- (b) the reasons therefor; and
- (c) the measures taken by the Government to solve the problem?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI SATPAL MAHARAJ): (a) At present the posts of Chairman and Managing Director, Export-Import Bank of India and Chairman and Managing Director, United India Insurance Company Limited are lying vacant.

(b) and (c) Action has already been initiated for filling up these posts.

RRB, Rajasthan

- 534. SHRI MAHENDRA SINGH BHATI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) the number of location of the Regional Rural Banks (RRBs) functioning in Rajasthan;
- (b) the main objectives of these banks and the extent to which these objectives have been achieved during 1995-96, 1996-97;
- (c) whether some of these banks are facing financial crisis;
 - (d) if so, the reasons therefor; and
- (e) the measures taken by the Government to improve the performance of the above banks?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI SATPAL MAHARAJ): (a) There are fourteen (14) Regional Rural Banks (RRBs) operating in Rajasthan with their headquarters located at Jaipur, Pali, Sikar, Churu, Bharatpur, Sawai Madhopur, Kota, Udaipur, Jodhpur, Bundi, Bhilwara, Dungarpur, Sriganganagar and Bikaner.

(b) The main objectives of the RRBs are to take the banking services to the door steps of rural masses particularly in hitherto unbanked areas, to make available institutional credit to the weaker sections of the society, to mobilise rural savings and channelise them for supporting productive activities in the rural areas, to create supplementary channel for flow of credit from the central money market to the rural areas through refinance, to generate employment opportunities in rural areas and to bring down the cost of purveying credit in rural areas.

The details of deposits mobilised, loans disbursed and loans outstanding of RRBs in Rajasthan are given below:

(Rs. in crores)

Year	Deposits	Loans disbursed	Loans outstanding
1993-94	555.01	68.06	226.85
1994-95	697.66	106.72	279.09
1995-96	888.98	155.76	350.30

(latest available)

(c) to (e) The financial position of the RRBs is weak and the reasons for losses include, inter-alla, limited area of operation, low business potential, the then prevailing administered interest regime, high staff costs, low productivity and poor recovery performance.

As a part of revamping RRBs during the last three years, five (5) RRBs in Rajasthan have been provided recapitalisation support by the Government to an extent of Rs. 26.72 crores (representing Government of India share of 50%) for cleansing of their balance sheets. Other steps taken to strengthen RRBs Include, inter-alla, widening the range and scope of services, relocation of loss making branches of better locations, preparation of bank specific development action plans and finalisation of Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs), accessibility to profitable avenues of investment, application of prudential accounting and provisioning norms and total deregulation of interest rates w.e.f. 26.08.1996. Further, with a view to impart viability to lending operations of RRBs and to bring about uniformity in approach on lending alongwith Commercial Banks, Reserve Bank of India (RBI) have recently stipulated that, beginning from 1st April, 1997, the advances of RRBs to priority sector should constitute 40% of their outstanding advances as in the case of Commercial Banks.

Foreign Funds for Core Sector

- 535. SHRI T. GOPAL KRISHNA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Government plays an active role to woo foreign funds for the core sectors;
- (b) if so, the action taken by the Government in this regard during the last one year; and
- (c) the other steps taken to promote investment and trade flows?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (DR. BOLLA BULLI RAMAIAH): (a) Yes, Sir. Government have taken several measures to encourage trade's investment in the core sector.

- (b) The action taken in this regard by the Government are:
- (i) Automatic approval upto 51% of foreign equity in high priority industries.
- (ii) Automatic approval upto 50% foreign equity in 3 categories of industries/items relating to mining activities.
- (iii) 74% of foreign equity in 9 categories of industries/items.
- (Iv) Substantial flexibility has been given to Indian corporates in the matter of accessing the global market through Global Depository Receipts (GDR)/foreign currency convertible bonds (FCCB).
- (v) Fils have also been permitted to invest in unlisted companies with a view to attracting such investments in infrastructure sector.