

associated', no gas is flared or wasted in the State.

Fish Hatchery in Andhra Pradesh

1630 SHRI DATTATRAYA BANDRU Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state

(a) whether there is only one 'Fish Hatchery' viz Tasparc at Visakhapatnam in Andhra Pradesh,

(b) whether there is any proposal under the consideration of the Government to set up a Fish Hatchery in the coastal areas of Andhra Pradesh and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMACHANDRAN) (a) Yes, Sir Tasparc Prawn hatchery at Viskhapatnam is the only Public Sector hatchery in Andhra Pradesh

(b) and (c) Yes Sir A prawn hatchery with a production capacity of 25 million prawn seed is under construction at an estimated cost of Rs 118 lakhs at Suryalanka in Guntur district of Andhra Pradesh. It is also planned to set up 12 small backyard prawn hatcheries under World bank assisted shrimp and fish culture project in Andhra Pradesh

Per Capital Availability of Pulses at Cereals

1631 SHRI RUPCHAND MURMU Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state

(a) the per capital availability of cereals and pulses at present in the country,

(b) the minimum per capita intake recommended by the Indian Council of Medical Research for cereals and pulses, and

(c) the reasons why the National Pulses Development Project, special Foodgrains Production Programme and the Technology Mission on oilseeds have failed to achieve the desirable success in increasing the production of pulses?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMACHANDRAN) (a) The per capita net availability of Cereals and Pulses has been provisionally estimated at 471.2 gms per day and 39.7 gms per day respectively for the year 1991

(b) The intake recommended by the Indian Council of Medical Research for Cereals and Millets, and Pulses is 460 gms and 40 gms per day respectively

(c) The centrally sponsored National Pulses Development Project (NPDP) and Special Foodgrains Production Programme Pulses (SPPP-Pulses) are under implementation in the country from 1986-87 to provide an impetus to pulses production in the country. Pulses are mainly grown on unirrigated marginal and submarginal land, the production of which mainly depends on the performance of weather. However, with the implementation of NPDP the production of pulses is steadily increasing and reached a record level of 14.26 million tonnes in 1990-91. The production is likely to fall down to 10.05 million tonnes in 1991-92 because of unfavourable weather conditions in the pulses growing areas. During 1992-93, the monsoon was late but subsequently became satisfactory and the production of pulses is likely to surpass the target of 14.50 million tonnes

The cultivation of summer pulses have become popular in some States like Uttar Pradesh, Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Haryana, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal.

Use of Banned Pesticides

1632. SHRI VIJAY NAVIL PATIL: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether a Committee on use of banned pesticides in the country has submitted its report to the Government;

(b) if so, recommendations made by the Committee;

(c) the action taken by the Government thereon; and

(d) the value and quantity of production and import of pesticides made during each of the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMACHANDRAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Salient recommendations are given in attached Statement-I.

(c) In all, the Expert Committee reviewed 31st pesticides and submitted its report to the Government. Details of action taken by Government is at attached Statement-II

(d) Production and import pesticides during the last three years is at the attached Statement-III