

1	2	3
52.	M/s The National Tyre & Rubber Co. of India Ltd.	30.26
53.	M/s The Tropical Plantations Ltd.	31.21
54.	M/s Alliance Iron & Steel	45.43
55.	M/s Upasana Hospital & Nursing Home.	25.95
56.	M/s Antoser (P) Ltd.	13.97
57.	M/s Durallex Coir Industries Pvt. Ltd.	13.82
58.	M/s Excel Glasses Ltd.	12.44
59.	M/s Kerala Kaumudi (P) Ltd.	12.85
60.	M/s N.C. John & Sons Ltd.	21.26
61.	M/s The Padinjarekara Agencies Ltd.	22.09
62.	M/s Mangalam Publications.	15.35
63.	M/s. Sree Murugam Trading Co. .	14.93
64.	M/s Oriental Finance & Exchange Co.	18.09
65.	M/s Olympic Wines.	17.21
66.	M/s Meena Handloom Centre	20.09
67.	M/s K.G. Purshothaman Associates.	17.28

Nalco's Production

23. SHRI GOPI NATH GAJAPATHI:
Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) the target set for production of alumi-

nium by the National Aluminium Company Ltd. (NALCO) during 1990-91;

(b) whether the target has been achieved;

(c) if so, the total production achieved

during 1990-91 so far; and

(d) the steps taken by NALCO to increase production?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI ASHOKE KUMAR SEN): (a) NALCO had initially set a target of production of 1,80,000 tonnes of aluminium metal and 7,60,000 tonnes of alumina. Because of accidental fire in the Captive Power Plant in March, 1990 the estimated target for production of aluminium metal was revised downwards to 1,50,000 tonnes.

(b) and (c). By end of January, 1991 NALCO has achieved production of 1,20,878 tonnes of aluminium metal and 5,18,370 tonnes of alumina. During the year 1990-91 NALCO is likely to achieve the revised target of 1,50,000 tonnes of aluminium metal. However, there will be shortfall in production of alumina which is mainly due to disruption in railway movement in Damanjodi sector following a cyclone in Andhra Pradesh coast in May, 1990 because of which the alumina plant had to be shut down for total period of more than two months.

(d) Steps like increasing the number of pots and stabilising the pot parameters have been taken to achieve higher efficiency in pot output and further increase of aluminium production.

[*Translation*]

Bank Loans to Rural People in Orissa

24. SHRI GOVINDA CHANDRA MUNDA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the facility of granting bank loans has been provided to rural people of Keonjhar, Mayurbhanj and Sundergarh districts in Orissa, particularly the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes;

(b) if not, the reasons therefor and whether it is proposed to chalk-out a scheme to make loans available to the people of the said districts; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI DIGVIJAY SINGH): (a) to (c). The banks provide loans in rural areas in all parts of the country including the said districts in Orissa to borrowers belonging to all categories including Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. The credit institutions participate actively in financing the beneficiaries identified under the various development schemes of the Government. Under the Integrated Rural Development Programme during the half year period from April to September, 1990, the credit institutions have disbursed loans in the said districts as under:-

(*Amount in lakhs*)

	<i>Keonjhar</i>	<i>Mayurbhanj</i>	<i>Sundargarh</i>
Cooperative Banks	1.32	-	0.42
Commercial Banks	12.44	14.41	29.34
Regional Rural Banks	7.86	11.23	3.18
	21.62	25.64	32.94