## Chakma influx into Mizoram and Tripura

3434. SHRI MOHD. MAHFOOZ ALI KHAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have made any assessment of the Chakma population in Mizoram and Tripura and their average monthly infiltration into the country from Bangladesh;
  - (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) the impact on the economic and ethnic problem of the region with their continuous infiltration into the country; and
- (d) the measures taken by Govenment so far to check their infiltration in the country and also how do Government propose to meet the situation created with their presence in the region?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI): (a) and (b) Figures of Chakma population in Mizoram and Tripura according to the 1981 census are not available. 1986. 2771 Chakmas In may infiltrated into Mizoram. They have already been sent back. As on 7.11.1986 28,284 tribal refugees including Chakmas have entered Tripura since 29th April, 1986.

- (c) The influx has caused strain on the economy and ethnic structure in the State. However, the Chakma refugees have been housed separately in camps set up by the State Government.
  - (d) The security forces on the Indo-

Bangladesh border are on alert. Measures have been taken for strengthening surveillance along the border which include, strengthening of BSF; construction of observation post towers and providing increased mobility to border patrols, etc. Efforts are also being made at diplomatic level for the early return of the Chakma tribal refugees who have come to Tripura. All the Chakma refugees from Mizoram have already been sent back to Bangladesh.

## Rehabilitation of bonded labour

3435. DR. PHULRENU GUHA: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

- (a) whether any study has been undertaken by the Planning Commission regarding the rehabilitation of bonded labourers;
- (b) if so, the results of the study; and
- (c) the number of bonded labourers rehabilitated in the last three years, State, wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Summary of findings, suggestions and action plans is given in Chapter XI of the Final Report on Evaluation of Centrally Sponsored Scheme for Rehabilitation of Bonded Labour (1984) by the Programme Evaluation Organisation, Planning Commission, Government of India, copies of which are available in the Parliament Library and are recorded under Index No. 331,58R.

(c) A statement is given below.

Statement

Rehabilitation of Bonded Labourers Achievements

Name of the State		1983-84	1984-85	1985-86
	•	Achievement 2328	Achievement 2083	Achievement
1.	Andhra Pradesh			
2.	Bibar	3032	1785	535
3.	Gujarat			19
4.	Haryana			295
5.	Karnataka	2556	7284	4009
6.	Kerala	173		-
7.	Madhya Pradesh	<b>24</b> 8	832	779
8.	Maharashtra	. —	319	307
9.	Orissa	6 <b>2</b> 34	4952	5385
10.	Rajasthan		564	1079
11.	Tamil Nadu	2060	1554	1109
12.	Uttar Pradesh	412	4009	4199
Total		17143	23382	21673

Source: Ministry of Labour.

## Industries causing water pollution

3437. SHRIMATI JAYANTI PATNAIK: Will the Minister of ENVIOR-NMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have undertaken survey of the industries which are discharging effluents into the rivers;
- (b) if so, the number and the name of such Industries discharging effluents into the rivers and the extent of discharge per unit a day;
- (c) whether the pollution of country's water systems has reached alarming situation due to this reason; and

(d) if so, the steps taken to clean the rivers and to stop the discharge of effluent?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI Z. R. ANSARI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) According to the survey, 4054 industrial units (major and medium) discharge their effluents into the rivers and other water courses. Quantitative figures on the volume of effluents from the individual units are not available. However, it is estimated that industries contribute 10 per cent by volume of the total waste water in urban settlements. A statement