its responsibility, depends on the intelligence of the State Government and does not employ its own intelligence system to find out the real cause. In this connection, I would like to cangratulate the State Government on the timely and stern action they had taken to quell these communal tensions specially in view of the record of the past Government in Rourkela where riots took place, thousands were killed and churches were burnt al Berhampore. I congratulate the present Siate Government there and the Government of India on the timely help in sending the CRP. At the same time we cannot brush aside the statement of Shrr Biju Patnaik of the 27th November, at Cuttack congratulating the students on their so-called restraint in spite of all this communal trouble. When we swear by cominunal harmony and national integration, is it not the duty of the Central Government to go into the entire question and find out if some discredited politica! leaders are not behind the scene, specially keeping in view the impending municipal elections in Cuttack town?

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN: These are political issues concerning political parties and if the hon. member wants me to express my opinion about them, 1 refuse to do it.

SHRI SURENDRANATH DWIVEDY (Kendrapara): We hang down our heads in shame that such an incident happened at Cuttack. People belonging to all communities have been living in peace and amity there for the last 200 years and I have never heard of any such incident in the State except the Rourkela incidents iwo or three years back. I do nut think the Government of India can shirk its responsibility altogether in this matter. Since this happened in Orissa, actually it attracted their attention much more. It has assumed a serious proportion, according to me. On that day, the student procession went round the City and had played music before other masques also, but when it came to that particular place, they were attacked. I do not think those who attacked did it for communal reasons. There may be some
goondas or unsocial elements, because the trophy was snatched from them and it bas not been returned to them. This incident happened and after that, next evening there was no trouble whatsoever. A match was going on and 25,000 people, including the Chief Minister, attended that football match. When this incident happened, the students were agitated. It is necessarv to enquire whether any action was taken by the local authorities to find out and locate the persons who attacked the student procession. They belonged to a minority community no doubt, but they attacked the sludent procession and if those elements had been rounded up, probably this would not have spread. After that, it turned into a communal riot and hundreds of houses were looted. The poorer sections of the community are on the streets getting no whatsocver. What is the real cause of this tension and who are the instigators who went into that particular place and instigated the people to attack the procession ? That has to be enquired into. I would like the Central Government io extend the jurisdiction of the Raghubir Dayal Commission. They should go into this and find out the real reasons.

The Home Minister himself has referred to the Supreme Court judgment. The Supreme Court judgment really created tension not only in Orissa but all over tho country, because in appeal. the judgment stated that the citizens have a right to play music before the mosques. It must be known to the Government that there was a great tension in the city. Just a few days back, some processions were to be laken out. With great difficulty, because of the persuasion of the local people, somehow or other it was arranged.

There was no incident whatever. The tension was prevailing After the Supreme Court judgement, when the right to play music before mosques has been granted to people of other communities and the Muslims object to it and do not want any playing of music before mosques, have the Central Government thought over the matter and issued any instructions to the State Governments or do they propose to do anything in the matter ; are they thinking how to tackle such situations when they arise, because as 1 see it unless something
is done about it immediately probably such situations may be repeated at any time as the tension is still there?

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN: The hon. Member has raised a general type of question as to what could be done after the Supreme Court judgement. Naturally, the implications of the judgement will have to be very carefully considered, because this is ultimately the culmination of the issue in the Supreme Court. But 1 can say from my previous experience that this is not the first time that such a judgement has been given ; some other High Courts also have given such judgements. I remember, in some cases even the District Judges have also delivered judgements of this type. In Mahurashtra this had happened and I had to deal with the situation in Maharashtra. What we normally did was that we arrived at certain local adjistments. The local leadership of the Hindus and the Muslims was brought together and the formula that we thought out was that the timings of prayers in masjids would be treated as timings when playing of music could be adjusted. So this is a matter that can be left to local adjustment between the administration and the leadership of both the Hindus and the Muslims there. This is one way of doing it. But the implications of this judgement arc something different. This is a matter that will have to be gone into in further detail, in consultation with the State Governments.

The hon. Member has asked me whether the Daval Commission could be extended to this area. Personilly I do not think that that would be a practical proposition. At the prevent moment the Dayal Commission have so many inquiries on their hands that I do not think they will be able to do it immediately. But I would invite the attention of the Orissa Government to this aspect of the problem.

### 12.19 hrs.

## [Mr. Deputy-Speaker in the Chair]

SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO (Bobbili):
The hon. Minister has been kind enough to concede that this was a communal disturbance. We have been witnessing communal disturbances quite frequently and pften times the Government has shown
considerable interest in seeing that communal disturbances may not come about. But in spite of the great interest and the great co-ordination and co-operation shown by all political parties, it has become a bane of our society today. So, it is high time that we sit down and think afresh and deeply about the underlying malaise behind the recurrence of these disturbances.

In this context 1 wish to state that though we have been following at the governmetal level the policy of secularism, I wish to remind this House that this policy, if followed only by the Government, is not going to save the situation and it is very essential that all the components of the society, all religious groups, also have full faith in secularism and work for it. [o understand this basic problem we have to identify the friction points among the various groups. For this all the religious groups in the society have to come out of their rigid postures and try to live honestly and earnestly with other religious groups. We have to look at the problem politically, historically, economically and soclally. From overy angle we have to look into this.

Why I say this is that it is a political fact that there are no conflicts between Hindus and Christians. Similarly, there are no conflicts among Christians and Muslims. Then, how is it that it is hap. pening between Hindus and Muslims? What are the factors responsible for it? This is a very important point. Therefore referring it to a committee to inquire into will not be sufficient, but we must evolve a national identity in which all the divergent groups must submerge themselves.

In this context we must not forget one single political fact. It is a historical fact that the country had been divided on the religious lovel and we should not forget this. It is also relevant even today because Pakistan is holding non-Muslims in the country as hostuges.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : With all this social analysis, please come to the question.

SHRIK NARAYANA RAO: There. fore, is the hon. Minister going to constitute a committee of sociologists, religious poople and others to inquire into the entire

## [Shri K. Narayana Rao]

problem and see what steps Government can take in this direction? I am sorry to say that Government is shy of bringing about social reforms uniformly covering all the religious groups and evolve a new society out of all these religious groups who can live logether and forego their rigidities. In the light of all this submission, is the Government going to consider the construction of a committee to evolve a new Indian society with Indian goals, Indian models and Indian identity?

SHRI Y. B. CHAVAN: It is not the intentiondof Government to appoint such a comittee with such widest possible terms of reference. As far as the other submissions are concerned, I have taken note of them.

### 12.23 hrs.

## RE. CALLING ATIENTION NOTICES

(Priccedure)
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Papers 10 be laid on the Table. Shii K. C. Pant.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRIK. C. PANT rose-

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE (Kanpur) : Sir, I rise on a point of order.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Regarding what? I have asked Shri K C. Pant to lay the paper on the Table.

SHRIS. M. BANERJEE: My point of order is not on Shri K. C. Pant laying the paper on the Table.

1 would invite your kind attention to rule 197 about calling-attention notices.

Generally some serious matlers are discussed or statements are made by the hon. Ministers under rule 197. I and many other hon. friends not belonging to UP only but to all States are tabling for the last three or four days calling-notices, adjournment motions etc. about the teachers' strike which is starting today. Thousands of teachers have been arrested and the Governor of Uttar Pradesh is
behaving in a dictator fashion. We requested the Speaker even today-we wrote him a note saying that students' unrest throughout Uttar Pradesh is continuing and we want.. (Interruption:

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You have had a discussion with the Speaker.

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE (Balrampur): I would like to speak on this point of order.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : This matter was taken up with the Speaker in his Chamber.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : I did not go to his Chamber at all.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: But you have just now said that you have discussed it with the Speaker.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : Kindly hear my point of order. I referred to the calling-attention notice only beause those calling-attention notices have not been selected. A new term is being used now in regard to them, namely, not rejected but not selected. Unfortunately, those calling-attention notices. concerning the strike by UP teachers and students' unrest have not been selected. So, 1 move under rule 340 that the debate on the motion be adjourned.

MR. DEPU TY-SPEAKER : Please resume your seat. There is no debate going on just now. I have just called Shri K. C. Pant to lay papers on the Table.

SHRI S. M BANERJEE: Then I will move it afterwards.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I gave you a hearing becauce $I$ thought that there was some urgent matter which has not been taken up... (Interruption)

घ्री जार्ज फरमेन्डीज (बम्बई दक्षिए) : इससे घंणंण्ट घोर कौन सी चीज घ्याप को क्षाहिये। कितने ही दिनों से हम कालिग एलें

शान नोटिस देते घा रहे हैं। कोई सुनता ही नहीं है।

क्षी भ्रटल विहारी बाजपेयी: कटक के बारे में ध्यानाकर्षक प्रहताव स्वीकार किया गया है । वहां पर श्रब शाषत है। लेकिन लखनऊ में है राध्ट्रपति राज है श्रोर वहाँ पर श्रध्यापक हड़ताल कर रहे हैं, जेलों में जा रहे हैं। झ्राप सरकार को कह् सकते हैं कि वह् कल वक्तव्य दे । उत्तर प्रदेश में ग्रह्यागकों की हड़ताल से जो परिस्थिति पंना हो गई हे, उस पर घ्याप वक्तठय देने का निद्नश दे मकंते हैं। श्राप छस ममय सर्व-राक्तिमान हैं।

श्रो कसर शाल गुप्त : श्रपनी ताकत को पहचानिए ।

SHRI S. M. BANEERJEE : You agreed for a motion to be discussed for two hours.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER According to the information given just now, the Call Attention Notice hus not been rejected. It is kept pending. (Interruptions)

श्री आर्ज फरनेग्रीज : रिजंकट किया है, वेंडिग नटीं है।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Not selected. To judge the urgency of the matter is the discretion of the Speaker. Anyhow, you have made the point and the Government has taken note of it. I think, the urgency of the matter will be recognised. If they feel they will themselves come.. (Intcrruptions).

धी जाजं करनेन्डोज : एल पाई० सी० के बारे में भी एक नोटिस दिया है, लेकिन कुछ नहीं हुम्रा है ।

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : The Governor should be dismissed. You can give direction to them. (Interruptions)

घो आडं फरनेन्डीज : वह तो प्रधान मन्न्री का भी संरक्षण नहीं कर रहा है।

ध्री एस० एम० जोघी (पूना) : पहले तो कहा जाता था कि तुम्हारा रिंजेक्ट कर दिया है लेकिन म्रब कहा जाता है कि सिलेक्ट नहीं हुपा है। इसका मतलब यह होता है कि रिजेक्ट करने के काषिल नहीं है लेकिन मिलेक्ट नहीं हुमा है । घागे चल कर मौका मिलना चाहिए।

MR. DEPUTY.SPEAKER : You will get the clarification from the Speaker.

श्रो प्रकाइाबीर जास्त्री (हापुड़) : कोई प्रकार बनाईये नाकि हस चीज को उठाया जा सके ।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The Papers to be laid.
12.27 hrs

## PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

Notificalion under Central Sale-Tax Act, Customs Act and Central Excise and Salt Tax

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. C. PANT): I beg to lay on the Table -
(1) A copy of the Central Sales Tas (Registration and Turnover) Amendment Rules, 1968, published in Notitication No. G.SR. 2017 (English version) and G.S.R. 2018 (Hindi version) in Gazelle of India dated the 161h November, 1968, under sub-section (2) of section 13 of the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956. | Placed in Llbrary. See No. LT. 2416-17/68).
(z) A Copy of Notification No. G.S.R. 2058 published in Gazette of India dated the 23rd November, 1968, under section 159 of the Customs Act, 1962. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-2418/68.]
(3) A copy each of the following Notifications under sanction 159 of the Gustoms Act, 1962 and sec-
[Shri K. C. Pant]
tion 38 of the Central Excise and Salt Act, 1944 :-
(i) The Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Hundred and Twentythird Amendment Rules, 1968, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 2059 in Gazettee of India dated the 23rd November, 1968. [ 1 laced in Library. See No. LT2419/68].
(ii) The Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Hundied and Twentyfourth Amendment Rules, 1968, published in Notification No. GS.R. 2060 in Gazette of India dated the 23 rd November, 1968. [Placed in I.ibrary. See No. LT-2420/68).
(iii) The Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Hundred and twentyfifth Amendment Rules, 1968, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 2061 in Gazelte of India dated 23rd November, 1966. LPiaced in Library. See No. LT-2421/68].
(iv) The Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Hundred and iwentysixth Amendment Rules, 1968, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 2062 In Gazette of India dated the 23rd iNovember, 1968. LPlaced in Library. See No. LT-2422/68].
(v) The Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Hundred and iwentyseventh Amendment Rules, 1968, published in Netification No. G S.R. 2063 in Gazette of India dated the 23rd November, 1968. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-2423/68].
(vi) G.S.R. 2064 published in Gazette of India dated the 23rd November, 1968, containing corrigendum to G.S.R. 1874 dated the 19th October, 1968. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-2424/0bJ.

## Notification under Drugs and Cosmetics Act

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH, FAMILY PLANNING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY): I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following Notifications under sub-section (3) of section 33 of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 :
(1) The Drugs and Cosmetics (Third Amendment) Rules, 1968, published in Nolification No. S.O. 3868 in Gazelle of India dated the 2 nd November. 1968. [Placed in Library. Sce No. LT-2425/68].
(2) The Drugs and Cosmetics (Second Amendment) Rules, 1968, published in Notification No. S O. 3869 in Gazette of India dated the 2nd November, 1968. | Placed in Library. Sec No. LT-2426/681.

## LAND ACQUISITION (AMENDMENT) BILL

## Opinions

SHRI S. C. SAMANTA (Tamluk): I lay on the Table Paper cantaining opinions on the Bill further to amend the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 which was circulated for the purpose of eliciting opinion thereon by the direction of the House on the llth April, 1968.

## DEMANDS FOR EXCESS GRANTS (RAILWAYS), 1966.67

THE MINISTER OF RAILWAYS (SHRI C. M. POONACHA): I beg to present a Statement showing Demands for Excess Grants in respect of the Budget (Railways) for 1966-67.

### 12.29 hrs

## MESSAGES FROM RAJYA SABHA

[^3]the following messages received from the Secretary of Rajya Sabha :
(1) "In accordance with the provisions of rule 111 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Rajya Sabha, I am directed to enclose a copy of the Industrial Disputes (Amendment) Bill, 1968, which has been passed by the Rajva Sabha at its sitting held on the 261t November, 1968."
(ii) "I am directed to inform the Lok Sabha that the Rajya Sabha, at its sitting held on the 27th November, 1968, has passed the enclosed motion referring the Contempt of Courts Bill, 1968, to a Joint Committee of the Houses and to request that the concurrence of the Iok Sabhat in the said motion and the names of the Members of the Lok Sabha to he appointed to the said Joint Committee may be communicated to this House.

## MOTION

'That the Bill to define and limit the powers of certain courts in punishing contempts of courts and 10 regulate their procedure in relation there to be referred to a Joint Committee of the of the Houses consisting of 45 mem ters : 15 members from this House, namely :

1. Shri M. P. Bhargava.
2. Shri S. N. Mishra.
3. Shri A. P. Jain
4. Shri M. Srinivasa Reddy.
5. Shri Muhanımed Ishaque.
6. Shri Sukhdev Prasad.
7. Shrimati Vimal Punjab Deshmukh.
8. Shrimati Yashoda Reddy.
9. Shri C. L. Verma.
10. Shri Dovi Singh.
11. Shri N. K. Shejwalkar.
12. Shri Bhupesh Gupta.
13. Shri D. L. Sen Gupta.
14. Shrl J. S. Tilak.
15. Shrl K. S. Ramaswamy.
and 30 members from the Lok Sabha;
that in order to constitute a meeting of the Joint Committee the quorum shall be one-third of the total number of members of the Joint Committee ;
that in other respects, the Rules of Procedure of this House relating to Select Committees shall apply with such variations and modification as the Chairman may make ;
that the Committee shall make a report to this House by the last day of the next session :
that this House recommends to the Lok Sablia that the Lok Sabha do join in the said Joint Committee and communicate to this House the names of Members to be appointed by the Lok Sabha to the Joint Committee'."

## INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES (AMENDMENT) BILL

## As Passed by Rajya Sabha

SECRETARY: Sir, 1 lay on the Table of the House the Industrial Disputes (Amendment) Bill, 1968, as passed by the Rajya Sabha.

## COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC UNDERTAKINGS

## Twenty-Second Report

SHRI G. S. DHILLON (Taran Taran): I beg to present the Twenty-second Report of the Committee on Public Undertakings on action taken by Government on the recommendations contained in the Twenty-first Report of the Committee on Public Undertakings (Third Lok Sabha) on Air Indla.

## CRJMINAL AND ELECTION LAWS AMENDMENT BILL

(i) Report of Jotat Commitice

SHRI SHRI CHAND GOYAL (Chandicarb) : I beg to present the Report of
[Shri Shri Chand Goyal]
the Joint Committee on the Bill further to amend the Indian Penal Code, the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 and the Representation of the People Act. 1951, and to provide against printing and publication of certain objectionable matters.

## (ii) Evidence

SHRI SHRI CHAND GOYAL: I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the evidence given before the Joint Commitlee on the bill further to amend the Indian Penal Code, the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898, and the Representation of People Act, 1951, and to provide against printing and publication of certain objectionable matters.
12.31 hrs.

INDIAN RAILWAYS (SECOND AMENDMENT) BILL*

THE MINISTER OF RAILWAYS (SHRIC. M POONACHA): I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill further to amend the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

धी जाज फरनेन्डीज (बम्बई दकिसा) : इस विधेयक को यहां पेश करने के प्रस्ताव का में विरोध करना चाह्ता हैं।

एक माममीय सबस्य : घोर विरोध।
धी आर्ष फरनेम्डीज : हो सकता है कि मन्त्री महोदय हमाने छस बिरोष का गलत श्रण्थ लगायें घ्रोर यह कहुं कि जो बिना टिकट श्राज फल रेल गाड़ी पर याःर करसे हैं उन पर रोक लगाने वाले विधेयक का विरोष कर के मैं विना टिफट काले लोगों द्वारा इस तरह से प्रयास किये जाने को बढ़ाषा दे रहा हूं या इस तरह की बात सोच रहा है। मेरा बिरोष इस बात को लेकर नहीं है कि बिना टिकट प्रबास करने बासे लोगों के सिलाफ कायंवाही न की जाये । हम तो चाहेंगे कि रेल

पर कोई भी व्यक्ति बिना टिकट न चले घौर घ्रगर कोई जाता है तो उस को जरूर बहुत ही सर्त सजा दी जाये ।

लेकिन इम बारे में रेलवे का भी कुछ कतंब्य रहता हैं। हम सब लोगा का ग्रनुभव है कि श्रपने करंत्य का तो रेलवे कभी पालन नहीं करता है ग्रोर ह्मेशा डसी बात के प्रयास करता रहता है कि दूमरों से उनके कतंठ्य का पालन किस तरट्ट कराया जाये । निद्धने हृ्वे इस कानून—डणिडयन रेलते ए्क्ट—में मंशोधन करने के लिए् पह्ना एमेंडिंग व्विन लाया गया था, जिस के द्वारा रेलवे कमंचारियों के श्रधिकारों को छीन लिया गया। ग्राज उस कानून में एक दूसरा संशोधन-विषेयक ला कर मन्र्री महोदय यह् माबित करना चाहते हैं कि रेलों के घोर उनकी श्रामदनी की हिफाजत के लिए वह कितने उत्तुक प्रोर प्रयत्नहील हैं।

इस बिल को देखने से यह बात साफ हो जाती है कि छूसका इस्तेमाल ज्यादातर तीसरे दर्जे में प्रवास करने वाले लोगों के खिलाफ होगा 1 हम जानते हैं कि बिना टिकट यात्रा करने वाले व्यक्ति ज्यादातर तीसरे दर्जे में ही चलते हैं। पहले दर्जे प्रोर एयर-कण्डोशण्ड डिब्बों में बिना टिकट यात्रा करना श्रसम्भव होता है, क्योंक उन में बंठने या सोने की जितनी जगहें ह्रोनी हैं, उससे ज्यादा टिक्ट नहीं दिये जाते हैं. उनमें कई ए़टेण्डेण्ट रहते हैं प्रोर इन्स्पंक्टर्स हरयादि वहां पर हैमेशा ग्रायाजाया करते हैं। मन्र्री महोद्य इस कानून के द्वारा बिना टिकट यात्रा करने के द्षण्ड को 100 रुपये से बढ़ा कर 500 रुपये तक करने का प्रयास कर रहे हैं। यह प्रत्यक्ष है कि यह प्राविजन तीसरे दर्जे के याष्षा करने वाले गरीब लोगों के खिलाफ हस्तेमाल किया जायेगा।

मे रेल मन्न्री से पहला प्रषन यह पूछ्छना घाहता है कि अब वह मुसाफिरों के सिलाफ यह

[^4]सर्त कार्यवाही करने जा रहे हैं, तब क्या वह थर्ड कलास में बैठने की जगह देने की घपनी जिम्मेषारी को जानते हैं ; भ्रगर वह् जानते हैं, तो यह बनायें कि घ्राज थर्ठं कलास में मुसाफिरों को जानवरों से भी खराब तरीके से लाया जाना है, उस स्थिति को खत्म करने के लिए पिछले कई ब्नसों में उन्होंने क्या प्रयास किया है।

मैं श्रापका हयान दंडियन रेलंज़ज़ एकट के जिसषो मन्त्री महोद्वय संशोधित करूने जा रहे हैं सेकशन 63 की तरफ दिलाना चाहता हूँ, जो कि एक बहुन महृत्वपूरां सेकान है :

- Every railway administration shall fix, subject to the approvai of the Central Government, the maximum number of passengers which may be carried in each compartment of every description of carriage and shall exhibit the number so fixed in a conspicuous manner inside or outside each compartment in Hindi and in English and also, if considered necessary by the Railway administration, in one or more of the regional languages in common use in the territory traversed by the railway."

मंरा प्रइन यह है क इंडियन रेलवेज एक्ट के इस सेक्शन 63 को किस तरह से ध्रमल में वाया जाता है। थड कलास के दिब्बों पर लिखा जाता है कि उनमें 60 या ध्रमुक संख्या में मुमाफिर प्रवाम कर सकते हैं, लेकिन वास्तव में उम डिबते में 160 मे भी प्रधिक मुसाफिर बिठायं जाते हैं। घ्रगर मत्त्री महोदय यहु कहें कि उन्ट्रोने तो उन लोगों को वहां बंठने के लिए मजन्रूर नहीं किया है, तो छसे तो कोई उचिन उत्तर नहीं कहा जा सकता है। रेलवे प्रशासन जितने लोगों से पैसे लेकर उन्हें टिकट देता है., उन्द्रें जगह़ देना उसका फजं है। सेक्शन 63 का यह् मनलब कमी नहीं है कि मिर्फ किख्वे पर लिख द्विया जाये कि उसमें तने मुसाकिर बंट मकने हैं, लेकिन उसको म्रमल में न लाया जाये ।

इसके वाद मैं घापका ध्यान सेक्शान 93 की तरफ दिलाना चाहता हूं, जो इस प्रकार हैं :

## "If a railway company contravenes

 the provisions of section 53 or section 63 with respect to the maximum load to be carried in any wagon or truck, or the maximum number of passengers to be carried in any compartment, or the exhibition of such load on the wagon or truck or of such number in or on the compariment, or knowingly suffers any person owning a wagon or truck passing over its railway to contravene the provisions of the former of those sections, it shall forfeit to the Central Government the sum of twenty rupees for every day during which either section is contravened."इसमें दो बातें सामने भ्रातीं हैं : एक तो डिब्दे पर लिखा जाये कि उसमें कितने प्रादमी बंठ सकते हैं घ्रोर दूमरे, वास्तव में उस हिठने में उतने ही ग्रादमी लिये जायें निफं किन्बे पर fिखना ही काफी नहीं है, उसको प्रमल में भी लाना है 1 हम देख़न हैं कि दृर पक गाड़ी में थडे कलास के डिब्बों में निशिचत सख्या से कहीं ज्यादा मुमाफिर भर दिय जांन है। इसका पर्थं यह है कि रेनवे प्रणामन स्तय मेवकान 63 को तोड़ रहा है। सेकशन 93 के भनुसार रेनवे द्वारा मेक्षन 033 का उल्लंघन किते जाने पर उस पर बीस रूये का जुर्माना होना चहिए । मुमाकिरों को बैठने की जगह देना रेलवे का फ़रं है, लेफ्रिन वह इस फ़ं को प्रदा नहीं करती है। भम्वल नो दूके लियं किसी को मजा नहीं दी जानी है प्रोर घ्रगर दी जानी है, तो वह सिफं बीस राये जुर्माना है, जो कि रेलवे के जंनेरल-मंनेजर या भ्रन्य सम्बद्ध भरधिकारी पपने पाम से नहीं दें। है, बलिक्य वह तो सरकार का पंसा ह्रोना है। मैं यह् जानना चाह़ता हूं कि विद्यदने पाँच सलों में सेक्बान 93 के प्तम्तर्गत रेलवे के कितने प्रफमरों को दंह दिया गया है।

मैने चुलू में ही कहा है कि मैं हस ज्ञात का

## [ः्री जार्ज फरनेन्डीज]

कमी समर्थंन नहीं कर सकता हू कि कोई रेल में बिना टिकट प्रवास करे । लेकिन रेलवे के मुसाफिरों के बारे में कुछ तो ईमानदारी से बह्स होनी चाहिते। हम जानं हैं कि पंजाब से गाय-भंस बमबई ले जाई जाती हैं। रेल में उन्हें ले जाने के बारे में निरिचत नियम है। लेकिन यह खेद की बात हैं कि नियमों के भ्रनुसार रेनों में जिननी जगत जानवरों को दी जानी है, उननी जगह थर्ड कलास के मुसाफिरों को नहीं दी जानी है ग्रोर उनके निए बनाए हुए कानून को घ्रमल में नहीं लाया जाता है।

में यह भी बताना चाहता हूं कि रेलवे की घ्र:मदनी कोई एयर-कन्डीशन्ड में जाने वाले लोगों से नहीं होती है । यह् ग्रामदनी कोई फर्स्टं क्लास के मुसाफिर नहीं देते हैं । में आ्रापको गए साल का हिसाब बताऊं। गए साल थर्ड क्लास के मुसाफिरों ने 203 करोड़ रुपये रेलवे को विए जबकि एयरकन्डीशन्ड के ग्रण्दर सारे ठाठ बाट से चलने वालें मुसाफिरों ने गए साल सिफं 2 करोड़ रूपये दिए। 2 कगेड़ रुपये देने वालों को सुविधाएं जो दी जाती है वह थड कलास के मुसाफिरों को पै मे से दी जाती हैं श्रोर कभी न कभी, कहीं न कहीं, इन चीजों पर बह्स्स होनी चाहिए। मैं नहीं समभना कि रेलवे का बजट भाने पर या कोई विधेयक ग्रावे तो उस पर घोर चोझों की बहस तो होगी लंकिन यंकलास के पेमेंजमं की हालत पर कोई बहस नहीं होती है प्रोर जिस बंग से गाड़ी में लोगों को ले जाने का काम यह करते हैं। इसलिए मैं विनम्र निवेदन करूंगा कि इस विधेयक को घ्राज यहां पर पेका करने की छजाजत न दी जाय। रेलने सबसे पहले प्रपने कतठ्य का पालन करने की जिम्मेदारी उठाये भोर उसके बाद मुसाफिरों पर जो सहती से कार्यवाही करनी है वह कांयाही करने का काम वह् करें ।

## SOME HON. MEMBERS rose-

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : We are not having a general debate now.

भी भ्रटस बिहारी वाजपेयो (बलरामपुर) उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं डिबेट नहीं कर रहाँ हूं। मैं यह कहना चाहता हूं कि सदन में परम्परा रही है कि जिन विधेयकों का सिद्वांत: विरोध हो उनका पेश करने समय विरोध किया जाय लेकिन झ्रगर ग्राप घाम बहस की इजाजत देंगे तो डस विधेयक पर मैं भी बोलना चाहूँग। जो बातें विधेयक की चर्चा पर कही जा सकती है उनको प्रारम्भ में कहने की प्रनुमति देंगे तो मैं समभना है, कि श्रापको सारे सदन को बोलने की म्मनुमित देनी होगी।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Shri Atal Bihari Vajpayee is perfectly right in what he says.

Shri Fernandes had written to me and he had said that he would like to oppose the introduction and he might be permitted to do so. In fact, when he was speaking I cautioned him that he should stick to that and not go into the merits of the Bill. If he had gone into the question of legislative competence etc. then he would have been within his rights. But he has said things which could have been said during the general discussion when that comes up here. If the hon. Minister has anything to say at this stage, he may do so

## SOME HON. MEMBERS rose-

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: We are not having a general discussion now.

धी मुछम्मब घस्माइल (बेरकपुर) : यह बिल क्यों ला रहे हैं इसी पर दो बाते मुभे कहनी है। माप को सुनना पढ़ेंगा।

SHRI C. M. POONACHA : The hon. Member has referred to overcrowding in running trains. It is a fact that there is overcrowding

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : That could be said at the consideration stage.

SHRI C. M. POONACHA : While that is so, the overcrowding in certain sections is due to ticketless travelling which is on the increase.

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : To some extent, not wholly.

SHRI C. M. POONACHA : They do not want to buy tickets but they want to have a free ride. Therefore, this measure has been advisedly brought before the House for its consideration in order to stiffen the penalties for ticketless travel

MR, DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :
"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill further to amend the Indian Railways Act, 1890."

The motion was alopted.
SHRIC. M. POONACHA: I introduce the Bill

## 1245 brs.

## STATE AGRICULTURAL CRHDIT CORPORA TIONS BILL--Cintd.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: The House will now take up lurther considetation of the following motion moved by Shri K. C. Pant on the 28th November. 1968, numely :

> "That the Bill to provide for the establithment in the States and Union territories of Agricultural Credit Corporations and for maters connected therewith or inctidental thereto, be taken into consideration."
> Shri Viswambharan may continue his speech. He has already taken seven minutes. So, he should be very brief now.

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN ITrivandrum): The other day I was dealing with the main reasons for the tardy progress of the co-operative credit system in this country. The main reasons are the rigid rules and hurdles latd down by the Reserve Bank and the high rate of interest. Bis business houses in the country are gelling crores and crores of rupees of interest-free loun without even entering into any form of agreement regarding the repayment. In
this connection, I am reminded of a discussion that was carriod on in this House and in the other House two years ago about the loans given to the Tata Iron and Sieel Co. and the Indian Iron and Sicel Co. Rs. 10 crores of loan was given to the Tata Iron and Steel Co. without levying any interest and without entering into any agreement rogarding repayment. Similarly, another Rs. 10 crores was given as loan to the Indian Iron and Steel Co. (whose majority shares have now been taken now by the Guenhas! without any interest. Bis business-houses are being given loans without interest. Smaller business houses or the smaller industrialists are given loans at the rate of 4 or 5 per cent. But when it comes to the poor agriculturist, all sorts of rules and regulations are laid down which make it impossible for him to get a loan: and if he passes through all the hurdles, he is called upon to pay interest at the rate of 10 per cent. The farmers in this country are the single class of peoplo who have to pay the maximum rate of interest. That is one of the reasons why the co-operative credit system has not succeeded in this country. In this Bill also, the very same procedure is being sought to be introduced. It has been laid down here in this Bill that the rules regarding issue of loans etc. will be guided by the instructions issued by the Rescr:e Bank. Aetually, it is the Reserve Bink that sits tight over the agriculturists and prevents them from getting the loans.

If an agriculturist wants Rs 1000 as agricultural short-term loan, first he has to deposit Rs. 200 in a primary soecty or a primary bank by way of share capital Then he has to go from pillar to post to get all sorts of certificates from the reven se officer, the sub-registrar and so on and then he has to process his application through the primary society and the district bank, so much so that he will have in spend Rs. 300 to get a loan of Rs. 1000. At the end of the year. he has to pay 10 per cellt by way of interest. The same set of rules is sought to be laid down in this B II also. So, I would suggest that it shoul., be apecifically provided in this Bill thit the agriculturist who takes a loan from the State Agricultural Credit Corporation ahall not be called upon to pay an interest of more than 5 or 6 per cent.

## [Shri P. Viswambharan]

In conclusion, I would like to refer to the controls exercised by the Central Government and the Reserve Bank. This Bill is called the State Agricullural Credit Corporations Bill. Aclually, if we go through the provisions of the Bill we do not find the State Government anywhere in the picture at all. The entire functioning of the corporation is controlled by the Central Governinent and the Reserve Bank. The managing director and the chairman and the maiority of the directors of the State corporation are appointed by the State Government and by the Reserve Bink. The conditions of commerce and agriculture differ from State to State. So, the details of the loans should be left entirely to the State corporations and the controlling authority shall be the State Government and not the Central Government or the Reserve Bank. Both these changes have got to be made in th's Bill. The Bill as it stands includes several clauses of the Reserve Bank of India Act, the Co-operative Societies Act, the Agricultural Finance Corporation Act and suish other Acts. My submission, therefore, is that this Bill needs a thorough scrutiny, and 1 suggest that it may be referred to a Sclect Committee so that a thorough scrutiny of its provisions may be made and the necessary modificitions suggested.

1249 lirs.

## RE REPORTED ARREST OF SUGARCANE GROWERS

श्री रएषीर सिक्ट (रोदतक) : उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, विछ्छले दिन की बात है, जनाब प्रेसाध्ड कर रक्के थे, उस समय उा० शाम सुभग सिंत हाउस में थे श्रीर उन्होंने इस हाउस के सामने याप के छंटरवेंशान पर यह् कहा था कि में गवनंमेंट को लिखूंगा घ्रोर गवनंमेंट से इन्फार्मेजान सूंगा। सारे देश में घोर खास तोर पर हरयाने में किसानों को सैकड़ों की तादाद में बयों गिर्क्तार किया जा रहा है। मेरी इन्फामेंशन यह है कि हर रोज वहां न मिर्फ किसानों को निरफ्तार किया जता है विक उन को

पीटा जाता है। जो घ्रपना गन्ना नहीं देते उन घ्रादमियों को पकड़ कर खींचा जाता है । जहां किसानों का राज हो किसान की हकूमन हो वहां उन के माथ इस तरह् पक्षपान हो, जहाँ यह डिनेट चल रही हो...(व्यवधान)

मैं ग्रापकी मारफत उन से पूछना चाहता हूं कि क्या हाउस में उन्टोंने जो एंशोरेन्स दी थी, उम को पूरा किया है ? क्या उन्होंने मिनिस्टर साह्रब को निखा है, क्या स्टेट गवर्नमेंट को लिखा है, ध्रगर लिख्वा था तो क्या जवाब ध्राया है, किसानों के साथ जो ज्यादती हो रही है, वह बन्द्न होगी या नहीं ? श्रगर उन्त्रोंने कुछ किया है तो क्या किया है ?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: This is not the proper way to raise this matter, in the midst of another debate.

श्री रएाधीर सिंह : श्रोर कोनसा रास्ता हे ? काल-ए्टेन्शन देते हैं, वह् मन्जूर नहीं होती है, 193 में नोटिस दिया, 184 में नोटिस दिया लंकिन किसी को मन्जूर नहीं किया गया-ऐसी हालत में बतलाइये दूसरा कौन मा गस्ता है ? दुनिया भर की बातों पर ह्म यत्रां बह्म करते हैं, लेकिन किसानों के लिए मोका नही दिया जाता है।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Dr. Ram Subhag Singh is accessible, any hour. Why not approach him?

भो रराषीर सिह वहु बतालायें कि उन्होंने क्या किया है।

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND COMMUNICA. TIONS (DR. RAM SUBHAG SINGH): I have already written to the hon. Food Minister drawing his attention to it.

भी राषोर नसह : इस में कोई ए, एोटरस नहीं है-कृम तो यह जानना चाहते हैं कि घस मज्ज की कोई दवा भी होगी या नट्टी ? सिफं

मिनिस्टर साहब को लिखना काफी नहीं है, वन मिनिस्टर साहैब को कहें कि वे हरियागा के चीफ मिनिस्टर सात्रब को कहें कि किसानों के साथ ज्वादती नहीं होनी चाहिये ।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: After Dr. Ram Subhag Singh has replied, there is no clarification needed.

SHRI SHEO NARAIN (Basti): You are our guardian here

यह एक जैनुइन सवाल है, एक हजार प्रादमी जेलखाने में बन्द्द हैं। श्राप टस को नहीं करेंगे तो कौन कर्रेगा, श्राप भी तो किसान हैं। हम कम्युनिस्टों की तरद्र बकवास करने यहा नहीं भ्राये हैं, नोगों का रिप्रेज्टेछान करंते है घ्रोर मही रिप्रेजेन्ट्रेशन करते हैं।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : This is not poper. What else could he do ?

SHR! SHLO NARAIN: He 'should temember that he has to face the mid-term polls in Punjab, U.P. and other States.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : There is a limit to it.

धी राएधीर सिह : घुट घुट कर कर जायें यही मर्जी मेरे मैयाद की है-किमानों का पूछने वाला कोई नहीं है । गहां पर दूमरी बाते होती हैं, लेकिन किमानों की बात नहीं करना नानेन हैं।
12.53 hrs .

## STATE: AGRICUITURAL. CREDIT

 CORPORATIONS BILL - Contd.श्री मुरिका fमह (र्रोंगाबास) : उपाध्यक्र महोदय, में डम कृषि फगा कार्पोरेशन विधेयक का समयंन करना हूं। में ोेता मानना हूं कि सरकार की घ्रोर से यह एक सही कदम है। देश के किसानों की प्रार्णिक स्थिति को मुष्रारने के निए कृषि का उत्पान भर्यावस्यक हीर पनिवार्य है। यदि उनके यहां सूला पड़ता है,

बाढ़ भाती है, उत्पादन नहीं ह़ंा पाता है तो उसका श्रसर देश की इण्डस्ट्रीज़ पर भी पड़तां है, उन के यहां भी रिमेशान ग्रांषा है। हस लिये इस देशा का जो प्राथिक मेरुद्ड है, वत्र कृषि है श्रोर जब तक हुम कृषि में उचित विकास नहीं करंगे हुमारे देश वी घाधिक स्थिति नहीं सुधर सकती।

कृषि के विकास में सब से बड़ी रुकाषट जो भाज तक रहो है वह किसानों की प्राfवक दिवकत-क्रेडिट फंसिलिटी रही है। इषर खेती में जो उन्नति हुई है वैज्ञानिक ठंग की लेती जब से शुरु हुई दे, उम ने कृषि के क्षेत्र में सचमुच क्रान्ति की है, लेकिन इस सं कृषि का कायं प्रोर भी उयादा खर्चीला हो गया है। ऐसी स्थिति में ग्रगर किमानों के लिये करा की समुचित ठ्यवस्था नहीं की जायेगी, तो फिर ये सारे स्वणन जो हम देख रहे है कि कृषि की दुनिया में मढ़ान क्रान्ति होने वाली है, वह स्वप्न की ही चीज रह जायेगी।

लेकिन मुभे दुख़ है, उपाष्यक्ष महोषय, कि जो भी कदम श्राज इस सरकार ने उठाया है, यद्याि वत्र ःस के लिये घन्यवाद की पात्र है, परन्तु वह टोस कदम नहीं है। यदि पाप घ्रांकड़ों को उटा कर दंखें, किसानों पर भाज जो कर्ज का बोभ है, छस बिन में उस बोभ मे निवृति दिलाने की कोई उयवस्था नहीं है। जो थोड़ा मा रुपषा-24-5.5 करोड़ रपये की उयवस्था हम में की गई है, वह़ सागर में चन्द बूंदों के बराबर है, छस से ममस्या का समाषान नहीं होगा। फिर भी में यहु मानता हूं कि एक सही रासे की पोर मरकार ने कदम उडाया है, लेकिन यह कदम ठोस नटी़ी है, मैं चाहेंगा पोर सरकार से प्राप्रह कर गा क्रि हम वर्वों से बड़े बढ़े छणहस्ट्रीपनिस्ट्स को बहुत कर्र देने रहे है, कम सूर्व पर कत्रं दिये है, विजली में भी जहां हम किसानों से 15 पीर 18 वंमे यूनिट चार्ज करने रहे है, बते̀ बते़ इण्डस्ट्रीयनिस्ट्म से चार या पाइ वैसे यूमिट नेने रे हैं. हर वरह की महुनियते हैम उन
[ तो मुद्विका सिह]
को देते रहे हैं, लेक्रिन कृषि की प्रोर हमारा घ्यान नहीं गया है। श्रब प्राज प्रगर हमारा घ्यान गया है तो सही मायनों में म्रोर एक योजनाबद तरीके से हमें कदम उठाना चाहिये जिससे कि हम किसानों को राहत पहुंचा सकें उथा उन्नत बीज ग्रोर वैज्ञानिक ढंग की बेती से क्रान्ति का जो स्वcन हम देख रहे हैं, वह पूरा हो सके। मैं मानता हैं कि छृषि की दुनिया में तेजी के साथ क्रानिन हों रही है, लेकिन उम को सफन बनाने के लिये इन 25 करोड़ रुपयों से काम नहीं चलेगा।

मैं हस बात के लिये भी सरकार की दाद देता हूं कि इस बिन में जो उयवस्था की गई है उस से तेमे fिएहड़े राज्य जढ़ां बोपापरेटिव के जरिये पूरा कजं किसतनों को नहीं भिल पाया, या यों कहें कि सहकागी संस्पायें वहां प्रसफन गही हैं-चाहे वह प्रसम हो, विहार हो या झ्रन्य राज्य हों-विशेष सुविधायें देने का ग्रायोंजन इस बिल में किया गया है, लेकिन में ऐमा मानता हैं कि जितने कज की मांग बहाँ के किमानों की है, उन की जहरत को मद्देनजर रखते हुत यह भार्यानन है। ग्रगर रुपये का घ्रभाव हे तो हणउट्ट्री बगेरह में कम करें, इस लियं कि कृषि में थोड़ी सी भी कमी होने से थोड़ी सी उपज कम होने में इण्डट्ट्रीज में भी fरसेशन होता है, हस निये हैमें कृषि को प्रधान१ा देकर उसको प्रागे बह़ाना चाहिये।

दूसरा नुभाव मै यह देना चाहता हूं कि इस में कजं दंने की जो पांच वषं की अ्यवस्था की गई है, इस से किसानों को समुनित लाभ नही होगा। भाज किसान बड़ी बड़ी जमीनों को रियलेम करना चाहता है, भगर वे फजं लेकर उन को उपजाक बनना चाहेंगे तो चारपांख वपं तो उन के उपजाऊ बनाने में लग जाघेगे, एँसी द्रिथित में बह टाप के करंज को कसे लौटा सकता है। इसलिये मेरी राय है कि यह एजं, जिसे मापने पांच बर्षं के लिये रला ह. क.म से कम 10 वषं के लिये हो, यदि 15

वर्ष के लिये कर दें तो प्रोर भी भ्रच्छी बाज होगी। इमी तरह् से लोन के सूद में भी थोड़ी कमी होनी चाहिये, यह् सूद कहीं मुगल सूद की तरह न बन जाय। जो भी एग्रीकलचरल उन्रेलपमेंट के लिये लोन लेता है, उस में जहां तक ह़ो कम से कम सूद रखा जाय । यदि सरकार इच्छुक तै कि उस को दिया हुग्रा लोन जल्द वापस म्रावे तों उस के नियंय श्राप कुछ इन्सेन्टिव दें जो तीन वर्ष में लोटाये उस से तीन परसेन्ट, जो पाँच वर्षं में लोटाये उस से पांच परसेन्ट प्रोर जो 10 वर्ष या उम से श्रधिक समय में लोटाये, उस से 6,7 या 8 परसेन्ट सूद ले, घ्रगर घ्याप इस तरद का इन्सेन्टिव किसानों को देंगे नो इस से रुपया जल्द्य वापस होाा ग्रोर किसानों को भी श्रधिक से श्रधिक काम करने का इन्मेन्टिव fिलेगा। किमान हस बान को ध्यान में रवेगा कि देर में रपया वापस करने से उम को ग्रधिक मूद देना पड़ंगा तथा जल्दी हुया वाभस करने से प्रागे प्रोर कर्ज लिया जा सकेगा।

इस के साथ साध मैं तक बात प्रोर कह कर प्रपनी बात वत्म करता हैं कि किसानों को कजं देने के लिये मार्गेज बैक में भी ठपवस्था है प्रोर इधर कमझायन बंक ने भी घुह की है। लेकिन हमारे माननीय मंगी जी को भी प्रनुभव होगा कि एक कज लेने के लिये किसान के बम से कम दो जोड़ा जूता दूट जाते हैं। इसके प्रलाबा हर टेविन पर भतुम्रा दान करना पह़ता हैं, देहात् में एक गुत्त दान होता है जिसे घंप्रेजी में बाहब कहते है । मै चाहैगा कि इस में कुछ ऐसी छ्यवस्पा करें, ऐसी पद्धनि बनावें, ऐसा प्रोसीजर हो कि बिना कोई परेशानी, दिककत, मुसीबत घोर भतुप्रा दान के जल्द से जल्द किसानों को समय पर कजु मिल जाये। इस की बोई क्यवस्षा करें।

छन्हीं घाद्यों के साथ में घपनो बात समाप्त करता हूं पोर इस बिल का समथंन करते है सरकार ने जो एक सही कदम सही रास्ते में

किसानों की मदद के लिये उठाया है उस की सराहना करना हूँ

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. C. PANT) : Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Now we adjourn for lunch. The hon. Minister will continue in the afiernoon.

1300 hrs
The L.ok Sabha adjourned for lunch till fourteen of the Clock

The Lok Sabha then re-assembled after lunch at seien minut's past Hourteen of the Clock
[Mr Deputy-Spepker in the Chair]

## STATE AGRICULTURAL CREDIT CORPORATIONS BILL-Comd.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The hon. Minister may continue.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE (Kanpur): Every day 3 or 4 minutes are lost because there is no quorum. The minister should take note of this.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : All parties are concerned with it : not only the Minister.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: I am always here.

SHRI K. C. PANT : Even those who are in no party have to contribute.

DR. MAITRAYEE BASU (Darjeeling): That is the reason why I am here.

[^5]reservations. But I feel that those reservations are based perhaps on some misapprehensions, which arise from an inadequate appreciation of the provisions of this Bill. Some of them arise from a misconception of the scope and functions of the proposed measure.

Before 1 come to the specific points that were raised, I should iike to say that I fully appreciate the general sentiment expressed in the House in regard to the need to divert more of resources to the agricultural sector and to see that the break-through in agriculture which we are all witnessing is speeded along. Government are certainly at one with those who hold this point of view. During the last so many years, we have been taking steps to see that this agricultural break-through does come about.

The food problem is one of our major problems and a solution of this food problem also depends on what we are able to achieve on the agricultural front. This means not merely diverting more capital to the farmer but creating an enthusiasm in him for greater production which means giving him the proper prices and so on and so forth.

In viewing these matters, one has to recognise that capital is certainly required for agriculture to a larger extent when modern agriculture is applied, because modern agriculture is based on more capi-tal-intensive means than traditional agriculture. Its benefits are also more but it requires greater capital. Therefore, I do appreciate all the sentiments which have been expressed.

घी कर्षं करनेष्हीज (बम्बई दfिए): उपाष्वल महोदय, प्राज जनसंष पोर स्वतंत पार्टी ने वाकर्राउट तो नहीं किया है।

SHRI K. C. PANT : But I did not appreciate what my hon. friend Shri George Fernanades meant when he said that what the farmer needed was not credit but seeds and fertilisers and irrigation and so on. A well-informed Member like him does, of course, know that it is credit which can buy these things, that scods and fertilisers are also a form of capitul and if the farmer is given credit he can buy them or he can be given seeds or fertilisers. 80,

## |Shri K. C. Panl|

1 think it was a more fluurish of rhetoric that he used, but it comer to the same thing whether the farmet is given seeds or fertilisers or credit. Therefore, we are all at one in this broad approach to the problem.

## भी जाषं फरनेन्डीज सीड बैंक होना

 काहिए प्रोर फॉटलाइजमं की भी ठयवस्था होनी चाहिए।SHRI K C. PANT: These fundamentally important ideas which come in the nature of asides are not very fair to Goveinment ; we should have the benefit of some nature consideration of these very important ideas.

The second point had emerged in the debate was that Members had generally accepted that co-operatives had been playing a role, most of them said useful role. in the field of giving credit to the farmer. The need for co-operatives in this country does not need to be emphasised. We are all fully aware of the size of our holdings, and the average size of the majority of holdings is small and the kind of capital that is required to improve agriculture and to modernise it is not easily available to the very small farmer.

Therefore, co-operatives have been set up and credit co-operatives have been set up, and an attempt has been made to promote co-operatives in all sectors of farming, marketing and credit and so on. In spite of this, sometimes there is some criticism, although I do not think that the criticism is in regard to this basic concept of co-operatives and the important place of co-operatives in our scheme of agriculture. But some hon. friends like my hon. friend Shri R. K. Amin had raised an objection on the ground that if we adopted measures like this it would lend some strength 10 the Government or to the Congress Party. In a matter like this which involves the well-being of our farmers and the wellbeing of the nation ultimately I think we should leave politics out of it, and this a matter of providing the required credit to the farmer. Cu-operatives are the best Instruments for this, and in any case. I would advise my hon. friend Shrl R.K.

Amin to go and work in the fieid of cooperatives. If he feels that this gives influence to a party, them my answer would be that if he wants that influence he should also go and work in the co-opcrative field: he should not grudge those who hove done some work in the co-operative field and say that they will gain influence in this manner.

Over the years, the co-operative movement has grown in this country. An impression was sought to be created by some hon. Members as though nothing had been done in the years past to divert more of resources to the agricultural sector or as though Government were not interested in this particular aspect. There has been a substantial growth in the co-operative credit organisations during the last three Plans. I have some figures here. The total volume of short-term and medium term loans advanced by the primary agricultural credit societies in 1950-51 was of the order of Rs. 22.9 crores. It is, estimated to have gone up in $1966-67$ to Rs. 365.46 crores. Similarly, the membership of cooperative societies which wats 4.4 million in 1950-51 has gone up to $\mathbf{2 7 . 2}$ million in 1966 1967. That is the estimate.

## SHRI BIBHUTI MISHRA (Motihari):

 Let him give State-wise figures.SHRI K. C. PANT : I do not have all the State-wise figures here. But I hope that this broad figure will include the figures of Bihar, and 1 am quite certain that so long as my hon. friend Shri Bibhuti Mishra is there no one dare overlook Bihar in the matter of credit to the farmers.

The point that 1 was trying to make was that substantial increase had been possible through various measures taken during the last three Plans. When one looks at the total picture, one should not concentrate merely opon what is provided in this measure, the scope of which is very limited, but one should look at the entire picture. I shall not woary the House with more details; altough I have all the figures here in regard to what the Reserve Bank has advanced, what has been advanced by the other banks, what has been advanced by
co-operative land development banks and so on, if think it is not necessary for me to give all there figures.

The point that needs to be answered first and foremost is why this particular Bill is confined to some States and why there is not a Central corporation for the whole country. This is one point that has been made out by various Members. I had explained or tried to explain in my opening remarks that the genesis of this Bill is that it has heen found. and hon. Member in this House also gave made that statement quite often, that in certain States the cooperative sector is not as strong as in ohers, thit weaknesses have developed that the develonment of co-operative has been uneven in the country, that some States have done more than others and so on: and, therefore, they had raised the issue, 'How are you going to help those States or the farmers in those States or pockets of those States where the co-operative movement has not developed to the same extent with the result that they are left behind and do not get therefore the credit requirements?' This is the whole gensis of this Bill and this Bill seeks to provide for whit ought to be done to remove these wabnesses or those lacunae, and to see that the farmers in the whole country do get their credit requirements.

Therefore, what the Government did was to set up an informal group of distinguished co-operators to look into this question and to suggest what should be done about it. I would like to give to the Hou se the names of the members of this informal group

Because they are all very eminent co-operators Late Shri Vaikuntlal Mehta, late Shri D. S. Karve, Prof Gadgil, Shri R. G. Saraiya and Shri Venkatappiah were the members of the informal Group. The House does know these gentlemen and does know their background and reputation in the co-operative field. This Group studied the problem and went into the whole question of devolopment of cooperative credit agencie; in the whole country. They came to the conclusion that the performance of some of the States like Gujarat, Maharashtra and Madras was quite impressive. while that of other States like Assam, West Bengal, Bihar, Orissa and Rajasthan were not satisfactory. This
is the conclusion to which this Group came, it is not the Government which independently went into this question. The Government took the help of this informal Group composed of eminent cooperators who weut into the matter.

It is according to this Groups' recommendation that the Government has decidcd to set up these Corporations in those States where the cooperative movement is weak, in fact, in those pockets of States where it is weak. It is not us though they would cover the whole State; it would cover only those pockets where it is weak. If it is weak in the whole State, naturally. then, it will cover the whole State.

SHRI RANDHIR SINGH (Rohtak): Sir, on a point of order. When the Report was given by these eminent persons, Haryana was not born.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: Haryana was part of the Punjab.

SHRI K. C. PANT : I am sorry, Sir, that this question is addressed to you as a point of order and so will not comment on that. But I would like to point out to my hon. friend that whether he today likes to accept it or not they were a part of the Punjab and being part of the Punjab, if Haryana had been weak in this particular field a Corparation whold have been set un to look after that also. Can you believe that this movement would have been weak in an aren from where Mr. Randhir Singh comes ?

SHRI RANDHIR SINGH : Physically it is all right, but financially it is not.

SHRIK. C PANT: I thought you were going to say something else. So, I want to make it clear that these Corporations are not going to be permanent corporations. They are iransitional and they have been set up not to supplant cooperative movement in these areas but to enable the transitional perio.l to be covered while the cooperative movement there grows and becomes healthy. healthy enouth to displace these corporations. They will be glad to get out when the cooperative movement has developed to that exient.

Now, the approach behiad this recom.

## [Shrl K. C. Pant]

mendation of the informal Group was that in those States which had the potential to develop the cooperative movement of their own, it would not be necessary to set up organisations of this kind because there the cooperatives would attain their full stature even without this arrangement. Inspite of that we have left the doors open even for those State Governments and if some States feel that a Corporation has to be set up in parts of the Stare, it is our intention that this should he examined fully and the Central Government would have the opportunity of satisfying itself that the cooperative agensies are not heing unnecessarily repleased. That is what we are interested in. We dot's want to see them unnecessarily replaced, because, ultimately, it is the cooperatives whjch are ideally suited as institutional agencies for disbursement of credit in the rural sector.

Now, the other connected question was; why not have a central cooperative or a corporation.

Now, there are maily two reasons why this idea a Centra: Corporation was noi considered to be the appropriate answer to this problem. Firstly, in the field of agricultural credit we have to have effective support from the administrative machinery of the State (iovernments and other local agencies. A Central Corporation covering all the States would not have the grassroots which are essential for the success of a Corporation. Secondly, as I explained the other day, this is not intended to be a permanent body. This body would withdraw gradually as co-operatives came into their own. At what stage and in what manner these Corporations will be withdrawn and the co-operatives will come up will again depend upen the developments in each State. It will vary from State to State. So, a Central Corporation would not really be the answer. Therefore, what we have sought to aim at is a compromise between a wholly Centrally-owned and a wholly State owned corporation.

In this context, my hon. friend, Shri Patil made a suggestion that five years is to long a period for a review to be carried out of the functioning of these corporations and that these reviews should be more frequent. I see substance in this sugges-
tion and I am going to accept that suggestion.

Another point frequently referred to by hon. Members was about the authorised capital of the corporation. There is a spate of amendments on this point and a number of hon. Members during the course of their speeches have sugzested that the authorised capital should be raised 10 something like Rs. 50 crores or 25 crores. Different figures were mentioned by different hon. Members. I must make it clear that all these fears have arisen from a misapprehension that the share capital is the only source of funds for the Corporation. This is obviously not so. I would invite reference to clause 22 of the Bill, where it has been provided that the agregate of the amounts borrowed and deposits accepted by the Corporation may go up to ten times the amount of the paid-up capital and reserves. This can be increased to 15 times with the approval of the Central Government. Therefore, if we have a share capital of Rs. 1 crores, the maximum funds which the Corporation can command with the help of that share capital will be Rs. 15 crores

Shri George Fernandes referred to the Finan cial Memorandum and the figure of Rs. 7 crores mentioned therein and tried to make out a, if this was all the amount available to the Corporation. I think he knows that the Financial Memorandum refers only to the amount which is likely to be drawn from the Consolidated Fund of India.

धी जाञं फरनेन्ड़ज : मिने नो मिफं नुनासा किया या कि सर्कार मिफं 7 करोप्र रुया लगायेगी प्रोर किसानों को कुन fिला कर 25 कोड़़ मिलेगा ।

धी हृष्ग्र घन्व पन्त : वह खुलासा मैंने मुना नहीं था ।

क्षो जार्ज फरनेन्डीज : मैने सिर्फ 7 करोड़ का हिसाब लगाया था, 25 कगेड़ का नहीं बतलाया था ।

भी क्ण्रा बत्ब वस्त : बहु सिफं 25

करोड़ नहीं है, मैने बतलाया था कि उससे बहुत जपादा है। 10.15 टाइम्स ले सकता है ।

Anyhow, this is possibly a misunderstanding or misconstruction. I shall leave it at that

The point on which I really want to satisfy the House is that this figure of Rs. 1 crore or 5 crores is not something arbitrary, picked out of a nat. There is a certain basis for this figure. I will mention a few instances to show that in the foreseeable future the range of atuthonised capital between Rs. 1 crore and 5 crores, mentioned in the Bitl, would be adequate. First 1 will take the ease of Assam, where we are displacing all the nine Central cooperatives banks. The Working Group on Co-operation for the Fourth Plan has estimated that the short an l medium term advances at the primary level in Assam may reach Rs. 85 crore; by 1973-74

Since the maximum horrowing power of the Corporation would be ten times the paid up capital, it would be adequate if the paid-up capital and share capilal were only Re. 85 lakhs. The athorised capital would, therefore, he Rs. 1 crores in this case because the minimum is Rs. 1 crores. So, the minimum authorised capit.ii would be sufficient for the State of Assam.

I shall briefly refer to some of the ether States. In the base of Bohar the estimate by the Working Group for the whole State is Ks. 24.7 crores. The estimate for 23 central banks. whi.h miy be covered by the Corporation, is roughly 66 per cent of the total advances and his been placed at about Rs. 16.3 crores 'n 1973.74. In order to attain this business the Corporation will require a paid-up capital of Rs. 1.63 crores or, say, Rs. 2 crores.

SHRI BIBHUTI MISHRA: Will the amount just now mentioned by the hon. Minister suffice for 5 crores of people in Bihar ?

SHRI K. C. PANT: As I mentioned, the Working Group on Co-uperation has gone into this and these are the figures that have come from there. I will never quarrel with Mishraji. He can quarrel with the Working Group from where this Ggure has come.

In the State of Orissa it will be necessary only to issue capital up to Rs. 50 lakks initially, out of the minimum authorised share capital of Rs. 1 crores, in order to meet the needs. I would not go into the whole thing. But Rs. 50 lakhs alone would do in Orissa, not even Rs. I crores.

In the case of Rajasthan the required paid-up capital works out to Rs. 9250 lakhs. There also we do not reach the minimum authorised capital of Rs. 1 crores. In the citse of West Bengal an initial issue of Rs. 50 lakhs out of the minimum alutho. rised capital of Rs. I crores miv be sufficient. In the case of Manipur and Tripura the target is Rs. 50 lakhs in each case Initially the issuc of capital of not more than Rs. 5 lakhs would appear to be necesary. I hope, therefore, that the House will be satisfied about the rationale of this authorised capital which has been incorporated in the Bill.

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: Not satistied.

SHRI K. C. PANT : I cannot satisfy Shri Fernandes fully and we will lose a revolutionary if he were satisfied. Better to keep him a little dis-satisfied and get the maximum national advantage from it

The other point that was raised was why the maximum period of loan should be only five years and why it should not be extended to at least ten years it not more. 1 made it clear earlier also and I would repeat that this Corporation is meant to give short and medium-term loans and that medium-term loans are up to five years. So far as long-term loans are concerned, that is the function of the land morigare banks. The Corporation is not meant to replace the land morigage banks but only co-operative credit societies which give short and medium-term credit. Generally, mediumterm credit is given for a maximuin period of five years. Again, the informal group recommended that longerm central mortgage institutions should be left undisturbed while making this arrangement. That is why it is not our intentions in increase the period from five years to ten years as it might affact the working of the central land mortgage banks.

A nother point was raised by some hon. friends with regard to the small farmer.

## [Shri K. C. Pant]

They said that when we take security the small farmer does not get the credit. This is an important question and it is quite true that we have to watch the interests of the small farmer and the dry farmer as our country makes a break through in agriculture because the wet farmer is today in a position to earn a certain income and he is a little better off but the dry farmer and the small farmer certainly has not yet the means to improve his agriculture rapidly. Therefore his interest has got to be watched.

I would only say that even now we are experimenting with the crop Inan system under which security is not always insisted upon. Some of the States have adopted this system where the loans are advanced not against existing security but against the potential value of crops. This is what my hon. friends referred to. I would like to assure the House that the crop loan system would be the basic cornerstone of the funclioning of the Corporation. The Corporation will try to set an example as to how the crop loan system could be made a success so that the co-operatives of those States which have not yet followed wholeheariedly the crop loan system would have an example to emulate.

My hon. friend, Shri Randhir Singh, referred to the bureacratic nature of the administration which has been proposed for these Corporations. I would like to assure him that we are not ruling out public participation in the board of directors. We have not specified whether the Chairman or other members of the board of directors to be appointed by appropriate Government will be official or non-official. I think, he made the point that the Chairman will be an official but that is not necessary so. In fact, if we have an efficient, an eminent non-official we would, certainly, be glad to have him as the Chairmin or even as a member of the board of directors of the Corporation.

SHRI RANDHIR SINGH : The Chair man is coming from the Central Government.

SHRI K. C PANT : I would suggest that he has a look at the precise wording and not be carried away by general impression.

The Board will also have some committees. Some hon. Members said that committees were necessary. The Board will have some committees in which also they may associate non-officials.

Some reference was made to the repayment terms and so on and so forth. The diffizulties of the farmers are well-known. I would like to tell my hon friend. Shri Randhir Singh, a story. He made this point and he was very excited about it. I recently went to Japin. There, I went into rural area and I visited a farm. All of us know that the Japanese have made great strides in this field. So, I was very keen and interested to find out what was happening. I was impressed by the prosperity I saw in the rural area. But I was surprised that the farmer did not have any tubewell. I asked him, "Don't you need some regular source of supply of irrigation ?" He said, "Yes; I need it." Then, I asked him, "Why don't you have a tubewell ?" He sald, "I do not have the fund..." So, I said. "Why don't you go to the cooperatives - I had been to the cooperatives earlierand get the fund? The cooperatives will give you the fund." He said, "I am not too sure whether the crop every year will be such as to enable me to easily repay the loan that I take from the cooperatives. Better I do not take a loan than risk not repaying it in time." This is the kind of attitude which he has.

SHRI S M. BANERJEE: is not that policy better than that of Government of India.

SHRI K. C. PANT : You are free to go to Japan. We shall give you visa and foreign exchange.

SHRI RANDHIR SINGH: Our farmers will not lag behind in repayment. They are very nice people.

SHRI K. C. PANT: I am glad my hon. friend, Shri Randhir Singh, has already caught the spitit of the Japanese farmer. It is that spirit which we have to inculcate. Unless he repays loan that he takes, how is the credit to go to the farmer who does not still get the credit? We have ta watch his interests. Therefore, I think,
this House owes it to the country to gic a lead in this direction and to always say that the loans that are taken should be repaid in time so that those who are not yet fortunate enough to get loans in the agricultural sector should be enabled to get these loans. That is the only way we can get the crop loan system and other things to work. So, rather than emphasize always the difficulties of farmers in repayment of loans, the House, I think, should give a lead to the country if you take the loan, you re-pay it in time so that you can make use of it and others also can make use of it. It is the people's money and the best use should be made of it.

Then, there are some amendments to refer the Bill for circulation and to the Select Committee. As I said, it is essentially a non-controversial measure and we do not want to delay it unnecessarily. So, I hope, these amendments will not be pressed. I do not think they are necessary.

SHRI BIBHUTI MISHRA: At the Centre there is no agricultural Credit Corporation. When Agricultural Credit Corporations are being established at various States, there must be one at the Central level also. so that there is some co-ordination. (Interruptions)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I have already explained.

There is an amendment moved by Shri Lakkappa for circulation. I shall now put that to the vote of the House. The question is:
"That the Bill be circulated is purpose of electing opinion thereon by the 31st January, 1969."

The motion was negatived.
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : There is another amendment, again by Shri Lakkapp., for reference to a Select Committee. I shall now put that to the vote of the House. The question is :
"That the Bill to provide for the establishment in the States and Union territorie; of Agricultural Credit Corporations and for matlers connected therewith or incidental thereto, be referred to a Select Committee consisting of 11 members, namely :-
(1) Shri P. C. Adichan
(2) Shri K Anirudhan
(3) Shri Maharaj Shing Bharti
(4) Shri Morarji Desai
(5) Shri R. Muthu Gounder
(6) Shri H. Ajmal Khan
(7) Shri N. R. Laskar
(8) Shri G. P Mang.lathumadam
(9) Shri N. Sreekantan Nair
(10) Shri S. C. Sam.anta : and
(11) Shri P. Viswambharan
with instructions to report by the first day of the next session."

The mution was negativ d
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The que:tion is :
"That the Bill to provide for the evtablishment in the States and Union territories of Agricultural Credit Corporations and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto, be taken into consideration."

The motion was ad,spted
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : There are a number of amendments. We have already exceeded the time limit, and the Business Advisory Committee has become more strict about it. There is nothing much controversial in this. We have had a reasonable opportunity to debate. I would, therefore, suggest that all the amendments be put together..

SHRI LOBO PRABHU (Udipi): If any amendment is repetitive of what has alre dy been said in this House, then you are perfectly justified in putting it to the vote; otherwise, to deny the members who have studied the Bill the opportunity to place their points of view to improve the Bill, is not correct. I am making one point. Mr. K C. Pant reforred to Mr. Patil as having suggested an amendment that the period may be reduced from five to three years or less. If he has studied the amendments, he would have found that I have given a specifi: amendment which deserve, his attention as much as what was mentioned by Mr. Patil.

SHRI K. C. PANI : That was during the course of the speach... (Interruptlans).

SHRI LOBO PRABHU : I have made it before. That is on record. There may also be other amendments which might have been overlooked by him. Therefore, Sir, if there is any one who is repetitive, then by all means you may exercise your right.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Another factor which is more important is this. There are 150 amendments...

SHRI LOBO PRABHIJ: That shows how bad the Bill is.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : No : that is not correct. Sometimes amendments are just moved for other reasons also. 1 am not prepared to accept this.

SHRI LOBO PRABHU : There is no question of your not being prepared...... (lnterruptions)

MR IDEPUTY-SPEAKER: 1 am not passing that. Let us have a specitic timelimit. If everybody insists on speaking even for a minute, then imagine what will happen? There are 150 amendments...... (Interruptions). I remember, what happened last time.

Now, we take up Clause 2.
Is Mr. Narayana Rao moving his aniendments ?

## Clause 2 -(Ucfinitiuns)

SIIRIK. NARAYANA RAO (Bobbili): Yes.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. Narayana $R a t o$ is moving.

Mr. Tyagi's amendments are the same and, therefore, they need not be moved.

SHRJ K. NARAYANA RAO: 1 beg to move :
Page 2, line 7.--
after "includes" insert "horticulture," (86)
Page 2, line 24, -
omit "in relation to the Corporation." (87)

Page 2, line 29, -
omit "in relation to a State or Union territory," (88)
Page 2, line 31,--
omit "in that State or Union territory. as the case may be" (89)
Page 2, 一
omit line 32. (90)
Page 3,-
omt lines 1 and 2. (91)
Page 3, line 8, -
omit "respectively" (92)
I would like to explain briefly ..
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Not now, please. At the final stage you can make your plea.

Has the hon. Minister anything to say ?

SHRI K. C. PANT: I would say that I shall accept amendment No. 87.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Then, I shall put that separately. I shall now put amendment 87, which is being accepted by the Government, to the vote of the House. The question is :

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Page 2, line 24,-
    omi\prime" "in relation to the Corporation,"
        (87)
            The motion was adopted.
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MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I shall now put the other amendments moved by Shri Narayana Rao to the vote of the House.

SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO : There are a couple of things which I want to explain

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: No; that is not possible when I am putting them to the vote of the House. I now put all these amendments to the vote of the House.

## Amendments Nos 86 and 38 to 92 were <br> put and negatived

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER: The question is :

> "That Clause 2, as amended, stand part of the Bill."
> The motion was ndopted
> Clause 2, as amended, was added to the Hill
> Clause 3 - Evtablishment of State Agricultural
> Credit Corporations?

MR. DFPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. Viswambharan.. Yes, he is moving his amendment. Mr. R. K. Amin is absent. The amendments of Mr. Fernandes and Mr. Sreedharan are the same as Mr. Viswambharan's; so, they need not be moved. Mr. Narayana Rao

SHRI K NARAYANA RAO: Yes. I am moving.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. Narayana $R$ ao is moving his amendments.

Mr. Shinkie's amendment is the same as Mr. Viswambharan's : Mr. Lakkappa's is also the same ; therefore, they need not be moved.

Mr. Viswa Nath Panday... He is moving.

Mr. Loho Prabhu He is also moving.
Mr. Abdul Ghani Dar He is also moving.

The amendments of Shri Mahant Digvijai Nath and Shri Nitiraj Singh Chaudhary ate the same as amendment No. 2 and, therefore, they need not be moved.

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN: I beg to move :
Page 3,-
omit lines 17 to 22. (2)
SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO: I beg to move :

Page 3. line 14, -
omit "in any State or Union territory" (93)

Page 3, line 15 and 16 ,-
omlt "under such name as may be specific in the notification" (94)
Page 3, line 18,

> after "of" insert -
"Andhra Pradesh." (95)

SHRI VISHWA NATH PANDEY (Salempur): I beg to move :
Page 3, line 19, -

> afier "Rajasthan" insert-
> "Uttar Pradesh." (120)

SHRI LOBO PRABHU: I beg to move :
Page 3, line 22, -
for "after consultation with the Reserve Bank."
substitute-"with the approval of Parliament." (121)

SHRI ABDUL GHANI DAR (Gurgaon): I beg to move :

## Page 3, -

for lines 13 to 22 , substitute-
"3. (1) Every State or Union territory shall by notification in the Official Gazette establish in every State or Union territory on agricultural Credit Corporation under such name as may be prescribed in the notification." (151)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Would you like to accept any of the amendments ?

SHRI K. C. PANT : No.
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I will give ono minute each.

SHRI LOBO PRABHU: It is not a question of charity from you.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER . It is a question of time also ..

SHRI LOBO PRABHU : We have to examine the Bill carefully. There is no question of any mercy or charity from you. Otherwise we may as well wind up the whole thing. If any Member Is repetitive or irrelevant you may certainly say so. But to say that you are giving only one minute, without considering what is to be said or what is going to be said is undernocratic, unworthy of this House.

MR. DEPUTY-8PEAKER : I am not prepared to accept the proposition you have placed. The time which was alloted
[Mr. Deputy-Speaker]
w.is one hoer and thirly minutes, which was given for the general debate. At that stage time was extended beyond three hours. Some reasonable opportunity was given, including amendments, and the point contained in the amendments, to be placed before the House. It is not proper to say like that 1 am not just exercising my right-though I can. Every reasonable opportunity has been given to every Mcmber. If every Member tries to make a new point at the same tim?, it is not possible to accommodate. Mr. Viswambharan.

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN: Sir, my amendment No. 2 seeks to delete the proviso in Clause 3, so that the Corporation will be established in all the States. The Minister said, in some of the States cooperative credit system has progressed. But it has not progressed to the extent that It meets the requirements in full.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: it is a matter of opinion.

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN I I have moved my amendment so that this corporation could be establlshed in all the States.

धौ Шाजां फरनेग्डीज (बम्बई दक्षिरा) : उपाष्यक्ष महोदय, में इस विषेयक में देख रहा हैं कि केन्द्रीय सरकार सब भरिकार प्रपने हाथ में लेने का प्रयास कर रही है। प्रगर कोई सूबा श्रपने पहां एपीकत्जरल क्रोंडिट कार्पोरेषान का निर्माया करना चाहाता है, तो केन्द्रीय सरकार का उस पर रोक लगाने का प्रधिकार नहीं होना काहिए । पर हस बात का घ्यान रबना चाहिए कि वह जमाना सरम हो गया है, उब यह् स्थिति थी कि दिल्ली बोले पोर सभी सूने उसको सुनॅं । मब तो हर एक सूवे में पपनी-पपनी विषारधारा रबने वाले दलों की सरकारें हैं। इसलिए पब केन्द्रीय सरकार को यहु पषिकार नहीं होना घाहिए कि प्रार कोई सूपा किसानों के बारे में कुछ लेखिस्सेट करना

चाहना है, नों चत्र उस पर किसी प्रकार का गंक लगये ।

इसलिए मैंने यह संशोधन रख़ा है कि कलाज 3 में लाइन 17 से लाइन 22 को डिलीट कर दिया जाये ।

SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO: Sir, amendment No . 93 is of a drafting nature I say 'Omit in any State or Union Territorry. The reference to any State or Union territory should be omitted because it is redundant. It is not called for. It is not necessary for the purpose of establishment of State Agricultural Credit Corporations. At the present moment what you are required to do is, you have to mention the names of the State at the tailend. It has been provided that the Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, establish an agricultural credit corporation Therefore, the words 'under such name as mıy be specified in the notification' and 'In the State or Union territory' are unnecessary. It is redundant. So, this particular reference should be deleted.

In amendment No. 95, 1 plead for inclusion of Andhra Pradesh. This is a symbolic gesture, not that 1 plead for Andhra. This is a symbolic gesture. There are two things which others must bear in mind.

The hon. Minister was kind enough to say that in all areas where the co-operative movement is faring this institution will also come into the picture. I would like to know whether it will be prudent enough to bring this particular institution in areas where the co-operative institutions are faring well. I will briefly refer to how the co-operative institutions are faring in terms of the state of utilisation of co-operative loans. This is from a publication of the Planning Commission. I will only deal with the diversions. Of the 946 shortterm borrowers, 40 per cent admitted having diverted loans from the avowed purposes. In medium-term loans, diversion was 47 per cent in 1960-61. The proportion of those who diverted medium-term loans wholly was around 25 per cent during each of the years 1959.60, 1760.61 and 1961-62.

The practice of diversion was considerably less extensive among the short-term borrowers ond somewhat less for mediumterm borrowers in category A which includes Andhra Pradesh, Madras, than in the other two categories of States. In UP, Rajasthan. Kerala and Orissa, the diversion of both ST and MT loans and in Andhra and Punjab, the diversion of MT loans was significantly high.

The hon. Minister correctly pointed out that the object is only to make available short-term loans Since you have promised to give me an opportunity at the thirdreading stage..

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER: That is withdrawn now.

SHRIK NARAYANA RAO: What I want to say is that now the co-operative machinery is available. So far as the present Bill is concerned, it is skeletal in its pattern. Many details are yet to be worked out. In particular contexts, we have to consider how to give these loans. Are you going th give loans direct to the tarmers? How are the loans to be processed? Are they to be processed through the primary ciedit agencies or State co-operatise banks or a combination of these ?

These are matters in regard to which Government have yet to work out a lot of details, The hon. Minister has said that this institution is not going to supplant but supplement the co-operative system. If this institution is to work side by side with the co-operative institutions, there are a lot of details about administrative machinery and other aspects which have to be worked out. I would request the hon. Minister to see that the object of this is 10 give loans direct to farmers. Though there are many other loans contemplated under the co-operative system, he should see that the money earmarked for loans to farmers under various items reach the primary farmers.

धी विक्ष्नाष पोडेय (सलेमपुर) : शीमान्जी, मेरा संशोधन बहुत ही सरल है घोर वह यह कि घारा 3 के घन्दर जहां पर वेस्ट बंगाल लिखा हुग्रा है उसके बाद उतर प्रदेश

उत्र प्रदेश भी जोड़ दिया जाय। इसका सिफ यह काराए है कि उत्तर प्रदेश एक बहुत ही विशाल प्रदेशा है पौर सारे भाग्तवरं में 29 जिले हैं जो बड़े ही निर्धन हैं जिसमें से 10 जिले उत्तर प्रदेश में हैं। उसमें भी सात जिले बहुत ही निर्धन है बलिया, देवरिया, गोरखपुर, गाजीपुर, जोनपुर, माजमगढ़ श्रोर बस्ती। जब यह विधेयक उस प्रान्त में लागू कर दिया जायगा तो कृषकों को पन्पिग सैट लने में, ट्यूबवैल लगाने में, बिजली लेने में घोर छृषि के जितने साधन हैं उनके लिए कज छत्यादि लेने में सुविधा हो जायगी। उसे रुपये भासानी से मिल जायंगे जिस से वद्ध श्रपनी कृषि की उन्नति कर सकेगा। घ्रगर इसको ₹समें नहीं लाया जाता तो हमारे प्रदेशा का जो पिह्टा हुप्रा घ्रंचल है घोर भी पिद्धड़ता चला जायगा। इसलिए मन्थ्यो मह्रेदय छसमें उत्तर प्रदेश ₹्टेट भी जोड़ दें यह्र मेरा निवेबन है।

SHRI LOBO PRABHU : May I make one request that you allow me to saly as much as $I$ can on the first amendment and after that I submit to your orders that I will take not more than a minute on the others?

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Not even a minute, becatuse I have to finish.

SHRI LOBO PRABHU: This Bill is not, as the Minister said, a noncontroversial Bill It is a most dangerous Bill. My friends here in their enthusiasm for credit to cultivators have not realised that with this Bill you are signifying the funeral of co-operation. I am guing to explain this to you and I do hope you will have the patience to hear me.

Let us see the picture of rural credit in this country. The total debt of this country in 1962, which is the latest year for which statistics are available, was estimated at Rs. 2,780 crores. Out of this the share of the Government was 5.4 per cent and the share of co-operatives was 9.5 per cent. The rest was credit from money-lenders barring about 10 per cent from relations. As far as co-operative credil is concerned,

## [Shri Lobo Prabhu]

we have the testimony of the Reserve Bank that barring 3 per cent, all the loans went to the upper class of cultivators. So, let us get this firmly implanted that cooperation has not so far served the needs of the small cultivators but only of the aristocracy among the cultivators.

Secondly, a major part of the monev which is loaned to the co-operative societies is alwiys unrecovered, it is over due, and about 10 per cent of the total number of societies are constantly being liquidated. So, all said and done, co-operation has not proved a success.

That does not mean that we should give up co-operation, that we should kill co-operation by supplanting it. It is for the first time that the Minister mentioned here that where the Co-operation comes in, the co-operatives are supplanted or replaced. Let us note this because if cooperative societies are replaced, you are beginning a process which will be the end of this movement. Already in the Fourth Plan it is proposed io reduce the total number of co-operative societies from 204 lakhs to 130 l likhs. Are we then going to sign the death warrant of the co-operative societies which have so far served a purpose? And this is a point the Minister has to answer. Who is going to be accountable to recover the dues from the co-operative societies when the corporation kills them ? As far as Government loans are concerned, we are aware that the taccavi loans are outstanding $t 0$ the extent of 80 per cent. It is a major problem in all the States that loans cannot be recovered once they are given, and thev are not given to the common man They are again given to the aristocracy among the cultivators. Are we going to add to those loans through the corporation? That is the first question.

The second question is this. You have already a large number of these Corporations. I am referring to the Agricultural Refinance Corporation which has already advanced about Rs. 50 crores. Why should it be necessary to have another series of Corporations? Do you want these small Corporations only to provide jobs to Government servants and political refugees? That is the question. The Agiicultural Refioance Corporation which has
an identical law as this Corporation could be easily extended to cover it. Only yesterday, the Finance Minister reforred to the Agricultural Finance Corporation which is going to be set up by Scheduled Banks. So, my first plea is that you should not multiply these corporations particularly in the context of their effect on co-operative societies. But the bigeer question still remains. What are you going to do for the credit of the poorer farmer who is now depending to the extent of $63 \%$ on a money-lender who charges a rate of interest which is accepled by the Government to be as high as $37.5 \%$ ? We have to make an organic valuation why credit is so difficult, why the credit organizations have so far failed. First and foremost I would like to say that credtt has filed because the cultivator, the small cultivator has no security to offer. Instead of bringing forward this Bill, why does not the Government think of giving some security to the small cultivator? Why does not the Government think of making his tenancy a security for his loan, at least for the co-operative loan? If he knows that his tenancy would be lost, a culivator would not borrow money so lightly and would re-p.y it more readily. This is a vital point which many of the Committees even with great leaders have ignored. They should increase the security of the common min by making his land alienable ; mahing him a kind of underproprietor.

## 1500 hrs

Secondly we have to think of an organic change to make the money-lender a part of the system of the Government and not to treat him as an outsider and an opponent. You have not succeeded so far in replacing the money-lender. One reason why he charges a high rate of interest is lack of security. It will be probably met when you make the tenancy a security. Another reason why he charges a high rate of interest is that money is not available. Why does not the Government thirk of a corporation for money-lenders so that they have money to lend to others and which can be made subject to a ceiling rate of
interest. Now 1 am coming to my ainendment. (Interruptions).

SHRI RANDHIR SINGH (Rohtak) : What is this money-lenders' corporation?

SHRI LOBO PRABHU: 1 am quite willing to explain it to my hon. friend, if the Deputy-Speaker grants me the time. (Interruption.) M) particular amendment is that before you extend this Act to other States, you should consult Parliament and not the Reserve Bank of India which is nothing more than an alter ego, an image of the Government and His Master's Voice of the Government. This is an issue which must come before the Parliament. Parliament must decide whether it should be extended to one Slate or all States. I do hope that the Government will agree that instead of consulting the Reserve Bank they take the approval of the Parliament which is so easy for them with their majority.

## SHRI K. LAKKAPPA rose -

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Unfortunately, the hon. Member was absent. I will give him sume time 10 speak now.

की घंदुलगनी दार (गुड़गांब) : जनाव डिप्टी स्पीकर साह्ब, मैं गवनंमेंट की तबज्जह छम तनफ दिलाना चाहृता हूं कि जो कार्पोरेशन हम बनाने जा रहे है, डनको यद् रूयाल कर लेना चाहिये कि पह्नले ही बैंकिग में किस कद्र बददयानती, बेईमानी, एम्बैजलमैट हुग्रा है, वह प्रापके सामने बारहा सीनियर मेम्बर्ज-लाये है। उन मामलों में दबादब गिरफ्नारियां भी हो रही है । घ्रब भ्रगर फाइनेन्स मिनिस्टर सात्व कह्ते है कि सब प््ध्छा है, तो जंसे कत्रिस्तान में खामोशी होती है, उसी तरह् से सब पष्बा है, तब बात टूसरी है।

हस लिये में श्राप से यही दरस्वास्त करना चाहता है कि घगर घ्राप वाकई किसान की मदद करना चाहते हैं तो घापको देखना होगा

कि किसान की मबद कंसे की जाय। चोधरी राएबीर सिंह मेरे बड़े पजीज हैं मोर कांग्रे स के भी जोरदार मेम्बर है -इनको पता है कि प्रगद टयून-बेल के लिये किसी को कर्जा लेना हो, तो पहले तो कर्जा लेने के लिये ही हजार मुसीबतें उठानी पड़ती हैं, कर्जा मिल जाने के बाद जब वह ट्यूब-बेल लगा लेता है तो फिर कनेष्शान लेने के लिये उसको हजारों दिककनें उठाने पउ़ती हैं, छः-छ: महीनों तक उसे कनेक्षान नहीं fमलता। इसलिये में कहता हैं कि वंजाब प्रोर हरियायाए सारे देश की खिदमन कर रहे हैं घ्रन्न ज्यादा से उ्यादा पिदा करके, ध्म कारपोरेशन का प्रगर कोई मकसद है तो मरकार को यह़ समभ लेना चाहिये कि इसके जरिये किसानों की वाकई मदद हो।

इस वक्त पूंकि बैंकिग पर बहस नहीं हो रही है, इसलिये में ेे तमाम बाते नहीं लाना चाहता है जिनका हम को इन बंकों से तलल तजुर्वा हुम्रा है। में वही प्रजं करना चाहता है। कि किसानों की मदद करने वक्त वह हाल जरूर कर लं कि द्उण्ड्ट्रीयलिस्ट्स को फायदा पहुंचाते वक्त हमने उन से क्या सूद लिया घोर इस वक्त किसानों से हम ₹या सूद लेने जा रहे हैं। उनसे कितनी जमानत ली थी भोर हनसे कितनी ले रहे हैं इन सब बानों को दे $े$ लना होगा। हमें यह मी देलना होगा कि हमारे किसानों का सरमायेदारों से किस तरह से क्षुटकारा हो सकता है, जो उनको 100 क० देकर उन से कहीं उ्यादा बसूल करते हैं। पत साहू भी इसको समभते हैं परोर किन्दे साहष भी समभते हैं-मे सिफं यही चाहता है हि हस कारवोरेश्रान से सही मायनों में उनको फायदा पहुंे ।

जनाष भावकी यहुत मेहरषानी है कि पागने भुभे हम मोके पर इलभी बाते घंत्रा करने की ह्ञाजत दी।







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थी जिकरे (अंजिम) : उवाऽयक्ष महोदय, में इस प्रोषिजो के बारे में श्रपनी भमेउमेंट को प्रेस करना चाहता है, क्योंकि में यह समभता है कि जो प्राविजो इस में रला गया है वहु इस बात को ह्यान में रल कर रला गया है कि जिन राज्यों को हू में रेफर नहीं किया गया है, बही वर कोषापरेटिब घूवमेंट सक्सेसकुल हो गई है। मेरे गोमा में मिने देला है कि कोपापर्रेटिब

सोसाइटीज की संस्या तों बहुत बढ़ गई है, लेकिन उनकी क्वालिटी खराब हो गई है । हसलिये मै चाहता हूं कि यह एग्रिकल्चरल क्षेडिट कारपोरेशान की गोभा में भी स्थापना हो जाय । गोग्रा में ऐसी कारपोरेशन की स्थापना होने से वहां के लोग श्रपनी फृषि बढ़ाने के लिये उससे लाम उठा सकते हैं। भाप जानते होगे कि घूनियन टेरिटरीज़ फंड्स उपलवघ करने के बारे में संपू खांन: केन्द्र सरकार पर ही श्रवलंखित रहने हैं, संघ प्रदेशा में कोई कर जारी करने का प्रशन घाता है तब भी वहां की सरकार को केन्द्र सरकार की सम्मति है ।

घाप जानते हैं कि गोमा में पुर्तगीज़ के जमाने में कृषि के लिये कोई विशेष सुविधायें या श्रावषयक लोन नहीं दिया जाता था। प्रब परिस्थिति ऐसी है कि साढ़ सात वर्ष स्वाधीनता के बीत जाने के वाद भी कोपापरेटिग बैंक वहां के कृषकों की प्रावएयकता को पूरा नहीं कर पा रहा है। उनके पास पंसा कम है, वे जितना पैसा देना षाह्ते हैं, उतना दे नहीं पा रहे हैं। इसलिये ऐसी कारपोरेशन की स्थापना के बाद कम से कम एक करोड़ हुपया वहां जा सकता था, उसमें से 57 लाख मंन्ट्रल गवर्नमेंट से प्राता। इसलिये मेरा संघोधन यही है कि जिन स्टेट्स को इस में रेफर नहीं किया गया है, उनको भी यह सुविषा मिले श्रोर वे भी प्रपनी ₹्टेट्स में कारपोरेशन स्थाषित कर सके।

इस में ऐसा प्राबीजन तो है कि वे स्टेट्स जिन को इसमें रेफर नहीं किया गया है, यदि ते भपने यहां कारपोरेकन स्यापित करना षाहें, तो उमको संन्द्रल गबनं मेंट से सम्मति लेनी होगी घोर वह सम्मति उनको रिजर्व बंक की कंसलटेष्षन से मिसेगी - यह प्रोसेस बहुत लम्बा है, इससे देर लगेगी। इससिये है चाहूगा किर वह प्रोषीजो यहां से मिकाल दिया जाय।

SHRI K. C. PANT : Sir, the ameadmeats of my bon. frionde, Shri Lakkappan

Shri George Fernandes, Shri Vishwa Nath Pandey, Shri Abdul Ghani Dar and Shri Shinkre, all deal with the fact of these corporations being limited to certain areas of the country. I have explained this in great detail : the working group has recommended these five States and two Union territories as the co-operative system is weaker there and has recommended that we should set up the corporations there. In the other States, we hope that the cooperative system will be strengthened by those States. If in spite of that they wish to form corporations we have provided for that. They have to ask and the Central Government and the Reserve Bank have to approve it.

Shri Fernandes asked why the Central Government and the Reserve Bank have both to approve it. The Reserve Bank and the Central Guvernment between themselves not only contribute 50 per cent of the capital but most of the working capital comes from the Reserve Bank, and even otherwise the Reserve Bank, is keeping an Interest in the question of co-operatives. Therefore, I think it is very appropriate that this approval should come from the Central Government and the Reserve Bank. Swimming contrary to this current is Shri Lobo Prabhu who wants that there should be the approval of Parliament rather than consultation with the Reserve Bank. He wants to put a bigger obstacle in the way. I personally think that he has to persuade the other Members. They are all swimming in one direction but he is swimming in the other. I do not take objection to his general analysis. In part, everybody will agree with his general analysis. But where he talks of a corporation of moneylenders, I think he is ploughing a lonely furrow. I do not think that he will be able to persuade even Shri Ranga to accept that idea. For, Shri Ranga has been a kisan leader and he knows the problem and I do not think that he can be persuaded to accept this idea.

SHRI LOBO PRABHU : I would like the hon. Minister to be fair to me? I suggested a corporation for moneylenders to make their capital available at reasonable rates of interest. They are themselves paying a high rate of inferest, and they are carrying on their operations according to
that scale. If they come into a corpordtion like this, their money will be available at a lesser rate of interest. We cannot eliminate these people. Therefore, let us have them in a corporation and have their money for the agricullurists, at more reasonable rates.

SHRI K. C. PANT : My hon. friend Shri K. Narayana Rao has given some amendments. I would like to explain to him firsily that it is necessary to mention the location and say where the location of the corporation will be: secondly, it is necessaty 10 give a name to that, because in the notification the name will have to appear. Therefore. I cannot accept his amendments.

SHRI LOBO PRABHU: Would be answer my question about the effect of this on the co-operative movernent?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I shall now put the amendments to the vote of the House.

Amendments Nos $2,93,94,95,120$
121, 151 were put and negutive 1.
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I shall now put clause 3 to vote.

The question is :
"That clause 3 stand part of the Bill."

The mot'on was adopte t.
Clusse 3 was add-d to the Bill
Clause 4 was added to the BIII
Clause 5 (Share capilill and ghare-holiters)
MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER: We shall now take up clause 5. Hon. Mormbers who have amendments to this clause and who wish to move them may do so now.

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN: I beg to move :

Page 5, line 3, -
after "Goverament" inserf -
"in consultation whth the epppropriate Government" (9)

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: I bet

[Shri George Fernandes]
to move :
Page 3, line 37,
(i) for "one crore" substitute"five crores"
(ii) Sor "five crores" substitute"fifty crores" (32)

Page 4, line 2,-
for "five crores" substitute "fifty crores" (33)

Page 4, line 4,-.
for "five crores" substitute "fffy crores" (34)

Page 4, lines 7 and 8,-
for "with the prior approval of the Central Government" substitute ..
"in consultation with the Central Government' (35)
Page 4, lines 26 and 27, -
for "and banking companies"
inscrı, "tarking companics and co-oprative societies" (37)

SHRI SHIVA CHANDRA JHA (Madhubani): I beg to move :

Page 3, line 37,-
for "five" substiiute "ten" (52)
SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO: I beg to move :

Page 5, lines 2 and 3.-
for "may be determined by the Central Government" subvitute-
"set forth in sub-section (3) of section 5" (97)
Page 4. line 38, -
after "it" $i_{\text {nicrt }}$
"by the date specified by the Central
Government under sub-section (4)" (172)

SHRI SHINKRE (Panjim): I beg to move :

Page 3, line 37, -
after "rupees" inser' -
"in the Union territories and two crores of rupees in the Statos" (109)

Page 3, line 38,-
add at the end -.-
"in the Union territories and eighs crores of rupees in the States" (110)

Page 4, line 2,-
for "five" substitute"eight" (111)
Page 4, line 4, for "five" substifute-
"eight" (112)
Page 4, lincs 26 and 27,-
for "subsidiary banks and banking com-
panies" substilute -
"and subsidiary banks" (113)
SHRI NATHU RAM AHIRWAR (Tikamgarh): I beg to move :-

Page 3, line 37,-
for "one crore" subvitute "two crores"
(168)

Page 3, line 37,-
for "five" substitute "seven" (169)
Page 4, linc 17, --
for "thirts" substifute "fifty" (170)
Page 4, line 19, --
for "fifty" substitute "hundred" (171)
SHRI MAHANT DIGVIJAI NATH
(Gorakhpur): I beg to move :
Page 3, line 37,-
(i) for "one crore" substitute "five crores"
(ii) for "five crores" subsitufe "twentyfive crores" (174)
Page 4, line 2, -
for "five crores" stbstitute-
"twenty-five crores" (175)
Page 4, line 4, 一
for "five crores" substitute-
"twenty-five crores" (176)
Page 4, lines 7 and 8, -
for "with the prior approval of the Central Government"
substitute-
"in consultation with the Government of India and Reserve Bank". (177)
Page 4, line 38,-
after "it" insert-
"by the due date" (178)
Page 5, line 1,-
for "shall" substitute-
"may" (179)

Page 5, lines 1 and 2,-
for "Central Government, the Reserve Bank and the appropriate Government"
suhstitute "other parties" (180)
Page 5, line 3,--
after "Government" insert--
"in consultation with the other parties concerned" (181)

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN: Sir, the proviso to sub-clause (5) says that if the Food Corporation. State Bank, subsidiary banks and banking companies do not subscribe and share allotted to them, such chare hall be subscribed by the Central Government, the Reserve Bank and the appropriate Government in such proportions as may be determined by the Central Governnent. The Central Government may say that the State Government should contribute a certain percentage to the sharecapital. My amendment says that this should be done in consulation with the Stite Government concerned. This is just and proper and 1 hope the minister will accept it.

श्री जाजं फरनेन्टीज (बम्बई दकिसा) : उपाधयक्ष मह्रोदय, मेरे जो सशोधन हैं वे तीन हैं। एक तो एक करोड़ रु० की पूंजी को वाच करोड़ किया जायं क.म से कम। प्रोर जहां पर पौँच करोड़ रु० की सीमा लगाई हे वह 50 करोड़ पर ले जायें। दूसरी तरमीम यह़ है कि जहां दूसरा प्रोविजो है
"Provided further that where the appropriate Government is not the Central Government, the initial fixation of the authorised capital and any subsequent increase or reduction thereof, shall be made with the prior approval of the Central Government."
मैं यह चाहता हूं कि prior approval की जगह पर in consultation, with Central govt किया जाये ।

सीसरा मेरा संबोषन (3) (d) में है कि "the Food Corporation, State Bank, Subsidiary banks and banking companies......" के बाद को म्रापरेटिब सोसाइटियों को भी इसमें

पूंजी लगाने के लिये कहा जाये । मन्त्री जी ने जनरल रींिंग का जवाब देते वक्त $\cdots$

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: He has made the position clear.

थी जाज फरनेग्डीज : कुछ्घ बातों का सुलाशा किया है प्रोर खुलाशा करते वक्त कुछ प्रपना बाज्रू कमजोर किये हैं। मैंने जो परसों कहा था कि किसान को पूंजी के साथ-साथ, खाद, पानी, बीज, इन तमाम चीजों की ठयवस्था करनी चाहिये तो मन्ग्री जी ने इसके उत्तर में कहा कि जो विधेयक ग्रा रहा है उसको पैसा देने के लिगे तो इस वंसे से तमाम चीजें खरीदी जायेंगी। श्रन उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, एक करोड़ प्रोर पांच करोड़ की पूं जी लगाकर किसानों की तमाम समस्याक्रों को हल करने के लिए जो सरकार ग्रागे बढ़ रही है, यह मेरी समभ में नहीं ग्राता। डर्मलिये मेरा प्राम्रह है कि यह जो ए़क प्रोर पांच करोड़ के बीच में पूंजी रखना चाहते हो इसको बढ़ाना जरूरी है। क्योंकि बारबार इम मदन में कानून के मंशोषन के लिए पाने की जगह़ पर पह़ले से ही यह तरमीम कयों नहीं स्वोकार कर लेते हो कि पं जी कुछ्र ज्यावा रहे ? में समभता हूं कि कोप्रापरेटिव स्टडी गुप ने कुछ भी कहा हो, हिन्दुस्तान के किसान को जितनी पूं जी भाप देंगे उससे ज्यादा श्रावहयकता इस वक्त है। उसकी पू जी की पूर्ति करने की माज सरकार में ताकत नहीं होगी कयोंकि जो देषा में पूंजी है उसी को तो इस्तमास करना है। कुष्ट विदेश से लोग पूंजी लाते हैं घोर वह तमाम ज्यादानर पूंजी कारखानों के उ्योग में लगाते हैं, या इस सरकार की जो ऐउमिमिस्द्र टिब मशीनटी है उसको चलाने में लगाते है। तो जहां कारसानों पर हिजारों करोह़ रुपया पूं बी लगा उके हो तो भगर किसान के लिये कुष्छ ज्यादा वैसे की बात है कहें तो में सममता है कि गलती नहीं होगी। इसलिसे में बाहता हें कि इस तरमीम को मन्त्री महोदय को बक्र स्वीकार करना काहिये। पगर बह समभो हों
[श्री जार्ज फरनेन्डीज]

कि 50 करोड़ ज्यादा है तो श्रपना कुन्ब्र सुभाव दे । लेकिन पांच करोढ़ से कुघ्य नहीं होगा।

प्राखिरी बात में यह कहना चाहता हूं कि घ्रसल में यद सरकार सारा मामला जो प्रपने हाथों में रखना चाहनी है मैं इसका विरोध करना हूं। श्राप देखेंगे कि 30 फीसदी पू जी ग्रगर किसी क्गेट की कारवारेशान हो तो केन्द्रीय मरकार सर्ती से उममें डालेगी। निजवं बैक 20) कीसदी हालगा, गानी 50 फीसदी हो गया घ्रोग : $: 11$ कीसदी पू जी फूड कारपोरेशन, सटेट बंक, म्वसिडियरी वैक ग्रोर बंकिग कम्पनीज देंगी। में गमभता हूं कि 10,15 फीसदी जहूर डालेंगी। गतीजा यद्ट होगा कि कम से कम 70 फीसदी ग्राधिक ताबं इस कारवोरेशान के ऊपर केन्द्रीय सरकार का होगा श्रीर जहां प्राप श्रपनी तनफ से पूंजी डालकर सारा तावा ग्रवने हांधों में रवन की कोशिशा करते हो, मे समभता हूं कि ग्रसनी मकसद जो है कि किसान को वर्गर परेशानी पूंजी मिल जाये, बह काम छतनी म्रासानी से नहीं होगा। जितनी पासानी से राज्य सरकारों के हाथों में अधिकार रहता है, उसी तरह से कोश्रापरेटिव सोसाइटीज के लित भी पू जी डालने का इन्तजाम किया बTए। में समभता हूं कि मन्त्री महोदय को इस त्ररमीम को मंजूर करने में कोई खाम विरोध नहीं रहेगा प्रोर वे हसको मान लेंगे ।

जी भिवष्षग्र भा (मषुखनी) : मेरा संघोधन बलाज 5 में है जिसमें कहा गया है :

The authorised capital of such Corporation shall be such sum as the appropriate Government may Initially fix but it shall, in no casc, be less than one crese of rupees or more than five crores of rupes.
इस में मेरा कहना यह है कि 5 करोड़ की जगह पर 10 करोड़ रखा जाये इस उत्साह् के साष जब प्राप हस कारपोरेश को बनाने जा रहे हैं ताकि किसानों को क्रहिट मिल सके तो जसमें घथराइए केपिटल की क्या रकम हो,

यह बनन सही है वह एक करोड़ से कम नहीं होना चाहिए लेकिन उस पर घ्रपपने जो पांच करोड़ की सीमा बांध दी है उससे उसका जो रूप है वह छोटा हो जाता है। घापने सेक्सन 22 का ह्ववाला देकर साफ करने की कोशिरा की है कि लेंडिग घ्रोर डिपाजिट का क्षेत्र वृहद है, एक करोड़ या पांच करोड़ से उसका क्षेग्र सीमित नही हांता हैं, धबड़ाने की बान नही है, क्रेडिट के लिए काफी गुजाटश रहंगी। जब ग्राप ऐसा कह्ते हैं तो मुभे शक होता है कि यह कारपांरेशन नाम का ही रहेगा। वास्तव में किसान को कितना क्रे हिट मिलेगा, किन किन चैनल्स से मिलेगा, यह् तो जब ग्राप सर- जमीन पर जायेंगे तभी पता चलेगा। मैं नो कहता है कि ग्राज जो एग्रीकल्तर लोन दिए जाते हैं, तकावी लोन दिए जाते है या बोग्रापरेटिव लोन दिंग्र जाने हैं उनको श्राप सर-जमीन पर जाकर देखें कि वास्नव्र में जो किसान नेना चाहते हैं उनको कितना मिनना है श्रोर कितनी स्टेजेज से गुजन्ना पड़ता है घ्रोर उनका पंसा लोन मिलने के कठ्ल ही खत्म हो जाता है। दिस्बने के लिए तो प्रापका बहुत छन्तजाम रहता है लेकिन हैकीकत में किसान महरूम रहना है। इस लिए कलाज 22 में जो ग्राप दिम्वते है कि क्षंत्र बहुत विकसित है, इसमें कोई नुकसान नहीं होगा लेकिन मैं समभना हूं कि जब भ्रापने शुरुमात कर दी है तो फिर शोयर कंपिटल पांच करोड़ की जगह 10 करोढ़ कर दें। अब पाप उद्योगों के लिए हतना करते हैं मोर श्राप कहते हैं कि हम कृषि को भी घढ़ाना चाहते हैं तो फिर घ्रासिर में उद्योग भी कृषि के ऊपर ही मुनेहीिर है । इसलिए माप जो कारपोरेशान बना रहे हैं, वह वृहद रूप से काम भी कर सके इसके लिये प्राप 10 करोड़ का पथराःइज्ड कंशिटल रखें। यही मेरा मंबोषन है में भाका करता हूँ, मम्नी जी इसको स्वीकार करें मे ।

बी नादूराब पहिरबार (टीकमगढ़). उपाष्यक्ष महेपदय, पिद्यले वर्षों का हैमारा घनु-

भब यह है कि कोप्मापरेटिव सोसायटीज से फर्ज मिलने में बहद परेशानी होती है। घोर यहां पर सरकार ने यह् बन्दिशा लगा दी है कि इस कारपोरेदान का घ्रथराइज्ड कैपिटल पौंच करोड़ से ज्यादा नहीं होगा। भ्राप ह्मारे मष्य प्रदेश को ही ले लीजिए वहां पर एक तिहाई हीरिजन तथा घ्रादिवामी रहने हैं, लेकिन उस प्रदेश को भी सरकार ने इसमें शामिल नहीं किया है । वद़ंा पर कोई कोश्रापरेटित्र मूवमेंट भी नहीं चल रहा है। वह माग जंगली इलाका है। जो बस्तर जिना है वहां पर लोग जंगलों में खाने के निए घाग उगाते हैं। ऐे्मी स्थिति में भी श्रापने इूंके लिए पांच करोड़ की घधिकनम मीमा ग्ग्व दी है। ग्रापने ग्रशोका होटल के लिए कक्नने ही करेड़ रुपये दे दिये, उसके लिए कोई सीमा नहीं बांधी लेकिन हस देश की 80 फीयदी जनना के हिन के लिए जो बान प्राती है इमके ऊपर ग्राप मीमा बांध रहे हैं। आप को तो चाहत कि बजाए पांच करोड़ के 50) करोड़ रंजें। मनीपुग, त्रिणुग हत्यानि जो कि केन्न्र्र शामिन प्रदेशा है वहां की जनना भी बहुत पिछड़ी हुई टे, वहां पर श्रधिकतर घ्यादिवासी रहंन हैं ग्रोर जंगल का ट्याका है। प्रासाम के इलाके में श्रगर श्राप एक ट्यू बवेल भी लगाना चाहृंग तो उसमें 25 हजार से कम नहीं तगेगा। यों तो ग्राप नकशा कैसा ही बना कर रख दोजिये लेकिन उससे हमारा परंज हल नहीं होगा। इसलिए मेरा निवेदन है कि इस कारपोरेशन के प्रथराइड्ड कैपिटत का जो मंक्सिमम है वर्ध कम मे कम सात करोड़ रखा जाय ताकि जनना को वास्तव में कुछ लाभ पहुंच सके।

मेरे दूसरे संझोधन का जह्रां तक संबन्ष है, गबनंमेंट ने पहले ही एक बंदिशा लगा दी है कि जब तक केन्द्रीय मरकार मंजूरी देगी, रिजर्वं बैक मंजूरी देगी तभी कोई प्रांत ऐसा कारपोरेष्न बना सकेगा। हम तो पाज भी वेकते है कि ₹्टेट गवर्नमेंट्स रिजषं बैक या स्टेट बैंक से

चार, साढ़े चार परसेन्ट पर पैसा हेती हैं मोर वह पंसा किसानों को दस घ्रोर 12 पर सेन्ट पर दिया जाता है, बीच में स्टेट गसर्नमेंट्स काफी पैसा ठ्याज के रूप में वसूल करती हैं। तो में यह कह रहा हूं कि इसमें जो भापने रखा है, मान लीजिए किसी राज्य सरकार ने 10 करोड़ रुपया गगा दिया तो घाप कहेते हैं कि सेण्ट्रल गवर्नमेंट 30 परसेन्ट सब्मक्राइव घरेगी घोर रिजर्व बक 20 परमेन्ट मबसक्राध्व करेगी ग्रीर यूनियन टेरिटरीज में मेंट्रल गवर्नमंट 00 परसेंट मबसक्राइव करेगी, तो मेगा संशोधन यह है कि राज्यों में केन्द्रीय मरकार को बजाय 30 परमेंट के :0 पर्मेंट मब्मक्राहत्व करना चातिये घ्रोर यूनियन टेनि्टरीज़ में मेटपरसेंट सब्सकाहव करमा चाहिए। मैं ध्राशा करता हूं मन्त्री जी मेरे इस संघोधन को स्वीकार करेंगे ।

घ्री महन्त दिग्विजय नाथ (गोरखपुर) : पेज 3 पर जो गद्र डिस्क्रिमने रान किया गया है कि हन-टन सूबों के निए जैसे उड़ीसा, राजस्थान, वेस्ट बंगाल ग्रोग यूनियन टेनिटरीज, घन में ही यह कारवोरेशन बनेगा, हनके भलाषा ग्रोर स्ट्ट्र्म में नहीं बनेगा, मैं समभता हूं यह उचित नहीं है। मेरा सुभाव है. कि सभी जगह्त के निए यह होना चाहिंये । मरे इस मुभाव को श्राप मान लीजिए ।

मरा दूसरा संशोधन यह है कि दसमें जो लिखा हुप्रा है :
"Provided that where the authorised capital initially fixed is less than five crores of rupees, the approprite Government may, from time to time, increase the authorised capital to auch sum not exceeding tive crores of rupees."

## उस कों स प्रकार से क्रर दिया काय :

"Provided that where the authorised capital initally fixed is leas than tweatyfive crores of rupees, the appropriate Government may. from time to time, inctease the authorised capital to such sum not exceeding iwentyfive crores or rupees".
[श्री दिग्विजय नाथ]

मैं म्याशा करता हूँ मन्त्री जी इसे ₹्वीकार करेंगे।

थी शिंकरे : मैंने जो घमेंडमेंट पेश किया है वह कनाज $2(1)$ के प्राविजो को घयान में रख कर किया है। स्टेट्म् ग्रोर यूनियन टेरिटरीज़ के निग्रे एक ही रकम रख दी जाय। बिन में fिfनमम 1 करोड़ श्रोर मंविसमम 5 करोड़ रग्वा गया है। मैं चाहना हैं कि 1 करोड़ के स्थान पर दो करोड़ ग्रोर 5 करोड़ के स्थान पर 8 करोड़ कर दिगा जाय ।

दूभरा मेरा श्रमेंडमेंट यह है कि सेकशन 3 (डी) में सबमिडियरी बैंक्स ऐण्ड बैंकिग कम्पनीज़ दिया हुग्रा है वहांा उसके स्थान पर ऐ०्ड सबसिडियरी बैंक्स रख निया जाय ताकि बैंकंग कम्पनीज को इस काग्रोरेशन में इंटरफेगर करने का मोका न मिले ।

SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO: I shall briefly explain the scope of my amendments. With reference to my amendment N o. 97, I have submitted that the pattern adopted in sutsection (3) should be followed in this case also. Briefly stated, the shares of this Corporation have been divided between four agencies. mumeiy, firstly, Central Government ; secondiy, Reserve Bank: thirdly, the State Governments and, fourthly. Food Corporation, State Bank, subsidary banks and banking companies. The last category has been allutted 30 per cent. What the present clause means is that if by any chance any one of the institutions specified in the last tiem fails to subscribe the allotted amount the Government has to fix the amount. Discretion has been given to the Central Government to apportion that between the first three categories, namely, the Central Government, the Reserve Bank and the State Government. I wish that this should be definite instead of leaving it to a future decision. The merit of my amendment is that it will go as a matter of course. The rate prescribed already between the three categories is $30: 20: 20$ and that would work automatically as a matter of course.

Regarding the other amendment, I do
not think there will be any difficulty for the hon. Minister to accept it because it is only to bring it in harmoney with subclause (4) of clause (5).

श्रो मुहम्मद छस्माइल (बंरकपुर) : कलाज 5 पर मेरा 74 नम्बर का म्रमेंडमैंट यह है कि पेज 3 पर लाइन 37 ग्रोर 38 में से "or more than five crores of rupees "यद शब्द हटा दिगे जांय । जब सरकार किमानों के हित के लिए यह बिन पास करा रही है तो उसमें उस उदारतां का परिचय देना चाहित ताकि किसान यह मह्र्सूस कर सकें कि वाकई यह् सरकार ह्माग भला करना चाहृती ?े ग्रोर हमें राहन
 हूं कि यह् पांच या दस करोड़ की लिमट न बांधो जाय घ्रोर जितनी भी उनको जहरत पड़ेगी वह एग्रीकल्चर्वस्ट्य को सरकार द्वारा मदद की जायगी। ऐमी चीज रखने से श्राज जो हमारे बेचारे किमान लोग मनीनंडर्म के शिकंजे में फंसे हुए हैं उन्हें उससे भविष्य में छुनकारा मिलने का ग्राइवासन ध्रोर भरोसा मिल सकेगा। इसी चीज को टृष्टि में रख्वते हुए मेंने ग्रवने प्रमें उमैंट में यह्र चाहा है कि उस क्नाज में से यद पांच करोड़ मे ज्यादा वाली निमिट हटा दी जाय, ऐमी 5 या 10 करोड़ की कोई लिमिट न रऋखी जाय बहिक जैसी एरीफल्चरिस्ट्स् को जरूरत पड़े वंसा गवर्नमेंट कर द 1

SHRI K C. PANT: I accept Shri Narayana Rao's Amendment No. 172.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: Where is Shri Narayana Rao ?

SHRI K. C. PANT : The main point that has been made just now is with regards to the authorised capital and the point has been raised that it should be higher. I have explained at some length that the total funds available will not be cofined to this. They will be ten times and may be even 15 times the capital that is subscribed.

SHRI RANGA (Srikakulam): Provided the others are prepared to advance the money.

SHRI K. C. PANT : The point to be remembered here is that the share capital or the subscribed capital is only a small proportion of the total funds. In the case of the State Bank, my hon. friends will be happy to know, aliheugh the subscribed capital is only Rs. 5.62 crores, it has Rs. 1,100 crores at its disposal.

SHRI NARENDRA KUMAR SALVE (Betul): What objection do you have to increasing the upper limit?

SHRI K. C. PANT : I have explained at great length how we chose those limits, what are the requirements of different States, how we worked out those requirements and how in each case we have seen that within this limit of Rs. 1 crores to Rs. 5 crores we can cater to the needs of different States. I went into the details earlier and I do not think you were here then. At this stage 1 would only say that the State Bank's capital is Rs. 5.62 crores and that of the Reserve Bank is only Rs. 5 crores. Therefore one should not be misled only by the authorised capital.

1 think you do not want me to take up the other points. I would certainly have taken up some of the other points but since sou are in a hurry, I leave it at that.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Page 4, line } 38,- \\
& \text { After "fails to subscribe" insert-- } \\
& \text { "by the date specified by the Central } \\
& \text { Government under sub-section (4),". } \\
& \text { (172* as modified") } \\
& \text { The metion was adopted. }
\end{aligned}
$$

SHRI S. M. BANEERJEE : His amendment is accepted not he.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Now, I put all other amendments together to the vote of the House.

Amendments Nos. 9, 32 to 35, 37, 52. 97. 109 to 113, 168 to 171 and 174 to 181 were put and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Now, I put clause 5, as amended, to the vote of the House. The question is :
"That clause 5, as amended, stand part of the Bill."

The $m$ 'tion was adopted.
Clause 5, as amended, was added to the BIII.
Claure 6 was added to the Blll.
Clavge 7-(Monagement)
SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO: I beg to move :

Page 5,-
for lines 17 to 22, substitute-
"7. (1) The general superintendence, direction and management of the affairs and business of the Corporation shall vest in a Board of directors.
(1A) the Board of directors may exercise all the powers and discharge all the functions which may be exercised or discharged by the Corporation other than those that are expressly directed or required by this Act to be done by the Corporation in general meeting." 198)
Page 5, line 24, -
for "public interest" substitute-
"interest of agricultural credit" (99)
SHRI SRADHAKAR SUPAKAR
(Sambalpur): I beg to move :
Page 5, line 21, -
for "and are not by this Act expressly directed or required"
substitule - "other than those which are expressly direcled or required by this Act" (182)

### 15.37 hre.

[Shri R D. Bhandare in the Chair]
Mr. Chairman. Sir, my amendment is
*Please see the proceedings dated 3.12 .68 on "ithe State Agricultural Credit Corporations Bill."

## [Shri Sradhakar Supakar]

[Shri K. Narayana Rao]
only of a drafting nature. If you read the clause, as amended, it reads as follows :
"The general suprirtendence, direction and management of the affairs and business of the Corporation shall vest in a Board of directors who may exercise all the powers and discharge all the funcions which may be exercised or discharged by the Corporation other than those which are expressely directcd or required be this Act to be done by the Corporation in general meeting." It is only a drafting improvenent and it should be accepted by the hon Minister.

SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO: So far as the aniendment of my hon. friend, Shri Supakar is concerned, that is partly covered by my amendment. I do not want to elaborate on that part of it. But my objection 10 clause as it stands is this. Actually, in sub-clause (1). two types of powers and functions have been envisared. The first part is: the general suprintendence, direction and management of the affairs and business of the Corporation shall vest in a Board of Directori. That part stands by itself The second part is that the Board of Directors may exercise all the powers and discharge all the functions which may be exercised or discharged by the Corporation. My amendment seeks to separate both these things. As it is, both these parts are connected by the word 'who'. The amendment of mine is of a drafling nature. It may be of interest to bring to your notice that in the Agricultural Re-Finance Corporation Act, 1963. the corresponding provisions, Section 19. is almost identical for all practical purposes. I read it. It says :
"The gencral superintendence, ditection and management of the affairs and business of the Corporation shall vest in a Board of directors which may exercise all such powers and do all such ats and things ::s may be exercised or done by the Corporation."
Whereas in the Agricultural Re-Finance Corporation Act the word used is 'which', in the present Bill, the word used is 'who'. In both the cases, the reference is to the Board of Directors. Particularly, when you have used the Board 'who' in the present Bill, in the context, i' may give an
impression that you are giving this power to Directors, not to the Board of Directors as such. Immediately coming, as it is, on the heel of the words 'Board of Directors', the word 'who' gives a rather uneasy feeling that the Directors, in their independent capacity also, can exercise this power. In the light of this, it is open to the hon. Minister to think over the matter, either to fall back upon earlier position, that is, instead of the word 'who', the word 'which' may be accepted or to accept my amendment.

SHRI K. C. PANT: Sir, both these amendments have some point in them and I have given due consideration to both of them. I have carefully weighed both the advantages and disadvantages and, finally, come to the conclusion that it is not really necessary to separate the two parts of this clause. While giving due credit to Mr. Narayana Rao who has really done a lot of hard work in his altempt to improve the drafting. I would like to accept Mr. Supakar's amendment.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I will first put amendments 98 and 99 to the vote of the House.

## Amendments Nos. 98 and 99 wore put and negatived.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I shall now put amendment 182, which is being accepted by the Government, to the vote of the House.

The question is :
Page 5, line 21, -
for "and are not by this Act expressly directed or required"
sub titute -
"other than those which are expressly directed or required by this Act". (82)

The motion was adopted.
MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is:
"That Clause 7, as amended, stand part of the Bill."

## The motion was adopted.

Cluuse 7, as amended, was added to the Bill.

Clause 8-(Corporation to be suided by direct ons of Central Government

MR. CHAIRMAN : Mr. Srinibas Misra.. He is not here.

Mr. Fernandes... He is moving his amendments.

Mr. Narayana Rao .. He is also moving his amendment.

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES : I beg to move:

Page 5, line 27, -
for "Central Government" subvitute"appropriate Government." (40)
Page 5, line 30,-
for "Central" substitute"appropriate". (41)

SHRI K. NANAYANA RAO: 1 beg to move :

Page 5, line 24, -
for "public interesi" suberitute"agricultural credit". (100)

श्रो आर्ज फरनेन्डीज : सभापनि मतंपदय, जमा मेने पहले कहा था में फिर यह्र श्रर्ज करना चाहता हुं कि केन्द्रीय सरकार क्र डिट कारवोरेरान को श्रपने हाध में रख़ कर तमाम श्रधिकारंं को क्रपने पास रखना चाहती है। मैं चाहता हू कि वह श्रधिकार केन्द्रीय सरकार के हाय में न रहें बल्कि राज्य सरकारों के हाथ में रहें। मैने जो श्रम्मैंडैैंट दिया है उसमें जहीं पर संद्रंल गबर्नमेंट का जिक्र किया गया है उसकी जगह पर मैं चाहता हैं कि ऐप्रोप्रिएट गवर्नमेंट कर दिया अये, ताकि स्टेट्स के जो कारपोरेजाम हैं उनको किस ढंग से चलाया जाये, इसको तय करने का प्रभिकार सूबे की सरकारों के हाथ में रहे। मैं बार-चार इस चीज को दोहैराना नहीं च!हता कि केन्द्रीय शासन ओो है उस की बात तमाम सूबों के लोग मांमते है, ऐसं। बतन है। कोन सा ऐम्रीकल्चर क्रेंडि कारयोरेशन किस नीति को घ्रपनाये, छोंट किसान को कितना कर्जा दिया जये, बड़े किसान को कितना कर्जा दिया जाये, घोर

किस काम के लिये कर्जा दिया जाये, इन तमाम बातों को तय करने का जो मामला है, fजसके बारे में केन्द्रीय सरकार भवने हाथ में श्रधिकार रखना चाह्नीहै, मैं चाह्ना हूं कि वह केन्द्र के हाथ में न रहे। वह ध्रधिकार उन सूबों की सरकारों के ह्।थ में रहे जतां क्रे डिट कारवं।ेशन चलाये जा रहे हैं। भात देखेंगे कि यह लिखा हुग्रा है :
"in the discharge of its functions, the Corporation shall be guided by such directions in matters of policy involving public interest as the Centrai Government may, in consultation with the Keserve Bank, give to it in writing and, if any question arises whether a direction relates to a matter of policy involving public interent, the decision of the Central Government thereon shall be final."
मेरी श्राप से यत़ प्राथंना है कि राज्यों ग्रांर केन्द्र के बीच जो भगड़े घलग-प्रलग मसलों को ले कर होतं हैं वह एग्रीकल्चर क्र डिट कारपोरेशान को ले कर न हों। छस तरत् के भुग़ों को खड़ा करने की छोई व्यवस्था इस विषेयक में न रहे. इसनिये में चात़ता है, कि मन्ग्री महोदय मेरी तरमीम को मज़ूग कर लें।

SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO : Actually I did not press my amendment 99 which is indentical with amendment 100 . In the light of that, I do not want to piess this.

## SHRIK. C. PANT rose -

MR. CHAIRMAN : The point is very clear. Does he want to say anything?

SHRI K. C. PANT: OuI of respect and conisderation for my friend, shri Fernandes. I would lik: to make a point. He has studied the Bill ; he has taken that trouble : therefore, I should like to make one point.

Apart fiom the fact that the funds of the Central Government and its allied institutions are invoived, this Corporation will come up in several Stales ; each State will have its own Corporation.
[Shri K. C. Pant]
The Centre is in a position to take an overall view and to see, where in a particular State certain things which are not desirable are coming up, that instructions are issued in public interest. That is why this Clause is here.

### 15.45 hrs .

## RE : SUPREME COURT'S JUDGMENT ON SHRI MADHU LIMAYE'S WRIT PETITION

श्रो मधु लिमये (मु गेर) : सभापति महोदय, मेरा निवेदन है कि...

MR. CHAIRMAN : The hon. Minister has just finished. Is he rising on a point of order.

भौ मषु लिमये : जी हां । मैं चाहता हूँ कि इस वक्त जो कारंवाई चल रही है वह मुल्तयी रकखी जाये । में सीधा सुप्रीम कोटं से चला श्रा रहा हूँ । सुप्रीम कोटं ने मेरी रिहाई का हुक्म जारी किया है घ्योर मुभ को छोड़ दिया गया है 1

वित्त मंभासय में राज्य-मन्त्री (की कृष्टा बम्न्र पन्त) : बड़ी खुशी हुई।

मी मधु लिमये : खुझी हुई कह देने से काम नहीं चलेगा। मैं कहना चाहता हू कि भागे की जो कायंवाही है उसको च्थगित किया जाय श्रोर मेरे मामले के ऊपर तत्काल विचार किया जाये । यह् मामला बहुत म्माधाराए है इस लिये सारी कार्यंवाही स्थगित की जाये मोर विझोषाधिकार भंग का जो प्रस्ताव है उसके ऊपर मुभे भाषएा करने दिया जाये । यही मेरा निवेदन है क्योंकि घ्राप ज।नते हैं कि घष्यक्ष महोबय ने कहा था कि सुप्रीम कोटं का फससला होने के बाद मोका दिया जायेगा प्रोर बिकेषाधिकार पर निएांय लिया जायेगा। में प्रार्थमा फरता हू कि मुभ को हस मसले को सदन के सामने रखने की मनुमति दी जाये ।

MR. CHAIRMAN : I will convey your feelings and thoughts to hon. Speaker.

श्री मधु लिमये : श्राप इस समय चेत्रर पर बंठे हैं, ग्राप इूजाजत दे सकते हैं।

श्री ग्राधोर सित्ह (रोहतक) : श्राप बरी हो गये, श्राप को मिठाई स्विलानो चाहिये ।

भ्री मधु लिमये : मिठाई खिलानी चाहिये ?
श्री ररा धीर सिस : खामस्वाह जेल में होते ग्रोर हैंमें भी महसूस होता ।

श्री मघु लिमये : छस काम में तो श्री राणधीर fिह हमारी मदद करें।

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE (Kanpur) : This should be conveyed to the Home Minister.

श्री मधु लिमये : होंम मिनिसटर क्यों ? होम मिनिस्टर तो खुद श्रपराधी हैं।

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: Sir, it has been agreed that we will abide by the decision of the Supreme Court. Cersain privilege motion was to be discussed. I remember, you, Sir raised some points of order, at that time, It is not that the matter is now before the Supieme Court; the Suprome Court has honourably acquitted Shri Madhu Limaye. We should take up the privilege motion. The Home Minister may please be informed so that he may come fully prepared tomorrow.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I have already expressed my view. The hon. Member may please resume his seat.

घी एस० एम० जोघी (पूना) : मैं शी मषु लिमये का समर्षन कर रहा है। यह्ह मामला बड़ा गम्भीर है। हमारे सद्स्य...

MR. CHAIRMAN : I will convey the thought and feelings to the hon. Speaker. The debate will be fixed by hon. Speaker.

धी एस० एम० बोजी : हम चहते है कि

इस पर चर्च भ्रभी हो । गैर-कानूनी तरीके से हमारे सदस्य के मुंह् को पन्द्रह दिन तक बन्द फरके रक्खा जाये यह छनना गम्भीर मामला है कि इसको रोका नहीं जा सकता। घागे की फार्रवाई स्थगित होनी चाहिये ।

1547 hrs.
STATE AGRICULTURAL CREDIT CORPORATION BILL-Contd.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I will put amendment No. 40 and 41 to the vote of the House.

Amendments Nis. 40 arid 41 were pur and negatwed

SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO: I am not pressing my amendment No. 100.

MR. CHAIRMAN : All right.
Amendment No. 100 was by leave withdrawn
MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is :
"That Clause 8 stand part of the
Bill."

## The motion was adopted

Clause 8 was a added to the Bill
Clause 9- Constitution of Board)
MR. CHAIRMAN : We will take up Clause 9. There are a number of amendments.

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN : Sir, I move my amendments No. 12, No. 13 and No. 15.

I beg to move :
Page 5, line 34.—
omit "who shall be the Chairman of the Board" (12)

Page 6, line 6,-
for "Central" substitute-
"appropriate" (13)
Page 6, -

## ufrer line 8, insert-

"(2) The Chairman of the Board shall be elected by the Board." (15)

MR. CHAIRMAN : Shri Srinibas Mishra is not here. Mr. George Fernandes, are you moving your amendments?

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES : Yes. I would like to move amendments No. 42 and No. 43.

MR. CHAIRMAN : No. 42 is the same as No. 12. You can move amendment No. 43.

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: I move my amendment No. 43.

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Page 6, line 6,-
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    after "(c)" insert-
        "a Chairman and" (43)
    MR. CHAIRMAN : For amendment No. 58.

Shri P. P. Esthose is not here. Shri Mohammad Ismail, are you moving amendment No. 78 ?

SHRI SHIVA CHANDRA JHA : I beg to move :

Page S, line 39.-
after "Corporation" insert-
"or has been assoclated with any political party." (57)

SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL: Yes, Sir, I am moving amendment No. 78.

MR. CHAIRMAN : It is just like amendment No. 56.

Since that is not moved, you con move it.

SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL : I move :

Page 5, line 33:-
for "Central" substituite"State". (78)

MR. CHAIRMAN : Amendment No. 79 Is the same as No. 78.

It cunbot be moved. There is amendmont Nu. 101. Is it being moved.

SHRI VIKRAM CHAND MAHAJAN (Chamba): Yes, SKr, I move I
[Shri Vikram Chand Mahajan]

Page 6,--
after line 8, insert -
"Provided that, in appointing a managing director of a Corporation established in a State, the Central Government may also consult the Government of that State." (101)

MR. CHAIRMAN ; Is amendment No. 114 being moved :

SHRI SHINKRE: Yes, Sir, I move:
Page 5, line 34,-
after "who" insert ..
"is not an active or retired employec of the Central or State or Union territory's Government or of the Reserve Bank, State Bank subsidiary bank, banking company, or Food Corporation." (114)

MR. CHAIRMAN : There are some amendments by Shrl Lobo Prabhu, Nos. 123, 124 and 125.

SHRI LOBO PRABHU : I move my amendments Nos. 123, 124 and 125.

I move:
Page 5, lines 35 and 36,-
for "nominated by the appropriate Government"
substitute-
"approved by Parliament or the State Legislature concerned" (123)
Page 6, line 7,-
after "Government" insert-
"after consulting the Union Public
Service Commission" (124)
Page 6, lines 7 and 8,
omis "and except in the case of first appointment, after consultation with the Board" (125)

SHRI MAHANT DIGVIJAI NATH : 1 beg to move :
Page 5, line 34, -
add at the ond--
"in the first isstance and later on elected by the Board". (183)

Page 6, line 7,-
after "Goverament" imero-
"in consultation with other parties." (184)

MR. CHAIRMAN : All these amendments are moved and together with the clause are before the House.

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN : Clause 9 deals with the constitution of the board of dieectors of the Corporation. It is provided that both the Chairman and the Managing Director are to appointed by the Central Government, The Corporations are talled State Agricultural Credit Corporations and yet the two key posts are proposed to be filled by the Central Government. The Central Government subscribe to only 30 per cent of the paid up capital : still they want to appoint these two important functionaries.

My amendment seeks to elect the Chairman by the board of directors instead of being appointed by the Central Government. Another amendment seeks to invest the appropriate Government, that is, the State Government with the power to appoint the Managing Director. As has been said earlier by Shri Fernandes, thss Government has get a tendency to appropriate more and more functions to itself from State Governments. This is another instance of that tendency and $I$ think it $i$, only proper that that the clause be amended in terms of my amendments 1 have explained.

धो जार्ज फरनेन्ड़ज : मेगा संशोधन पह है कि केन्द्रीय सरकार को जो चेयरमेन नियुक करने का श्रधिकार दिया जा रहा है, इसको इस में से हटाया जाए श्रोर चेयरमैन या मैनेनिग हायरेक्टर की नियुक्ति एप्रोप्रियेट गवर्नमेंट करे । भगर किसी सूबे में स्टेट एम्रिकलचर क्रेडिट कारपोरेशन चलती है तो उस सूबे की सरकार इनकी नियुक्ति करे, इसको स्वीकार करने में मंत्री महोदय को कोई तकलीक नहीं होनी चाहिये। इस संषोषन के द्वारा उनके पघिकार को छोने जाने की बात नहीं है क्योंकि इस में केवल छतना कहा गया है कि जहां एश्रिकस्यर क्रेध्टि कारफोरेसन बने वहां की सरकार ही पेयरमैन या मैनेजिग ायरेक्टर

की नियुक्ति करें। वही एप्रोप्रियेट गबनमेंट हो सक.नी है : भ्रगर यूनियन टंटिटरी है तो वहां पर एप्रोप्रियेट गबनमेंट यूनियन गबनंमेंट है, केन्द्रीय मरकार ही वहां पर एप्रोशियेट गबन मेंट होगी प्रोर वहीं दस काम को करेगी। लेकिन केरल हो, डढ़ीसा हो, बिहार हो, महाराष्ट्द हो, मछ्य प्रदेश हो, वह़ां पर प्रगर कारपोरेशन बनाई जानी है, तो वहां पर चेयरमेन की नियुक्ति या मेनेजिग डायरेषटर की नियुक्ति का जग्रों तक सम्बन्ध है, वढ़ां की स्टेट गवन्नमेंट ही एप्रोप्रियेट गवन्मेंट है । प्रगर कानूनन भी प्राप इस बात को देखेंगे तो यह़ बात प्राप कवुल करेंगे कि जब श्राप हीम पर्सेत्ट ोोयर केविटल इस में स्टंट गवनंमेंट द्वारा डाले जाने की बात कहतने हैं तों किर इन पदों पर नियुक्वितयां करने का श्रधिकार भी उनकों ही होना चाहिये । केन्द्रीय सरकार श्रपने हाथयों में मारी घाक्त कंन्दित जो करती जा रही है, सागी जक्ति ग्रपने हाथों में केन्द्रित करने की जो उसकी प्रादत हो गई टै। इस श्रादन को उसे थोड़ा बदलना चाहिये।

भो रिब घन्त्र भा : जह़ां पर भ्रापने बोडं भाफ डायरेंटर्जं नियुक्त करने की बात कही है, बढांा पर श्रापने कहा है कि, एक तो संट्रन्न गबनंमेंट नियुक्न करेगी भोर वह उसका चेयरमंन होगा प्रोर बाकी दो उायरेकटजं में से।
> ". . one of whom shall be a person who has special knowledge of co-operation and who is not an employee of the Central or State Government or of the Reserve Bank, subsidiary bank, banking company, or Food Corporation";

भापने कहा है कि जो एम्प्लायी न हो, इस तरह का एक प्राबमी उापरेक्टर होना जानिये। दूसरा जो बहाल किया जाएगा वह राइ्य सरकार से विनार विमषं करके किया जाएगा। प्राशने कग़ है कि उस प्रादमी को नियुक्ता किया जाएणा जो स्पेषल नालेज रलता हो, स्टेट एम्स्तायी न हो, बैक एम्प्लायी न हो। मैने पह

संभोषन दिया है कि साथ ही साथ बह् किसी राजनीतिक दल से एसोसिएटिठ न रहा हो।

सभापति महोदय, प्राप जानते ही है कि抆 हुए जो उम्मीध्वार होते हैं खास कर कांप्रेस पार्टी के उनको मह़त्वपूसां पषों पर, पन्लिक घंडरटेकिज्ज में नियुक्त कर दिया जाता है घोर इस तरह से एक बहुत बड़ा भुष्टाषार का रास्ता ब्यूल गया है। जनता ने तो उनें रुकरा दिया होता है पोर इसका नतीबा यह़ होता है कि जिस संस्था का उनको इंबार्ज बनाया जाता है, वहां पर भी भप्टाचार होने लग जाता है। इसके मुनाल्लिक बहुत सी बाते प्रापके सामने प्राई भी हैं। हसनिए मेरा संशोधन है कि जो दो डायरेषटजं होगे उन में जहां प्रापने कहा है कि एक स्पेशल नालेज रलने वाला हो ओरोर एम्प्लायी न हो उसके साथ साथ प्राप इस बात को भी यह़ां रसे कि उसका किसी राज़ीतिक पार्टी से सम्बन्ध न रहा हो। राजनीतिक विचार उसके हो सकते है। हिन्दु. स्तान जैस देंोो में राजनीतिक विचार न होना मुरिकल बाते है। लेकिन चिम भ्राफ पालिरिक्स जो हैं, उनके द्वारा जहां तक राजनीनिक पार्टी के माध्यम से काम करने की बात का सम्बत्ष है, पम तरहृं के ठ्याक्त प्रगर रहंगें तो सम्भव है वे तरफ़सरो से काम करें प्रोर भप्टाबार भी उममें हो जाए। दम वक्त हिन्दुस्तान की राजनीति में हम एक पेसी संटेच में से गुजर रहे हैं जबकि हैम को बहृ़ बबरदार रहना होगा प्रोर इस नरहु के लोगों को इन कारपोरेशांज में सं बाहर रखना होगा। भ्रगर भाप चाहते हैं कि ये कारोगेश्ज़ हैकीकत में ठीक जरह में चलें प्रोर जिस मकसद के लिए जनषो बनाया जाता है, वह मकसद पूरा हो मोर किसानों कों कर्जे मिलें, उनको मिलें जिनको इनकी वास्तब में प्रावइपकता है पोर हीक तरह़ से देश की तरककी हों तो मेरे इस संबोषन को पापको मान लेना चाकिये। प्रापको इस बात का बवाल रक्ना होगा की जो दूसरा हायरेषटटर पाप नियुक्त करें वह बहुत दिवों से,
[श्री शिव चन्द्र भा]
बहुत घ्रस्से से किसी राजनीतिक दल से सम्बद्ध न रहा हो। में प्रार्थना करता हूं कि श्राप मेरे इस संशोधन को स्त्रीकार कर लें।

श्री मुहम्मव हस्माइल : सभापति महोदय, मेरा जो एमेंडमेंट हे वह बिल्कुल सिम्पल सा एमेंडमेंट है। मेंने यह चाहा है कि जहां पर सैंट्रन गवर्नमेंट लिग्वा गया है, वह्टां पर स्टेट गवर्नमेंट लिख दिया जाए ।

पहले तो घ्रापने यह कहा है :
"(c) a managing director, to be appointed by the Central Government and except in the case of first appointment, after consultation with the Board."

## दूमरे श्रापने यह़ कहा है :

"The Central Government may, after consultation with the Board and for sufficient caluse, remove the managing director from office.':
मैं चाहता हू कि प्राप बतायें कि संट्रल गवर्नमेंट बोड से कंसल्ट करके इसको क्यों करे, स्टेट गवरंमेंट इसको क्यों न करे ? क्यों श्राप स्टेट गवन्नंमेंट को यह्न श्रधिकार नहीं देते हैं। उनकी स्टेट में यह बोर्ड भी होगा प्रोर उससे कंसल्ट करके वे इसको कर सकती हैं। इस वास्ते क्यों न इस श्रधिकार को स्टेट गवर्नमेंटम को दे दिया जाए ।

यहु एक नई चोज ग्राप लोगों की तरफ से प्रा रही है । घ्रगर घ्रापने इसको इसी तरह से रखा तो प्राप लोग ही बाद में निलमिलायेंगे प्रोर कहेंगे कि मैंटर के खिलाफ ये घ्रावाज उठा रहे हैं । घ्राप ही घ्राग लगाते है घ्रोर फिर हमें दोष देते हैं कि छन्होंने ग्राग लगाई है। इस वात्ते श्राप घ्राग न लगाइये ताकि बाद में बुभाने का सवाल ही पेदा न हो। हम तो बुभाने वाले हैं, लगाने वाले नहीं हैं। संट्रव गधर्न मेंट के प्रधिकारों के बारे में सवाल उठ नुका है। जब ये कारपोरेशन विभिन्न प्रान्तों में बनेंगे तो भी एप्वाइंटमेंट्स का पषिकार

श्रापके हाएय में रहे घ्रोर स्टेट गवर्नमेंट्म के हाथ में न रहे, यह् कसे चलेगा ? इससे तो भगड़े ही बढ़้ंगे। प्राप इस भगड़े में न फ़सिये। इस तरह् से काम नहीं हो सकेगा। इसी चीज़ को मद्टेनजर रखते हुए मे इस एमेंडमेंट को लाया हूं ग्रोर उम्मीद करता हूं कि घ्राप इसको स्वीकार कर लेंगे ।

## 16 hrs.

SHRI VIKRAM CHAND MAHAJAN : My amendment is that the managing direclor should be appointed in consultation with the State because part of thie capital is going to come from the States. Sometimes it may happen there is one Government at the centre and another Government in the States as they are now. Therefore, in order to bring harmony - suppose the states may not like a particular individual States should also be consulted. Therefore I submit that as they are contributing to the capital also, they should be consulted.

धी शिंकरे : सभापति महोदय, भ्राप जानते हैं कि कारपोरेशन के चेयरमंन का पद बहुन महृत्वपूरां है। चेयरमैन वंसा नहीं होना चाहिए, जिसे मराठी में सह्याजीराव कहते है, जो केवल सही श्रर्थव् ह्स्ताक्षर (सिग्नेचर) करने वाला हो। चेयरमिन ऐसा होना च।हिये. जो कार्पोरेशान की पालिमी निर्धारित कर सके, उसको गाइयेंस दे सके। मैं चाहता हू कि चेयरमैन स्वतन्र्र वृत्ति का व्यक्ति हो। इसलिए मैंने एमेंडमेंड में कहा है कि कोई एकिटव या रिटायहं गवर्नेंेट भाफिर या किसी बंक भ्रथा बंकिक कम्पनी का एकिटव या रिटायर्ड एंपलाई इस पद पर नियुक्त न किया जाय, क्योंकि कोई स्वतन्न्र वृत्ति का व्यक्ति ही, जो मरं-शास्त्र का उचित ज्ञान रखता है, कार्वौरेषान की नीतियों प्रोर कायो के सम्बन्ध में स्वतन्त्र दिमाग़ रस सकता है।

माप जानते हैं कि हमारी कई पब्लिक

प्रण्डरटेकिज्ज इसलिए फेल हो गई है, क्योंक उनके चेयरमेन गबनंमेंट सर्वे णट होते हैं पर पन्निक श्रन्डरटेकिंज्ज में उनके यषस्वी होने में, उनकी श्रदा नहीं होती है। जब ऐोसे क्यक्ति पबिलक ग्रण्डरटेकिज़ के चेयरमंन बनाये जाते हैं, तो वे उन्हें सबस्सेसफुल करने के लिये कोई प्रयत्न नहीं करते है। प्रभी-पभी मत्त्री महोदय ने कहा कि चेयरमंन कोई इण्डिपेज्डेण्ट उ्यकित होना घाहिये प्रोर माथ ही उन्होंने यह भी पहा कि वह यह नहीं चाइते हैं कि चेयरमेन कोई गबनंमेंट श्राफ़िसर ही हो । लेकिन मैं चाहेगा कि चेयरमंन कभी भी कोई एविटव या रिटायडं गबनमेंट घ्राफिमर या किमी बैंक या बैंकग कम्पनी का एविटव अथवा भिटायडं एंपलार्ट न हो ।

SHRI LOBO PRABHU: I hive two amendments and both relate to the same sphere. If the Government is given authority to appoint to Corporations and other bodies, Government will seek io favour its own men to find emplovment for political refugees. I want the Government to be complesely out of the picture Therefore. I propose that in nominating the Chairman and the Directors of these corporations, the Government should take the approval of the Parliament. It is very important for is to realise that a man who can face the Parliament. whatever his qualifications are is the one who can be trusted. On the other hand a min who has something against him will not dire to aspire for an appointment of this nature. Therefore. I would urge upon the Government that whenever an appointment is made to the Corporation, it should have the approval of the Parliament so that undesirable ones are kept away and those who are prepared to face the public with their record are appointed.

My second point is in respect of the Managing Direstor. It is simply said that Government in consultation with the Reserve Bank will appoiot him Why is it that such an important post should be left entirely to the discretion of the Government. Is there no Public Service Commission which can advise the Government about the suitability of a person to be the

Managing Director. We cannot trust the Government for these appointments. Wo have a bitter experience of their appointing their own men. The co-operative sector also is in a bad because they filled the posts with their own men shape. If you take this precaution and if you want to appoint any one, it should be only with the approval of Parliament, Corporations would not be in the sad State they are.

SHRI RANGA: I wish to support the amendments moved by my hon. friend, Shri Lobo Prabhu, in regard to the appointment of managing directors. He said quite rightly that in many cases we have come across the wrong way in which Government has used its discretion in appointing people to these very high positions. Only very recently the House was made aware of the manner in which people like our earlier friend, Mr. K D. Malaviva, and several others who were defeated at the polls, who could not be found positions either in the Ministry or around tho Ministry came to be appointed to these many strategical positions irrespective of the fact whether they are really qualified for holding these positions or not. I have no objection to any defeated public worker being appointed to any positions provided he is reallv qualifed for it. but that Government should have thought of appointing these people meroly because they wanted to find positions for them is something which is very unhelithy and which should be deprecated. And there is every posibility of these various positions that are going to be created in the wake of the crestion of these financial institutions being offered to su:h of their eminent political friends and colleagues as could not be accommodated, and therefore, this caution which my hon friend Shri Lobs Prabhu has sounded is very timely.

I would like my hon. friend the Minister to take advantage of this occassion and consider this suggestion and to make a beginning in seeing to it that whenever such positions are filled with their nominees, they do come before the House and place the information before the Hous; and give it an opportunity of saying 'Noc if by any chaace any one of them is fiund to be utterly unsuitable, incompeteat ont only politically suitable to the Goveramens

## [Shri Ranga]

and not specially suitable to the posts to which they are appointed. Therefore, I hope that my hon. friend will give a very careful consideration to this amendment.

धी महन्त विविवजय नाथ: सभापति महोदय, मेरा संशोधन यह है कि कलाज 9 में हन शबन्दों के बाद
'(a) one director to be nominated by the Central Government who shall be the chairman of the Board"

## यह जोड़ दिया जाय :

"in the first instance and :ater on elected by the Board"
मेरा दूनरा मंशोधन यह है कि क्लाज $9(\mathfrak{\xi})$ में इन शब्दों के बाद
"(c) a managing director, to be appointed by the Central Government"

## यह जोड़ दिया जाये ।

> "inconsultation with other parties"

SHRI K. C. PANT ; Sir, a number of these amendments seek to take away the power of appointing the chairmen form the Central Government. These are not acceptable for the simple reason that, as I said earlier, the Central Government is a major shareholder and is interested in this: it has 20 per cent more and the Reserve Bank is also interested in it and one has to consider the Union territories also, hesides; the State Bank which is also interested. But I may add that, apart from that, one must always keep in mind the central idea behind this matter. It is only in are is where the State Government has not been able to build up a good enough co-opera. tive structure that this has come in, and the Central Government wants that that cooperative structure should be built up in future, and then these corporations will be withdrawn. So, it is not as though it is sought to be introduced where it is not wanted. That is not the idea at all. That has to be kept in view.

That is not acceptable to me. But I do accept the force in the argument that the Slate Government needs to be consulted, particularly as the State Government is
also a party. There are two main offices Chairman and Managing Director. I, therofore, propose to accept amendment No. 101 of Mr. Mahajan, in which he provides for the consultation of State Governments as well. I hope the central idea in the minds of many hon. members will be accommodated by this.

Mr. Shiva Chandra Jha denigrated his own tribe by trying to exclude anybody helonging to any political party. We should have more respect for ourselves. I think a co-operator does not become bad morely by being in a political party. There can be good cooperators also in political parties. He may be a good cooperator himself.

I have not specified which political party. Why use the brush to tar all of us? I think respect begins with oneself and spreads out. I hope he will not press his amendment.

So far as Mr. Shinkre's amendment is concerned, as I have indicated, if an eminent cooperator is available, that would cortainly be preferable. But the amendment he has geven is very restrictive. I do not think I can accept it.

Mr. Lobo Prabhu wants to make the appointment of Directors contingent upon the approval of legislatures. That is hardly practicable, nor is it practicable to make the appointment of the Managing Director contingent upon the approval of the UPSC. I do not say Government can never make a mistake, but Government has to shoulder the responsibility of making these appiontments.

भ्रो जार्ज फन्नॅन्तीज : प्रछ्यक्ष महोदय, कोरम प्रभी नही है ।

MR. CHAIRMAN : The bell is being rung. -

Now there is quorum.
The question is :
Page 6, -
ofter line 8, insert -
"Provided that, in appointing a managing director of a Corporation
established in a State, the Central
Government may also consult the
Government of that State." (101)
The motion was adopted.

MR. CHAIRMAN : Now, I will put all the other Amendments together to vote.

Amendments, Nos. 12, 13, 15, 43, 57, 78, 111, 12310 125, 183 and 184 were put and negatived.

MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is : "That clause 9, as amended, stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted.
Clause 9, as amended, was added to the Bill.

Clause 10-(Managing Diredtor)
SHRI P VISWAMBHARAN : I beg to move :
Page 6, line 14, -
for "Central" substitute "appropriate". (16)

Page 6, line 17, -
for "Central" substitute "appropriate". (17)

Page 6, line 22,-
for "Central" substitute "appropriate". (18)

Page 6, line 31, -
for "Central" substitute "appropriate". (19)

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES : Sir, 1 move my amendmen's 45, 46, 47 and 48.

MR. CHAIRMAN : They are same
as Amendments No. 16, 17, 18 and 19.
SHRI SHIVA CHANDRA JHA: I
beg to move:
Page 6, line 15, -
after "and" insert "shall not" (59)
SHRI SHINKRE : I beg to move:
Page 6, line 13, -
for "five" substitute "three" (115)
Page 6, lines 29 to 31, -
Omit "or is absent on leave or otherwise in circumstances not involving the vacation of his appointment** (116)

Page 6, lines 32 and 33,-
Omit "during the absence" (117)
षो जाजं फनँन्डोग़ : प्रह्यक्ष महोदय, उनके इनकार करने के बाद तो इस पर बोलने से कोई मतलब है नहीं।

भो जिव घन्य भा : प्रहुक्ष महोदय, मुभे शतना द्री कह्ना है, मंनेनिज डायरेशटर के री-ग्रवाहाहण्टमेंट की जो बात है उसके मुनल्लिक मेरा fिवेवन है कि 5 साल तक वह्ए रहे, उसके बाद उसको रो-प्रव्वाइण्ट न कि,या जा सें, इस बात पर घ्राप गोर करें इसलिए कि उससे एक वेस्टेट इंटरेस्ट वाली बात भ्रा जाती है। तो पांच रहने के बाद उसका री-म्रण्वाईण्टमेंट नहीं होन। चानिए। मेरा संघोषन यही है :

The Managing director shall hold office for such term, not exceeding five ycars as the Central Government may specify at the time of the appointment and shall not be eligible for re-appointment.

श्राप जानते हैं कि प्राज की जो परिस्थिति हैं प्रशासन की उसमें री-प्रप्षाइण्टमेंट हो जाने से एक वेस्टंड इण्टरेस्ट क्रिएट हो जाता है म्रोर नतीजा यह होता है कि जो करपान की बतने भाज चारों तरफ फंलती जा रही हैं, वह् प्रोर जोरों से फंलने लगती हैं। इसीलिए बहृ कितना भी काबिल बयों न हो, किनना भी लायक्र हो, उम के तजुबँ से प्राप दूमरे रूप में फायदा उठाइयें। उसको दूसरी जगह घस्येमाल करिए गेकिन उसो जगह् पर उस श्रादमी को फिर बहाल कर देते हैं तो सम्भाबना रहेगी कि भस्टाचार हो भोर समाज से जो भ्रष्टाबार प्राप दूर करना चाहते हैं वह दूर नहीं होगा, बलिक प्रोर बढ़ेगा। प्राप उसके तजुर्व का छस्तेमान न करें, यह बात नही है। प्राप उसका घस्तेमाल करें। लेकिन उसके रो-परव्वाहण्ट जो करना चाहने हैं वह न करें। एक बार के लिए उसको भप्वाईण्ट करें ताकि वेस्टंड दु्टरेस्ट पंदा न हो। यही मेरा संझोधन है।

बी शिकरे : मेरा जो घ्रमेंडमेंट है वह कलाज़ 30 सेक्शान (सी) के बारे में है घ्रोर मैं ने कहा है कि पांच की जगह पर 3 किया जाय । यहां पर ऐसा स्पसिफाई कर दिया है कि the Managing Director shall hold office for such term, not exceeding three years, instead of five years छसका मानी यह् हो जाता है कि सेंट्ल गवनंपेंट उसका जो नामिनी है वह पांच साल के जिए ही नहीं तो ध्री ईयस्स के लिए भी उसका घ्रट्वाइण्टमेंट कर सकती है, लकिन ऐसे वह् संदिगध रहता है श्रोर ऐसा सन्दिग्ध रहना मैं भ्रच्छा नहीं मानता हूँ । एसतिए मैं कह्ना चाहूंगा कि इंस्टेड घ्राफ इ ईयसं 3 ईयमं ईगमं किया जाय जिमसे जो सन्दिग्धता है वह दूर हो जाय ।

SHRI K. C. PANT: Sir, I accept amendment No. 115, moved by Shri Shinkre, substitute "three" for "five" years. Because I accept it, now the term of the Managing Director will be only three years. Consequently, I hope Shri Jhat will not press his amendment, which prohibits the Managing Director from seeking reelection.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I will now put all amendments to clase 10 , excepting that of Shri Shinkre, to the vole of the House.

$$
\text { Amendments Nos. } 16 \text { to } 19,59,116
$$ and 117 were put and negatived.

MR. CHAIRMAN: 1 will not put amendment No. 115, moved by Shri Shinkie and accepted by the hon. Minister, to the vole of the House. The question is:

> Page 6, line 13,-
for "five" substitute "three" (115)
The motion wwis adopted.
MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is : "The clause 10, as amended, stand part of the Bill."

## The motion was adi.pted

Clause 10, as amended, was added to the Bill.

Clause 11-iTerm of office of dircctors other than managing director.)

SHRI LOBO PRABHU : I beg to move :

Page 7, line 3,-<br>add at the end-<br>"for a period not exceeding five years" (126)

I find that the Minister is beginning to sofien. He has accepted one amendment. My amendment is that the appointment of the nominated directors should not be for an indefinite period at the will of the government. There should be a term set becaluse ue do not want to create any life term for any particular person. My amendment is only a very simple one. stating that the appointment will be for a period of five years, which is a long enough period in all conscience.

SHRI K. NARAYANA RAO: I beg to move :

Page 7, line 3,--
add at the end.-
"and the period of such office, unless terminated earlier, shall be two years: Provided that a nominated director shall be eligible for re-nomination" (185)

My amendment is also more or less on the lines of the one moved by Shri Lobo Prathu. As it is, the tenure of office was very indefinite. So, I suggested a definite period of two years for this purpose. Whereas Shri Lobo Prabhu has suggested a term of five years, I have suggested two years with a possibility of re-appointment of the sume person.

SHRI K. C. PANT: 1 am going to surprise Shri Kanwar Lal Gupa by accepting the amendment of Shri Narayana Rao. While accepting it, I must achnowledge the spirit in which Shri Loto Prabhu moved his amendment, which was the original amendment 1 received first. I accept the spirit in which he has moved it. But since the period he has suggested is a little too tong, 1 have accepted the other amendment.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I will now put amendment No. 126, moved by Shri Lobo Prabhu, to the vote of the House.

Amendmint $N$ o. 1 '6 was put and negatived
MR. CHAIRMAN : I will now put amendment No. 185, moved by Shri Narayana Rao and accepted by Government, to the vote of the House. The question is :
"Page 7, line 3,-
add at thd end. -
"and the period of such office, unless terminated carlier, shall be two years' Provided that a nominated director shall be eligible for re-nomination." (185)

The motion was adopted
MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is :
"That clause 11, as amended, stand part of the Bill"

The motion was adopted.
Clouse 11, as amended, was added to the BIII.

Clause 12-(Disqua'ifications)
SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: I beg to move:
Page 7, line 17,-
for "Central" substitute "appropriate" (49)

SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL: I beg to move :
Page 7,-
after line 17. insert -
"(e) is or is related to a money lender, landlord, trader by profession." (80)

धी आयं फरनेग्रीज (वम्बई दधिया): सभापति महोदय, मेरा तो काफी भाग्रह रेगा कि मन्द्री महोदय, मेरी इस तरमीम को स्वीकार फर लें। भाप देन्लं कि-

- No person shall be a director, who,-is or has been convicted of an offence which, in the opinion of Central Government, involves moral turpltude."

पब क्लाज 9 का (बी देखें जो पह्हां पर पास हो चुका है-
"two directors nominated by the appiopriate Government, one of whom shall be a person who has special knowledge" etc.
इसमें भगर मोरसटरपोषूज्वनि प्रहन को सरकार को उठाना होता तो 'एप्रोप्रियेट गवनंमेंट' वहां पर रखना ज्यादा उचित होता। क्योंकि हम लीगों का ऐसा भ्रनुभब है घ्रोर कलपरमों यहाँ पर किसी ने कहा भी था कि जिन लोगों को एक जमाने में देशाद्रोही कह कर जेल में बन्द करके रखा था, वही लोग भाज सूबों में मन्द्री बन कर वहां की सरकार को चलांते हैं । इसलिये इस बात को नहीं भूलना चाहिए कि ऐसे लोग कल केन्द्र में भी सरकार चला सकते हैं। ऐसे किसी व्यक्ति की जाकल घगर प्रापको पसन्द न हो या उनको बोर्ड में रखना ठीक नहीं लगता हो, लेकिन उनको सूबे की सरफार पंसद करे तो के द्रीय सरकार को उनको हटाने का पधिकार नहीं रहना चाहिये । ऐसे किसी ब्यक्ति को जिसको किसी जमाने में केन्द्र सरकार ने किसी न किसी कानून में गिरफ्तार किया है, उन पर कोई उल्टे-सुल्टे घारोप लगाये हैं, ऐसे ठ्यक्ति का बोड श्राफ उायरेक्टमं में घाना यदि राज्य सरकार पसन्द करती है तो केन्द्र सरकार को उसको न लेने का घधिकार नहीं होना चाहिये।

मेरे कहने का यह मतलब नही है कि कोई गलत काम करने वाले या मीरलटर्पघूह में जो व्यक्ति पकड़ा गया है, ऐसे व्यक्त को बों कें भेजा आय, में सिफं हतना ही कहना चाहता है कि हस बान का चन्तिम निरांय केन्त्र सरकार के हाय में न रसते हैए जिस रज्य के ध्यकि को बोर्ड में लेना है, उस राक्य सरकार के हाप में रएमा कहिये। 9 बी क्लाज को क्याल मे रतते द्रए कि राज्य सरकार किसको नोमिनेट करना पंसद करती है, यह तय करमा के क्ट्र सरकार के हाष्ब में न सें, इके बार में राज्य सरकार को दृष अभिकार हते

भी मोहम्मर इस्माइल : सभापति महोदय, मेरी श्रमेंडमेंट तो बहुत fिम्पल है घोर मुमे उन्मीद है कि मन्नी महोदय हसको जहूर मंजूर करेंगे। में चहलता हूं कि पेज 7 पर लाइन 17 के बाद यह़ इन्सटं कर्र
"is or is related to a money-lender, landlord, trader by profession."
में यही चाहता हूं कि डन सब लोगों को बोर्डं में भी न लिया जाय। मैं उन्मीद करता हूं कि प्राप इसको मन्ज़र करेंगे ।

SHRI K. C. PANT : So far as Shri Fernandes' amendment goes, it relates to the point as to who should judge whether the disqualification is attracted or not. No one can say that anybody who is involved in moral turpitude should be allowed to stay. The only point is whoo should judge whether the disqualification is attracted or not. He says that it should be the appropriate Government. But since the majority of the directors are to be appointed by the Central Government or its associated bodies, we feel that this power should be with the Central Government.

As far as his argument that some parties which may be ruling today in the States may come and rule at the Centro, Is concerned, 1 may remind him that in a democracy the reverse is also possible and where they are ruling today the party that is ruling at the Centre may rule tomorrow. Therefore that cannot be an argument.

So far as Shri Ismail's amendment goes, he seeks to lay down that a director who Is related to a money-lender, landlord or trader should be disqualified. It is an unusual restriction and, I would say, is an unreasonable restriction which cannot be accepted.

MR. CHAIRMAN: I shall put the amendments of Shri Fernandes and Shri Ismail together to the vote of the House.

Amendments Nos. 49 and 80 were put and neguttved.

MR. CHAIRMAN I The question is : "That clause 12 stand part of the Bill."

The morion was adopred.
Clange 12 wes added to the Bllf.

MR. CHAIRMAN : There are no amendments to clauses 13, 14 and 15 . So. I put them to the vote of the House.

The question is :
"C'uases 13, 14 and 15 stand part of the Bill."

## The motion was ad,pted.

Clauser 13,14 and 15 were added to the Bill.

Clause 16-Directors of Board or members of a committee not to vote in certain cases)

SHRI GFORGE FERNANDES : I bcg to move :

Page 9, -
after line 11, insert
"Provided further that such director or member shall, within thirty days of the date on which any matter in which he has direct and indirect pecuniary or other interest has come to his knowledge, either give up his interest or resign from the Board or the Committee." (50)

उपाष्यक्ष महोषय, श्रगर घ्राप कलाज को देखें तो उसमें बताया है :
"Every director or member of a committee who has any direct or indirect pecuniary or other interest in any matter coming up for consideration at a meeting of the Board or a commitiee shall,as soon as possible, after the relevant facts or circumstances have come to his knowledge, disclose the nature of his interest at such meeting and the disclosure so made shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting of the Board or of the Committee, as the case may be, and no such director or member shall thereufter take any part in any deliberation or decision of the Board or committee with respect to that matter nor shall his presence at such tmeeting be taken into account for the purpose of determining the quorum for the meeting at the time of such deliberation or voting, and if he does vote. his vote shall be vold ${ }^{\circ \prime}$

इस क्लाज में सरकार ने क्यवस्या की है कि जो वोर्ड घथवा कमेटी का सदस्य हो ध्रगर उसका कोई निजी मामला वहां बद्स के लिये प्राना हो जिसमें उसकी दिलचस्पी हो तो बहस में हिस्सा न ले प्रोर इसके पहले यह भी बताये कि क्या उसका सम्बन्ष है । मेरा संशोषन यह है कि ऐसे कोई भी सदस्य को जिनकी निजी दिलचस्पी हो, ऐसा वहां मसला भ्राने ही, ऐसी सँस्थाम्रों से उनको हट जाना चाहिये या जिस मसले में उनकी ठ्यनिकत दिलचस्पी है उसमें से उनको हैट जाना चाह्यिये ।

MR. CHAIRMAN: That is exacily the point. His action will be negatived so far as the particular matter is coneerned.

भीजां फरनेन्डीज : मैं तो यह कहूंगा कि हट जाये, उसे बोर्ड से इस्तीफा देना चाहिये 30 दिन के श्रन्दर या जो संस्था कर्जा मांग रही रही है या क्रंडिट कारपोरेशन से वह् सम्बन्ष रखना है तो उम संस्था से भी हृट जाये, दोनों में से क्रिमी से भी ह्ट जाये क्योंकि डाइरेकटर का बोड़ में रहना श्रोर मीटिंग में हिस्सा लेना इसमे काम पूरा नहीं होगा ष्योंकि रिशते जम जाते हैं प्रोर श्राज मेरा कोई भी मामला घ्रा गया जिसमें मेरा इन्ट्रेस्ट है, हनना बताकर में उस मीटिंग मे हट गया तो कल दूसरे का भी मामला श्रा सकता है प्रोर वह भी कह कर हट जायेगा कि इसमें मेरा इन्ट्रेस्ट है घोर घाप जानते हैं कि तेरी भी चुप घ्रोर मेरी भी चुप ऐसा घागमी समभोता होता है घोर एक डाइरेक्टर का कोई मसला फा जाये तो घोर दूसरे डाइरेक्टर उसका काम करे थोर जब पहले कले का मससा भा जाये तो भ्रन्य लोग मिल कर काम करें, ऐसे ब्यक्तियों को ऐसे बोडं में नहीं रहना कािए जिनका इस कारपोरेबन के साथ कोई न कोई जिकता हो। मे समभता क्रे कि कारपोरेष्षन को घ्रयम्त ईमानदारी से घलाने की दृष्टि से मन्त्यी महोदय मेरे संशोधन को स्वीकार कर्रेगे ।

SHRI K. C. PANT : Sir, to presums that anybody who is interested is nevessarily dishonest is not a fair proportion. A person may have a very limited interest in a very limited area and he may bo genuinely interested in developing cooperative movement. Just because he is interested in one area, to debar him from being a member of the Board is not fair. That is far too restrictive. Already, we have provided a declaration of interest in matters as they come up."

MR. CHAIRMAN : Now, I put amendment No. 50 to the vote of the House.
Amendment No. 50 was put an I negatived.
MR. CHAIRMAN : Now. I put clause 16 to the vote of the House.

The question is :
"That clause 16 stand part of the Bill•

The m,tion was adopted
Chause If was adided to the Bill.
Ciause 17 was added to the Bill.
MR. CHAIRMAN: Clause 18. Mr. Shinkie

SHRI SHINKRE: I am not moving my amendment.

MR CHAIRMAN : There is no other amendment. I shall now put Clause 18 to the vote of the House.

The question is :
"That Clause 18 stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adoptrd.
Clause 18 was added to the Blll.
Clause 19-Business which the cor poration may Transact )

MR. CHAIRMAN . There are some amendments to this Clause.

Mr. Viswambharan ... He is moving his amendments.

Mr. George Fernandes... He is moving his amendments.

Mr. Sreedharan and Mr. Narayau Rao

## [Mr. Chairman]

are not here. Mr. Lobo Prabhu... He is moving.

Mr. Lakkappa's amendments are the same as Mr. Viswambaran's. Mr. Mahant Digvijai Nath . He is moving his amendments. Mr. Tyagi and Mr. Bibhuti Mishra are not here.

SHRIP. VISWAMBHARAN : 1 beg to move :

Page 9, line 34,--
for "five years" substitute "ton years". (22)

Page 9, line 34, -
for "agriculturists" substitute "persons engaged in agricultural operations". (23)

Page 9, lines 36 and 37,-
for "or primary agricultural credit socreties for agricultural operations or for"

## substitute-

"primary agricultural credit societies or other cooperative societies the objects of which include agricultural operations or for" (24)
Page 10.--
after line 2,--insert-
"Provided the rates of interest charged on such loans and advances shall not exceed six per cent. per annum." (25)

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES : I beg to move :

Page 10. line 33, -
for "Central" substitute "appropriate" (61)

SHRI LOBO PRABHU: I beg to move :

## Page 9. line 34, -

after "agriculturists" insert-
"who are not members of Co-operative Societies". (127)

SHRI MAHANT DIGVIJAI NATH :
I beg to move:

Page 9, line 34, -
for "agriculturists" substitute -
"cultivators and other persons so engaged in agricultural operations." (187)

Page 10, -
after line 2, insert-
-Provided that the rates of interests charged on such loans shal! not be more than five per cent. per annum." (188)

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN : Clause 19(a) deals with graning of loans and advances. I want the period of loan to be extended from five years to ten years, and then the rate of interest has also to be stipulated in this Bill itself because, as I have said earlier, in the co-operative credit system by the time it reaches the agriculturist, he is called upon to pay 9 to 10 per cent. The maximum interest is paid by the farmers whereas the industrialists are getting crores and crores of rupees as loan interest-free. The rate of interest has to be provided in this Bill; otherwise, when these things are provided in the rules and when the loans pass from the Corporation to the primary society and then to the agricuiturist, he may be compelled to pay 10 or 12 per cent as interest. So, my amendment seeks to provide in this Bill that the maximum interest that shall be assessed on the agriculturist, on the luanee, shall not exceed six per cent.

Another thing that I would like to bring to the notice of the Minister is regarding grant of advances and loans for operations allied to agriculture. In the notes attached to this Bill it is stated that the principal business of the Corporation will be to grant loans and advances for periods not exceeding five years for agricultural and allied operations. If this Clause is passed as it is, 1 fear that, for allied operations, the Corporation will not be able to issue any loan or advance. The definition 'agricultural operation' includes animal husbandry, dairy farming, pisciculture and poultry farming. 1 think, the idea of the Government is to issue loans for these purposes also. But when we read this Clause, we find that it way ax bo poisible
for the Corporation to issue such loans for these purposes. The Clause reads thus :
"... the granting of loans and advances ..to agriculturists, agricultural marketing societies, agricultural processing societies. .......for agricultural operations or for such other operations connected therewith .."

SHRI RANDHIR SINGH: What is the defination of 'agricultural operations'?

SHRI P. VISWAMBHARAN: As 1 read out just now, 'agricultural operation' includes animal husbandry, dairy farming, pisciculture and poultiy farming. My point is this. The loan can be issued only to agriculturists. So, the loanee is agriculturist only. That word, 'agriculturist' is not defined here.

Another thing, Sir. There are some cooperative societies which are enumerated here. There are agricultural societies. There are agricultural marketing societies, agricultural processing societies etc. But non of these societies do any function regarding development of fisheries or duiry development or poultry farming. There are different sets of societies dealing with thesc activities. So, if the intention of this Government is really to help these societies and person, engaged in these functions also, then Ithink, the clause has got to be amended. My amendment in that respect says this :

For or primary agricultural credit societies for agricultural operations or for'
substiture
'primary agri-ultural credit societies or other cooperative societies the objects of which include agricultural operation or 'or'
Also, in another amendment I said :

## For 'agriculturists'

swhstitute 'persons engaged in agricultural operations'.

By this. agriculturists and also others who are doing allied operations may get in. By the first amendment, the dairy development societies, fisheries societies, and poultry farming societies may also come under this category. I hope that the Minister would accept these amendments.

भी जाखं फरनेन्ड़ज : कोई नई बात नहीं
कहमी है वही बात दोहारा कर कोई फायदा नहीं है । मैं तो थक गया हूं।

SHRI LOBO PRABHU: I have a small amendment. But it has a very large consequence. I raised the point that this Bill provides for a set up which is not complimentary but supplantory, of cooperation. The Minister accepted that in Assam there are 10 areas where this corporation will step in place of the cooperative organisation. It is a vert serious implication which has not yet been impressed on this House. Apart from saying that my assessment was right, tie Minister has not given enough attention to this matter.

AN HON. MEMBER: Your amendment fills a vacuum.

SHRI LOBO PRABHU : It is not filling a vacuum. This body is a new body providing finance to cooperative organisation. My amendment as proposed here is that any loan which this corporation advances should be restricted to those who whe are not members of cooperative societies. This will make the proposal complimentary and not supplementary. This will not mean that this organisation will take over members of the co-operative organisation. The importance of this is that even today members of cooperative societies borrow from money lenders. In fact there is a regular practice that just before the loan is due, an advance is made by the inoney lender for a month, the repayment is made and then the money is returned to the money lender at a high rate of interest. Are we going to create another agency which will do the same function of financ. ing a fictitious repayment of the loan? So. that is my amendment, that those who are In the cooperative movement should not get the loan. I had taken a very great interest in cooporation and I was for 4 years the Secretary to Government of the Couperative Depariment Iam very seriously venturing to point out that under the guise of this Bill we are starting a movement to destroy and annihilate cooperation.

The Minister has not perceived it. But what can it be when there is more money avalable inevitable at a lower rate of inte.

## [Shri Lobo Prabhu]

rest ; it may not be 5 per cent, but it will be less than $8 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent which is the present rate because it is only one bank and not two between the finance available and the member. Are we, therefore. going to end the co-operative movement, though slowly? I as one very much interested in the co-operative movement would like the Minister to consider this appect and agreeat least to this amendment that loans from this organisation will not be given to members of co-cperative socicties.

SHRI RANDHIR SINGH: What is the harm if the farmer gets loans fiom different agencies?

## SHRIK LAKKAPPA: rose-

MR. CHAIRMAN: His amendment is similar to the one already moved. But he can speak

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA My amendment seeks to substitute ' 10 yeas' in plate of ' 5 years'" It is a very reasonable period. The real intention of Government is (1) protect the interest of the ryots who are engaged in agriculture and who have to get profit out the crops they raise. The period fixed under the Bill is noi enough became experience of agricultural operations shows that certain crops such as coconut, arecanut, casuarina and cashew need more than 10 years before they are able to yield. So Government should concede to this reasonable amendment and raise the period to ten years, hecause this would give real protection of financial assistance to the poor classes, the ryots, who are the backbone of the country.

श्रो मह्ंत विर्बिजय नाथ : मेरा संशोधन यह है, कि छममें जो पांच साल का समय रखा गया है वह थोड़ा है, उमको बढ़ाकर 10 साल कर दिया जाय । यह मुभाव मैंने हसलिए रखा है कि प्रायः किसार्नो को फमल मारी जाती है, कभी पानी न बरसने की वजह से घ्रोर कभी बाढ़ के कारगा । इसलिए उसको पांच माल के बजाय दम साल का समय मिलना चाहत।

दूसरा संधोषन यह है कि एग्रीकर्चरिस्ट्स घी जगह् पर
"cultivators and other persons so engaged in agricultural operations"

रख्व दिया जाय । एग्रीकबचरिक्ट को कह्दीं डिफायन नहीं किया गया है। उसको डिफायन होना चाहित कि ये लोग इसमें इन्कलूड किये जायेंगे ।

तीमरा मंशोधन यह् है कि पृष्ठ 10 पर दूमरी पंकि के बाद
> "Provided that the rates of interests charged on such loan; shall not be more than five per cent per annum."

जोड़ दिया जाय । इसका काराए यह् है सेईवग बंक तकाउंट बगंरह में डिपाजिट दो तीन परसंट में होते हैं श्रोर श्राप एग्रीकल्चरिस्ट्स को बढ़ावा देने के लिए ही यह सुविधा देना चाहते हैं, उसी के लिए् यह लोन दिया जा रहा है, इसमें कोई प्राफिट मोटिव नहीं है। इसलिए मेग सुभात्र यह है कि 3 परसेंट से ज्यादा इस को नहीं चाहिए ।

श्री विसूति मिश्न : मेरा भी भमें छमेंट हैं।
सभापति महोबय : भ्रापने मूव नहीं किया ।
श्री विर्मूनि मिश्र : में यदां पर द्वाजिर नहीं था । डित्टी स्पीकर ने कुछ कहा ही नहीं तो मैं क्या कहुं ?

सभापति महोदय, बलाज 22 के सम्बन्ध में मेने दो श्रमें डमेंटस हैं जिनकी कि बाबत में केवल यह कहना चाह्ता हूं कि पहले में मैंने यह चाहा है कि बारोघंग्स श्रोर डिपाजिट्स की लिमिट्र स जो कि बिल में टेन टाइम्स दी गई है उस टेन की जगह टऐंटी कर दिया जाय घ्रोर भ्रपने दूसरे भ्रमेंडमेंट में मैंने फिफटीन की जगह पर टऐंटीफाइ करना चाहा है...

धी जार्ज करनेन्डीक : सभापति महोदय, घभी सद्व में क्लाज 19 पर विचार चल रहा है जबकि माननीय सदस्य क्लाइ 22 पर घपने

द्वारा पेश किये गये घमेंडमेंटस पर बोल २हे हैं।

सभापति कहोर्य : भ्रभी माननीय सदस्य सत्र करें । क्लाज 22 पर प्रभी हम नहीं पहुंजे हैं।

SHRIK. C. PANT: Firstly, I would like to tell my revered friend Mahantji that in the Agricultural Refinance Corporation also we have the same definition as in this Bill. There loans have been advanced for horticultural purposes- Therefore, in this case also horticulture would be covered.

The second point was about the rate of insterest. It will be for the Board of Directors to specify the rate of insterest on loans depending upon the prevailing markel rate. We cannot tie them down to any fixed rate.

The third point was about raising the period from five to ten years. As 1 explained earlier, this provision is meant to replace co-operative credit structure at points where only short and medium term I oans are given and the maximum period for them is five years. When you make it ten years you go to the field of land mortgage banks. The total is the same. You can want more to ten years and less to five years. I do not think that is the intention of any hon. Member. Therefore, we have to be very clear in our thinking about these matters and we have to see how much we can give for which purpose and then distribute properly.

### 16.54 brs.

## [Mr. Depaty-Speaker in the Chair]

For long term also there are agencies for distributing credit. There are other agencies designed to distribute short and medium term loans. Here is an institution replacing for some time other institutions which distribute short and medium term loans. Would it be proper for it to distribute long term loan and replace institutions distributing long term loans, instead of replacing institutions distributing short and medium term loans ? Therefore, in this Bill we cannot provide for long term credit. It has 10 be short and medium term and I think my hon. friends will agree that short and medium term credit is also
very necessary. It is not as if there is enough of it with the farmer today. That is also necessary and 1 am quite certain they would not like to reduce that also.

Shri Viswambharan raised the point what agriculturist means. The dletionary meaning of agriculturist is a farmer or one skilled in agriculture. The clarifisatory definition that he has suggested does not seem to be necessay.

He also raised some other doubts. I would like to tell him that his interpret:ition is not correst. Loans to poultry farming and dairy farming will be covered by agricultural processing sociecies. I would refer him to the definitions of agricultural processing society in clause 2 which is comprehensive Shri Randhir Singh also referred him to thatt. Therefore, that covers his point.

Shri Lobo Prabhu said hat loans should not be given to directors of co-operitive societtes. There tre two points which I would like to bring to his notice. The first point is that agricultural credit societies will not completely displace the existing co-operative structure.

It will only replace it in these areas where it is weak. There may be areas where the Central Co-operative banks are strong. In these areas it is not our Intention to replace them merely becaune we have an agricultural credit society, Again you have to build it up from the bottom. There may be many occassions where we have to disburse these loans to the existing co-operative societies and through them to the Members.

The second point is that this would be discriminatory and it would be a violation of Article 14 of the Constitution. That will be so if you pick out only the memers of the co-operative societies and say we will not give them loans

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I shall now put amendment No. 61 to the vote of the House.

Amendmrni No. 61 was put and negufived
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I shall put all the other amendments to the vote of the House.

Amendment Nos. 22 to 25, 127, 187, and
188 were pus and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :
"That clause 19 stand part of the Bill.".

The motion was adopted.
Clause 19 was added to the Bill.

> Clause 20 -Borrowing by the Corporation)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I would suggest one thing. We have devoted more than double the time and in the Business Advisory Committee all the parties were present. What I suggest is that the rest of the amendments excluding Government amendments logether may be put to the vote of the House. 1 am prepared to give you a few minutes finelly.

SHRI GIIORGE FERNANDES: What about my amendment?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I cannot allow any speech.

SHRI GLORGE FERNANDES : I beg to move ;
Page 11, line 11,-
for "Central" substitute "appropriate" (62)

MR. DEPUTY-SPFAKER : I will now put aniendment No. 62 of Mr. Fernandes to the vole of the Huase.

Amendme't No. 62 was put and negatived
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :
"That Clause 20 stanci part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

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\text { Clause } 20 \text { was added to the Bill. }
$$

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : There is not amendment to clause 21.

I will put it to the vote of the House.
The question is :
"That clause 21 stand part of the Bill".

The morion was adopted
Clause 21 was addied to the Bitl.

Clause 22...(Limits on borrowing and deposits)

SHRI GFORGE FERNANDES : I beg to move :

Page 11, line 19, -
for "Central" substitute "appropriate" (63)

SHRI BIBHUTI MISHRA: I beg to move:

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Page 11. line 17.-
    for "ten" substitutc "twenty" (205)
Page 11, line 20.-
    for "fifteen" substitut" "twenty-five"
(206)
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MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: 1 will put these amendments to the vote of the House.

> Amendments Nos. 63, 205 and 206 were put and negutived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Now the question is :
> "That clause 22 stand part of the Bill."

> The motion was a opted.

Clause 22 was added to the Bill
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : There are no amendments to clauses 23 to 26. I will put them together. The question is.
"That clauses 23 to 26 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.
Clauses 23 to 26 were added to the Bill.
Clause 27- (Investment of surplus funds)

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES : I beg to move :
Page 12, line 17, -
after "Bank" insert "or Co-operativo Bank" (64)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : 1 will put this amondment to the vote of the House.

Amendment Na 64 was mur and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : The question is:
"That clause 27 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.
Clause 27 was added to the Bill.
Clause 28-(Recovery of moncys due to the Corporation)
Amendment made :
Page 12, line 30,-
for "the State" subvitute "that". (82)
Shri K. C. Punt
MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : The question is :
"That clause 28. as amended. stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.
Clause in, as amended, was added to the Bill.

17 hrs .
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is:
"Thal clause 29 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.
Clause 29 was added to the Bill.
Clause 30-(General Meetings)
SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: I move :
Page 14, line 8, -
for "Central" substitute "appropriate" (65)

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : 1 shall now put Shri Fernandes' amendmeat.

Amendment No. 65 was put and negathed.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is:
"That clause 30 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopred
Clause 30 was added to sho BIII.
Clause 81 mes added to sto BIII.

## Clausc 32 (Audit)

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES : I move :
Page 14. line 31,
for "Central" substitute "appropriate" (66)

Page 15, line 27,
after "Government" insert
"On a representation from the appropriate Government." (67)

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : I shall put Shri Fernandes' amendinents.

Amendments Nos. A. 6 and 67 were put and negatived

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :
"That clause 32 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.
Clause 32 was added to the Bill.
Clause 33-(Returns)
SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: I move:
Page 15, line 37,-
for "Central" subsitioute "appropriate" (68)

Page 16, Ine 3,-
add at the end-
"of the Central or State Government,
us the case may be." (69)
MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : I shall put Shri Fernandes' amendments to the vote.

Amendmenss Nar 68 and 69 wero mut and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :
"That clause 33 stand part of tha BIII."

The motion was adopted.
Clause 33 was added to the BIII.
Clamser 34 to 43 were added so the BUL.

Clause 44-(Reserve Bank to submit report)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : There is amendment No. 129 by Mr. Lobo Prabhu. He is not here.

SHRI K. C. PANT: That is an amendment which 1 shall be prepared to accept.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : But he is not here. If it is so vital. we have to see to it.

SHRI K. C. PANT: It is a simple amendment. It may or not be accepted, but I shall just explain it. The clause says that the Reserve Bank shall make an review after five years. Shri Lobo Prabhu says that it should be done earlier, after three years. I am prepared to accept it

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : We will give an assurance ; it has no meaning ; the hon. Member is not here.

SHRI RANGA: Sir, if the Minister Is willing to accept it, what is the objection? If the House is willing, let the Minister bring that amendment forward.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Then you may ask permission to move.

SHRIRANGA: On behalf of Shri Lobo Prabhu, I beg to move :

> Page 18, line 27 ,
> Jor "five" substitute "three."

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER ; The question is :
Page 18. line 27, for "five" substitute "three." (129)

## The motion was edopted.

SHRIK. C. PANT ; There is a consequential change now. If the house has no objection, I shall move it. I move :
Page 18, line 30,
for "ive" substiture "three." (207)

[^6]Page 18, line 30,
for "five substitute "three." (207)
The motion was adopted.
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Now, the question is:
"That clause 44, as amended, stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.
Clouse 44, as umended, was added to the Bill.
Clause 45 was added to the Bill.
Clause 46- Power of the Central Government to make rules)

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES : I beg to move :
Pags 19, line 3, -

> for "Central" substitute-
> "appropriate" (70)

Page 19, line 28, -
after "Parliament" inscrt-
"or the Slate Legislature, as the case may be" (71)
Page 19, line 32.--
after "Houses" insert-
"or the State Legislature, as the case may be" (72)
Page 19, line 33 -
after "Houses" insert-
"or the State Legislature, as the case
may be" (73)
SHRI K. C. PANT: I nove•
Page 19, lines 15 and $16,-$
for "States" wherever it occurs,
subslitute-
"appropriate" (85)
MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I will put the Government amendment No. 85.

The question is :

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Page 19, lines }15\mathrm{ and 16,-
    for "States" wherever it occurs,
    oubatifute-
        "appropriate" (85)
        The meston mas edopred.
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MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I shall put all the other amendments to vote.

Amendments Nos. 70 is 73 were put and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is:
"That clause 46, as amended, stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted.
Clause 4t, as amended, was added to the Bill.

Clausus 47 and 48 Ciause 1, The Schedule, the Fnicting Furmula and the !'itle were added to the Bill.

श्री हुकम चन्ब कछवाय : (उज्जनन) उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मदन में गग्गपूर्ति नहीं है ।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The bell is being rung. --Now there is quorum.

SHRI K. C. PANT : I beg to move :
"That..
(Interruptions)
श्री जार्ज फरनेन्ड़जज : उपाध्यक्ष, महोदय, मेरा व्यवस्था का प्रशन है। मेरा कहना यह है कि इस समय थं रीडिंग ली ही नहीं जा सकती। प्राप 93 (1) को देखिये :
"93(1) When a motion that a Bill be taken into consideration has been carried and no amendment of the Bill is made, the member in charge may at once move that the Bill be passed."
लेकिन प्राप 93 (2) को देखिये :
" $92(2)$ Where a Bill has undergone amendments, the motion that the Bill as amended be passed shall not be moved on the some day on which the consideration of the Bill is concluded, uniess the Speaker allows the motion to be made.
यहां पर मंर्री महोदय ने सिफं प्रस्ताव पेश किया है। स्वीकर की इजाजत बाली कोई बान नहीं म्राई है। मैं प्रापके सामने शाकधर को भी पेश करना चाहता है। वह्ह कहते हैं कि:

[^7]amended. be passed, is not generally moved on the same day on which the consideration of the Bill has concluded. An objection can be taken to the motion being moved on the same day on the ground that member would like to study the Bill, as amended, and if such an objection prevails, the motion is brought forward on any future date."
मेरा यह ध्राग्रहै है कि मंत्री महोदय, ने कई तरमीमों को ₹वीकार किया है । हस लिए हस बिल पर बह्म को स्थगित किया जाय घ्मोर छस को कल फिर लिया जाये। मजेन्डा पर जो मगला विषय हो उस को इस समय लिया जाये ।

SHRI SHEO NARAIN: The same rule says it shall be according to the will of the Speaker.

भी जांज फरनेन्ट्रीज : हैं नो नियम के प्रनुसार चलना चाट्तिता हूं ।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I agree that so many clauses have been guillotined and there was some justification, keeping in view the time that has been consumed. In case we postpone consideration at the last stage, tomorrow if again speeches are to be opened up, it will take a long time.

घ्री जार्ज फरनेन्डीज : में ग्युतामा कहूंगा में भाषराों के मुनालिक कोई बात नहीं उटा रह्ता है। मैं तो मिर्क fनयम की बात उठा रह्ए हूं। इस पर जिन को भी बोलना है वे बोल चुके है। लोगों की इस कित के बारे में कितनी दिलचस्की है यह माव देग्व रहं हैं।

दस बार कोरम की घटी बजी है। घय भी श्रगर कोरम की घंटी न बजनी नो लोग घ्रन्दर नती ध्राते । इस पर ज्यावा बद्दस की जाए, यह में नहीं चाहता हूँ। मै तो सिफं नियम का पालन करना चाहता हं। नियम को न तोड़ा जाए।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I agree with you. The question whether to allow such a motion or not is left to the discretion of the Speaker. It is true that I have put so many amendments to the clauses

## [Mr. Deputy-Speaker]

together and some amendments have been accepted by the Government. So. I am prepared to concede this demand, provided that not mare than half an hour will be taken tomorrow. That must be clearly understood. Because, we have taken two much time today.

श्री जार्ज फरनेन्ड़ज : श्राप समय की पाबन्दी जहर लगायें।

SHRI K. C. PANT : I would only say this that it is in response to the sentiments of the various hon. Members opposite that we have accepted various amendments, as we have gone along. Also, it has not materiaily changed the framework of the Bill or its substance, although we have tried $w_{i}$ herever possible, to accommodate the sent ments expressed in the House. So, Sir, since it is, within your authority to allow the third reading to take place now, I would subinit..

SHRI VASUDEVAN NAIR (Peermade): [Why do you oppose the suggestion?

भौ महाराज सिंह मारती (मेरठ) : बत तो गबनंमेंट की ही एमेंडमेंट्म थीं। हमारे तो प्रादमी भी गेर हाजिर थे।

SHRI K. C. PNT : It would be better, in my view, to encourage the government to be responsive to the amendments suggested by the opposition and one of the best ways is to co-operato the government. Every time that we accept an amendment, if thls rule is going to be applied that the discussion should go over to the next day, it will discourage the acceptance of amendments, even when they are reasonable. So, I would appeal to my hon. friend, Shri Fernandes, to be practical about it, because it is an inevitable psychological consequence

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : As the Minister has put it, it is in response to the suggestions made in the speeches from this side of the House that government have accommendated them by accepting some amendments. Now, if the stand is taken that because government have accepted cortuin amendments, so the third reading
cannot take place today, it will discourage the government from accepting amendment ${ }^{3}$ in future. Of course, I know the rule $h^{e}$ has quoted, But I would request him to withdraw his objection so that we can dispose of this $\mathrm{Bi}!\mathrm{l}$ today. Government have responsed to some points made by the opposition during the debate and the Minister has accepted so many amendments at the last stage.

भी जाईं फरनेन्ड़जज : जो प्रईन मैंने उठाया है उसको लेकर कुछ गलनफहमी हो रही़ है...

भी रराधीर सिंह् : बन्बईई का बाबू किसान की बान क्या जाने।

SHRI RANGA : I would like to appeal to my hon. friend, Shri Fernandes, not to insist upon its objection because, as the Minister in charge of the Bill has put it in such a very clever and, at the same time, pleasing way, then what would happen is that in future no Minister would be willing to accept even innocent and innocuous amendinents, when they are pressed for time, lest they will be foreed to postpone consideration of the Bill. Therefore, without making it as a precelent. let the third reading be taken up now and the Bill passed. I would appeal t. Shri Fernandes not to insist on his objecion and allow the Blito be paned todiy $L$ Le tus also cooperate with the governinent.

भो जार्ज करनेंडीज : मैंने तो नियम की बात को माधके सामने रखता है। नियम मैंने नहीं बनाया, सषन ने बनाया है। मंश्री महोदय ने किस को एकमोडेट किया, किस को नहीं किषा, यह प्रश्न नट़ीं है। प्राज किसी बात को लेकर किया है तो कल को किसी दूसरी बात को लेकर भात़ा हो सकना है । इसनिए नियम का पालन हम लोग करें। इस में कोई समय बरबाद नहीं होता है। भब एजंडे की दूषरी पाइटम चलेगी। कल वह प्रहन्न पहले लिया जा सकता है। इम पर बंहस पहले हो सकती है। पष केन्न पन्द्रह मिनट ही बाकी हैं। पन्द्रह मिनट

में बहस पूरी नहीं होगी। घापने स्वयं ही कहा है कि ग्राध घंटा ग्राप देंगे। तब भी इसको पाज खत्म नहीं किया जा सकता है। इस वास्ते नियम का पालन होने दीजिये ।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Shri Fernandes has quoted from Mr. Shakdher's book in support of his contention. I have gone through the rule again and, so far as the rules are concerned, we would like to adhere to them and to the established procedure. But, as Professor Ranga has already stated and the Minister has explained, it is in response to the wishes of the hon. Members of the opposition that Government have accepted some amendments. That has to be borne in mind. Now, if he is not willing to go on with the item today, we will proceed to the next item.

SARI GEORGE FERNANDES: Tomorrow.

MR. DEPU YY-SPEAKER : All right. We will go to the other item.

क्षो मोलहू प्रसाब (बांसगांव) : उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मेरा भी एक ठपवस्था का प्रइन है। में भापके सचिव को लिसते-निखने थक गया हू। मेरे सब प्रहनों के उत्तर ग्रंश्रेजी में प्राते है। पचासों प्रशन मेरे पड़े होंगे । सच प्रशनों के उत्तर मुमे प्रंम्रेजो में दे रहे हैं । श्राप तो जानने ही हैं कि मेरे मां बाप में से कोई घ्रंप्रे जी नहीं जानता था प्रोर न ही ह्मारे प्रंप्रेजी के संस्कार हैं। में लिखते-लिखते थक गया हूं लेकिन...

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Better address the Speaker. If there is any genuine difficulty, it will be looked into and remored. But this is not the time to rise it.

1716 hrs.

## MOTION RE FINAL REPORT OF ROAD TRANSPORT TAXATION ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The House will take up further consideration of the

Report of the Road Transport Taxation Enquiry Committee. 1 hour and 35 minutes only are left for this. So, hon. Members will be very brief. Shri Shri Chand Goyal.

SHRI SHRI CHAND GOYAL (Chandigarh): 4 hours have been allotted for this.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : You may take 10 minutes.

SHRI SHRI CHAND GOYAL: Sir. the Keskar Committee submitted its reports in three instalments - the first in September, 1966, another one in June, 1967 and the final report in November, 1967.

धी गाश मूष्या (खारगोन) : हिन्दो में बोलिये, ताकि हम भी समभ लें।

की क्षेष्त्ब गोयल : में भापकी पाजा से छूं कि कुछ मैम्बर माहिबान चाहते हैं कि हिन्दी में बोलूं, हिन्दी में बोलता हू। केसकर साह़ा की. पष्पक्षता में सड़क परिवहन के सिलसिले में जो कमेटी मुकरंर हुई थी उसने तीन रिपोटें पेश कीं...

भी रसषीर निह (रोहततक) : उपाष्यक्ष महोदय, हाउस में कोरम नहीं है। जब किसानों का मसला जेरे गभर था तब इन्होंने बार-षार कोरम का सवाल उठा कर किसानों की तेहोन की थी ; प्रब जबकि रोश्ख के बारे में षर्चा हो रही है, मै भी कोरम का सवाल उठाना चाहता है ;

MR. DEPUTY.SPEAKER : The bell is being rung.

Now there is quorum. The hon. Member may continue his speech.

SHKI SHRI CHAND GOYAL: Sir, 1 was submittiog that the Report of the Road Transport Taxation Enquiry Commitlee which has been given in three instalments by the Keskar Committee has unanimouly recommended, and it has come to an obvious conclusion, that the road transport industry bas ceased to be a profitable ion

## [Shrl Shri Chand Goel]

dustry, the burden of taxation has reached a saturation point and it has gone. to such an extent, that it has started serving as a disincentive to the industry.

The series of reports, starting from the year 1950, have been pouring in from time to time. But the Government has not tried to implement the recommendations of these various Committees I would like to ack the hon. Minister as to what is the good in appointing theie Committee from time to time and spending lakhs of rupees on them. There are so many members of the Committee and the Committee has been touring throughout the country. A lot of money has been spent on these Committees. Unless the Government has a mind to implement al least 20 per cent of what has been recommended, i do not think the appoinment of these Committees will serve any useful purpose

Sir, you will agree with me that the road transport industry is snffering from handicaps and impediments. As you know. the most of the people who come either from the middle-class or the lower-class, and who own a truck or two each, are not rich enough to purchase their own vehicle and, I must say, a vehicle which in 1936 used to cost Rs. 2700 now costs, a Mercedes truck, Rs. 45,003 and a Leyland truck costs about Rs. $\mathbf{6 0 , 0 0 0}$.

That is the variation in the prices of these vehicles. If we take into consideration the increase in the price of petrol, if we take into consideration the rising prices of tyres and tu'ves and other spare parts, we will come to the obvious conclusion that the poor tramporter has to depend either on a rich financier or on some corporate body. Then, his difficulty increase; when he wants to take a trip. say, from Deihi to Caltutta; aceording to the report, he has to come across 70 to 80 cheek-post: and the amounts of oiroi duties or illegal gratifiation that he has to pay at varions check-posts, according to this report, come to Rs. 77. If for one trip from Delhi to Calcutta he has to pay that much, if he is subjected to the laws of various States, if he is subjected to the taxation of various States, then he has feeling that he is not passing in one country but is passing through so many countries. A friend of mine who had been to Germany and who
was a Congress Minister in Himachal Pradesh, was telling me yesterday that, when he toured Germany, he found that from one end to another one could easily pass as if it was one country and that there was absolutely no difficulty there. But see the difficulty to which a poor transporter is being subjected here ; this is a genuine difficulty. This has, in fact, been recommended in the various reports, our Transport Minister, Prof. V K.R.V. Rao, when he spoke in the Convention of Road Transport, himself had asked all the States that they should not subject this transport to further taxation till the report was finally submitted and the Government framed some decided and definite policy on that. But what has happened? Has any of these States paid any heed to the recommendations or to the speech of the hon Minister? What has happened? After the submission of the tinal report, the Andhra Pradesh Government has increased these taxes on the vehicles, and so has Punjab. They have increased from 25 per cent to 35 per cent. And I understand that even the Delhi Administration is thinking of imposing further taxes on this. So, what has happened to these recommendations or to the wishes of the hon. Transport Minister? I feel that, when the Ministers make certain recommendations and statements, they are not very sincere about them : otherwise, these Central Cabinet Ministers ought to have made a beginning with the Central Government rather than admonishing or advising the State Governments to desist from putting further taxation ; they should have started with their own Government. The Transport Minister himself has come to the conclusion that these taxes have reached the saturation point and this has started serving as a disincentive; he himself has recommended that the industry need; substantial relief ; he has also recommended that the burden of taxation must be lightened.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The hon. Member may please resume his seat and he may speak on the next occasion. We have another subject now on the Agenda.

### 17.31 hrs.

## half an hour discussion

## Income.Tax Officers Examination

## SHRI SHRI CHAND GOYAL (Chandi-

 garh): Sir, I wish to draw the attention of the hon. Minister to a very very important issue, that is, with regard to the recruitment of income-tax officers.Sir, it was in the year 1965 that the department advertised for 200 posts and decided to hold a certain examination to fill up those posts. What has actually taken place? In 1966 an examination actually look place, in which 38,000 candidates took part. Sir, it was on the 25th March, 1968 that the results seem to have been declared. The successful candidates who have been selected, i.c., 199 candidates, have been furnished with a cyclostyled note which says: 'You are being selected: or you are likely to be selected'. But on that, Sir, the lines which indicated that the results had been declared on the 25ih of March 1968, have been deleted. That indicates, that the department later on changed its mind and did not want to say that the results had been declared on the 25th of Merch, 1968.

### 17.32 hrs.

## [Shri Vasudevan Nair in the Chair]

The interviews were completed in the month of October, 1968. And now we learn that 199 candidates have actually been selected. But what has happened in the selection is a sad story. Even those who were among the first ten in the written papers have been ignored. They have not been recruited. They have not been taken. But on the other hand those who were il the lowest rung of the ladder have been selected. In preference to the gazetted officers who have been holding gazelted posts for years together, ordinary clerks, ordinary assistants, from various departments the representatives of which were on the interview board, have been selected. The Public Service Commission had Mr. Kidwai as its representative on the Selection Committee. Mr. Mutto, who is the Joint Secretary in the Ministry of Finance was also on the interviow board. There
was another person by name Mr. Raj S:ngh and yet another Mr. Rijin. They constituted the interview board. And what have they done? Thev have done something which makes strange history. I hive never came across such a naked play of neporism before. A few officervcome together and decide to take people from tieir own departments and ignoie candidates who have come there on merit.

1 know, both the Ministers ire honest people. But they seem to have been duped by the Depariment in this matter. Fall facts have not been brought to their notice Otherwise, 1 am doubtfal if the iwo hon. Ministers would have ever ageed to the scheme adoped for selection of Incometax whers in which lie marks secured by the candidates in the written pipers have not been l.tken into considetation, on the plea thit the examination was held only to screen the candidates. How is it that the result of the interview alone has counted for selection in this examination. I charge this Government with a very serious allegation that merit has been ignored It is our duty to see that experienced and capable people come as incometax olfieers to the departinent, people who can deliver the goods, people who can perform their job efficiently and well. Sir, reply to one of today's Starred Questions, Government have informed that a big amount is in arrears. Rs. 374.2 crores is the amount, which is now in arrears. This amount is not being realised because you recruit incometax oflicers not on merit bat on considerations other than merit : nepo. tism has been playing a great patt in their selection.

May I also ask why only 19 people are being recruited and not 200 which had been advertised. Nut even a watiting list is prepared, even though it is quite posstble that some out of thuse who are selected, may not chouse to serve the department and some who join may later on decide not to continuc in the department? No arrangeinent has been made for such contingencies.

I understand there are at present 450 vacancies for ITO's Considering the huge amount of arrears to be recovered, of about Rs. 400 crores, do we not require the services of 450 more income-tax ulfiers? Now what is being said is that they will

## [Shri Shri Chand Goyal]

hold another examination for recruitment. But lei us not forget as to what happened in this case? The posts were advertised in 1965. The appointments are being made at the end of 1968 . So it has already taken 3 years. Will it not take another 3 years to 6 il up these new 450 posts which have fallen vacant. Are Government not serious about effecting recovery of arrears of income-tax? Are we not interested in recruiting honest people ie,, men of in egrity? Sir, you are aware that in the IAS examinations and in the provincial civil service examinations, in the Audit and Accounts examination and in all other important examinations, it is the written papers and the interview taken together which finally determine the merit of the candidates. But what has happened in the selection of I.T.O.'s? The score of the candidates in the written papers is being ignored completely.

I know a little about the provincial civil service examinations, specially the provin ial judicial service examinations. There is no interview in judicial service at all and the score of the candidates in the written papers alone is taken into account. This is why we are able to recruit people of merit without any shadow of nepotism through these examinations. But what is happening here beats all sense. With the same ulterior motive only 200 vacancies are being filled up, when there are 650 vacancies.

May 1 tell the hon. Minister that in order to accommodate the people of those departments whose officers constituted the interview board have been taken. It is rather strange that the number of people who were to be inviled for interview was originally 830 but subsequently was increased to 937 , because the candidates in whom the Members of the Board were interested did not figure in the original list of 830 . And this is why the number was increased to 970 . I am sure the Minister will take nute of this serious allegation which I have made with all sense of responsibility.

I am very much pained and grieved at this type of treatment where nopotism has played discriminatory major part in the selection to posts of importance aad res-
ponsibility. I am sure he will remedy this mistake that has been done and candidates will be chosen on the basis of their performance in the written papers and in the interview. The matter cannot be left to the discretion of a few persons. Formerly, the members of the Public Service Commission used to be men of eminence, men of undoubted integrity and of high calibre. Now we do not have that type of people. As my hon. friend Shri Fernandes was just saying, that a few members just come together and distribute posts. This is rather serious.

This is a serions warning, for 1 am sure the hon. Minister, the good man that he is, and also understands the points involved in this, will never allow this naked dance of nepotism in his department and will recruit officers only on the basis of their performance in written papers together with their performance in the interview, and not leave it to the discretion of a few officers who are not behaving properly, specially in this case when they have not done so.

## Some hon. Members rose -

MR. CHAIRMAN : I am told by the Deputy-Speaker that now the procedure laid down is that after the Minister replies the hon members will be allowed to ask questions and then the Minister will reply.

AN HON. MEMBER : The Speaker changed it the next day.

MR. CHAIRMAN : It is left to the House and the Minister.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. C. PANT) : I am in your hands entirely.

धी आर्ज फरनेन्टीज (वम्बई दकिया) : सभापति महोधय, प्रापकी इजाजत हो तो पहले प्रश्न पूखलं, मंत्री महोदय बाद में एक साय अवाब दे सें।

MR. CHALRMAN : All right shri Fernandes.

ध्रो जार्ञ फरनेन्डीज (बम्बई दक्षिरा) : सभापति महोदय, भाई-भतीजावाद कसे चलता है, यह् उसका एक नमूना है। यहां पर कोई भी चीज़ एसी नहीं ही सकता है, जिसमें भाईभतोजावाद न श्राता हो । इस सय जो प्रशन विचाराधीन है, उस पर मैं मंत्री महोदय से पांच प्रशन पूघ्छना चाहता हूं घ्रोर चाहता हूं कि मंत्री महोंदय मेरे प्रइनों का सीधा उत्तर दें

मेरा पहला प्रइन यस्ट है कि यह परीक्षा दिसम्बर, 1966 में हुई श्रोर ग्रब दिसम्बर, 1968 है, यानी दो साल हो चुके हैं मैं जानना चाहना हूं कि यू०पी०एस० सी० ने प्रापक पास परीक्षाप्रों के नतीज क.ब भंजे तथा इन नतीजों को भापने जाहिर क्यों नहीं किया ? प्रशन का उत्तर देत हु : ग्रापने कहा है कि-
> "the result has been communicated by the UPSC: for further necessary action by the Government. It has not been published."

में जानना चाह़ता हूं कि ग्रापने उस को पठिलश क्यों नहीं किया ?

दूमरा—ऋया ग्राप उस रिजल्ट को त₹काल पळिलघा करेंगे ?

तीसरा कलकत्ता की हाई कोट में 200 जगहों में से एक जगह को लेकर रिट-पंटीशन दाखिल हुई थी। कौन से महत्व के मुद्दे उस रिटपैटी शन में उठाये गयं थे, जिनको लेकर भापको उन जगहों को भरना प्रसम्भव हो रहा है ?

घोया ऐसा बताया गया है tंक 199 लोगों की भरती की गई है, लेकिन श्रसल में उन को घ्रभी तक काम पर नहीं लगाया गया है। मंत्री महोदय ने घ्रपने उत्तर में कहा था कि-
> "The remaining 199 posts will be filled up as soon as the medical examination and other nocessary formalities are carried out."

इसका मतसब fिलकुल साक हैं fिक जिन 109 जगहों को घ्राप भाई-भतीजाबाद को इस्ेमाल करोे बरना बहाते ये, के घमी तक करी

नहीं हैं। ग्रब जससा कि गोयल साहब मे भसलियत को पेश किया है, क्या म्राग यू० पी० एस० सी० के नतीजों को जाहिर कर के उम 200 जगहों पर उन्हीं लोगों को भरती करेंगे जिन्होंने सिनियोरिटी से पास किया हैं।

पाचवां —श्भगर भ्रापकां इस रिपोर्ट को जाहिर करने में कोई ह्रकत है तो क्या पाप पालियामेंट के सामने उस को तरकाल पेश करें गे।

श्रो शिबच्घम्ट का (मधुबनी) : सभापति महोदय, इस परीक्षा में जो धांधलियां हुई हैं, जो शिकायतें श्राई हैं-उन को दृधि में रलते हुए क्या श्राप हसकी थौरो-जाँच के लिये कोई कमेटी बहाल करेंगे नाकि मालूम हो संक कि हृकीकत क्या है कहां घाधली हुई है, कहां नेपोटिउम है, भाई-भतीजावाद किस डियी पर है प्रोर भव्रिष्य में इम तरह की बात रिपीट न हो ?

दूसरे- 1966 में जो टंस्ट हुमा है उस के संट्ण्डंड के बारे में, उस के तरीके के बारे में पूब्घना चाहृता हूं। प्रपके यहां जितने टंस्ट होते हैं, वे सब सब्जंषिटव होते हैं। में जानना चाहृता है, कि क्या उन श्रफसरों का प्रोसीषिटव टंस्ट भी होता है। सभार्पति महोदय, भाप जानते हैं कि सर्सेषिटव टैस्ट भ्रोर प्रोम्सेषिट्टव टैस्ट क्या होता है, इस लिये क्या कोई क्राइटेरियन उन के भ्रार्जैषिटव टंस्ट का मी भापके यद्धां है।

नीसरे - मभापनि महोदय, माप जामते हैं पो० केलडोर के भनुसार हिन्दुस्तान में 200 से 300 करोड़ रुपये का टंकस छवेजन होता है, उस को रोकने के लिये ये मफसर लोग उस समाज में जायेंगे। कहीं ये लोग हन बिजनेस वासों यें फंम न जांय, टैंक्स हवेजन का सिलसिला ज। न रह जाय, इस हृप्टि से जहरी है कि इस के प्रम्दर सामाजिक भाबना हो। इस लिये में जामना चाहता है कि क्या भाषके टंस्ट के क्रम्दर सोषल-सीवस का मी कोई पेपर होता है या कोई टैस्ट होण है। घोष्षल बर्षस में किताती
[भ्री हिवचन्द्र भा]
बातें नहीं होती हैं, समाज का श्राज नया कंस्ट्रक्रान हो रहा है, इस लिये किताबी विपयों में ही पास हो जाना काफी नहीं है। हमारे प्रफमरान कह्ंां तक समाज की सेवा करते हैं इस भावना का भी लाना जहरो हो जाना है इस लिये सोशाल सहिस का कोई पेपर या टैस्ट उन प्रफमगें का होना है या नहीं-यही मेरा सवाल है।

भी राषबोर ससह (रोहतनफ) : चेयरमंन महोदय, मिरिट का नाम लेकर वेस्टंड-इंटरेस्ट पोर सग्मायेदारी जर्द़नयत के ग्रादमी बहुन एक्सप्लायेय कर्ते हैं। इम देश की 80 फ़ीसदी ग्रामदनी उन गरीव लोगों से है जो दहाताों में रहते हैं, लेकिन जितनी भी सावसेज हैं रेवेन्यू की इन्कमटि क्स की, प्राई० ए० एस० की, पाई० पो० एस०, प्राई० एफ० एस० की, उन सब में उन मुट्टीभर लोगों के लड़के, जो पन्लिक स्कूलों में पदृते है, बढ़िया सूट पहनते हैं, लियें जाते हैं प्रोर वही लोग इस को मोनोपलाइज करते हैं, जबकि इस देश में 80 फीस दी दूसरे लोग भी बसते हैं। भा जी ने सोषाल सबिस की बहुत म्रण्छी बात उठाई है -में जानना चाहता है कि है 200 भाबमियों में सोशल सॉवस घ्रोर एरूल बैक्राउण्ड के कितने लोग लिये गये हैं ।

थी म० ला० सोषी (नई दिल्लो) : श्रब हरल-पबंन सब एक ही है।

भी रग़घीर नलह् : में हस बात को नहीं मानता-यहा दूसरी बात है कि प्राप भाई० एक० एस० में निकल गये। मैं जानना चाहता ही कि इस में हरल एरियाब के, सरूल-माइ्र्डेड किन्होंने सोघाल-सक्वि की है-कितने परसेन्ट ©

द्सरी बात पाहन्दा जो सबिसित का सिसेष्बान होगा-जंसे यू० दी० एस० सी० करतो ह, क्या उस में कोई परसेम्टेज ज्ञस ब्ञात का मुर्करिर कर रहें हैं कि जो लोग रिटन पेपर के

बाद वाइवा-वोसा में या ईन्टरक्पू में श्रायें, उन में देहात से रूरल बंक्राउ०ड से श्राने वाला जो तबका है, उन को इन्मेन्टिव देने के लिये कोई परसेन्टेज मुकरिर करना चाहते है या नहीं ? भ्रगर नहीं करना चाहते है तों क्यों ? ग्रागे करेंेगे या नहीं करेंगे श्रोर कयों नहीं करेंगे ?

तीसरी बान一प्रापने रफी साहृब को इन्टरव्यू बोडें में रख दिया । लेकिन यू० पी० एस० सी० में भी 80 परसेन्ट श्रादमी, जो कमीघन के मेम्वर हों, वे रूरल श्राइडियाज प्रौर बैक्राउणड के होने चाहियें। उन के साथ जो ज्वाइन्ट संक्रेटरीज़ बैठायं जांय, उन में भी वे श्रादमी बंठाये जाय जो स्रल-वायस्ड हों। क्या इम किस्म की कोई गवर्न मेंट की पानिसी है या नहीं है ? ग्रगर नहीं है तो कयों नही़ है ? उस में हृरिजन भी आ्रायें, बैकवर्ड भी श्रायें, किसान भी प्रायें, मजदूर भी ग्रायें, ज़ो के़ेतात में जा कर काम करें ऐसे नेशनल माइन्देड लोग प्रायें, टाई-पेटीवाले या टाटा बिरता के रिस्तेदार न श्रायें, जो देरा का कमाऊ पून है उस के बच्चे श्रायें ।

SHRI BEDABRATA BARUA (Kaliaobar): I think the Minister will agree with me that the greatest care should be taken in the selection of candidates for the posts of income-tax officers not only from the national point of view but also because of the very high requirement of honesty and probity in this case than is usually the case with other services. That is why I want to know why all the care that is usually taken in the selection of the officers for the civil administrative services does not appear to have been taken in the selection of Income-tax officers. From the answers given, in the whole selection, it appears that a lot of officers must have had influence. I do not know whether it was a fact, but the point is that the number of people who appeared in the examination and had got the highest marks were not selected. This Is a very serious situation. In the administrative services, one can say one needs personality which is tested at the interview. But for income-lax officers, one need not
have personality. What is necessary is honesty. If we have gone by the results at the examination, we would not have selected the people in a very bad way. After all, an income-tax officer need not dominate other people, or, he need not throw his weight about in any case. Therefore, may $I$ know if it is not possible now or in the future to lay down a condition that results in the examination should be biven greater weight, because the requirements are that only merit should be there. and so, merit should be the consideration, and therefure, why greater care is not taken in this regard?

Then, regarding the assessinent of the requirements, how can the requirments remain for months and years the same ? Because the Bhoothatingam Committee and other committees which went into the requirements have made major recomendations, and the requirements would have radically chadged. and so, how do the requirements remain the same ?

श्रो हुकम चन्व कछ्वबाय (उज्जन) : सभापनि महोदय, मैने घ्रापको एक चिट्डी लिख कर दी है. डनना लम्त्रा भापग्ण में नहीं दूंगा। दो शबन्दों में समाप्न कर द्रूंगा।

MR. CHAIRMAN : The hon. Member knows the rules of the House. Mr. Pant.

## THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE

 MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRIK. C. PANT): Sir, I have listened to the questions as well as the speech of my hon. and respected friend, Shri Goyal, 1 can only say that it would have been better if before casting and aspersions they had had the patience to hear all the facts, because if they had heard all the facts, 1 think there would have been no room for casting any aspersions, particularly on a body like the UPSC.Let me given the House the facts. It has been said that there are arrears of income-tax and they ought to be collected quickly. We are all agreed on that, and it was because of these arrears of assessment as well as arrears in the recovery of taxes that the revenue department created in 1964 and 1965, 553 posts of income-tax officers out of which 353 were in Class II, and the cadre is likely to increase still
further in future. This has met Shri Bedabrata Barua's point.

In view of the large-scale expansion it became necessary to bring in new blood by resorting to direct recruitment, especially as large additional requirements could not be met by promotion immediately. Now, according to the recruitment rules reghating the method of recrutment to the income-tax officers service. Class II, the normal method of recruitment is by promotion of qualified inspectors. However. ad hoc recruitment by the selection through the UPSC may be made if. in the opinion of the Central Board of Direct Taxes, there is need for such recruitment. In terms of this provision, and in the contingency that had arisen, due to the rapid and considerable expansion of the service, it was decided to resort to direct recruitment of 200 in:ome-tax officers. Class II, from the open market. This decision was approved by the Government. Now, the UPSC was chtrusted with this work.

If fair recruitment is wanted and if, as Mr. Barua suggests, we have to recruit men of probity and honesty, I do not know what other institution there is in this country better suited for this purpose than the UPSC. If he cian suggest any, I am open to that. It is ill the interest of getting honest and fair selection that this matter was referred to the UPSC.

घो ईाशि मूबग्ग (ग्वार्गोन) : 375 करोड़ रुगया जो नहीं वसूल कर वा गहे हैं. में जानना चाहना है कि उम के निए किनने लोगों को प्राप निकाल रहे हैं ।

SHRIK.C. PANT: I am not yielding. This is a serious matter and it should be listened to seriously.

The UPSC advertised for recruitment in October, 1965. The point has been raised why it has iaken so long. It is well taken and needs explanation. The closing date of receipt of applications was 6 th December, 1965. Conditions of cligibility have been given. I do not need to repeat them. When the usual requisition in the prescribed form was forwarded to the UPSC by Government, they pointed out that as a large number of condidates would apply, it would be necessary to devise un
[Shri K. C. Pant]
effective method of screening the candidates for the purpose of calling them for interview. The Commission accordingly decided that there should be a written test, only qualifying in nature, for screening the applicants. Only those who secured marks above a minimum prescribed by the UPSC were to be called for interview. It has been specifically mentioned in the notification of the UPSC dited 23rd Oitober, 1965, published in the newspapers that,
"The test, details of which are enclosed, will be qualifying in nature, the quallifying standard being such as the Commission may decide at their discretion. The test will operate as an aid to screen candidates for interview".

It was for the Commission to decide the precise method of recruitment. They decided to make the selection of suitable candidates through this method. They select candidates for Government jobs and they have been following similar methods in other similar cases, including the special recruitment for IAS. In doing so, there has been no deviation from the practice of the UPSC in the maticr of recruitment by open selection, where written test is considered nocessary as an aid to selection. The written test included only 3 papers : One in General Knowledge, one in General Erglish and one in Arithmetic or Law or Accountancy. The test was originally scheduled for June. 1966.

Now we come 10 the reasons for delay. An upper division clerk working in Andhra Pradesh Government was refused permission by the UPSC to take the written test presumably on the ground that he, was not holding any post in a responsible capacity as prescribed. He filed a writ in the Court at Hyderabad against the rejection of his candidature. An interim order was passed by the High Court directing that the petitioner be allowed to appear for the examination, but the result be withheld pending the disposal of the writ petition. Subsequent to this direction of the court, the UPSC decided to admit all those who had applied, provided they fulfilled the prescribed educational qualifiestions and their applications were otherwise in order. This necessarily meant postponement of the date of the examination as
originally planned. The examination was actually held on 27th and 28th December, 1966.

The revised decision of the UPSC again created difficulties in the sense that it provoked resentment of those people who had not applied under the impression that they did not fulfil the prescribed qualifications. Two such persons alleged that the subsequent relaxation of the condition by the UPSC, without giving them an opportunity to apply, was discriminatory and they filed writs in the Delhi and Calcutta High Courts. The Calculta High Court issued an injunction in December, 1966 restraining the UPSC from publishing the results of the examination until further orders.

On the 19h Jandary 1968 the Court removed the injunction and allowed the respondents to bring out the results and fill up the posts, provided one post was kept vacant in case the petitioner succeeded in the writ. Accordingly, the UPSC released the result of the written test on the 2lst March 1968. I want Shri Goyal to noie that.

### 18.00 hrs.

The UPSC had considered 25,591 applications and permitted 23,357 candidates to the written test ; but only 15.834 app'icants atually appeared at the test and only 978 qualified for interview. The interview started in May 1968 and continued until Septomber 1968. The final result was communicated by the UPSC on the 2 nd November 1968, recommending the names of 199 candidates for appointment as incometax Officers (Class II). The name of one more candidate $w$ ll be recommended later by the UPSC with due regard to the final orders that may be passed by the High Court of Calcutta on the writ petition referred to above.

Now, the written test in this case is only a qualifying test - I have said that carlier and 1 would repeat that-and is designed oniy to screen the candidates. If we were to have an IAS type of examination for 25,591 candidates who had applied and paid fees, it would be a colossal task involving considerable expenditure and organisation of manpower to ensure the
uniform evaluation of standards for such a large number of candidates. And even then, I do not know if Shri Jha's criterion of objectivity would be met. Also, many more papers would have to be prescribed in various subjects. The UPSC has confirmed that whenever ad hoc recrultment is required-for instance, special recruitment for IAS - the Commission had followed this method where the qualifying written test was only a screening test and had selected candidates finally and solely on the basis of the performance of the candidates in the interview. The interview board consisted of four members and was presided over by a member of the UPSC and included only one member of the Central Board of Direct Taxes, as representative of the Ministry of Finance. I have the names of the other members. Two members were retired officers of the Government who were not directly connected with any Ministry at the time of the interview.

SHKI JYOTIRMOY BASU (Diamond Harbour) : Were they previously connected with the Ministry of Finance?

SHRI K. C. PANT: One member was Shri V. N. Rajan, a retired ICS officer. I do not know which Ministry he last served but, being an ICS officer, he must have served in many Ministries during his career. I am not so suspiclous as to look Into all their past history of services...... (Interruptionr). No, 1 am not ylelding. This is a serious enough question without having Shri Basu jumping on it midway. Perhaps, he has not been following the discussion. I do not mind his interruptions but not when a serious subject is being discussed.

The Board thus constituted interviewed all the candidates called for interview and presented themselves for the same. It is understood that the average interview took 20 to 30 minutes and a careful assessment of the candidates was made. Therefore, it is not correct to say that some candidates have been selected who never appeared for the interview. It is somewhat embarrassing even to discuss that nepotism and favouritism played any part at all in the selections which were conducted by the UPSC.

Regarding the number of posts vacant and the number of posts that have been
filled up as a result of the examination, It may be mentioned that, as pointed out earlier, only 200 posts have been filled up by direct recruitment from the open market. The other posts in the cadre of In -come-tax Officers (Class II) are being filled up by promotion, which is the normal method of recruitment, as and when vacancies arise.

MR. CHAIRMAN : May I know from the hon. Minister whether it is a practice that when such recruitments are made apart from the representative of the concerned department and the UPSC members other outsiders are also associated with it?

SHRI K. C. PANT : I think, that is the usual practice. The presiding officer is a member of the UPSC.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU : He has failed to impress us.

SHRI RANDHIR SINGH; He has Impressed us.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BASU : Keop your impression to yourself.

SHRI K. C. PANT : I am safe if I do not impress Shri Basu.

Then, the point was raised as to when will the result be announced and when they will be appointed and so on. I think, Shrl George Fernandes raised that point. As I said, the UPSC has intimated 199 names and the declaration of the list and their posting is awaiting the verification by the police as well as their medical examination. The declaration and the posting will be done within a month or two.

की बांयं फरनेर्टीज : मेरे प्रश्न का सीषा उतर भाये। उसको रकिए भाप ।

SHRI K. C. PANT 1 I think, that more or less covers the whole thing. The only thing that I would like to say at the end is that the UPSC is a body for which this House, I think, should at least strive to create a cense of respect in the whole country.

# थी जार्ज फरनेग्डीज : हमें तो विश्वास है उनके प्रति, काफी विश्वास है। 

## घ्री हैकम चन्त् कह्छवाय : सवाल यह्र है कि कितने मंत्रियों ने लिख कर प्रभाव डाला। मंत्रियों के भाई प्रोर रिएतेदार कितने हैं।

SHRI K. C. PANT : The point to consider is that the UPSC is a body set up by the Constitution and it is like the Sup. reme Court. We presume that it acts impartially and it selects officers for the IAS, IFS and for all high positions in Government. You know, Sir, that in the Constitution there are certain provisions which ensure that the UPSC does remain impartial. For instance, the expenses of the UPSC under article 322 are charged to the consolidated Fund of India. They are not debated here ; they are charged as a voted part of the Budget. Then the memhers of the UPSC are not eligible for Government employment so that they are
independent. Their independence is secure. Therefore it is an institution for which this House should inculcate respect in the country and it is our duty to see that at least some of these crucial, critical, important institutions survive in this country. I think that without this institution we also cannot function. We have to have a UPSC which does all these things.

As I have just now told you, this was a case of ad hoc selections. This procedure was settled by the UPSC. The whole selection was done by the UPSC. Certain difficulties were created that led to delays but it is very wrong, I think, to ascribe motives either for the delays or for the selection. I think, we should respect the UPSC in this matter and not cast any doubts.
18.09 hrs .

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till Elevent of the Clock on Tuesday, December 3, 19681 Agrahayana 12, 1890 (Saka).


[^0]:    -The sign + marked above the name of a Momber Indicatos that the question was actually asked on the soor of the House by that Member.

[^1]:    Complete information prior to 1960 is not readily available.

[^2]:    2882. SHRI SITARAM KESRI :

    SHRI INDRAJIT OUPTA :
    SHRI D. N. PATODIA : SHRI YAJNA DATT SHARMA:
    SHRI Y. A. PRASAD :
    SHRI R. R. SINOH DEO : SHRI D. C. SHARMA :

[^3]:    SECRETARY , Sir, I have to report

[^4]:    *Publiahed in Garette of Indla Extraordinary, Part II, section 2, dated 2.12.68.

[^5]:    SHRI K. C. PANT: Sir, I am very greatful to hon. members who have participated in this debate and contributed their ideas 10 it . I was glad to find that all the speakers, if 1 am not wrong, supported the basic objectives behind this Bill. It had a large measure of support from all sides of the House. There were a few points on which some hon. members had certain

[^6]:    MR, DEPUTY-SPEAKER ; The questhon is :

[^7]:    "Where a Bill has undergone amendments, the motion that the Bill, as

