

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COOPERATION**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1846
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01/08/2023**

World's Largest Food/ Grain Storage Plan

**1846. DR. PON GAUTHAM SIGAMANI:
DR. HEENA VIJAYKUMAR GAVIT:
DR. T.R. PAARIVENDHAR:
DR. SUJAY RADHAKRISHNA VIKHE PATIL:
DR. SHRIKANT EKNATH SHINDE:
SHRI UNMESH BHAIYYASAHEB PATIL:
PROF. RITA BAHUGUNA JOSHI:
DR. KRISHNA PAL SINGH YADAV:**

Will the Minister of COOPERATION (सहकारिता मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government plans to establish the world's largest food/ grain storage scheme in the cooperative sector and if so, the details thereof and progress made in its implementation;
- (b) whether such storage will come up in 10 selected districts of different States and if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether the Union Government has recently approved formation and empowerment of an Inter-Ministerial Committee for the above storage plan in the cooperative sector and if so, the details thereof;
- (d) the details on the estimated cost of the above food storage scheme and the sources of funding;
- (e) whether the Government plans to create godowns for expanding foodgrain storage capacity and if so, the details of its size and magnitude;
- (f) whether the Government has collaborated with the State Governments to ensure the seamless integration of the food storage scheme with existing agricultural policies/ programmes at the State level and if so, the details thereof; and
- (g) the expected outcomes and deliverables of the food storage scheme in terms of reducing food wastage, stabilizing prices and ensuring food security in the country?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF COOPERATION

सहकारिता मंत्री (SHRI AMIT SHAH)

(a) to (g): Yes sir. The Union Cabinet, in its meeting held on 31.05.2023, has approved the “World’s Largest Grain Storage Plan in Cooperative Sector”, to be rolled out as a Pilot Project. The Plan entails creation of various agri infrastructure at Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS) level, including warehouses, custom hiring center, processing units, Fair Price Shops, etc. by leveraging the ‘whole-of-Government’ approach. The Plan is being implemented by utilizing the approved outlays of the following Government of India (GoI) schemes for creation/ modernization of infrastructure facilities at PACS level:

1. Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare:

- i. Agriculture Infrastructure Fund (AIF),
- ii. Agricultural Marketing Infrastructure Scheme (AMI),
- iii. Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH),
- iv. Sub Mission on Agricultural Mechanization (SMAM)

2. Ministry of Food Processing Industries:

- i. Pradhan Mantri Formalization of Micro Food Processing Enterprises Scheme (PMFME),
- ii. Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana (PMKSY)

3. Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution:

- i. Allocation of food grains under the National Food Security Act,
- ii. Procurement operations at Minimum Support Price

Ministry of Cooperation has constituted Inter-Ministerial Committee (IMC) with Hon’ble Home and Cooperation Minister as its chairman and Hon’ble Ministers and Secretaries of Ministries concerned as its members for smooth and effective implementation of the Plan. The said committee is authorized to modify guidelines/ implementation methodologies of the schemes identified for convergence, as and when need arises, within their approved outlays and prescribed goals for facilitating the Pilot Project of the Plan. The Ministry of Cooperation has also constituted National Level Coordination Committee (NLCC) under the chairmanship of Secretary (Ministry of Cooperation) to steer the overall implementation of the Plan and reviewing the progress of implementation, etc.

In order to monitor the implementation of the pilot project and to ensure seamless integration of the plan with the existing policies/ programmes at State level, States/ Union Territories have also constituted State Cooperative Development Committee (SCDC) at State level and District Cooperative Development Committee (DCDC) in each District under the

Chairmanship of Chief Secretary and District Collector respectively. The SCDC/ DCDCs also have members drawn from other departments such as Revenue, Agriculture, Horticulture, etc. and representatives of NABARD, StCB, FCI, WDRA, CWC, SWC. The committees will, inter-alia, examine the storage gap including existing storage facilities, their capacity utilization, capacity of proposed godowns, viability of the applicant PACS, location of the proposed project, connectivity, logistics, availability of basic infrastructure, market linkages, etc.

National Cooperative Development Corporation (NCDC) with the support of NABARD, NABARD Consultancy Services (NABCONS), Central Warehousing Corporation (CWC), Food Corporation of India (FCI), etc. is implementing the Pilot Project in 24 PACS of 24 different States/ UTs. Construction has started at five PACS, one each in the States of Tripura, Haryana, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh. Detailed Project Reports are under preparation for the remaining PACS.

The creation of decentralized storage capacity ranging from 500 MT to 2000 MT at PACS level would reduce food grain wastage by creating sufficient storage capacity, strengthen food security of the country, prevent distress sale of crops and enable farmers to realise better prices for their crops. Since PACS would be operating as procurement centre as well as Fair Price Shops (FPS), the cost incurred in transportation of food grains to procurement centres and again transporting the stocks back from warehouses to FPS would also be saved.

The estimated cost of the project for each PACS would vary and depend upon various parameters such as storage capacity, requirement for custom hiring centre, processing units, etc. Interest Subvention under the Agriculture Infrastructure Fund would be dovetailed with the subsidies available under the identified schemes for the construction of godowns and other agri-infrastructure at PACS level.
