[English]

Failure of Schemes

4182. SHRI P.R. DASMUNSI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the PMRY and NRY Schemes have completely failed in West Bengal and Bihar Municipal Towns due to non-cooperation of Banks and ineffective functioning of civic bodies; and
- (b) if not, the actual position in this regard with special reference to Calcutta, Howrah, Siliguri, Asansol Corporation areas of West Bengal and Patna, Bhagalpur city area of Bihar in the year 1993-94, 1994-95, 1995-96?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) PMRY: On the basis of information collected from the Ministry of Industry (Small Scale Industries):

The Progress of West Bengal and Bihar under Prime Minister's Rozgar Yojana is low as compared to the All India progress. The scheme is implemented through District Industries Centres and not through the Municipal Corporations. Efforts are being made to improve the progress of these two States. In this regard, continuous monitoring of the scheme is done at the Central level and State level.

NRY: The progress under the Scheme of Urban Micro Enterprises, a component of Nehru Rozgar Yojana, has not been satisfactory in West Bengal and Bihar during the years 1993-94 and 1994-95. There has, however, been some improvement during 1995-96 in both the States.

(b) PMRY: Centrally, the progress of the PMRY Scheme is maintained district-wise and not Town-wise. Information is given in Statement-I enclosed.

NRY: Implementation of NRY is not monitored by the Government of India at the Town or District level. The details of targets and Achievements for the States of West Bengal and Bihar under SUME during the last three years are given in Statement-II enclosed.

STATEMENT-I

The targets and achievements in respect of Calcutta, Howrah, Siliguri, Durgapur and West Bengal State is given as under:

S. Ć	Name of State/ District	1993-94		1994-95		1995-96	
No.		Target	No. of cases sanctioned by banks	Target	No. of cases sanctioned by banks	∗Target	No. of cases sanctioned by banks
1.	Calcutta	5 75	105	1900	206	1900	744
2.	Durgapur*	350	92	1228	456	1228	720
3.	Siliguri	100	38	300	120	300	220
4.	Howrah	450	44	1108	351	1108	514
5.	West Bengal	4558	980	22900	9441	22900	10184

^{*} The figures are both for Dugapur and Asansol. Sub-DIC Durgapur is monitoring the progress under PMRY for Durgapur and

Targets and Achievements in respect of Patna and Bhagalpur. District in Bihar are as under:

S. No.	Name of State/ District	1993-94		1994-95		1995-96	
		Target	No. of cases sanctioned by banks	Targets	No. of cases cases sanctioned by banks	Target	No. of cases sanctioned by banks
1.	Bhagalpur*	93	43	625	259	625	340
2.	Patna*	330	188	1525	732	1525	1094
3.	Bihar	3070	2051	22150	11705	22150	17790

^{*} Information pertains to Bhagalpur/Patna district as a whole and not to Urban area alone

Written Answers

Targets and Achievements under SUME of NRY from 1993-94 to 1995-96

	199	1993-94		1994-95		1995-96	
	Targets	Achievements	Targets	Achievement	Target	Achievement	
West Bengal	12930	4368	13397	3042	21293	175 8 7	
Bihar	6941	1987	22038		31321	14026	
All India	125884	152308	75766	124595	67978	125308	

Note: The targets include the shortfall in achievement from the previous year.

Poverty Alleviation Schemes

- 4183. SHRI RANJIB BISWAL: Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:
- (a) the details of poverty alleviation schemes formulated during the last three years for Rural and Backward people of Orissa;
 - (b) the funds allocated thereof;
 - (c) the percentage of utilisation of funds;
- (d) the reasons for non-utilisation of remaining funds:
- (e) whether funds have been sanctioned to some newly created districts of Orissa like Jagatsinghpur etc.;
 - (f) if not, the reasons therefor; and
- (g) the steps taken to establish and strengthen the infrastructural and monitoring systems in the newly created districts of Orissa?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI YOGINDER K. ALAGH): (a) In 1993-94 the Union Government, in an effort to intensify rural employment, introduced the Intensified Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (IJRY) or JRY Second Stream in 120 backward districts of 12 *States in the country where there is a concentration of unemployment and underemployment. Nine districts of Orissa were covered under the IJRY. (Since 1.1.1996, the IJRY has been merged with the Employment Assurance Scheme).

In additon, a new scheme for poverty alleviation in 1993-94 called the Employment Assurance Scheme (EAS) was introduced 1775 identified backward blocks situated in the drought prone areas, desert areas, tribal areas and hill areas in which the Revamped Public Distribution System (RPDS) was in operation. The EAS has since been extended to cover 3206 blocks in the country. The additional blocks include the new Drought Prone Area Programme (DPAP) and Desert Development Programme (DDP) blocks, Modified Area Development Approach (MADA) blocks, flood prone blocks and blocks previously covered under the

Intensified Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (IJRY). The objective of this scheme is to provide assured employment of 100 days of unskilled manual work to the rural poor over 18 years and below 60 years of age who are in need of employment and seeking it, but cannot find it either on farm or on other allied operations or on the normal plan/non-plan works during the lean agricultural season.

(b) and (c). The funds allocated and percentage utilisation of funds under these two poverty alleviation schemes during 1993-94 to 1995-96 in the State of Orissa are given in the table below:

Intensified Jawahar Rozgar Yojana

(Rs. lakh)

Year	Allocation	Funds Utilised	%age Utilisation	
1993-94	7143.80	1911.20	26.75	
1994-95	7143.80	6803.10	95.23	
1995-96	3978.80	398 7.50	100.22	

Employment Assurance Scheme

(Rs. lakh)

Year	Funds Released*	Funds Utilised	%age Utilisation
1993-94	5335.00	1280.40	24.00
1994-95	9855.00	11655.90	118.27
1995-96	14325.00	13133.80	91.68

- EAS is a demand driven scheme and therefore no Statewise allocations are made.
- (d) in 1993-94 the under utilisation of funds under these two programmes is attributed to the fact that though these programmes were launched in October, 1993, the actual implementation took place in the last quarter of 1993-94.
 - (e) Yes, Sir.
 - (f) Does not arise.
- (g) In the newly created dsitricts of Orissa, rural economic infrastructure is being strengthened under